# 6VBX2 AT Form Factor Main Board User's Manual

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# **Chapter 1 Introduction**

### 1-1 6VBX2 Main Board Overview

**6VBX2** is a new-generation Pentium® II main board which integrates the latest advances in processor, memory, I/O technologies into an AT form factor. **6VBX2** utilizes VIA VT82C691 and VT82C596 designed for Pentium II CPU, and supports new architects such as high-speed AGP graphic Port, SDRAM, Ultra DMA/33, Bus master IDE and USB port. It has three Dual In-line Memory Modules (DIMM) which can be installed with SDRAM memory . The memory subsystem supports up to 512Mbyte SDRAM of non-buffered 3.3V using standard 168-pin DIMM sockets.

**6VBX2**, using the slot 1 socket, accepts Intel® Pentium® II (66/100 MHz) processors at speeds from 233MHz to 450 MHz and is able to support faster CPUs upgraded in the future. Built-in second level (L2) cache in CPU, there is no cache necessary in this main board.

**6VBX2** implements ITE I/O Controller utilizing with fully Plug and Play device which supports 2.88 MB Floppy, Dual 16550 compatible (with 16 bytes FIFO, up to 460K baud rate) serial Port, ECP (Enhanced Capabilities Port), EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port ) parallel port, Infrared IrDA (HPSIR), and Amplitude Shift Keyed IR. (ASKIR) port.

**6VBX2** contains 3\*PCI & 2\*ISA for highest performance I/O add-on adapter cards. The main board supports four Matrix Independent PCI Interrupt Routing for complete multiple PCI adapters up to 133MB/s data transfer rate on PCI bus compared to 33MB/s on EISA bus, synchronized operation CPU to PCI Interface for best graphical performance, 120MB/s PCI to system DRAM together with utilizing Snoop Ahead Features, and support back to back sequential CPU to PCI Memory writes to PCI Burst Write for full PCI through put.

**6VBX2** is also strengthened with Power Management Wake up Event such as **«WOL (Wake up on LAN),» «Modem ring on,»** which are the new inventions to enable PCs to be turned on over the network or modem. These are also key benefits in PC operation, asset management, new system setup and power conservation.

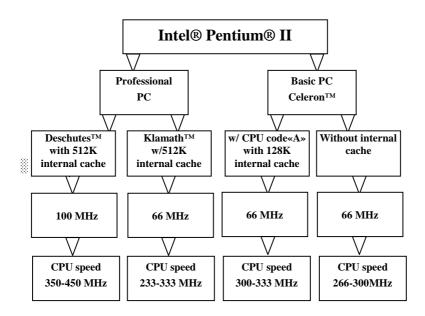
In addition to the above hardware features, this main board is jumperless design, which allows user to set CPU frequency through BIOS. No jumper or hardware DIP switch is needed. With this design, the disadvantages of setting hardware CPU jumpers are improved to a better and easier procedure through BIOS.

In conclusion, the system chipset and design make **6VBX2** a high performance, cost-effective, and energy efficient main board which meets a variety of price/performance levels. **6VBX2** main board is an ideal platform for the increasing requirements of today's and future's desktop application.

# 1-2 Reference For Pentium® II CPUs

**6VBX2** supports Intel ® Pentium II microprocessors. The Pentium® II delivers more performances than previous generation processors (such as Pentium® Pentium MMX®, etc...) through an innovation called Dynamic Execution Architecture. It is improved by 3D visualization and interactive capabilities required by present high-end commercial and technical applications and future's emerging applications as well.

Below is reference for Pentium® II CPUs suitable for this main board.





Note1: CPU is not enclosed in the package



Note 2: Celeron<sup>TM</sup> has 2 models. One is with internal cache and one without internal cache. The one with cache has a CPU code «A,» such as «Celeron 300A.»

# 1-3 Specifications

¡ PCB Board size: 23.00 cm x 22.00 cm

¡ PCB layer: 4 layers

□ Slot 1 socket
Support Intel® Pentium® II CPU (66 MHz &100 MHz freq.)

□ CPU is not enclosed in the package

□ Memory DIMM: 3 of 168-pin 3.3V DIMM

• Synchronous DRAM (SDRAM) with 168-pin DIMM modules of 8,16, 32, 64MB, 128MB for 66MHz

• EDO RAM with 168-pin DIMM modules of 8,16, 32, 64MB, 128MB for 66MHz ( 3.3V only)

• 100MHz freq. CPU: PC-100 100 MHz DIMM

□ Expansion Slot: 2x ISA slots, 3x PCI slots and 1x A.G.P. slot

□ Chipset: VIA® Apollo Pro chipset----
•VT82C691

•VT82C596

### ; BIOS:

Licenced Award® full PnP (plug & play) BIOS, flash ROM for BIOS

### ¡ I/O function

- 2 x PCI IDE devices
- 1 x FDC, 2 x serial ports(16550 fast com)
- 1x parallel port device /EPP/ECP
- 2x USB connector
- IrDA (infrared) connector
- Green function: Complied with APM (Advanced Power Management)

### **Electrical--- Typical power supply**

Below is reference for ATX case requirement on power supply.

Voltage	Tolerance	Current
+5V	□5%	22 Amperes
+3.3V	□5%	3 Amperes
+12V	□ 10%	800 mA
-5V	□5%	150 mA
-12V	□5%	100 mA



WOL (Wake up on LAN) function requirement:

Power supply should offer at lest 750mA to the signal «5V trickle voltage» to support WOL function.

### ; Power supply regulation

Onboard switching voltage that support appropriate power to the CPU and future upgraded CPUs.

### **☐** Sound on board (optional)

- •ESS-Solo-1 (PCI Interface)
- •Line-in
- •Line-out
- Microphone
- •Internal CD connector
- •Game port

### ; Special features

- Jumperless design
- Wake up on lan (WOL)
- Modem ring on
- Auto detection of CPU voltage, fan & temperature
- Creative PCI sound Blaster SB-link PC/PCI
- Windows 95 power off
- PS/2 mouse wake up
- ATX & AT power supply support

### 1-4 Notice of Hardware Installation

Before hardware installing the main board, note the following things.

### 1. Check the package

If any of the below items is missing or damaged, contact the dealer from whom you purchase. Leave this main board in its original package until you are ready to install it. In the package, there are:

- 6VBX2 main board
- manual
- cables
- driver & utility / CD
- retention mechanism

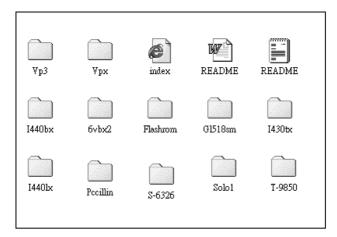
### B. Make sure power is off.

### C. Avoid ESD (Electrical Static Discharge)

While working with **6VBX2** main board, always keep in mind to wear a grounded wristband or ankle strap to avoid ESD (Electrical Static Discharge).

### 1-5 Notice of CD Driver Installation

This CD contains below drivers. The user must read «Index» (HTML format) before installing required drivers. Index offers all the information on all the drivers.



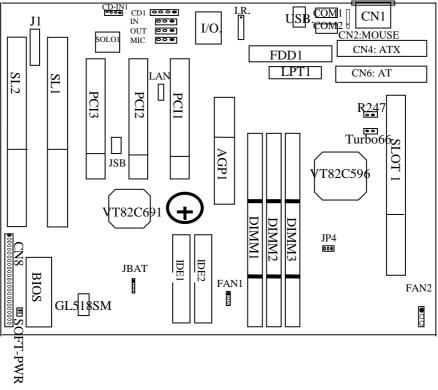


CD driver is always updated with the latest version, so the actual CD content may have some difference with the above picture.

- 1. **Main boards:** i440BX®, i440EX®, i440LX®, i430TX®, VIA® VPX, VP3 main boards
- 2. **A.G.P cards:** S- 6326 and T985
- 3. **Sound:** ESS-solo-1 sound driver
- 4. **Thermal (GL518SM):** CPU voltage/temperature and fan speed detection software
- 5. **Pccillin:** anti- virus protection software

# **Chapter 2** Installation

# 2-1 Layout Reference



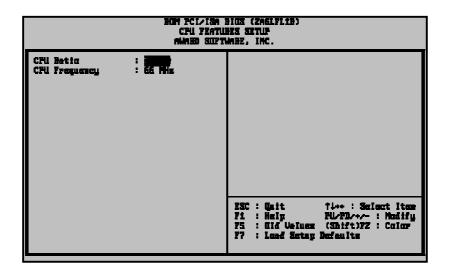
**TURBO66** is an over-clocking jumper, which enables 66 MHz CPU to run at 100 MHz. TURBO66 is only reserved for internal test only. No guarantee is provided for over-clocking setup.

TURBO66	Operation

ciose	Normal
open	Over-clock

# 2-2 CPU Speed Setup

Since this is a jumperless design, there is no hardware jumper setting to adjust CPU speed. Enter BIOS, and comes the below screen. BIOS can recognize CPU frequency automatically, and the user must select «CPU ratio» according to the CPU. Press «+» or «  $\square$ « to select. CPU ratio has options like 2.0x, 2.5x, 3.0x, 3.5x. 4.0x, 4.5x. 5.0x, and 5.5x.



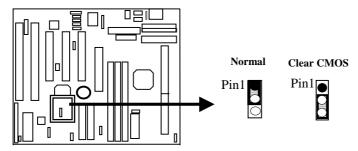


Since over-clocking setup is not included in chipset specification, we provide no guarantee for any loss or damage resulting from this.

# 2-3 Jumper Setting

Benefiting from jumperless design, hardware installation becomes an easier procedure to achieve. There are only jumpers **«JBAT»** and **«JP4»** required of hardware handling.

### 2-3-1 JBAT- clearing content of CMOS



**JBAT** is a 3-pin connector. Clear CMOS if system password is forgotten. Below is details to show how to clear CMOS.

Pin	Operation
1-2	Normal setup (default)
2-3	Clear CMOS

### **Procedure to clear CMOS:**

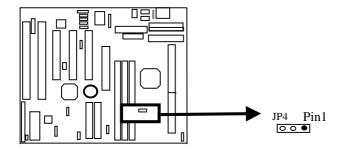
- Step 1: Shut down the system and disconnect the power supply from AC power.
- Step 2: Pull out the AT/ATX cable from AT/ATX connector.
- Step 3:Short the CMOS jumper by putting jumper CAP on Pin 2-3 for a few seconds.
- Step 4: Return to pin 1-2 for normal setup.
- Setp 5: Connect the power cable to AT/ATX connector & link AC power to the power supply.
- Step 6: Turn on system power.



ij you a tike to set passwora, press «Det» Key auring system bootup to enter CMOS Setup to establish a new password.

# 2-3-2 JP4 (CPU & SDRAM Working Frequencies)

**JP4** is a 3-pin connector adjusting CPU and SDRAM working frequencies under asynchronous operation.



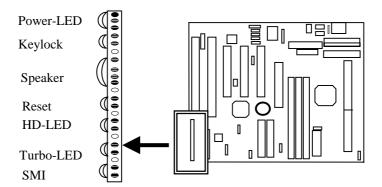
JP4	CPU clock	SDRAM frequency
1-2	66 MHz	66 MHz
2-3	100 MHz	66 MHz
1-2	100 MHz	100 MHz

# 2-4 Connectors

There are many connectors on this main board. Refer to the following pages for details.

# 2-4-1 Front Panel (CN8)

*Front panel* has connectors such as **«PW-LED,» «Keylock,» «Speaker,» «Reset,» «HD-LED,» «SOFTPWR,» «TB-LED,» «SMI.»** Please refer to the following further information.



**Power LED** is a 3-pin connector. It is used to connect to the LED on the case front panel. The LED shows the status of the power.

**Keylock** is a 2-pin connector. It is used to connect the key lock on the case front panel (if there is). With this function, keyboard may be locked (disconnected) with the system.

Keylock	Operation
Open	Keyboard works normal
Close	Short the connector to disconnect the system

*Speaker (SPK) connector* is a 4-pin keyed Berg strip. It is used to connect to the case speaker to the main board for sound purpose.

**Reset connector** is a 2-pin keyed Berg strip connected to the push button reset switch on the case's front panel. Shorting both pin 1& pin 2 can effect system reset function, which is similar to the power off and then on again.

Reset	Operation
Open	Normal
Close	Hardware reset

*Marked as «HD-LED,»* Hard Disk activity LED connector is a 2-pin keyed Berg strip. It is used to connect to front panel Hard Disk LED.

**Turbo LED** with a 2-pin Berg strip on front panel indicates the current speed status of system. It is used to connect to the Turbo LED on the case front panel (if there is).

**SMI connector** is a 2-pin Berg strip, which is also called **«green»** or **«sleep»** connector. When SMI is turned from open to close and back to open, the system will enter sleep mode immediately. This function is to make sure power saving is working well. In PC system, this connector is used to connect to the

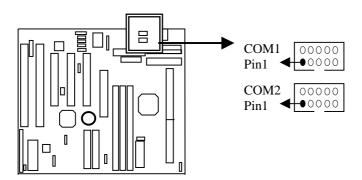
push button SMI switch located on the case front panel (if there is). The system can be forced to power saving mode by pressing the SMI switch.

### 2-4-2 Back Panel

There are connectors like COM1/ COM2, LPT, AT keyboard connector, PS/2 mouse, FDD1, and LPT1 on back panel. Refer to details as below.

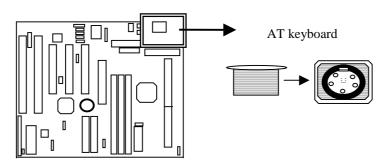
### COM1 & COM2

The onboard serial port 1 and port 2 are the 9-pin D-subminature male connector COM1 and COM2. COM1 and COM2 can be disabled in BIOS setup. Please refer to Chapter 3 «Integrated Peripherals» for more information.



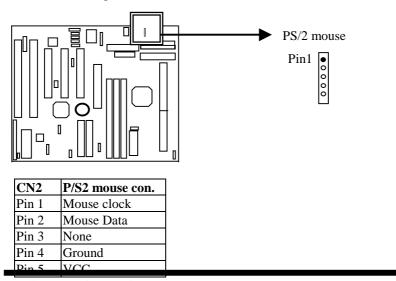
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
Pin 1	Carrier detect (CD)	Pin 5	Signal ground
Pin 2	Receive data (RXD)	Pin 6	Data set ready
Pin 3	Transmit data (TXD)	Pin 7	Request to send (RTS)
Pin 4	Data therminal ready (DTR)	Pin 8	Clear to send (CTS)
Pin 9	Ring indicator		

# **CN1: AT Keyboard Connector**



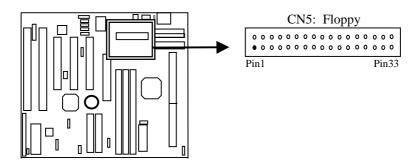
### **CN2: PS/2 Mouse Connector**

PS/2 mouse is a 5-pin connector, marked as «CN2 mouse.»



# **CN5:** Floppy Disk Connector

*Floppy interface connector* with 34 pins is used to attach the floppy drive cable. It is marked as «CN5» on the main board.

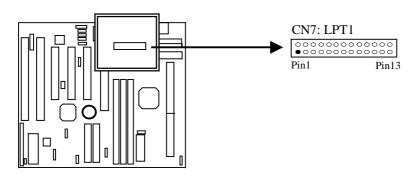


Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
Pin 1	GND	Pin 2	Data rate selection
Pin 3	GND	Pin 4	NC
Pin 5	GND	Pin 6	NC
Pin 7	GND	Pin 8	FDC index
Pin 9	GND	Pin 10	FDD Motor A enable
Pin 11	GND	Pin 12	FDD Drive B enable
Pin 13	GND	Pin 14	FDD drive A enable
Pin 15	GND	Pin 16	FDD Motor enable
Pin 17	GND	Pin 18	FDC head direction
Pin 19	GND	Pin 20	FDC step pulse output to the drive during a SEEK
			operation
Pin 21	GND	Pin 22	FDC write enable serial data to the Drive
Pin 23	GND	Pin 24	FDC write enable identify
Pin 25	GND	Pin 26	Floppy disk track 0. Indicates that the head of the
			selected drive is on track zero.
Pin 27	GND	Pin 28	FDD write protect. Indicates that the disk of the
			selected drive is write-protected.
Pin 29	GND	Pin 30	Read disk data, serial data input input from the FDD
Pin 31	GND	Pin 32	Floppy disk side 1 select

P1n 33	GND	Pın 34	Floppy disk change. This is an input pin that senses
			whether the drive door has been opened or a diskette
			has been changed.

# **CN7: LPT1 (Parallel Port Connector)**

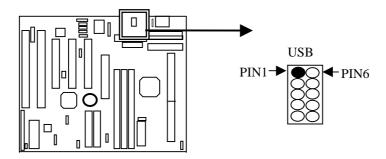
*The onboard parallel port* is a 25-pin female connector, marked as **«CN7.» It** supports standard printer port, Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP), Extended Capabilities Port(ECP).



Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
Pin 1	Strobe	Pin 14	Auto feed
Pin 2	Data bit 0	Pin 15	Error
Pin 3	Data bit 0	Pin 16	Init
Pin 4	Data bit 0	Pin 17	SLCT in
Pin 5	Data bit 0	Pin 18	Ground
Pin 6	Data bit 0	Pin 19	Ground
Pin 7	Data bit 0	Pin 20	Ground
Pin 8	Data bit 0	Pin 21	Ground
Pin 9	Data bit 0	Pin 22	Ground
Pin 10	ACK	Pin 23	Ground
Pin 11	Busy	Pin 24	Ground
Pin 12	PE	Pin 25	
Pin 13	SLCT		

# USB: USB (Universal Serial Bus) Connector

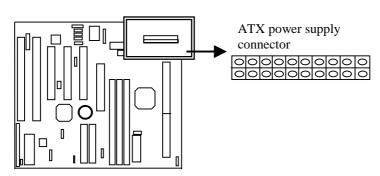
*Universal Serial Bus connector*, marked as **«USB,»** is used to connect USB devices. There are 2 USB connectors on this main board.



USB pin out				
USB 1 USB 2				
Pin1	+5V	Pin6	+5V	
Pin 2	USBP0	Pin7	USBP1	
Pin 3	USBP0-	Pin8	USBP+	
Pin 4	Ground	Pin9	Ground	
Pin 5	Ground	Pin10	Ground	

# 2-4-3 CN4: ATX Power Supply Connector

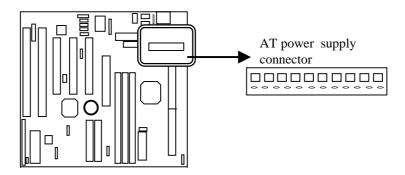
ATX power connector has 20 pins, which is designed for ATX case especially. The ATX power supply supports the function of the **«Soft Power On Momentary switch»** which connects on the front panel switch to the 2-pin **SOFT-PWR** on the system board. While the power switch on the back of ATX power is turned on, the full power will not go into the system board until the front panel switch is momentarily pressed. Push the switch again to turn off the power to the system board.



Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
Pin 1	3.3V	Pin 2	3.3V
Pin 3	3.3V	Pin 4	-12V
Pin 5	GND	Pin 6	GND
Pin 7	5V	Pin 8	SOFT-PWR ON
Pin 9	GND	Pin 10	GND
Pin 11	5V	Pin 12	GND
Pin 13	GND	Pin 14	GND
Pin 15	RAWPOWER	Pin 16	-5V
Pin 17	5V	Pin 18	5V
Pin 19	+12V	Pin 20	5V

# 2-4-4 CN6: AT Power Supply Connector

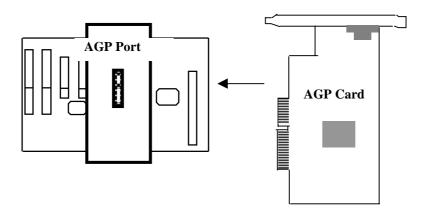
This main board is AT/ATX power switch designed. AT power supply connector is a 12-pin connector.



Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	Power Good	7	Ground
2	+5V DC	8	Ground
3	+12V	9	-5V DC
4	-12V	10	+5V DC
5	Ground	11	+5V DC
6	Ground	12	+5V DC

### **2-4-5 AGP1: AGP Port**

AGP (Accelerated Graphic Port) is the new bus standard that allows the bus speed to run at 66 MHz with up to 133 MHz data transfer capabilities, which is four times as fast as that of the PCI bus. At this speed, the AGP graphic cards can transfer data up to 528MB/second. This high transfer capabilities enables 3D graphic applications, multiple media applications, uncompressed to run smoothly and display in broadcasting quality.

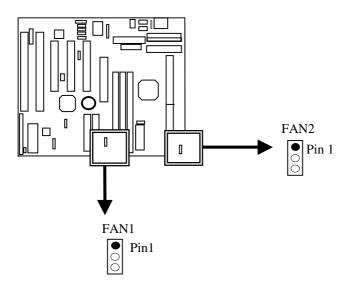


# 2-4-6 CPU Fan Connectors

There are 2 fan connectors on this system board, and they are marked as «FAN 1,» and «FAN2.» Each fan connector has three pins.

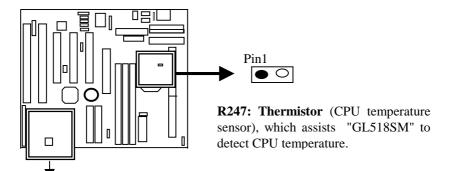
FAN1 and FAN2 : CPU fan connector

CPU Fan Pin Out			
Pin1 sensor	Pin2 +12V	Pin3	GND



# 2-4-7 GL518SM & R247 (Thermistor)

**«System Hardware Monitor (SHM)»** to detect variations of CPU voltage, speeds, temperature and fan speed. Furthermore, it is able to control those detected items when the numeric value is in alarm.

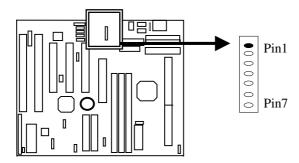


IC "GL518SM» enables the system to automatically detect CPU fan speed, system temperature, and CPU voltages.

# 2-4-8 I.R.: IrDA Connector

*IR connector* supports wireless infrared module. With this module and application software like Laplink, or Win95 Direct Cable Connection, user can transfer data to or from laptops, notebooks, PDA and printers. This connector supports **HPSIR**, **ASKIR**, and **Fast IR**.

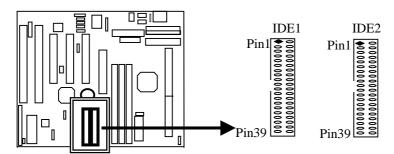
Attach Infrared module to IR connector and enable BIOS «Infrared function.» Be sure to put in the right orientation during attachment.



Pin	Signal
Pin 1	RX
Pin 2	GND
Pin 3	TX
Pin 4	+5V
Pin 5	RXH
Pin 6	VCC
Pin 7	GND

### 2-4-9 IDE1 & IDE2

**Primary & Secondary** are 40 –pin IDE connectors. **Primary** is primary channel, and **Secondary** is secondary channel. Each channel supports 2 IDE devices, and 4 devices in total for this main board.

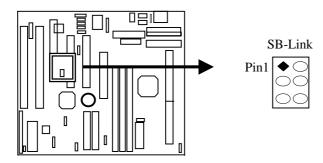


Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
Pin 1	IDE reset	Pin 2	Ground
Pin 3	Data 7	Pin 4	Data 8
Pin 5	Data 6	Pin 6	Data 9
Pin 7	Data 5	Pin 8	Data 10
Pin 9	Data 4	Pin	Data 11
		10	
Pin	Data 3	Pin	Data 12
11		12	
Pin	Data 2	Pin	Data 13
13		14	
Pin	Data 1	Pin	Data 14
15		16	
Pin	Data 0	Pin	Data 15
17		18	
Pin	Ground	Pin	Key (NC)
19		20	
Pin	PDREQ	Pin	Ground
21		22	
Pin	I/O write	Pin	Ground

23		24	
Pin	I/O read	Pin	Ground
25		26	
Pin	NC	Pin	ALE
27		28	
Pin	NC	Pin	Ground
29		30	
Pin	IDE IRQ 14	Pin	IOSC15
31		32	
Pin	Address A1	Pin	NC
33		34	
Pin	Address A0	Pin	Address A2
35		36	
Pin	IDE chip select 0	Pin	IDE chip select 1
37		38	
Pin	IDE active	Pin	Ground
39		40	

### 2-4-10 JSB: SB-Link connector

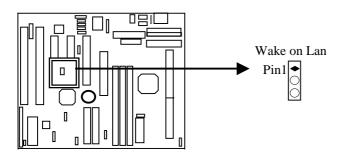
**SB-LINK** is used to attach any «PC/PCI» standard sound card like Creative AWE64D or Yamaha XG...for compatibility under DOS mode.



Pin	Signal
Pin 1	GNT#
Pin 2	GND
Pin 3	NC
Pin 4	REQ#
Pin 5	GND
Pin 6	SIRQ#

# 2-4-11 LAN: Wake up on LAN

Wake up on LAN, marked as «LAN,» is a 3-pin connector. To support this feature, a network card is required for the system. More than that, a network management software must be installed too.

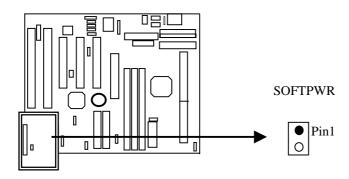




WOL (Wake up on LAN) function requirement: Power supply should offer at lest 750mA to the signal «5V trickle voltage» to support WOL function.

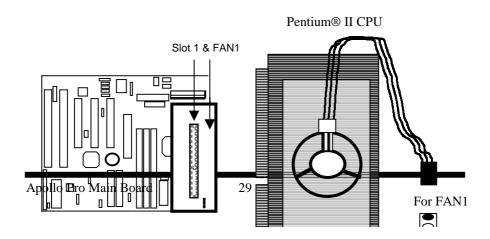
# 2-4-12 SOFT-PWR: ATX Soft-PWR Switch

ATX soft-PWR switch connector is SOFTPWR with 2 pins.



# 2-4-13 Slot 1 Socket

6VBX2 uses slot 1 socket, accepts Intel® Pentium® II (66/100 MHz) processors at speeds from 266MHz to 450 MHz and is able to support faster CPUs upgraded in the future.





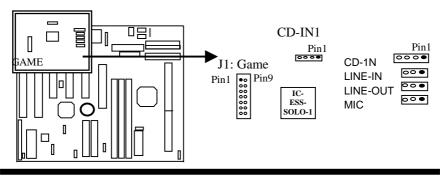
For Slot1



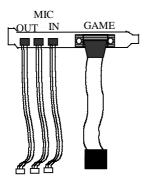
CPU is not enclosed in the package.

# 2-4-14 Sound On Board : J1, CD-in, Line-in Line-out, MIC (optional)

Below are positions for the chip «Ess-Solo-1» and Connectors for Game(J1), Line-in, Microphone, Line-out, and CD-IN.

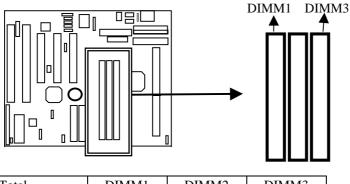


Cable enclosed in the package connecting the above headers. If there is no sound on baord, this cable will not be enclosed in the package.



# 2-5 DIMM Installation

Please make sure DIMM is 3.3V SDRAM. The following chart is reference only. The user may insert DIMM modules in either DIMM1, DIMM2 or DIMM3.

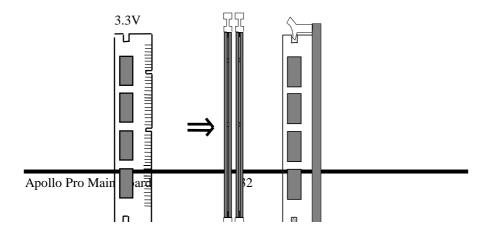


Total	DIMM1	DIMM2	DIMM3
8 MBbytes	8MB		

16 MBytes	8MB	8MB	
24 MBytes	8MB	8MB	8MB
32 MBytes	8MB	8MB	16MB
32 MBytes	16MB	16MB	
32 MBytes	32MB		
40 MBytes	16MB	16MB	8MB
48 MBytes	16MB	16MB	16MB
64 MBytes	64MB		
64 MBytes	32MB	32MB	
96 MBytes	32MB	32MB	32MB
128 MBytes	64MB	64MB	
128 MBytes	128MB		
192 MBytes	64MB	64MB	64MB
256MBytes	128MB	128MB	
384 MBytes	128MB	128MB	128MB

Insert the module as shown. Due to different number of pins on either side of the breaks, the module will only fit in the orientation as shown. DRAM SIMM modules have the same pin contact on both sides. SDRAM DIMM modules have different pin contacts on each side and therefore have a higher pin density.

# EDO DIMM supports either 3.3V or 5V. PC-100 100 MHz DIMM is a must for 100 MHz CPU.

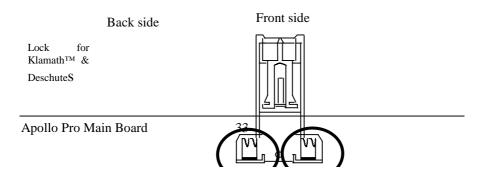


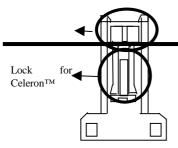
# 2-6 CPU R.M. Kit Assembling Procedure

The enclosed RM Kit is the latest model suitable for Deschutes<sup>TM</sup>, Klamath<sup>TM</sup> and Celeron<sup>TM</sup>. It is not necessary to change different CPU RM Kits for different CPU models.

Check if the following set of piece parts are included in your package.
 4 seperate piece parts in total.

Retention Mechanism (R.M.): 2 pcs

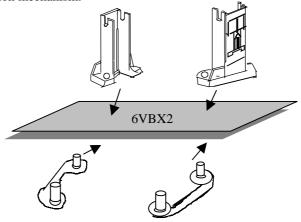




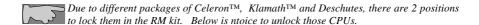
# RM. Attach Mount (RMAM): 2 pcs

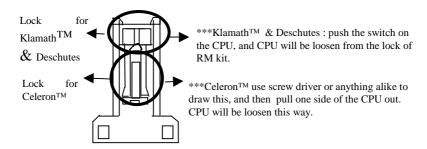


- 2. Make sure power is off during assembly..
- 3. Insert the RMAMs through the bottom of the motherboard and attach them to the retention mechanism.



- 4. Fasten up the screws on the retention mechanism to tighten up retenion mechanism and RMAM. Check if all the piece parts are fastened tightly.
- 5. Put the CPU in the RM kit. (Push the CPU horizontally into the RM kit.)





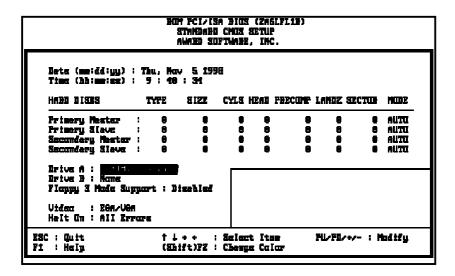
# **Chapter 3 BIOS Setup**

# 3-1 Award® BIOS CMOS Setup

BOY PCI/ISM BIOS (ZMSLPLIB) CHOR SETUP UTILITY MANDO SUPTANDE, INC.				
the property of the second of the	CPU RFEED SETTING			
bice peatures setup	INTEGENTED FEBIFHERALS			
Chipset Peatures Setup	Supervisor Passaged			
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	user passiom			
PMP/PCI CONFIGURATION	IDE HOD MUTU BETECTION			
LOAD SETUP DEPAULTS	SAVE & EXIT SETUP			
	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
Zec : Quit 718 : Save & Exit Setup	† 4 + + : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Chemps Color			

The menu displays all the major selection items and allow user to select any of shown item. The selection is made by moving cursor (press any direction key ) to the item and press **Enter>** key. An on-line help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as cursor is moving to various items which provides user better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of selected item will appear. So the user can modify associated configuration parameters.

# 3-2 Standard CMOS Setup



The »Standard CMOS Setup» allows user to configure system setting such as current date and time, type of hard disk drive installed in the system, floppy drive type, and the type of display monitor. Memory size is auto detected by the BIOS and displayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted (direction keys to move cursor and <Enter> key to select). The entries in the field will be changed by pressing <PageDown> or <PageUp> key or user can enter new data directly from the keyboard.

# **Hard Disk Configurations**

- 1. TYPE: select from "1" to "45" to fill remaining fields with redefined values of disk drives. Select "USER" to fill the remaining fields. Select "AUTO" to detect the HDD type automatically.
- 2. SIZE: the hard disk size. The unit is mega byte(MB).
- 3. CYLS: the cylinder number of the hard disk.
- 4. HEAD: the read/write head number of hard disk. The range is from "1" to "16".
- **5. PRECOMP**: the cylinder number at which the disk drive changes the write timing.
- **6. LANDZ**: the cylinder number that the disk drive heads (read/write) are seated when the disk drive is parked.
- 7. **SECTOR**: the sector number of each track defined on the hard disk. The range is from "1" to "64".
- 8. MODE :select "AUTO" to detect the mode type automatically. If your hard disk supports the LBA mode, select "LBA" or "LARGE". However, if your hard disk cyclinder is more than 1024 and does not support the lba function, you have to set at "LARGE.» Select "NORMAL" if your hard disk supporting cylinder is below 1024.



**Note 1:** if hard disk primary master/slave and secondary master/slave were set to **«auto,»** the hard disk size and model will be auto detected on display during POST.



**Note2: "halt on"** is to determine when to halt the system by the BIOS if error occurred during POST.

# 3-3 BIOS Features Setup

Menu below shows all of the manufacturer's default values of this main board. Move the cursor by pressing direction keys and <code><PageDown></code> or <code><PageUp></code> key to modify the parameters, pressing <code>[F1]</code> key to display help message of the selected item. This setup program also provide 2 convenient ways to load the default parameter data from BIOS <code>[F6]</code> or CMOS <code>[F7]</code> area if shown data is corrupted. This provides the system a capability to recover from any possible error.

HOT PCI/ISA BIOS (ZAGLYL16) BIOS PEATURES SETUP AMARI SUPTMARE, INC.				
Virus Werning : Enchisa CPU Internal Cacha : Enchisa External Cacha : Enchisa CPU LZ Cacha ECC Checking : Enchisa Quick Power On Saif Text : Enchisa Heat Sequence : A.C. SCSI Swep Florgy Brive : Rischied Heat Up Plorgy Seek : Dischied Heat Up Plorgy Seek : Dischied Heat Up Plorgy Seek : Inchisa Heat Up Musical Status : On Gets A20 Option : Normal Typemetic Bets Satting : Rischied Typemetic Bets (CherySec) : 6 Typemetic Bets (CherySec) : 5 Security Option : Satup PCI/UGA Pelatta Secur : Dischied ON Select For IBAH > 64M2 : Hon-ONZ	NACOS HITTE CLASS. : NICELLA			

Virus Warning :Enabled

:Disabled (default)

CPU Internal Cache

**Enabled :** enable L1 cache **Disabled:** disable L1 cache

#### External Cache

Enabled (default): enable L2 cache

**Disabled**: disable L2 cache

## CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

Enabled (default): enable L2 cache ECC checking

**Disabled:** disable L2 cache ECC checking

# Quick Power On Self Test

This category speeds up power on self test.

**Enabled** (default): BIOS will shorten or skip some check items.

**Disabled:** normal speed

# **Boot Sequence**

This category determines which drive the system searches first. Take **«A,C,SCSI»** for example. System will search in turn for floppy disk drive; second is hard disk drive, and finally SCSI drive. Default value is **«A,C,SCSI.».** Options are as below:

A,C,SCSI; C,A,SCCI, C,CDROM,A; CDROM,C,A; D,A,SCSI; E,A,SCSI; F,A,SCSI; SCSI,A,C; SCSI,C,A; C Only; LS/ZIP,C.

#### Swap Floppy Drive

Enabled: floppy A&B will be swapped.

**Disabled**(default): floppy A&B will be not swapped.

#### Boot Up Floppy Seek

BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive is 40 or 80 tracks. 360k type is 40 tracks while 720K/ 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks. Default value is **enabled.** 

#### **Boot Up Numlock Status**

:On(default)

:Off

# Gate A20 Speed

:Normal (default)

:Fast

# Typematic Rate Setting

This determines the typematic rate.

**Enabled:** enable typematic rate and typematic delay programming.

**Disabled** (default): disable typematic rate and typematic delay programming. The system BIOS will use default value of this 2 items and the default is controlled by keyboard.

## Typematic Rate(Chars/Sec)

6: 6 Characters Per Second(default)

8: 8 Characters Per Second

10:10 Characters Per Second

12: 12 Characters Per Second

15: 15 Characters Per Second

20: 20 Characters Per Second

24: 24 Characters Per Second

30: 30 Characters Per Second

## Typematic Delay (Msec)

This is the interval between the first and second character displayed.

**250** : 250 msec (default)

**500**: 500 msec **750**: 750 msec **1000**:1000 msec

#### Security Option (refer to page 53)

:Setup (default)--- security protection in CMOS setup menu

Setting password in BIOS CMOS **«Supervisor Password» or User Password,»** the user needs to key in password if entering BIOS CMOS setup.

:System---security protection in system boot-up & BIOS setup

This function secures the system under system boot-up and BIOS setup.

### PCI/VGA Pallette Snoop

**Enabled:** it allows you to install an enhanced graphics adapter card.

**Disabled (default):** If your graphics adapter card does not support the pallette snoop function, please set at **Disabled** to avoid system malfunction.

#### OS Select For DRAM> 64MB

This option is especially set for OS2 operating system. Set **«Non-OS2»** for RAM memory over 64MB and set **«Non-OS2»** for other operating systems like Windows® 95/98 or NT.

:Non-OS2 (default)

:OS2

#### Video BIOS Shadow

It determines whether video BIOS will be copied to RAM. However, it is optional from chipset design. Video shadow will increase the video speed.

**Enabled:** Video Shadow is enabled (default)

Disabled: Video Shadow is disabled

# C8000-CBFFF Shadow, CC000-CFFF Shadow, D0000-D3FFF Shadow: D4000-D7FFF Shadow, D8000-DBFFF Shadow, DC000-DFFF Shadow

These are categories determining whether optional ROM will be copied to RAM by 16KB or 32KB per unit and the size depends on chipset.

:Enabled

:Disabled(default)

# 3-4 Chipset Features Setup

BOP PCI/ISA BIOS (ZAGLFLIB) CHIPSET PENTUBES SETUP AMABD SOFTMABE, INC.				
Benk 9/1 DBAM Timing Benk 2/3 DBAM Timing Benk 4/5 DBAM Timing SIBAM Clock Memory Hole Bend Around write Concurrent PCI/Host Video BAM Cechaehle AGP Aperture Size AGP-ZX Mode USB Reyboard Support	EDRAY 19ns     EDRAY 19ns     EDRAY 19ns     Host CLE     Hischled     Dischled     Dischled     12shled     techled     techled     Eschled	Auto Detect DIPM-PCI CIE Spreed Spectrum CPU Werning Temperature Shutdown Temperature Current CPU Temperature Current CPUPAMI Speed Current CPUPAMI Speed Current Vin3(V) Current Vin1(V) Current Vin2(V) Current Vid4(V)	Bizebled   Bizebled   60°C/140°F	
		ESC: Quit fire: F1 : Help FU/FD/* F5 : GId Velues (Shift) F7 : Load Setup Defaults	/- : Modify FZ : Calar	

## Bank 0/1(2/3, 4/5) DRAM Timing

This will determine the timing of SDRAM. The user can separately adjust the timing of bank 0/1, 2/3, 4/5.

: SDRAM 10ns (default)—10<sup>-9</sup> second

: SDRAM 8ns, normal, medium, fast, turbo

**SDRAM Cycle Length:** control the DRAM page missing and row miss leadoff timing.

:2

:3 (default)

#### DRAM Clock

:Host CLK (default)

System shows the actual DRAM speed the system uses.

:66 MHz

System DRAM clock is fixed on 66 MHz.

**Memory Hole:** this field enable a memory hole in main memory space. CPU cycles matching an enabled hold are passed on to PCI note that a selected can not be changed while the L2 cache is enabled.

:Disabled (default)

:15M-16M

### System BIOS cacheable

define whether system BIOS area cacheable or not.

:Enabled

:Disabled (default)

Video BIOS cacheable: to define whether video BIOS area cacheable or not.

:Enabled

:Disabled (default)

#### Video RAM Cacheable

**:Enabled** --- allows caching of the video RAM, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may occur.

:Disabled (default)

#### AGP Aperture Size

To select the size of the Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation.

:128M(default)

:64M, 32M, 16M, 8M, 4M

### On CHip USB

:Enabled (default)

Enabling this function adds the function of «USB Keyboard Support.»

:Disabled

## **USB Keyboard Support**

:Disabled (default)

:Enabled--- enable this function when using USB keyboard

#### Auto Detect DIMM/PCI CLK

:Disabled (default)

:Enabled

#### **CPU** Warning Temperature

This function is CPU over-heat alarm. Select either of the below temperature will give an alarm when CPU temperature is over-heated.

:Disabled

:50 • C/122 • F, 53 • C/127 • F, 56 • C/133 • F, 60 • C/140 • F, 63 • C/145 • F, 66 • C/151 • F, 70 • C/158 • F

#### Shutdown Temperature

System will shut down automatically when CPU temperature is over-heated. Below is the boundary which system gives alarm.

:60° C/140°F (default)

:65° C/149°F, 70° C/158°F, 75° C/167°F

# Current CPU Temperature, Current CPUFAN1/CPUFAN2/ CPU FAN3, Current Vin3(V)/ Vin2(V)/VIN(1)/Vdd(V):

System will automatically detect the above items and show the status.

# 3-5 Power Management Setup

```
BOM PCI/ISA BIOS (ZAGLPL18)
                               POWER MININGEMENT SETUP
                                 AWARD SUFTWARE, INC.
ACPI function
                      : User Teffine
                                               ETVI premirf
                                                                        Power Menagement
                                                                      Frimery
PM Control by APM
                      : Yes
                                               IBQ4
                                                      (COH 1)
                                                                      : Primery
Videa Off Option
Videa Off Hethod
                                               19Q5
19Q6
                      : Suspend -> Off
                                                      (LPT Z)
                                                                      : Primery
                                                      (Flappy Bisk): Frincry
(LPT 1) : Frincry
(ETC Alerm) : Bischlo
                      : DPHS Support
MODEN Les ING
                                               IBQ7
Soft-Off by PUBBY# : Instant-Off
                                               IBQB
IBQ9
                                                                      : Itsehled
                                                      (IBGZ Bedir)
                                                                        Seconderu
                                                                      : Secondery
HID Power Down
                      : Diseble
                                               IBG10 (Beserved)
Daza Mada
                                               IBQ11 (Beserved)
                      : Disable
                                                                      : Secondary
                                               IBQ12 (PS/2 Mouse) : Primery
IBQ13 (Coprocessor): Primery
Suspend Mode
                      : Disable
        ** PH Events **
VEA
                                               IBQ14 (Herd Disk)
                      : OFF
                                                                        Friency
LPT & CONT
                      : LPT/COM
                                               IBO15 (Beserved)
                                                                        lizabled
                      : 004
DM/meter
                      : OFF
                                               ESC : Quit
                                                                    14+ : Select Item
                                                                    PU/FD/+/- : Modify
                     : Dizabled
                                               F1 : HeIn PU/FD/+/- : Madif
F5 : Old Velues (Shift)F2 : Calar
Madem Fing Resume
BTC flare Became
                      : Disabled
                                                   : Load Setup Defaults
```

#### **ACPI** function

- :Disabled
- :Enabled (default)

#### Power Management

- :User Define(default)--users can configure their own power management
- :Min Saving
- :Max Saving
- :Disabled

## PM Control By APM

No: system BIOS will ignore APM.

**Yes** (default): system BIOS will wait for APM's prompt before it enter any PM mode, e.g. Doze, standby or suspend.



**Note 1:** if APM is installed, and there is a task running, even if the timer is time out, the APM will not prompt the BIOS to put the system into any power saving mode!



Note2: If APM is not installed, this option has no effect.

# **MODEM Use IRQ**

:3 (default), 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA

Soft-off by PWRBTN

:Instant-off

:4 seconds

This allows the user to set the soft-off power button to turn off the system or set to «4 second» holding the power and system will shut down in 4 seconds.

# Video Off Method

:DPMS (default), Blank Screen, V/H Sync+Blank

#### Doze mode

:Disabled (default), 1 min --- 1 hour

### Standby mode

:Disabled(default), 1 min --- 1 hour

### Suspend mode

:Disabled(default), 1 min --- 1 hour

## Modem Ring Resume

:Disabled

**:Enabled:** modem ring on function--- system can be turned on through modem.



Note: this function only works when the system is turned off from Windows mode, and Doze mode will not function.

RTC Alarm Resume: auto power on at the appointed date and time.

**Enabled:** key in the date of current month and time of the day. System will turn on then.

**Disable** (default) : disble this function.



Note: this function only works when the system is turned off in Windows mode, and doze mode will not function.

# **Primary INTR**

:on (default)

Select «on,» it adds the following functions, «IRQ3 (COM2)- IRQ15 (Reserved).»

47

Select «off,» «IRQ3 (COM2)- IRQ15 (Reserved)» will not show.

# 3-6 PNP / PCI Configuration Setup

rop PCI/ISA BIOS (2AGIFL18) PMP/PCI COMPIGURATION AUNED SUFTUARE, INC.			
PRF OI Installed : The Besourcest Controlled By : Hemsel Besourcest Controlled By : Hemsel Besourcest Configuration late : Disabled IEC-3 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-5 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-9 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-18 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-18 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-18 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-12 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-12 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-14 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF IEC-15 excipted to : PCI/ISA PrF	CPU to PCI Write Buffer : Enabled PCI Bysanic Bursting : Enabled PCI Master 6 WE Write : Enabled PCI Beley Trensection : Enabled PCI Beley Trensection : Enabled PCI BE Access 21 Betry : Disabled AGP Master 1 WE Write : Enabled AGP Master 1 WE Beed : Disabled PCI IRQ Actived By : Level Assign IRQ For USB : Enabled Assign IRQ For USB : Enabled		
Offin-1 contigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMM-3 contigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMM-5 contigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMM-6 contigned to : PCI/ISA PnP DMM-7 contigned to : PCI/ISA PnP	ESC: Quit floo: Scient Item F1 : Help FL/FL/+/- : Modify F5 : GId Velues (Shift)F2 : Color F? : Load Setap Refeults		

#### PNP OS Installed

:No(default)

OS will not recognize PnP devices.

:Yes

OS will arrange the setup of PnP devices.

# Resources Controlled By

:Manual (default)

The table will show the below items: **«Reset Configuration Data, IRQ-3** assigned to, **DMA-0** assigned to.» The user can adjust the shown items as required.

:Auto

The table will not show the above items, and the system will automatically assign the above setup.

### Reset Configuration Data

:Disabled(default)

**:Enabled---** to reset **«Extended System Configuration Data(ESCD)** when you exit setup if you have installed a new add-on card and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system can not boot up.

## IRQ-3 Assigned To---- IRQ-15 Assigned To

: PCI/ISA PnP(default)

: Legacy ISA

## DMA-0 Assigned To--- DMA-7 Assigned To

: PCI/ISA PnP(default)

: Legancy ISA

#### PCI IRQ Actived By

There are 2 modes in activating PCI IRQ.

:Edge (default)

:Level

## Assign IRQ for USB

:Enable (default)

:Disable

#### Assign IRQ for VGA

:Enable (default)

:Disable

# 3-7 Integrated Peripherals

```
BOM PCI/ISA BIOS (ZAGLFL1B)
                            INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
                             AWARD SUFTWARE, INC.
                                          Unboard FDC Costroller: Enabled
UnChip IDE Chennel8:
UnChip IDE Channell: Enabled
                                          Unboard Serial Port 1 : 3F6/IEQ4
                                          Onboard Serial Port 2 : 276/1809
IIE Prefetch Hode
                     : Enabled
IDE HOD Black Mode
                     : Enabled
                                          IB Address Select
                                                                  : lizable
                 PIO: Auto
Princry Mester
Primery Sleve
                 FIO: Auto
Secondary Mester PIO: Auto
                                          Unboard Parallel Port : 376/IBQ?
Secondary Slave PIO: Auto
                                                                  : SPF
                                          Parallal Part Mode
Primeru Mester UDM: Auto
Primery Slave
                With: Auto
Secondary MesterWith: Auto
Secondary Slave With: Auto
Init Display First : ACP
                                          ESC : Quit
                                                             †↓++ : Select Item
                                          P1 : Help
P5 : Ald Veluce
                                                             PU/PD/+/- : Modifu
                                                            (Shift)PZ : Color
                                          P7 : Load Setup Defaults
```

### OnChip IDE Channel 0

:Enabled (default)--- it allows to adjust the items «Primary Master/Slave PIO & Primary Master/Slave UDMA.»

:Disabled--- the items «Primary Master/Slave PIO & Primary Master/Slave UDMA» will not be available.

#### OnChip IDE Channel 1

:Enabled (default)--- it allows to adjust the 4 items «Secondary Master/Slave PIO & Secondary Master/Slave UDMA.»

:Disabled--- the 4 items «Secondary Master/Slave PIO & Secondary Master/Slave UDMA» will not be available.

## IDE HDD Block Mode

This feature enhances hard disk performance by making multi sector transfer instead of one sector per transfer. Most of IDE drivers, except very early designs ,can use this feature.

- :Enabled (default)
- :Disabled

# Primary Master PIO/ Primary Slave PIO

This feature detects your primary master hard disk device.

- :Auto (default)
- :Mode 0,1,2,3,4

## Secondary Master PIO/Secondary Slave PIO

This feature detects your secondary master hard disk device.

- :Auto (default)
- :Mode 0,1,2,3,4

#### Onboard FDC Controller

- : Enabled (default)
- : Disabled

#### Onboard Serial Port 1

- : 3F8/IRQ4 (default)
- : 2F8/IRQ3
- : 3E8/IRQ4
- : 2E8/IRQ3
- : Auto
- : Disabled

#### On-Board Serial Port 2

: 3F8/IRQ4

: 2F8/IRQ3(default)

: 3E8/IRQ4

: 2E8/IRQ3

: Auto

: Disabled

# IR Address Select

Disabled	Select «Disabled» to disable IR function.
(default)	
3F8H	IR Mode: HP SIR, ASKIR
	IRQ Mode: IRQ10, IRQ11, IRQ3, IRQ4
2F8H	IR Mode: HP SIR, ASKIR
	IRQ Mode: IRQ10, IRQ11, IRQ3, IRQ4
3E8H	IR Mode: HP SIR, ASKIR
	IRQ Mode: IRQ10, IRQ11, IRQ3, IRQ4
2E8H	IR Mode: HP SIR, ASKIR
	IRQ Mode: IRQ10, IRQ11, IRQ3, IRQ4

# Onboard Parallel Port

: 378/IRQ7 (default)

: 278H/IRQ5 : disabled

# 3-8 Supervisor/User Password

The "Supervisor/User Password setting" utility sets the security protection. There are two kinds of password functions in the setup menu : one is «Supervisor Password.» and the other is «User Password.» Their difference is:

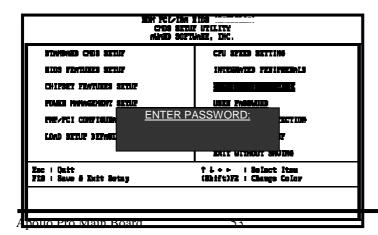
Supervisor Password: this function allows you the right to change the options of setup menu.

User Password: this function only allows you to enter the setup menu but not to change the options of the setup menu except «USER PASSWORD,» «SAVE & EXIT SETUP,» and «EXIT WITHOUT SAVING.»

#### 1. How to set «Supervisor Password» & «User Password»

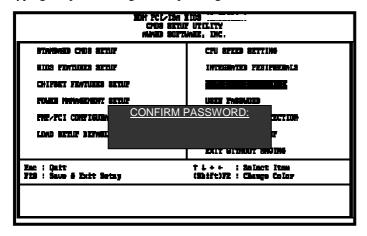
The setup of «Supervisor Password» and «User Password» has the same steps.

Step 1: **Enter Password**Press **<Enter>** after appointing the password.



Step 2: Confirm Password

Typing the password again and pressing **<Enter>**.



If you forget password, please clear CMOS. (refer to page 11 for **JBAT**)

Step 3: Set «Security Option» in «BIOS Features Setup»

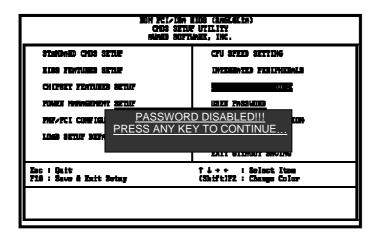
After setting password, enter **«Security Option»** in **«BIOS Features Setup.»** There are 2 options **«Setup»** & **«System.» «Setup»** will only secure CMOS setup through password. **«System»** is to secure PC system and password is required during system boot- up in addition to CMOS setup..

# 2. How to Disable «Supervisor Password» & «User Password»

Step 1: Go to CMOS Setup Menu (need to key in password first)

# Setp 2: Enter «Supervisor Password» or «User Password»

After enter, it shows «Enter Password.» Press the **<Enter>** key instead of entering a new password when **"ENTER PASSWORD"** appears. It will inform **«PASSWORD DISABLED PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUNE.»** Thus, press any key as instructed to disable the password.



# 3-9 IDE HDD Auto Detection

# FOR PCI/ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AMARD SOFTWARE, INC.

HARD DISK TYPE SIZE CYLS HEAD PRECOMP LANDZ SECTORMODE

Primary Master: Primary Slave: Secondary Master: Secondary Slave:

Select Prin	nary Mas	ter Optio	n (N: Sk	ip): N			
<u>OPTIONS</u>	SIZE	CYLS	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANDZ	SECTOR	MODE
2 (Y)	4302	523	255	0	8893	63	LBA
1	4303	8894	15	65535	8893	63	NORMAL
3	429	6555	2405	65535	8893	63	LARGE

Note: Some OSes (like SCO-UNIX) must use «NORMAL» for installation.

The "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" utility is a very useful tool especially when you do not know which kind of hard disk type you are using. You can use this utility to detect the correct disk type installed in the system automatically or you can set hard disk type to auto in the standard CMOS setup. You don't need the "IDE HDD Auto Detection" utility. The BIOS will auto-detect the hard disk size and model on display during post.

The Award® BIOS supports 3 HDD modes: **NORMAL, LBA & LARGE.** 

#### 1. Normal mode

Generic access mode in which neither the BIOS nor the IDE controller will make any transformations during accessing.

The maximum number of cylinders, head & sectors for normal mode are **1024**, **16** & **63**.

No	. Cylinder	(1024)
X	No. Head	(16)
X	No. Sector	(63)
X	No. Per Sector	(512)
		528 MB

If user set this HDD to normal mode, the maximum accessible HDD size will be 528 MB even though its physical size may be greater than that!

# 2. LBA (Logical Block Addressing) Mode

A new HDD accessing method to overcome the 528 MB bottleneck. The number of cylinders, heads & sectors shown in setup may not be the number physically contained in the HDD. During HDD accessing, the IDE controller will transform the logical address described by sector, head & cylinder into its own physical address inside the HDD.

The maximum HDD size supported by LBA mode is 8.4 GB which is obtained by the following formula:

	No. Cylinder	(1024)
X	No. Head	(255)
X	No. Sector	(63)

X	No.	Bytes	Per Sector	(	(512)
				8.4 (	GB

#### 3. Large Mode

Extended HDD access mode supported by Award® software. Some IDE HDDs contain more than 1024 cylinder without LBA support (in some cases, user do not want LBA). The Award® BIOS provides another alternative to support these kinds of large mode:

Cyls.	Head	Sector	Mode
1120	16	59	NORMAL
560	32.	59	LARGE

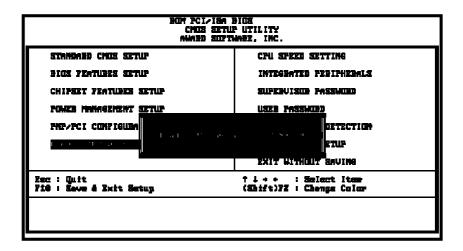
BIOS tricks DOS (or other OS) that the number of cylinders is less than 1024 by dividing it by 2. At the same time, the number of heads is multiplied by 2. A reverse transformation process will be made inside int 12h in order to access the right HDD address the right HDD address!

#### 4. Maximum HDD Size:

	No. Cylinder	(1024)
X	No. Head	(32)
X	No. Sector	(63)
X	No. Bytes Per Sector	(512)
	•	1 GB

To support LBA or large mode of HDDs, there must be some softwares involved. All these softwares are located in the Award® HDD service routine (int 13h). It may be failed to access a HDD with LBA (large) mode selected if you are running under an perating system which replaces the whole int 13h. Unix operating systems do not support either LBA or large and must utility the standard mode. Unix can support drives larger than 528MB.

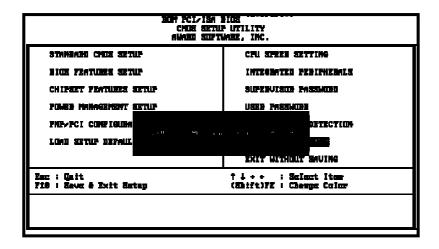
# 3-10 Load Setup Defaults



"Load Setup Defaults" loads optimized settings which are stored in the BIOS ROM. The auto-configured settings only affect «BIOS Features Setup» and «Chipset Features Setup» screens. There is no effect on the standard CMOS setup. To use this feature, highlight it on the main screen and press the <Enter> key. A line will appear on screen asking if you want to load the setup default values. Press the <Y> key and then press the <Enter> key. The setup defaults will then load. Press <N> if you don't want to

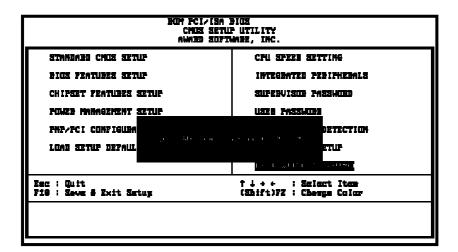
# 3-11 Save & Exit Setup

The "Save & Exit Setup" option will bring you back to boot up procedure with all the changes, you have made which are recorded in the CMOS RAM.



# 3-12 Quit Without Saving

The "Quit Without Saving" option will bring you back to normal boot up procedure without saving any data into CMOS RAM. All of the old data in the CMOS will not be destroyed.



# **Chapter 4** Appendix

# 4-1 Memory Map

Address range	Size	Description
00000-7FFFF	512K	Conventional memory
80000-9FBFF	127K	Extended conventional memory
9FC00-9FFFF	1K	Extended BIOS data area if PS/2 mouse is
		installed
A0000-C7FFF	160K	Available for hi DOS memory
C8000-DFFFF	96K	Available for hi DOS memory and adapter
		ROMs
E0000-EEFFF	60K	Available for UMB
EF000-EFFFF	4K	Video service routine for monochrome &
		CGA adapter
F0000-F7FFF	32K	BIOS CMOS setup utility
F8000-FCFFF	20K	BIOS runtime service routine (2)
FD000-FDFFF	4K	Plug and play escd data area
FE000-FFFFF	8K	BIOS runtime service routine (1)

# 4-2 I/O Map

000-01F	DMA controller (master)
	` ′
020-021	Interrupt controller (master)
022-023	Chipset control registers. I/o posts
040-05F	Timer control registers
060-06F	Keyboard interface controller (8042)
070-07F	RTC ports & CMOS I/O ports
080-09F	DMA register
0A0-0BF	Interrupt controller (slave)
0C0-0DF	DMA controller (slave)
0F0-0FF	Math coprocessor
1F0-1FB	Hard disk controller
278-27F	Parallel port 2
2B0-2DF	Graphics adapter controller
2F8-2FF	Serial port 2
360-36F	Network ports
378-37F	Parallel port 1
3B0-3BF	Monochrome & parallel port adapter
3C0-3CF	EGA adapter
3D0-CDF	CGA adapter
3F0-3F7	Floppy disk controller
3F8-3FF	Serial port-1

# 4-3 Time & DMA Channels Map

Time map: Timer channel 0 system timer interrupt

Timer channel 1 DRAM refresh request Timer channel 2 speaker tone generator

**Dma channels:** DMA channel 0 available

DMA channel 1 onboard ecp (option)
DMA channel 2 floppy disk (smc chip)
DMA channel 3 onboard ECP (default)
DMA channel 4 cascade for dma controller 1

DMA channel 5 available DMA channel 6 available DMA channel 7 available

# 4-4 Interrupt Map

1. NMI: non-maskable interrupt

# 2. IRQ(H/W):

- 0 system timer interrupt from timer 0
- 1 keyboard output buffer full
- 2 cascade for IRQ 8-15
- 3 serial port2
- 4 serial port1
- 5 parallel port 2
- 6 floppy disk (smc chip)
- 7 parallel port 1
- 8 RTC clock
- 9 available
- 10 available
- 11 available
- 12 PS/2 mouse
- 13 math coprocessor
- 14 onboard hard disk (IDE1) channel
- 15 onboard hard disk (IDE2) channel

# 4-5 RTC & CMOS RAM Map

# RTC & CMOS:

- 00 seconds
- 01 second alarm
- 02 minutes
- 03 minutes alarm
- 04 hours
- 05 hours alarm
- 06 day of week
- 07 day of month
- 08 month
- 09 year
- 0a status register a
- 0b status register b
- 0c status register c
- 0d status register d
- 0e diagnostic status byte
- 0f shutdown byte
- 10 floppy disk drive type byte
- 12 hard disk type byte
- 13 reserve
- 14 equipment type
- 15 base memory low byte
- 16 base memory high byte
- 17 extension memory low byte
- 18 extension memory high byte
- 19-2d
- 2e-2f
- 30 Reserved for extension memory low byte

# 4-6 Award BIOS Hard Disk Type

Type	Cylinder	Heads	Write	Landing	Sectors	Size
			Pre-comp	Zone		
1	306	4	128	305	17	10MB
2	615	4	300	615	17	21MB
3	615	6	300	615	17	32MB
4	940	8	512	940	17	65MB
5	940	6	512	940	17	49MB
6	615	4	65535	615	17	21MB
7	462	8	256	511	17	32MB
8	733	5	65535	733	17	31MB
9	900	15	65535	901	17	117MB
10	820	3	65535	820	17	21MB
11	855	5	65535	855	17	37MB
12	855	7	65535	855	17	52MB
13	306	8	128	319	17	21MB
14	733	7	65535	733	17	44MB
16	612	4	0	663	17	21MB
17	977	5	300	977	17	42MB
18	977	7	65535	977	17	59MB
19	1024	7	512	1023	17	62MB
20	733	5	300	732	17	31MB
21	733	7	300	732	17	44MB
22	733	5	300	733	17	31MB
23	306	4	0	336	17	10MB
24	977	5	0	925	17	42MB
25	1024	9	65535	925	17	80MB

<sup>31</sup> reserved for extension memory high byte

<sup>32</sup> date century byte

<sup>33</sup> information flag

<sup>34-3</sup>f reserve

<sup>40-7</sup>f reserved for chipset setting data

Type	Cylinder	Heads	Write	Landing	Sectors	Size
			Pre-comp	Zone		
26	1224	7	65535	754	17	74MB
27	1224	11	65535	754	17	117MB
28	1224	15	65535	699	17	159MB
29	1024	8	65535	823	17	71MB
30	1024	11	65535	1023	17	98MB

Type	Cylinder	Heads	Write	Landing	Sectors	Size
			Pre-comp	Zone		
31	918	11	65535	1023	17	87MB
32	925	9	65535	926	17	72MB
33	1024	10	65535	1023	17	89MB
34	1024	12	65535	1023	17	106MB
35	1024	13	65535	1023	17	115MB
36	1024	14	65535	1023	17	124MB
37	1024	2	65535	1023	17	17MB
38	1024	16	65535	1023	17	142MB
39	918	15	65535	1023	17	119MB
40	820	6	65535	820	17	42MB
41	1024	5	65535	1023	17	44MB
42	1024	8	65535	1023	17	68MB
43	809	6	65535	852	17	42MB
44	809	9	65535	852	17	64MB
45	776	8	65535	775	17	104MB
46	AUTO	0	0	0	0	
47	USER'S	TYPE	_			

# 4-7 ISA I/O Address Map

I/O Address (HEX)	I/O device
000 - 01F	
	DMA Controller 1, 8237A-5
020 - 03F	Interrupt Controller 1, 8259A
040 - 05F	System Timer, 8254-2
060 - 06F	8742 Keyboard Controller
070 - 07F	real-time Clock/CMOS and NMI Mask
080 - 09F	DMA Page Register, 74LS612
0A0 - 0BF	Interrupt Controller 2, 8259A
0C0 - 0DF	DMA Controller 2, 8237A-5
0F0 - 0FF	i486 Math Coprocessor
1F0 - 1F8	Fixed Disk Drive Adapter
200 - 207	Game I/O
20C - 20D	Reserved
21F	Reserved
278 - 27F	Parallel Printer Port 2
2B0 - 2DF	Alternate Enhanced Graphic Adapter
2E1	GPIB Adapter 0
2E2 - 2E3	Data Acquisition Adapter 0
2F8 - 2FF	Serial Port 2 (RS-232-C)
300 - 31F	Prototype Card
360 - 363	PC Network (Low Address)
364 - 367	Reserved
368 - 36B	PC Network (High Address)

I/O Address (HEX)	I/O device
36C - 36F	Reserved
378 - 37F	Parallel Printer Port 1
380 - 38F	SDLC, Bisynchronous 2
390 - 393	Cluster
3A0 - 3AF	Bisynchronous 1
3B0 - 3BF	Monochrome Display and Printer Adapter

I/O Address (HEX)	I/O device
3C0 - 3CF	Enhanced Graphics Adapter
3D0 - 3DF	Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter
3F0 - 3F7	Diskette Drive Controller
3F8 - 3FF	Serial Port 1 (RS-232-C)
6E2 - 6E3	Data Acquisition Adapter 1
790 - 793	Cluster Adapter 1
AE2 - AE3	Data Acquisition Adapter 2
B90 - B93	Cluster Adapter 2
EE2 - EE3	Data Acquisition Adapter 3
1390 - 1393	Cluster Adapter 3
22E1	GPIB Adapter 1
2390 - 2393	Cluster Adapter 4
42E1	GPIB Adapter 2
62E1	GPIB Adapter 3
82E1	GPIB Adapter 4
A2E1	GPIB Adapter 5
C2E1	GPIB Adapter 6
E2E1	GPIB Adapter 7

# Chapter 5 Q & A

# 5-1 Errors Messages During Power on Self Test

During **power on self test (post)**, BIOS will automatically detect the system devices. Below is the questions that users may always meet. The user may press **«Esc»** key to skip the full memory test.

# 1. Beep sound

On power on, the system make beep sound to offer different messages. If the system is configured correctly, it prompts a short beep to show correct the devices configuration is done correctly. When VGA card and DIMM modules are not plugged well, the system makes longer and constant beep sounds.

#### 2. BIOS ROM checksum error

It indicates the checksum of the BIOS code is not right and system will always halt on power on screen. Contact the dealer to exchange a new BIOS.

#### 3. CMOS battery fails

It indicates the CMOS battery does not work. Contact the dealer to exchange a new BIOS.

#### 4. CMOS checksum error

It indicates the CMOS checksum is incorrect. Load the default values in BIOS to solve this problem. This error may result from a weak BIOS, so exchange a new BIOS if necessary.

#### 5. Hard disk initialize

#### Please wait a moment...

Some hard drives require more time to initialize.

### 6. Hard disk install failure

The system can not find or initialize the hard drive controller or the drive. Check if the controller is set correctly. If no hard disk is installed, **«Hard drive selection»** must be set to **«none.»** 

#### 7. Keyboard error or no keyboard present

This means the system can not initialize the keyboard. Check if the keyboard is plugged well and be sure no keys are pressed during POST.

### 8. Keyboard is lock out- Unlock the key

Normally when this message comes out, check if there is anything mis-placed on the keyboard. Be sure nothing touches the keys.

#### 9. Memory test fails

There will be more information to specify the type and location of the memory error.

### 10 Primary master hard disk fail

The BIOS find an error in the primary master hard disk drive.

## 11 Primary slave hard disk fail

The BIOS finds an error in the primary slave hard disk drive.

## 12 Secondary master hard disk fail

The BIOS finds an error in the secondary slave master hard disk drive.

## 13 Secondary slave hard disk fail

The BIOS finds an error in the secondary slave IDE hard disk drive.

# 5-2 Frequently Asked Questions

Below is questions users always come out with.  $\mathbf{Q}$  is for question.  $\mathbf{A}$  is for answer.

## Q: Why can't my AGP card work under Win 95?

**A:** Windows 95 OSR2.0 does not support AGP function. You must install «USB support» file to enable this function. After installing, choose «enable for **«ASSIGN IRQ FOR USB» in BIOS PNP/PCI configuration setup.** 

## Q: Why can't the CPU frequency be adjusted to 100 MHz?

A: The BIOS will automatically detect the CPU frequency (66MHz or 100 MHz). Therefore, if your CPU frequency cannot be adjusted to 100 MHz, then your CPU may be 66 MHz. In BIOS «speed setup,» there are other frequencies, like 75 MHz, 83 MHz, 103 MHz, 102 MHz, 112 MHz, 133MHz. These are for internal test only. No guarantee is provided since this is not included in chipset specification.

#### O: Why is my system not stable with 100 MHz CPU?

**A:** There are many reasons for this condition. One of the most common is that SDRAM does not match PC-100 specification. When system is operated under 100 MHz, in addition to 100 MHz CPU, SDRAM must be PC-100 DIMM too.

# 5-3 Web-site Service

If you have any questions this manual may not help, such as updated BIOS, or any information you need regarding our products, please visit our web-site at

http://www.lucky-star.com.tw