

AG8 Series

(AG8, AG8-V)

Intel Pentium 4 System Board Socket 775

User's Manual

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If you do not properly set the motherboard settings, causing the motherboard to malfunction or fail, we cannot guarantee any responsibility.

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Chapter 1. Introduction

1-1. Features & Specifications

1. LGA775 CPU Socket

- Designed for Intel® 90nm Pentium 4/Celeron D LGA775 processors with 800/533 MHz FSB
- Compatible with Intel[®] 04B and 04A processors
- Supports Intel[®] Hyper-Threading Technology

2. Express Chipset

- Intel® 915P / Intel® ICH6R Express Chipset (For AG8 only)
- Intel® 915P / Intel® ICH6 Express Chipset (For AG8-V only)

3. Flexible Memory

- Four 184-pin DIMM sockets (Un-buffered Non-ECC DIMM)
- Supports Dual channel DDR 400/333 (Max. 4GB)

4. PCI Express x16 graphics

• Delivers up to 8GB/s per direction for 3.5 times more bandwidth than AGP8X at 2.1GB/s

5. PCI Express x1 I/O

Offers 500MB/s concurrently, over 3.5 times more bandwidth than PCI at 133MB/s

6. SATA Matrix RAID 150 (For AG8 only)

- Intel® Matrix Storage Technology on 4 Serial ATA ports. RAID 0/RAID 1 delivers higher performance and data protection
- Supports SATA AHCI, providing native command queuing and native hot plug

7. SATA 150 (For AG8-V only)

Supports 4 ports SATA 150

8. 6-Channel Audio

- Onboard Theater-class 6-Channel AC97 Audio Codec
- Professional digital audio interface supports auto jack sensing and optical S/PDIF In/Out (For AG8 only)

9. IEEE 1394 (For AG8 only)

Supports 3-Port IEEE 1394 at 100/200/400 Mb/s transfer rate

10. Gigabit LAN

Onboard Gigabit LAN controller supports 10/100/1000M Ethernet

11. ABIT Engineered

- ABIT uGuru[™] Technology (ABIT OC Guru/ABIT EQ/ABIT Flash Menu/ABIT Black Box)
- ABIT CPU ThermalGuard[™] Technology

1-2 Chapter 1

12. Internal I/O Connectors

- 1x PCI Express x16 slot
- 3x PCI Express x1 slots
- 2x PCI slots
- 1x Floppy port supports up to 2.88MB
- 4x SATA 150 connectors
- 1x Ultra ATA/100/66/33 connector
- 2x USB 2.0 headers
- 2x IEEE 1394 headers (For AG8 only)
- 1x FP-Audio header
- 1x CD-IN header
- 1x AUX-IN header

13. Back Panel I/O

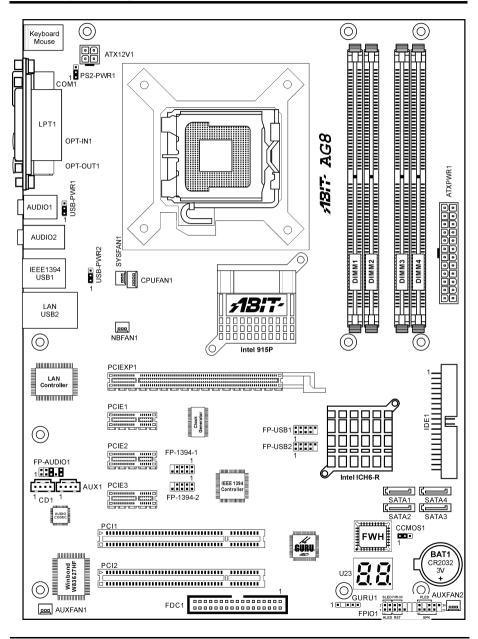
- 1x PS/2 Keyboard, 1x PS/2 mouse
- 1x Serial port, 1x Parallel port
- 1x S/PDIF In connector (For AG8 only)
- 1x S/PDIF Out connector (For AG8 only)
- 1x AUDIO1 connector (Rear-Left / Rear-Right, Center/Subwoofer)
- 1x AUDIO2 connector (Mic-In, Line-In, Front-Left/Front-Right)
- 2x USB 2.0 connectors, 1x IEEE 1394 connector (For AG8 only)
- 2x USB 2.0 connectors, 1x RJ-45 Gigabit LAN connector

14. Miscellaneous

- ATX form factor (305mm x 230mm)
- * Specifications and information contained herein are subject to change without notice.

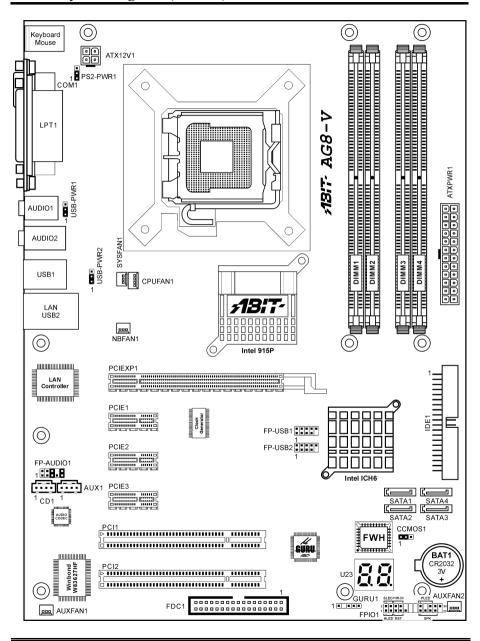
Introduction 1-3

1-2. Layout Diagram (AG8)



1-4 Chapter 1

1-3. Layout Diagram (AG8-V)



Chapter 2. Hardware Setup

Before the Installation: Turn off the power supply switch (fully turn off the +5V standby power), or disconnect the power cord before installing or unplugging any connectors or add-on cards. Failing to do so may cause the motherboard components or add-on cards to malfunction or damaged.

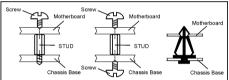
2-1. Install The Motherboard

Most computer chassis have a base with many mounting holes to allow motherboard to be securely attached on and at the same time, prevented from short circuits. There are two ways to attach the motherboard to the chassis base:

- 1. use with studs
- 2. or use with spacers

In principle, the best way to attach the board is to use with studs. Only if you are unable to do this should you attach the board with spacers. Line up the holes on the board with the mounting holes on the chassis. If the holes line up and there are screw holes, you can attach the board with studs. If the holes line up and there are only slots, you can only attach with spacers. Take the tip of the spacers and insert them into the slots. After doing this to all the slots, you can slide the board into





position aligned with slots. After the board has been positioned, check to make sure everything is OK before putting the chassis back on.

ATTENTION: To prevent shorting the PCB circuit, please REMOVE the metal studs or spacers if they are already fastened on the chassis base and are without mounting-holes on the motherboard to align with.

2-2 Chapter 2

2-2. Install CPU, Heatsink and Fan Assembly

In order to protect the contact pins, please pay attention to these notices:

- A maximum 20 cycles of CPU installation is recommended.
- 2. Never touch the contact pins with fingers or any object.
- 3. Always put on the cap when the CPU is not in use.



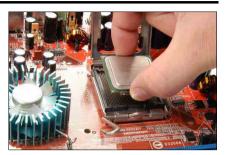
1. Place the board so as to let the lever hook of the socket is on your left side. Use your left thumb and forefinger to hold the lever hook, pull it away from the retention tab.



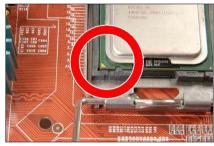
2. Rotate the lever to fully open position.



3. Use your right thumb on the bottom-right side of the load plate and lift it up to fully open position.



4. Use your right thumb and forefinger to grasp the CPU package. Be sure to grasp on the edge of the substrate, and face the Pin-1 indicator toward the bottom-left side. Aim at the socket and place the CPU package vertical down into the socket.



5. Visually inspect if the CPU is seated well into the socket. The alignment key must be located in the notch of package.



6. Use your left hand to hold the load plate, and use your right thumb to peel the cap off.

The cap plays an important role in protecting contact pins. In order to prevent bent pin, PUT ON the cap after operation or testing.



7. Lower the plate onto the CPU package. Engage the load lever while gently pressing down the load plate.



8. Secure the lever with the hook under retention tab.



9. Place the heatsink and fan assembly onto the socket. Align the four fasteners toward the four mounting holes on the motherboard.

For detailed information on how to install your heatsink and fan assembly, please refer to the instruction manual came packed with the heatsink and fan assembly you bought.



10. Press each of the four fasteners down into the mounting holes.



11. Rotate the fastener clock-wise to lock the heatsink and fan assembly into position.

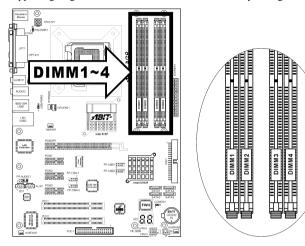


12. Attach the four-pin power plug from the heatsink and fan assembly to the CPU FAN connector.

2-4 Chapter 2

2-3. Install System Memory

The Intel 915P Express Chipset MCH memory interface is designed with Flex Memory Technology supporting single-channel or dual-channel DDR memory configurations.



- To reach the optimum performance in dual-channel configurations, install identical DDR DIMM pairs for each channel.
- Install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. To reach the optimum compatibility, obtain memory
 modules from the same vendor.
- Due to chipset resource allocation, the system may detect less than 4GB of system memory in the installation of four 1GB DDR memory modules.
- Due to chipset limitation, 128MB DIMM modules or double-sided x16 memory chips are not supported.

There are several methods of different DDR configurations depending on how the DIMMs are populated on each system memory channel:

• [Single Channel]: only one channel is populated.

Method	Channel A		Channel B	
Method	DIMM1	DIMM2	DIMM3	DIMM4
1	512MB	-	-	-
2	-	512MB	=	=
3	-	-	512MB	-
4	-	-	-	512MB
5	512MB	512MB	-	-
6	-	-	512MB	512MB

• [Dual Channel Asymmetric]: both channels are populated, but each channel has a different amount of total memory. (Channel A ≠ Channel B)

Method	Channel A		Channel B	
Method	DIMM1	DIMM2	DIMM3	DIMM4
1	512MB	-	256MB	-
2	-	256MB	-	512MB
3	512MB	-	=	256MB
4	-	256MB	512MB	-
5	256MB	256MB	256MB	=
6	256MB	256MB	=	256MB
7	256MB	-	256MB	256MB
8	-	256MB	256MB	256MB
9	256MB	256MB	512MB	512MB
10	256MB	256MB	256MB	512MB

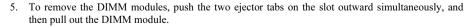
• [Dual Channel Symmetric]: both channels are populated where each channel has the same amount of total memory. (Channel A=Channel B)

Method	Channel A		Channel B	
Method	DIMM1	DIMM2	DIMM3	DIMM4
1	512MB	-	512MB	=
2	-	512MB	-	512MB
3	512MB	-	=	512MB
4	-	512MB	512MB	-
5	256MB	256MB	512MB	-
6	256MB	256MB	-	512MB
7	512MB	-	256MB	256MB
8	-	512MB	256MB	256MB
9	512MB	256MB	512MB	256MB
10	256MB	512MB	256MB	512MB

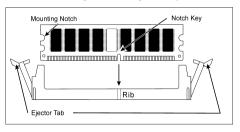
Power off the computer and unplug the AC power cord before installing or removing memory modules.

- 1. Locate the DIMM slot on the board.
- Hold two edges of the DIMM module carefully, keep away of touching its connectors.
- Align the notch key on the module with the rib on the slot.
- Firmly press the module into the slots until the ejector tabs at both sides of the slot automatically snaps into the mounting notch.

automatically snaps into the mounting notch. Do not force the DIMM module in with extra force as the DIMM module only fit in one direction.



ATTENTION: Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer or optional boards. Before starting these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by touching a grounded metal object briefly.



2-6 Chapter 2

2-4. Connectors, Headers and Switches

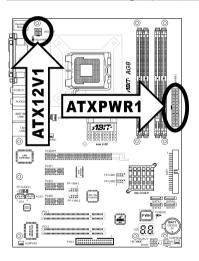
Here we will show you all of the connectors, headers and switches, and how to connect them. Please read the entire section for necessary information before attempting to finish all the hardware installation inside the computer chassis. A complete enlarged layout diagram is shown in Chapter 1 for all the position of connectors and headers on the board that you may refer to.

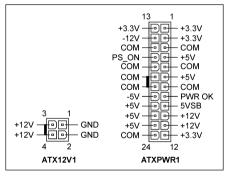
WARNING: Always power off the computer and unplug the AC power cord before adding or removing any peripheral or component. Failing to so may cause severe damage to your motherboard and/or peripherals. Plug in the AC power cord only after you have carefully checked everything.

(1). ATX Power Input Connectors

This motherboard provides two power connectors to connect power supplier.

NOTE: This 24-pin power connector "ATXPWR1" is compliant to the former 20-pin type. Pay attention to the orientation when doing so (Pin-11, 12, 23, and 24 should be left un-connected).





(2). FAN Power Connectors

These connectors each provide power to the cooling fans installed in your system.

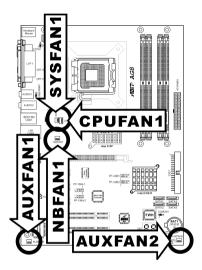
• CPUFAN1: CPU Fan Power Connector

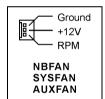
• NBFAN1: Chipset Fan Power Connector

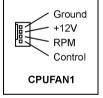
• SYSFAN1: System Fan Power Connector

• AUXFAN1, AUXFAN2: Auxiliary Fan Power Connector

WARNING: These fan connectors are not jumpers. DO NOT place jumper caps on these connectors.





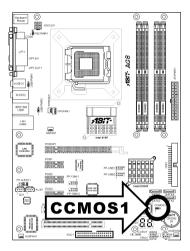


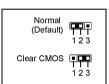
2-8 Chapter 2

(3). CMOS Memory Clearing Header

This header uses a jumper cap to clear the CMOS memory.

- Pin 1-2 shorted (default): Normal operation.
- Pin 2-3 shorted: Clear CMOS memory.





WARNING: Turn the power off first (including the +5V standby power) before clearing the CMOS memory. Failing to do so may cause your system to work abnormally or malfunction.

(4). Wake-up Header

These headers use a jumper cap to enable/disable the wake-up function.

PS2-PWR1:

Pin 1-2 shorted (default): Disable wake-up function support at Keyboard/Mouse port.

Pin 2-3 shorted: Enable wake-up function support at Keyboard/Mouse port

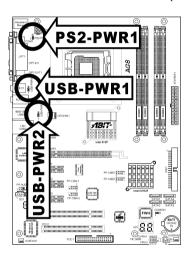
• USB-PWR1:

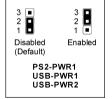
Pin 1-2 shorted (default): Disable wake-up function support at USB1 port. Pin 2-3 shorted: Enable wake-up function support at USB1 port.

• USB-PWR2:

Pin 1-2 shorted (default): Disable wake-up function support at USB2 port.

Pin 2-3 shorted: Enable wake-up function support at USB2 port





2-10 Chapter 2

(5). Front Panel Audio Connection Header

This header provides the connection to audio connector at front panel.

• To use the audio connector at front panel, remove all the jumpers on this header, and then connect to front panel by the extension cable provided with the chassis.

• To use the audio connector at rear panel, disconnect the extension cable, attach the jumpers back at pin 5-6, and pin 9-10 (default setting).

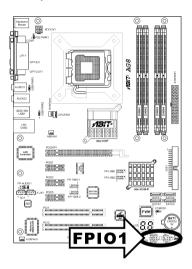


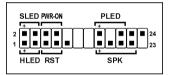
	Pin	Pin Assignment	Pin	Pin Assignment
	1	Audio Mic.	2	Ground
2 4 6 8 10	3	Audio Mic. Bias	4	VCC
1 3 5 7 9	5	Speaker Out Right Channel	6	Speaker Out Right Channel Return
FP-AUDIO1	7	X	8	NC
	9	Speaker Out Left Channel	10	Speaker Out Left Channel Return

(6). Front Panel Switches & Indicators Headers

This header is used for connecting switches and LED indicators on the chassis front panel.

Watch the power LED pin position and orientation. The mark "+" align to the pin in the figure below stands for positive polarity for the LED connection. Please pay attention to connect these headers. A wrong orientation will only cause the LED not lighting, but a wrong connection of the switches could cause system malfunction.





• HLED (Pin 1, 3):

Connects to the HDD LED cable of chassis front panel.

• RST (Pin 5, 7):

Connects to the Reset Switch cable of chassis front panel.

• SPK (Pin 15, 17, 19, 21):

Connects to the System Speaker cable of chassis.

• SLED (Pin 2, 4):

Connects to the Suspend LED cable (if there is one) of chassis front panel.

• PWR-ON (Pin 6, 8):

Connects to the Power Switch cable of chassis front panel.

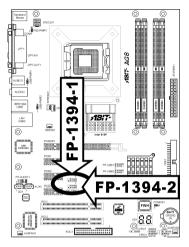
• PLED (Pin 16, 18, 20):

Connects to the Power LED cable of chassis front panel.

2-12 Chapter 2

(7). Additional IEEE1394 Port Headers (For AG8 only)

These headers each provide one additional IEEE1394 port connection through an extension cable and bracket.



	Pin	Pin Assignment	Pin	Pin Assignment
7 5 3 1	1	TPA0 +	2	TPA0 -
	3	Ground	4	Ground
	5	TPB0 +	6	TPB0 -
108 6 4 2	7	+12V	8	+12V
	9	NC	10	Ground

(8). Additional USB Port Headers

These headers each provide 2 additional USB 2.0 ports connection through an USB cable designed for USB 2.0 specifications.

Pin

2

4

6

8

10

Pin Assignment

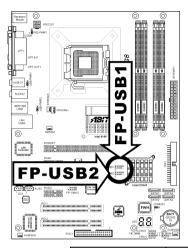
VCC

Data1 -

Data1 +

Ground

NC

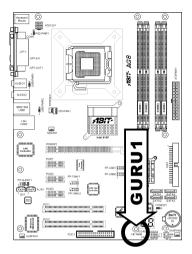


	Pin	Pin Assignment
2 4 6 8 1 0	1	VCC
	3	Data0 -
	5	Data0 +
1 3 5 7	7	Ground
	9	NC

2-14 Chapter 2

(9). GURU Clock Connection Header

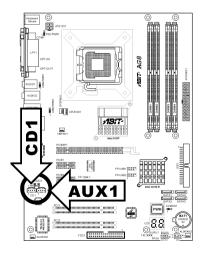
This header is reserved for connecting ABIT's exclusive GURU Clock.

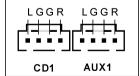




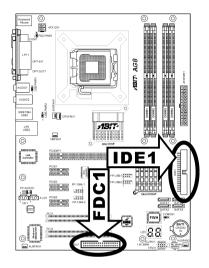
(10). Internal Audio Connectors

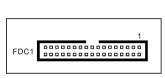
These connectors connect to the audio output of internal CD-ROM drive or add-on card.

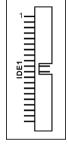




(11). Floppy and IDE Disk Drive Connectors





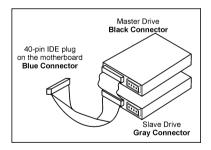


The FDC1 connector connects up to two floppy drives with a 34-wire, 2-connector floppy cable. Connect the single end at the longer length of ribbon cable to the FDC1 on the board, the two connectors on the other end to the floppy disk drives connector. Generally you need only one floppy disk drive in your system.

NOTE: The red line on the ribbon cable must be aligned with pin-1 on both the FDC1 port and the floppy connector.

Each of the IDE port connects up to two IDE drives at Ultra ATA/100 mode by one 40-pin, 80-conductor, and 3-connector Ultra ATA/66 ribbon cables.

Connect the single end (blue connector) at the longer length of ribbon cable to the IDE port of this board, the other two ends (gray and black connector) at the shorter length of the ribbon cable to the connectors of your hard drives.



NOTE: Make sure to configure the "Master" and "Slave" relation before connecting two drives by one single ribbon cable. The red line on the ribbon cable must be aligned with pin-1 on both the IDE port and the hard-drive connector.

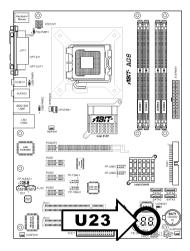
2-16 Chapter 2

(12). POST Code Display

This is an LED device to display the "POST" Code, the acronym of Power On Self Test. The computer will execute the POST action whenever you power on the computer. The POST process is controlled by the BIOS. It is used to detect the status of the computer's main components and peripherals. Each POST Code corresponds to different checkpoints that are also defined by the BIOS in advance. For example, "memory presence test" is an important checkpoint and its POST Code is "C1". When the BIOS execute any POST item, it will write the corresponding POST Code into the address 80h. If the POST passes, the BIOS will process the next POST item and write the next POST Code into the address 80h. If the POST fails, we can check the POST Code in address 80h to find out where the problem lies.

This LED device also displays the "POST" Code of AC2003, an "uGuru" chipset developed exclusively by ABIT computer.

NOTE: The decimal point lights up when executing the AC2003 POST action.

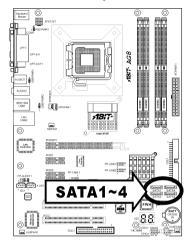




See Appendix for both AWARD and AC2003 POST Code definition.

(13). Serial ATA Connectors

These connectors are provided to attach one Serial ATA device at each channel via Serial ATA cable.





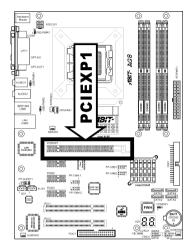
For AG8 only: This motherboard provides RAID 0 and RAID 1 configuration for Serial ATA hard drives through the Intel ICH6R chipset. You may configure a disk array by the Intel Application Accelerator RAID option ROM utility.

For more information on how to configure the function mode for SATA, please refer to the item "On-Chip Serial ATA" in the BIOS menu of "OnChip IDE Device".

2-18 Chapter 2

(14). PCI Express x16 Slot

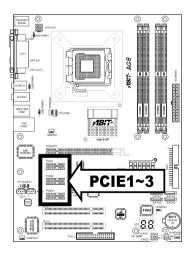
This slot is used to attach the next generation of graphics architecture.

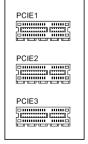




(15). PCI Express x1 Slots

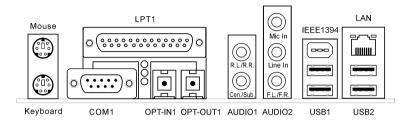
These slots are used to attach the next generation of I/O architecture.



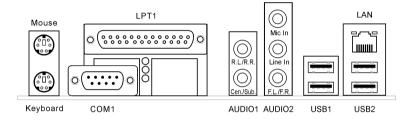


(16). Back Panel Connectors

AG8:



AG8-V:



- Mouse: Connects to PS/2 mouse.
- **Keyboard:** Connects to PS/2 keyboard.
- LPT1: Connects to printer or other devices that support this communication protocol.
- COM1: Connects to external modem, mouse or other devices that support this communication
 protocol.
- OPT-IN1: This connector provides an S/PDIF-In connection through optical fiber to digital
 multimedia devices. (For AG8 only)
- OPT-OUT1: This connector provides an S/PDIF-Out connection through optical fiber to digital
 multimedia devices. (For AG8 only)

AUDIO1:

R.L./R.R. (Rear Left / Rear Right): Connects to the rear left and rear right channel in the 5.1 channel audio system.

Cen./Sub. (Center / Subwoofer): Connects to the center and subwoofer channel in the 5.1 channel audio system.

AUDIO2:

Mic In: Connects to the plug from external microphone.

Line In: Connects to the line out from external audio sources.

2-20 Chapter 2

F.L./F.R. (Front Left / Front Right): Connects to the front left and front right channel in the 5.1-channel or regular 2-channel audio system.

- IEEE1394: Connects to devices of IEEE1394 protocol. (For AG8 only)
- LAN: Connects to Local Area Network.
- USB1/USB2: Connects to USB devices such as scanner, digital speakers, monitor, mouse, keyboard, hub, digital camera, joystick etc.

BIOS Setup 3-1

Chapter 3. BIOS Setup

This motherboard provides a programmable EEPROM that you can update the BIOS utility. The BIOS (Basic Input/Output System) is a program that deals with the basic level of communication between processor and peripherals. Use the BIOS Setup program only when installing motherboard, reconfiguring system, or prompted to "Run Setup". This chapter explains the Setup Utility of BIOS utility.

After powering up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen, the memory count begins, and then the following message appears on the screen:

PRESS DEL TO ENTER SETUP

If this message disappears before you respond, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl> + <Alt> + keys, or by pressing the Reset button on computer chassis. Only when it failed by these two methods can you restart the system by powering it off and then back on.

After pressing key, the main menu screen appears.



NOTE: In order to increase system stability and performance, our engineering staffs are constantly improving the BIOS menu. The BIOS setup screens and descriptions illustrated in this manual are for your reference only, and may not completely match with what you see on your screen.

3-2 Chapter 3

3-1. µGuru Utility

There are two setup menus in this μ Guru utility. You may switch between these two by clicking the left or right arrow key on keyboard:

♥ OC Guru:



Brand Name:

This item displays the CPU model name installed on this motherboard.

Frequency:

This item displays the processor speed of the CPU installed on this motherboard.

CPU Operating Speed:

This item displays the CPU operating speed according to the type and speed of your CPU. You can also select the [User Define] option to enter the manual option.

User Define:

WARNING: The wrong settings of the multiplier and external clock in certain circumstances may cause CPU damage. Setting the working frequency higher than the PCI chipset or processor specs, may cause abnormal memory module functioning, system hangs, hard disk drive data lose, abnormal functioning of the VGA card, or abnormal functioning with other add-on cards. Using non-specification settings for your CPU is not the intention of this explanation. These should be used for engineering testing, not for normal applications.

There will be no guaranty for the settings beyond specification, any damage of any component on this motherboard or peripherals result therein is not our responsibility.

BIOS Setup 3-3

***** External Clock:

This item selects the external clock frequency. Due to the specification limit of the CPU you installed, the speed you set over its standard bus speed is supported, but not guaranteed.

*** Multiplier Factor:**

This item displays the multiplier factor for the CPU you installed.

NOTE: Some processors might have this multiplier factor locked, so there is no way to choose a higher multiplier factor.

※ N/B Strap CPU As:

This item sets the external hardware reset strap assigned to MCH (Memory Controller Hub). The options are: [PSB533], [PSB800], and [By CPU]. The default setting is *By CPU*.

To set this option manually:

- Select [PSB533] for CPU of 133MHz FSB frequency.
- Select [PSB800] for CPU of 200MHz FSB frequency.

*** DRAM Frequency:**

This item determines the DRAM frequency.

*** PCI Express Clock:**

This item selects the PCI Express frequency.

※ PCI Clock:

This item determines the PCI bus frequency. This option allows you to keep your PCI clock at some fixed frequency to improve system stability.

Voltages Control:

This option allows you to switch between the default and user-defined voltages. Leave this setting to default unless the current voltage setting cannot be detected or is not correct. The option "User Define" enables you to select the following voltages manually.

***** CPU Core Voltage:

This item selects the CPU core voltage.

*** DDR SDRAM Voltage:**

This item selects the voltage for DRAM slot.

※ NB Voltage:

This item selects the NB voltage.

3-4 Chapter 3

Power Cycle Statistics:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:



These items display the power cycle statistics for each element.

♦ ABIT EQ:

Click right-arrow <→> key to switch from OC Guru setup menu to ABIT EQ setup menu:



ABIT EQ Beep Control:

This item allows you to enable or disable ABIT EQ Beep Control function.

BIOS Setup 3-5

♦ Temperature Monitoring:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:



CPU Temperature/System Temperature/PWM Temperature:

These items display the temperature of CPU, System, and Power Module.

*** Shutdown Enable:**

Use <Space> key to enable system shutdown function. If the CPU/System/PWM's temperature exceeds the shutdown temperature limit, the system would shutdown automatically.

***** Shutdown Temp.:

This items sets the temperature that would shutdown the system automatically in order to prevent system overheats.

※ Beep Enable:

Use <Space> key to enable warning beeps function. Once the system has detected that the CPU/System/PWM's temperature exceeded the beep temperature limit, warning beeps will sound.

※ Beep Temp.:

This item selects the warning temperature limit.

NOTE: The shutdown temperature must be set above the warning temperature.

3-6 Chapter 3

♦ Voltage Monitoring:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:



All Voltages:

These items display the voltage of each element.

※ Shutdown Enable:

Use <Space> key to enable system shutdown function. If the voltage of corresponding element is higher/lower than the high/low limit, the system would automatically shutdown.

№ Beep Enable:

Use <Space> key to enable warning beeps function. If the voltage of corresponding element is higher/lower than the high/low limit, warning beeps will sound.

***** High/Low Limit:

These items set the high and low voltage limit.

NOTE: The value of high limit must be set above the one of low limit.

BIOS Setup 3-7

♦ Fan Speed Monitoring:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:



CPU/NB/SYS/AUX1/AUX2 FAN Speed:

These items display the speed of the fans connected to CPU, NB, SYS, AUX1 and AUX2 FAN headers.

*** Shutdown Enable:**

Use <Space> key to enable system shutdown function. Once the system has detected that the fan speed is lower than the low limit value, system will shutdown automatically.

※ Beep Enable:

Use <Space> key to enable warning beeps function. If the fan speed is lower than the low limit value, warning beeps will sound.

* Low Limit:

These items set the low limit of fan speed.

NOTE: Only the fans with 3-pin plugs provide the speed monitoring function.

3-8 Chapter 3

♦ FanEO Control:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:



CPU/NB/SYS FanEQ Control:

When set to [Enabled], these items control the CPU, NB, and/or SYS fan speed by the following setting combinations.

***** Reference Temperature:

This item selects the reference point for taking temperature among the available options of CPU, SYS, and PWM Temperature, but there is only one "CPU Temperature" item to choose for the "CPU FanEQ Control".

***** Control Temperature High/Low:

These items set the high and low temperature limit that you want to do the fan speed control.

* Fan PWM Duty Cycle High/Low:

These items set the high and low limit of PWM duty cycle that you want to provide the fan with.

*** DC Fan Voltage High/Low:**

These items set the high and low voltage limit that you want to provide the fan with.

NOTE: The value of high limit must be set above the one of low limit.

3-2. Standard CMOS Features

This section contains the basic configuration parameters of the BIOS. These parameters include date, hour, VGA card, FDD, and HDD settings.

Date (mm:dd:yy):

This item sets the date you specify (usually the current date) in the format of [Month], [Date], and [Year].

Time (hh:mm:ss):

This item sets the time you specify (usually the current time) in the format of [Hour], [Minute], and [Second].

UE Channel 0 Master/Slave, IDE Channel 1 Master/Slave, IDE Channel 2 Master/Slave, IDE Channel 3 Master/Slave:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

IDE Channel 0 Master

IDE HDD Auto-Detection Press Enter

IDE Channel 0 Master

Auto
Access Mode

Capacity 0 MB MB To auto-detect the HDD'S size, head... on this channel of the channel of the
```

NOTE: The items "IDE Channel 2 Master/Slave" and "IDE Channel 3 Master/Slave" appear only when the item "On-Chip Serial ATA" in the "OnChip IDE Device" menu is set to [Enhanced Mode], or set to [Auto Mode] when SATA ports are connected with devices.

3-10 Chapter 3

IDE HDD Auto-Detection:

This item allows you to detect the parameters of IDE drives by pressing <Enter> key. The parameters will be shown on the screen automatically.

IDE Channel 0 Master/Slave, IDE Channel 1 Master/Slave, Extended IDE Drive:

When set to [Auto], the BIOS will automatically check what kind of IDE drive you are using. If you want to define your own drive by yourself, set it to [Manual] and make sure you fully understand the meaning of the parameters. Please refer to the instruction manual provided by the device's manufacturer to get the setting right.

Access Mode:

This item selects the mode to access your IDE devices. Leave this item to its default [Auto] setting to detect the access mode of your HDD automatically.

Capacity:

This item displays the approximate capacity of the disk drive. Usually the size is slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.

Cylinder:

This item configures the numbers of cylinders.

Head:

This item configures the numbers of read/write heads.

Precomp:

This item displays the number of cylinders at which to change the write timing.

Landing Zone:

This item displays the number of cylinders specified as the landing zone for the read/write heads.

Sector:

This item configures the numbers of sectors per track.

Back to Standard CMOS Features Setup Menu:

Drive A & Drive B:

This item sets the type of floppy drives (usually only Drive A) installed.

Floppy 3 Mode Support:

This item allows you to use "3 Mode Floppy Drive" in Japanese computer system by selecting drive A, B, or both. Leave this item to its default [Disabled] setting if you are not using this Japanese standard floppy drive.

Halt On:

This item determines whether the system stops if an error is detected during system boot-up.

[All Errors]: The system-boot will stop whenever the BIOS detect a non-fatal error.

[No Errors]: The system-boot will not stop for any error detected.

[All, But Keyboard]: The system-boot will stop for all errors except a keyboard error.

[All, But Diskette]: The system-boot will stop for all errors except a diskette error.

[All, But Disk/Key]: The system-boot will stop for all errors except a diskette or keyboard error.

Base Memory:

This item displays the amount of base memory installed in the system. The value of the base memory is typically 640K for system with 640K or more memory size installed on the motherboard.

Extended Memory:

This item displays the amount of extended memory detected during system boot-up.

Total Memory:

This item displays the total memory available in the system.

3-12 Chapter 3

3-3. Advanced BIOS Features

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Advanced BIOS Features

| Huper-Threading Technology Enabled Quick Power On Self Test Enabled Coulck Power On Self Test Enabled Phad Disk Boot Priority Press Enter Flory Enabled Enabled Enter Propry Seek Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enter Propry Seek Enabled Enter Ent
```

Hyper-Threading Technology

This item is used to enable the functionality of the processor with Hyper-Threading Technology and will appear only when using such processor.

The Hyper-Threading Technology helps your PC work more efficiently by maximizing processor resources and enabling a single processor to run two separate threads of software simultaneously, bringing forth greater performance and system responsiveness when running multiple applications at once.

Ouick Power On Self Test:

When set to [Enabled], this item speeds up the Power On Self Test (POST) after powering on the system. The BIOS shorten or skip some check during the POST.

Hard Disk Boot Priority:

This item selects the hard disks booting priority. By pressing <Enter> key, you can enter its submenu where the hard disks detected can be selected for the booting sequence to boot up system.

This item functions only when there is the option of [Hard Disk] in any one of the First/Second/Third Boot Device items.

First Boot Device / Second Boot Device / Third Boot Device / Boot Other Device:

Select the drive to boot first, second and third in the [First Boot Device], [Second Boot Device], and [Third Boot Device] items respectively. The BIOS will boot the operating system according to the sequence of the drive selected. Set [Boot Other Device] to [Enabled] if you wish to boot from another device other than these three items.

Boot Up Floppy Seek:

When set to [Enabled], the BIOS will check whether the floppy disk drive is installed or not.

Boot Up NumLock Status:

This item determines the default state of the numeric keypad at system booting up.

[On]: The numeric keypad functions as number keys.

[Off]: The numeric keypad functions as arrow keys.

Security Option:

This item determines when the system will prompt for password - every time the system boots or only when enters the BIOS setup.

[Setup]: The password is required only when accessing the BIOS Setup.

[System]: The password is required each time the computer boots up.

NOTE: Don't forget your password. If you forget the password, you will have to open the computer case and clear all information in the CMOS before you can start up the system. But by doing this, you will have to reset all previously set options.

MPS Version Ctrl For OS:

This item specifies which version of MPS (Multi-Processor Specification) this motherboard will use. Leave this item to its default setting.

Report No FDD For OS:

When set to [Yes], this item allows you to run some older operating system without floppy disk drive. Leave this item to its default setting.

Delay IDE Initial (Secs):

This item allows the BIOS to support some old or special IDE devices by prolonging this delay time. A larger value will give more delay time to the device for which to initialize and to prepare for activation.

Disable Unused PCI Clock:

This option disables the clock of PCI slot that is not in use.

[Yes]: The system automatically detect the unused DIMM and PCI slots, and stop sending clock signal to these unused PCI slots.

[No]: The system always send clock signal to all PCI slots.

NOTE: Set this option to [No] setting if there are adapters that cannot be automatically detected by the system and will cause malfunction.

Full Screen LOGO Show:

This item determines to show the full screen logo when booting.

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3-4. Advanced Chipset Features

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Advanced Chipset Features

DEAM Timing Selectable Auto
- CAS Latency Time
- Act. to Precharge Delay 15
- RAS# to CAS# Delay 25
- RAS# to CAS# Delay 2
- RAS# Precharge Time 2
- Memory Hole At 15H-16M Disabled
- FCI Express Rott Fort Funo Press Enter
Init Display First

T++: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults
```

DRAM Timing Selectable:

This item sets the optimal timings for the following four items, depending on the memory module you are using. The default setting "By SPD" configures these four items by reading the contents in the SPD (Serial Presence Detect) device. The EEPROM on the memory module stores critical parameter information about the module, such as memory type, size, speed, voltage interface, and module banks.

* CAS Latency Time:

This item controls the latency between the DRAM read command and the time that the data becomes actually available.

* Act to Precharge Delay:

This item controls the number of DRAM clocks used for the DRAM parameters.

※ DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay

This item controls the latency between the DRAM active command and the read/write command.

* DRAM RAS# Precharge:

This item controls the idle clocks after issuing a precharge command to the DRAM.

Memory Hole At 15M-16M:

When set to [Enabled], the memory address space at 15M-16M will be reserved for ISA expansion cards that specifically requires this setting. This makes the memory from 15MB and up unavailable to the system. Leave this item to its default setting.

♥ PCI Express Root Port Func:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
PCI Express Slot 1
PCI Express Slot 2
Auto
PCI Express Slot 3
Auto
PCI-E Compliancy Mode
V1.8a

T+++: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults
F7: Optimized Defaults
```

PCI Express Slot 1 ~ PCI Express Slot 3:

This option enables or disables the PCI Express port function.

PCI-E Compliancy Mode:

This item selects the mode for PCI Express add-on card.

७ Back to Advanced Chipset Features Setup Menu:

Init Display First:

This item selects whether to initiates from "PCI Express Slot" or "PCI Slot" first when system boots up.

3-16 Chapter 3

3-5. Integrated Peripherals

♦ OnChip IDE Device:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

IDE Bus Master
On-Chip IDE-I Controller Enabled

**** On-Chip Serial ATA Setting ****
SATT Mode Print ATA Setting ***

IDE On Chip IDE Hode ATA Return ***

- The IDE Hode Stave None
- IDE Channel 8 Master None
- IDE Channel 2 Master None
- IDE Channel 2 Master None
- IDE Channel 2 Master None
- IDE Channel 3 Master None
- IDE Channel 3 Master None
- IDE Channel 3 Slave None
- IDE Channel 3 Slave None
- IDE Channel 3 Slave None
- IDE Channel 5 Slave None
- IDE Channel 5 Slave None
- IDE Channel 5 Slave None
- IDE Channel 6 Slave None
- IDE Channel 7 Master None
- IDE Channel 8 Master None
- IDE Channel 8 Master None
- IDE Channel 9 Slave None
- IDE Channel 9
```

IDE Bus Master:

This option enables or disables the IDE bus mastering capability under the DOS environment.

On-Chip IDE-1 Controller:

This item selects whether to enable or disable the IDE-1 controller.

SATA Mode:

This item determines the mode for on-chip Serial ATA.

[IDE]: The on-chip Serial ATA served as IDE mode.

[RAID]: The on-chip Serial ATA served as RAID mode.

[AHCI]: The on-chip Serial ATA served as AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface) mode for advanced performance and usability.

NOTE: The [RAID] option is only available when the item "OnChip Serial ATA" is set to [Enhanced Mode].

On-Chip Serial ATA:

This item determines the function for on-chip Serial ATA.

[Disabled]: Disable the Serial ATA controller.

[Auto]: Allows the Serial ATA controller to be arranged by BIOS automatically.

[Combined Mode]: Parallel ATA and Serial ATA are combined together. Supports up to 4 IDE drives.

[Enhanced Mode]: Enable both Parallel ATA and Serial ATA. Supports up to 6 IDE drives.

[SATA Only]: The SATA is operating in legacy mode.

NOTE: This option is configurable only when the item [SATA Mode] is set to [IDE].

Mode	IDE Channel 0 Master	IDE Channel 0 Slave	IDE Channel 1 Master	IDE Channel 1 Slave	IDE Channel 2 Master	IDE Channel 2 Slave	IDE Channel 3 Master	IDE Channel 3 Slave
Enhanced	IDE1 Master	IDE1 Slave	None	None	SATA1	SATA3	SATA2	SATA4
Combined	IDE1 Master	IDE1 Slave	SATA2	SATA4	None	None	None	None
SATA Only	SATA1	SATA3	SATA2	SATA4	None	None	None	None

NOTE: The option [Enhanced Mode] does not support the Windows 98/ME operation system.

* PATA IDE Mode:

This item determines the function mode for "IDE1" connector.

[Primary]: "IDE1" connector served as [Primary Master] and [Primary Slave] channel. "SATA2" and "SATA4" connector served as [Secondary Master] and [Secondary Slave] channel. The remaining "SATA1" and "SATA3" connectors are disabled.

[Secondary]: "IDE1" connector served as [Secondary Master] and [Secondary Slave] channel. "SATA1" and "SATA3" connector served as [Primary Master] and [Primary Slave] channel. The remaining "SATA2" and "SATA4" connectors are disabled.

Refer to the following table for the relationships between IDE and SATA ports.

PATA IDE Mode	IDE Channel 0 Master	IDE Channel 0 Slave	IDE Channel 1 Master		IDE Channel 2 Master	IDE Channel 2 Slave	IDE Channel 3 Master	IDE Channel 3 Slave
Primary	IDE1 Master	IDE1 Slave	SATA2	SATA4	None	None	None	None
Secondary	SATA1	SATA3	IDE1 Master	IDE1 Slave	None	None	None	None

NOTE: This option is configurable only when the item [On-Chip Serial ATA] is set to [Combined Mode].

* SATA Port:

This item displays the variety modes for SATA Ports.

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OnChip PCI Device:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

OnChip USB Controller
- USB 2.0 Controller
- USB Meyboard Support Via OS
- USB Mouse Support Via OS
OnChip Audio Controller
- Enabled
- USB Meyboard Support Via OS
OnChip Audio Controller
- Enabled

**The Menu Level**

Menu Level**

**Henu Level**

**Henu Level**

**The Menu Level**

*
```

OnChip USB Controller:

This option enables or disables the USB controller.

* USB 2.0 Controller:

This option enables or disables the USB 2.0 controller.

* USB Keyboard Support Via:

This item allows you to select [BIOS] for using USB keyboard in DOS environment, or [OS] in OS environment.

*** USB Mouse Support Via:**

This item allows you to select [BIOS] for using USB mouse in DOS environment, or [OS] in OS environment.

OnChip Audio Controller:

This option enables or disables the audio controller.

♦ SuperIO Device:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

Onboard FDD Controller:

This option enables or disables the onboard FDC controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1:

This item determines which I/O addresses the onboard Serial Port controller will access.

[Auto]: The system automatically select an I/O address for the onboard Serial Port.

[3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3]: Allows you to manually select an I/O address for the onboard Serial Port.

[Disabled]: Disables the onboard Serial Port.

Onboard Parallel Port:

This item specifies the I/O address used by the parallel port.

[Disabled]: This option prevents the parallel port from accessing any system resources. When the value of this option is set to [Disabled], the printer port becomes unavailable.

[378/IRQ7]: This option allows the parallel port to use [378/IRQ7] as its I/O port address. The majority of parallel ports on computer systems use IRQ7 and I/O Port 378H as the standard setting.

[278/IRQ5]: This option allows the parallel port to use [278/IRQ5] as its I/O port address.

[3BC/IRQ7]: This option allows the parallel port to use [3BC/IRQ7] as its I/O port address.

*** Parallel Port Mode:**

This item specifies the parallel port mode.

[Normal]: Allows the standard parallel port mode to be used.

[SPP]: (Standard Parallel Port) Allows bi-directional parallel port operation at normal speed.

[EPP]: (Enhanced Parallel Port) Allows bi-directional parallel port operation at maximum speed.

[ECP]: (Extended Capabilities Port) Allows bi-directional parallel port operation at a speed faster than the normal mode's data transfer rate.

[ECP+EPP]: Allows parallel port operation at ECP and EPP mode.

* EPP Mode Select:

This item selects the EPP mode.

***** ECP Mode Use DMA:

This item selects the DMA channel of the parallel port.

3-20 Chapter 3

Onboard PCI Device:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

```
Phoenix - AwardBiOS CMOS Setup Utility
Onboard PCI Device

IEEE 1394 Contorlier Enabled Onboard LAN Controller Enabled Enabled Disabled
- LAN Boot ROM Disabled Menu Level >>

**The Control of the Contr
```

IEEE 1394 Controller: (For AG8 only)

This option enables or disables the IEEE 1394 controller.

Onboard LAN Controller:

This option enables or disables the LAN controller.

*** LAN Boot ROM:**

This item allows you to use the boot ROM (instead of a disk drive) to boot-up the system and access the local area network directly.

3-6. Power Management Setup

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Power Panagement Setup

ACPI Suspend Type
- Results by USE from S3
Power Button Function
CPU THRM-Throttling
S6.0%
Hakely by PHE# of PCI
Disabled
Hakely by PHE# of PCI
Disabled
Hakely by Alarm
Lare Up by Onboard LAN
Disabled
Hakely by Alarm
- Date(of Month) Alarm
- Date(of Month) Alarm
POME Power Off
Restore on AC Power Loss
Fower Off

**The Chimniss of Name Off
Restore on AC Power Loss
**The Chimniss of Name Off
The Chimniss of Name Off
Restore on AC Power Loss
**The Chimniss of Name Off
*
```

ACPI Suspend Type:

This item selects the type of Suspend mode.

[S1(PowerOn-Suspend)]: Enables the Power On Suspend function.

[S3(Suspend-To-RAM)]: Enables the Suspend to RAM function.

Resume by USB From S3:

When set to [Enabled], this item allows you to use a USB device to wake up a system that is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. This item can be configured only if the item "ACPI Suspend Type" is set to [S3(STR)].

Power Button Function:

This item selects the method of powering off your system:

[Delay 4 Sec.]: Pushing the power button for more than 4 seconds will power off the system. This will prevent the system from powering off in case you accidentally hit or pushed the power button.

[Instant-Off]: Pressing and then releasing the power button at once will immediately power off the system.

CPU THRM-Throttling

This item controls the CPU speed by cutting down its regular power to a percentage during the STR (Suspend To RAM) state.

WakeUp by PME# of PCI:

When set to [Enabled], access to the onboard LAN or a PCI card such as a modem or LAN card will cause the system to wake up. The PCI card must support the wake up function.

WakeUp by Onboard LAN:

When set to [Enabled], you can remotely wake up a PC in Soft-Off condition via a LAN card that support the wake up function.

3-22 Chapter 3

WakeUp by Alarm:

When set to [Enabled], you can set the date and time you would like the Soft-Off PC to power-on in the "Date (of Month) Alarm" and "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" items. However, if the system is being accessed by incoming calls or the network (Resume On Ring/LAN) prior to the date and time set in these items, the system will give priority to the incoming calls or network instead.

***** Date (of Month) Alarm

[0]: This option power-on the system everyday according to the time set in the "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" item.

[1-31]: This option selects a date you would like the system to power-on. The system will power-on on the date set, and the time set in the "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" item.

* Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm

This item sets the time you would like the system to power-on.

POWER ON Function:

This item selects the way you want your system to power on.

[Password]: Use a password to power on the system, select this option then press <Enter>. Enter your password. You can enter up to 5 characters. Type in exactly the same password to confirm, and then press <Enter>.

[Hot KEY]: Use any of the function keys between <F1> to <F12> to power on the system.

[Mouse Left]: Double click the mouse left button to power on the system.

[Mouse Right]: Double click the mouse right button to power on the system.

[Any KEY]: Use any keyboard keys to power on the system.

[Button Only]: Use only the power button to power on the system.

[Keyboard 98]: Use the power-on button on the "Keyboard 98" compatible keyboard to power on the system.

NOTE: To enable this "Power On" function, the wake-up header of [PS2-PWR1], [USB-PWR1], [USB-PWR2] must be set to [Enabled] position. Please refer to the configuration of "Wake-up Header" [PS2-PWR1], [USB-PWR1], and [USB-PWR2] in section 2-4, chapter 2.

NOTE: The mouse wake up function can only be used with the PS/2 mouse, not with the COM port or USB type. Some PS/2 mice cannot wake up the system because of compatible problems. If the specs of your keyboard are too old, it may fail to power on.

* KB Power ON Password:

This item sets the password required in order to power on your computer.

NOTE: Do not forget your password, or you will have to clear the CMOS and reset all parameters in order to utilize this function again.

***** Hot Key Power ON:

This item powers on the system by pressing <Ctrl> key plus one of each function key (<F1 $> \sim <$ F12>) simultaneously.

Restore On AC Power Loss:

This item selects the system action after an AC power failure.

[Power Off]: When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power remains off. You must press the Power button to power-on the system.

[Power On]: When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power will be powered on automatically.

[Last State]: When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will return to the state where you left off before power failure occurs. If the system's power is off when AC power failure occurs, it will remain off when power returns. If the system's power is on when AC power failure occurs, the system will power-on when power returns.

3-24 Chapter 3

3-7. PnP/PCI Configurations

```
Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

Resources Controlled By Auto SSCD | Item Help

PCI/UGA Palette Snoop Disabled | BIOS can automatically configure all the price 2 Use IRO No. Auto configure all the price 2 Use IRO No. Auto configure all the price 2 Use IRO No. Auto configure all the price 2 Use IRO No. Auto configure all the price 2 Use IRO No. Auto compatible devices. PIRO 4 Use IRO No. Auto If you choose Auto price 5 Use IRO No. Auto Us
```

Resources Controlled By:

This item configures all of the boot and Plug-and-Play compatible devices.

[Auto(ESCD)]: The system will automatically detect the settings.

[Manual]: Choose the specific IRO resources in the "IRO Resources" menu.

∗ IRQ Resources:

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

This item sets each system interrupt to either [PCI Device] or [Reserved].



PCI/VGA Palette Snoop:

This item determines whether the MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards can work with PCI/VGA or not.

[Enabled]: MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards work with PCI/VGA.

[Disabled]: MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards do not work with PCI/VGA.

PIRQ 1 Use IRQ No. ~ PIRQ 8 Use IRQ No.:

This item specifies the IRQ number manually or automatically for the devices installed on PCI slots.

For the relations between the hardware layout of PIRQ (the signals from the ICH chipset), INT# (means PCI slot IRQ signals) and devices, please refer to the table below:

Signals	PCI EXP1	LAN	PCI- EX1	PCI- EX2	PCI- EX3	PCI-1	PCI-2	IEEE- 1394
PIRQ_1 Assignment	INT A	INT A	INT A	INT B	INT C	INT F	INT G	INT B
PIRQ_2 Assignment		INT B				INT G	INT F	INT C
PIRQ_3 Assignment		INT C				INT H	INT E	INT D
PIRQ_4 Assignment		INT D				INT E	INT H	INT A
PIRQ_5 Assignment								
PIRQ_6 Assignment								
PIRQ_7 Assignment								
PIRQ_8 Assignment								

3-26 Chapter 3

3-8. Load Fail-Safe Defaults

This option loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

3-9. Load Optimized Defaults

This option loads the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.

3-10. Set Password

This option protects the BIOS configuration or restricts access to the computer itself.

3-11. Save & Exit Setup

This option saves your selections and exits the BIOS setup menu.

3-12. Exit Without Saving

This option exits the BIOS setup menu without saving any change.

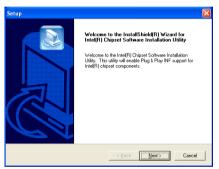
Appendix A. Install Intel Chipset Software Utility

NOTE: Please install this Intel Chipset driver first after having installed the Windows operating system.

The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operating system. For those of other OS, please follow its on-screen instruction.

Insert the Driver & Utility CD into CD-ROM drive, it should execute the installation program automatically. If not, double-click the execution file at the main directory of this CD to enter the installation menu.

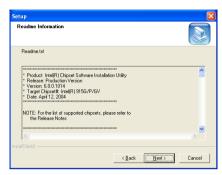
After entering the installation menu, move your curser to [Drivers] tab. Click [Intel Chipset Software Utility]. The following screen appears.



1. Click [Next].



2. Click [Yes].



3. Click [Next].



4. Choose [Yes, I want to restart my computer now.], and click [Finish] to complete setup.

A-2 Appendix A



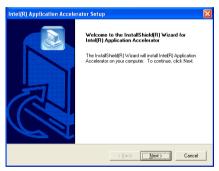
Appendix B. Install Intel Application Accelerator RAID

The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operating system. For those of other OS, please follow its on-screen instruction.

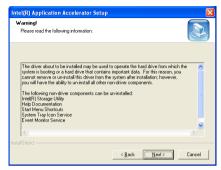
Insert the Driver & Utility CD into CD-ROM drive, it should execute the installation program automatically. If not, double-click the execution file at the main directory of this CD to enter the installation menu.

After entering the installation menu, move your curser to [Drivers] tab. Click [Intel Application Accelerator RAID]. The following screen appears.

NOTE: To install this program, you have to enable the item "RAID Function" first in the BIOS menu of "OnChip Serial ATA Mode".



1. Click [Next].



2. Click [Next].



3. Click [Yes].



Click [Next].

B-2 Appendix B



5. Click [Next].



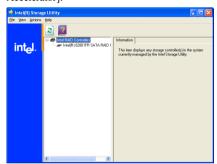
6. Click [Continue Anyway].



7. Click [Finish] to complete setup.



8. To run the "Intel Storage Utility", click [Start] → [All Programs] → [Intel(R) Application Accelerator] → [Intel Application Accelerator].



9. This is the "Intel Storage Utility" configuration menu. Click the "**Help**" menu For more information.

Install Audio Driver C-1

Appendix C. Install Audio Driver

The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operating system. For those of other OS, please follow its on-screen instruction

Insert the Driver & Utility CD into CD-ROM drive, it should execute the installation program automatically. If not, double-click the execution file at the main directory of this CD to enter the installation menu.

After entering the installation menu, move your curser to [Drivers] tab. Click [Audio Driver]. The following screen appears.



Click [Next].



2. Choose [Yes, I want to restart my computer now.], and click [Finish] to complete setup.



3. After the system restarted, a shortcut icon appears at the right corner of Windows task bar.

C-2 Appendix C



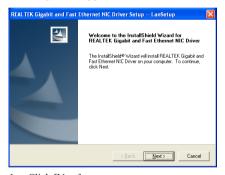
Install LAN Driver D-1

Appendix D. Install LAN Driver

The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operating system. For those of other OS, please follow its on-screen instruction.

Insert the Driver & Utility CD into CD-ROM drive, it should execute the installation program automatically. If not, double-click the execution file at the main directory of this CD to enter the installation menu.

After entering the installation menu, move your curser to [Drivers] tab. Click [LAN Driver]. The following screen appears.



1. Click [Next].



2. Click [Finish] to complete setup.

D-2 Appendix D



Install USB 2.0 Driver E-1

Appendix E. Install USB 2.0 Driver

NOTE: The installation for USB 2.0 driver for Windows XP or Windows 2000 is currently available by updating the latest Service Pack from Microsoft's web site.

E-2 Appendix E

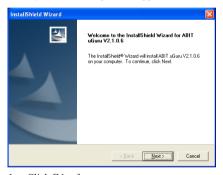


Appendix F. Install ABIT µGuru Utility

The installation procedures and screen shots in this section are based on Windows XP operating system. For those of other OS, please follow its on-screen instruction.

Insert the Driver & Utility CD into CD-ROM drive, it should execute the installation program automatically. If not, double-click the execution file at the main directory of this CD to enter the installation menu.

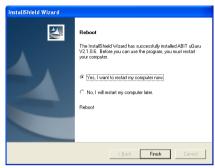
After entering the installation menu, move your curser to [ABIT Utility] tab. Click [ABIT uGuru]. The following screen appears.



1. Click [Next].



2. Click [Next].



3. Choose [Yes, I want to restart my computer now.], and click [Finish] to complete setup.

F-2 Appendix F



POST Code Definition G-1

Appendix G. POST Code Definition

AWARD POST Code Definition:

POST (hex)	Description			
CF	Test CMOS R/W functionality			
C0	Early chipset initialization:			
	-Disable shadow RAM			
	-Disable L2 cache (socket 7 or below)			
	-Program basic chipset registers			
	Detect memory			
C1	-Auto-detection of DRAM size, type and ECC			
	-Auto-detection of L2 cache (socket 7 or below)			
С3	Expand compressed BIOS code to DRAM			
C5	Call chipset hook to copy BIOS back to E000 & F000 shadow RAM			
01	Expand the Xgroup codes locating in physical address 1000:0			
03	Initial Superio_Early_Init switch			
05	1. Blank out screen			
	2. Clear CMOS error flag			
07	1. Clear 8042 interface			
	2. Initialize 8042 self-test			
08	1. Test special keyboard controller for Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips			
	2. Enable keyboard interface			
	1. Disable PS/2 mouse interface (optional)			
A0	2. Auto detect ports for keyboard & mouse followed by a port & interface swap (optional)			
	3. Reset keyboard for Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips			
0E	Test F000h segment shadow to see whether it is R/W-able or not. If test fails, keep beeping the speaker			
10	Auto detect flash type to load appropriate flash R/W codes into the run time area in F000 for ESCD & DMI support			
12	Use walking 1's algorithm to check out interface in CMOS circuitry. Also set real-time clock power status, and then check for override			
14	Program chipset default values into chipset. Chipset default values are MODBINable by OEM customers			
16	Initial onboard clock generator if Early_Init_Onboard_Generator is defined. See also POST 26.			
18	Detect CPU information including brand, SMI type (Cyrix or Intel) and CPU level (586 or 686)			
1B	Initial interrupts vector table. If no special specified, all H/W interrupts are directed to SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR & S/W interrupts to SPURIOUS_soft_HDLR.			
1D	Initial EARLY_PM_INIT switch			

G-2 Appendix G

1F	Load kaybaard matrix (natabaak mlatform)					
21	Load keyboard matrix (notebook platform)					
21	HPM initialization (notebook platform)					
23	 Check validity of RTC value: e.g. a value of 5Ah is an invalid value for RTC minute. Load CMOS settings into BIOS stack. If CMOS checksum fails, use default value instead. 					
24	Prepare BIOS resource map for PCI & PnP use. If ESCD is valid, take into consideration of the ESCD's legacy information.					
25	Early PCI Initialization: -Enumerate PCI bus number. -Assign memory & I/O resource -Search for a valid VGA device & VGA BIOS, and put it into C000:0					
26	If Early_Init_Onboard_Generator is not defined Onboard clock generator initialization. Disable respective clock resource to empty PCI & DIMM slots. Init onboard PWM Init onboard H/W monitor devices					
27	Initialize INT 09 buffer					
29	 Program CPU internal MTRR (P6 & PII) for 0-640K memory address. Initialize the APIC for Pentium class CPU. Program early chipset according to CMOS setup. Example: onboard IDE controller. Measure CPU speed. 					
2B	Invoke Video BIOS					
2D	Initialize double-byte language font (Optional) Put information on screen display, including Award title, CPU type, CPU speed, full screen logo.					
33	Reset keyboard if Early_Reset_KB is defined e.g. Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips. See also POST 63.					
35	Test DMA Channel 0					
37	Test DMA Channel 1.					
39	Test DMA page registers.					
3C	Test 8254					
3E	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1					
40	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2					
43	Test 8259 functionality					
47	Initialize EISA slot					
49	Calculate total memory by testing the last double word of each 64K page Program writes allocation for AMD K5 CPU					
4E	Program MTRR of M1 CPU Initialize L2 cache for P6 class CPU & program CPU with proper cacheable range Initialize the APIC for P6 class CPU On MP platform, adjust the cacheable range to smaller one in case the cacheable ranges between each CPU are not identical					
50	Initialize USB					
52	Test all memory (clear all extended memory to 0)					
53	Clear password according to H/W jumper (Optional)					

55	Display number of processors (multi-processor platform)						
	Display PnP logo						
57	Early ISA PnP initialization						
"	-Assign CSN to every ISA PnP device						
59	Initialize the combined Trend Anti-Virus code						
5B	(Optional Feature) Show message for entering AWDFLASH.EXE from FDD (optional)						
- 52	Initialize Init Onboard Super IO						
5D	2. Initialize Init Onboard AUDIO						
	Okay to enter Setup utility; i.e. not until this POST stage can users enter the CMOS setup						
60	utility						
63	Reset keyboard if Early Reset KB is not defined						
65	Initialize PS/2 Mouse						
67	Prepare memory size information for function call: INT 15h ax=E820h						
69	Turn on L2 cache						
6B	Program chipset registers according to items described in Setup & Auto-configuration						
68	table						
	1. Assign resources to all ISA PnP devices						
6D	2. Auto assign ports to onboard COM ports if the corresponding item in Setup is set to						
	"AUTO"						
6F	1. Initialize floppy controller						
	2. Set up floppy related fields in 40:hardware						
75	Detect & install all IDE devices: HDD, LS120, ZIP, CDROM						
	(Optional Feature)						
76	Enter AWDFLASH.EXE if:						
	-AWDFLASH is found in floppy drive						
77	-ALT+F2 is pressed						
77A	Detect serial ports & parallel ports.						
7C	Detect & install co-processor						
70	Init HDD write protect						
7F	Switch back to text mode if full screen logo is supported						
/ -	-If errors occur, report errors & wait for keys						
	-If no errors occur or F1 key is pressed to continue: Clear EPA or customization logo						
	E8POST.ASM starts						
	1. Call chipset power management hook						
82	2. Recover the text font used by EPA logo (not for full screen logo)						
	3. If password is set, ask for password						
83	Save all data in stack back to CMOS						
84	Initialize ISA PnP boot devices						
85	1. USB final Initialization						
	2. Switch screen back to text mode						
87	NET PC: Build SYSID Structure						
89	1. Assign IRQs to PCI devices						
	2. Set up ACPI table at top of the memory.						

G-4 Appendix G

8B	Invoke all ISA adapter ROMs						
- 02	2. Invoke all PCI ROMs (except VGA)						
8D	1. Enable/Disable Parity Check according to CMOS setup						
OD.	2. APM Initialization						
8F	Clear noise of IRQs						
93	Read HDD boot sector information for Trend Anti-Virus code						
	1. Enable L2 cache						
	2. Program Daylight Saving						
	3. Program boot up speed						
94	4. Chipset final initialization.						
3-2	5. Power management final initialization						
	6. Clear screen & display summary table						
	7. Program K6 write allocation						
	8. Program P6 class write combining						
95	Update keyboard LED & typematic rate						
	1. Build MP table						
	2. Build & update ESCD						
96	3. Set CMOS century to 20h or 19h						
	4. Load CMOS time into DOS timer tick						
	5. Build MSIRQ routing table						
FF	Boot attempt (INT 19h)						

POST Code Definition G-5

AC2003 POST Code Definition:

POST (hex)	Description							
	Power On Sequence							
8.1.	Start power on sequence							
8.2.	Enable ATX power supply							
8.3.	ATX power supply ready							
8.4.	DDR voltage ready							
8.5.	Setup PWM for CPU core voltage							
8.6.	Assert PWM for CPU core voltage							
8.7.	Check CPU core voltage							
8.8.	CPU core voltage ready							
8.9.	Initial clock generator IC							
8.A.	North Bridge chipset voltage ready							
8.B.	AGP voltage ready							
8.C.	3VDUAL voltage ready							
8.D.	VDDA 2.5V voltage ready							
8.D.	GMCHVTT voltage ready							
8.E.	Check CPU fan speed							
8.F.	Assert all power ready							
9.0.	Complete uGuru initial process							
9.0.	AWARD BIOS take over booting job							
	Power Off Sequence							
9.1.	Start power off sequence							
9.2.	De-Assert all power							
9.3.	Se-Assert power on							
9.4.	De-Assert LDT Bus power							
9.5.	De-Assert PWM for CPU core voltage							
9.6.	De-Assert CPU core voltage							
9.7.	Check CPU core voltage							
9.8.	De-Assert ATX power supply							
9.9.	Complete power off sequence							
	Others							
F.O.	Button reset							
F.1.	SoftMenu reset							
F.2.	Power on sequence timeout							
F.3.	Power off sequence timeout							

NOTE: The decimal point lights up when executing the AC2003 POST action.

G-6 Appendix G



Appendix H. Troubleshooting (Need Assistance?)

Q & A:

- Q: Do I need to clear the CMOS before I use a new motherboard to assemble my new computer system?
- A: Yes, we highly recommend that you clear the CMOS before installing a new motherboard. Please move the CMOS jumper from its default 1-2 position to 2-3 for a few seconds, and then back. When you boot up your system for the first time, follow the instructions in the user's manual to load the optimized defaults.
- Q: If my systems hang when I update the BIOS or set the wrong CPU parameters, what should I do?
- A: Whenever you update the BIOS or if the system hangs due to wrong CPU parameters setting, always clear CMOS jumper before booting up again.
- Q: Why the system fails to boot up again right after a mechanical power-off?
- A: Please keep a 30-second interval between each mechanical power On/Off.
- Q: Why the system failed to boot up and nothing was displayed on the screen after I did some over-clocking or non-standard settings inside the BIOS? Is the motherboard dead? Do I need to return it to where I bought from or go through an RMA process?
- A: It should not cause hardware or permanent damage to motherboard when BIOS settings were changed from default to over-clocking or non-standard status.

We suggest the following three troubleshooting methods to discharge CMOS data, recover the hardware default status, and then make the motherboard working again. No need to bother returning the motherboard to where you bought from or go through an RMA process.

Step 1. Switch off the power supply unit and then switch it on again after one minute. If there is no power switch on the power supply unit, disconnect its power cord for one minute and then connect it back.

Press and hold the <Insert> key on the keyboard, press the power-on button to boot up system. If it works, loose the <Insert> key and hit key to enter the BIOS setup page to do the correct settings.

If the situation remains the same, repeat the procedures in Step 1 for three times, or try Step 2

Step 2. Switch off the power supply unit or disconnect the power cord. Open the chassis cover. Locate the CCMOS jumper near the button battery. Change the jumper position from default 1-2 to 2-3 for one minute to discharge the CMOS data, and then put it back to default 1-2 position.

Close the chassis and switch on the power supply unit or plug in the power cord. Press the power-on button to boot up system. If it works, hit key to enter the BIOS setup page to do the correct settings.

If the situation remains the same, try Step 3.

Step 3. The same procedure as Step 2, but in the meantime of discharging the CMOS data, pull out ATX power connectors from motherboard and remove the button battery during CMOS discharging.

H-2 Appendix H

Q: How can I get a quick response to my request for technical support?

A: Be sure to follow the guidelines as stated in the "Technical Support Form" section of this manual.

If you have a problem during operation, in order to help our technical support personnel quickly determine the problem with your motherboard and give you the answers you need, before filling in the technical support form, eliminate any peripheral that is not related to the problem, and indicate it on the form. Fax this form to your dealer or to the company where you bought the hardware in order to benefit from our technical support. (You can refer to the examples given below)

Example 1:

With a system including: motherboard (with CPU, DRAM, COAST...) HDD, CD-ROM, FDD, VGA CARD, MPEG CARD, SCSI CARD, SOUND CARD, etc. After the system is assembled, if you cannot boot up, check the key components of the system using the procedure described below. First remove all interface cards except the VGA card and try to reboot.

If you still cannot boot up: Try installing another brand/model VGA card and see if the system will start. If it still does not start, note the VGA card model, motherboard model, Bios identification number, CPU on the technical support form (refer to main instructions), and describe the problem in the problem description space provided.

If you can boot up: Insert the interface cards you have removed back into the system, one by one and try to start the system each time you insert a card, until the system will not start. Keep the VGA card and the interface card that caused the problem inserted on the motherboard, remove any other cards or peripheral, and start again. If you still cannot start, note the information related to both cards in the add-on Card space provided, and don't forget to indicate the motherboard model, version, BIOS identification number, CPU (refer to main instructions), and give a description of the problem.

Example 2:

With a system including the motherboard (with CPU, DRAM, COAST...) HDD, CD-ROM, FDD, VGA CARD, LAN CARD, MPEG CARD, SCSI CARD, SOUND CARD, after assembly and after having installed the Sound Card Driver, when you restart the system, when it runs the Sound Card Driver, it resets automatically. This problem may be due to the Sound Card Driver. During the Starting DOS... procedure, press SHIFT (BY-PASS) key, to skip CONFIG.SYS and AUTOEXEC.BAT; edit CONFIG.SYS with a text editor, and in function the line that loads the Sound Card Driver, add a remark REM, in order to disable the Sound Card Driver. See the example below.

CONFIG.SYS:

DEVICE=C:\DOS\HIMEM.SYS DEVICE=C:\DOS\EMM386.EXE HIGHSCAN DOS=HIGH, UMB FILES=40

BUFFERS=36

REM DEVICEHIGH=C:\PLUGPLAY\DWCFGMG.SYS

LASTDRIVE=Z

Restart the system. If the system starts and does not reset, you can be sure that the problem is due to the Sound Card Driver. Write down the Sound Card model, motherboard model, BIOS identification number on the technical support file (refer to main instructions), and describe the problem in the space provided.

We will show you how to fill the "Technical Support Form".

CD-Title Rev. No.

IDE Device Driver

Drivers Diskette Release 1.09A

Floppy Disk Driver Rev. No.

Main instructions:

To fill in this "Technical Support Form", refer to the step-by-step instructions given below:

1*. MODEL: Note the model number given in your user's manual.

Example: AG8, AG8-V

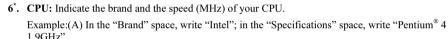
2*. Motherboard model number (REV): Note the motherboard model number labeled on the motherboard as "REV:*.**".

Example: REV: 1.02

- 3*. BIOS ID and Part Number: See the on screen message.
- 4. **DRIVER REV:** Note the driver version number indicated on the DEVICE DRIVER disk (if any) as "Release *.**". For example:
- 5*. OS/APPLICATION: Indicate the operating system and applications you are running on the system.

Example: MS-DOS® 6.22,

Windows[®] 98 SE, Windows[®] 2000, etc....



BX-1.54E

7. HDD: Indicate the brand and specifications of your HDD(s); specify if the HDD is using □IDE1 or □IDE2. If you know the disk capacity, indicate it and check ("√") "□"; in case you give no indication, we will consider that your HDD is "□IDE1" Master.

Example: In the "HDD" space, check the box; in the Brand space, write "Seagate"; in the Specifications space, write "ST31621A (1.6GB)".

8. CD-ROM Drive: Indicate the brand and specifications of your CD-ROM drive. Specify if it uses □ IDE1 or □IDE2, and check ("✓") "□"; in case you give no indication, we will consider that your CD-ROM is "□IDE2" Master.

Example: In the "CD-ROM drive" space, check the box, in the Brand space, write "Mitsumi", in the Specifications space, write "FX-400D".

9. System Memory (DDR SDRAM): Indicate the brand and specifications (DDR DIMM) of your system memory. Such as Density, Description, Module Components, Module Part Number, CAS Latency, and Speed (MHz).

For example: In the Brand space, write "Micron"; in the Specifications space, write: **Density:** 128MB, **Description:** SS 16 Megx72 2.5V ECC Gold, **Module Components:** (9) 16 Megx 8, **Module Part Number:** MT9VDDT1672AG, **CAS Latency:** 2, **Speed (MHz):** 200 MHz.

Please give us the detailed information of your DDR SDRAM module; it will help us to simulate the problems you met.

10. ADD-ON CARD: Indicate which add-on cards you are absolutely sure are related to the problem.
If you cannot identify the problem's origin, indicate all the add-on cards inserted into your system.

NOTE: Items between the "*" are absolutely necessary.

H-4 Appendix H

	10	ennicai Support F	OI III			
Company Name: Contact Person:						
🗗 E-mail Address:						
Model	*	BIOS ID#	*			
Motherboard Model No.		DRIVER REV				
OS/Application	*					
	T					
Hardware Name	Brand	Specifications				
CPU	*					
HDD DIDE1 DIDE2						
CD-ROM-Drive						
System Memory						
ADD-ON CARD						
roblem Description:						

Appendix I. How to Get Technical Support

(From our website) http://www.abit.com.tw
(In North America) http://www.abit.usa.com
(In Europe) http://www.abit.nl

Thank you for choosing ABIT products. ABIT sells all our products through distributors, resellers and system integrators; we have no direct sales to end-users. Before sending email for tech support please check with your resellers or integrators if you need any services, they are the ones who sold you your system and they should know best as to what can be done, how they serve you is a good reference for future purchases.

We appreciate every customer and would like to provide the best service to you. Providing fast service to our customers is our top priority. However we receive many phone calls and a huge amount of email from all over the world. At the present time it is impossible for us to respond to every single inquiry. Therefore it is quite possible that if you send an email to us that you may not receive a response.

We have done many compatibility tests and reliability tests to make sure our products have the best quality and compatibility. In case you need service or technical support, please understand the constraint we have and always check with the reseller who sold the product to you first.

To expedite service, we recommend that you follow the procedures outlined below before contacting us. With your help, we can meet our commitment to provide the best service to the **greatest number of ABIT customers:**

- Check the Manual. It sounds simple but we have taken a lot of care in making a
 well-written and thorough manual. It is full of information that doesn't only pertain to
 motherboards. The CD-ROM included with your board will have the manual as well as
 drivers. If you don't have either one, go to our Program Download Area of the Website or
 FTP server.
- 2. Download latest BIOS, software or drivers. Please go to our Program Download area on our Website to check to see if you have the latest BIOS. They are developed over periods of time to fixes bugs or incompatibilities. Also please make sure you have the latest drivers from your peripheral cards makers!
- 3. Check the ABIT Technical Terms Guide and FAQ on our Website. We are trying to expand and make the FAQs more helpful and information rich. Let us know if you have any suggestions. For hot topics, check out our HOT FAQ!

I-2 Appendix I

4. Internet Newsgroups. They are a great source of information and many people there can offer help. ABIT's Internet News group, alt.comp.periphs.mainboard.abit, is an ideal forum for the public to exchange information and discuss experiences they have had with ABIT products. Many times you will see that your question has already been asked before. This is a public Internet news group and it is reserved for free discussions. Here is a list of some of the more popular ones:

alt.comp.periphs.mainboard.abit comp.sys.ibm.pc.hardware.chips alt.comp.hardware.overclocking alt.comp.hardware.homebuilt alt.comp.hardware.pc-homebuilt

- 5. Ask your reseller. Your ABIT authorized distributor should be able to provide the fastest solution to your technical problem. We sell our products through distributors who sell to resellers and stores. Your reseller should be very familiar with your system configuration and should be able to solve your problem much more efficiently than we could. After all, your reseller regards you as an important customer who may purchase more products and who can urge your friends to buy from him or her as well. They integrated and sold the system to you. They should know best what your system configuration is and your problem. They should have reasonable return or refund policies. How they serve you is also a good reference for your next purchase.
- 6. Contacting ABIT. If you feel that you need to contact ABIT directly you can send email to the ABIT technical support department. First, please contact the support team for the branch office closest to you. They will be more familiar with local conditions and problems and will have better insight as to which resellers offer what products and services. Due to the huge number of emails coming in every day and other reasons, such as the time required for problem reproduction, we will not be able to reply to every email. Please understand that we are selling through distribution channels and don't have the resources to serve every end-user. However, we will try to do our best to help every customer. Please also remember that for many of our technical support team English is a second language, you will have a better chance of getting a helpful answer if your question can be understood in the first place. Be sure to use very, simple, concise language that clearly states the problem, avoid rambling or flowery language and always list your system components. Here is the contact information for our branch offices:
- 7. RMA Service. If your system has been working but it just stopped, but you have not installed any new software or hardware recently, it is likely that you have a defective component. Please contact the reseller from whom you bought the product. You should be able to get RMA service there.

North America and South America ABIT Computer (U.S.A.) Corporation

45531 Northport Loop West, Fremont CA, 94538,

U.S.A.

Tel: 1-510-623-0500 Fax: 1-510-623-1092 Sales: sales@abit-usa.com

Latin America Sales: ventas@abit-usa.com
Marketing: marketing@abit-usa.com
Web Site: http://www.abit-usa.com

RMA Center

46808 Lakeview Blvd. Fremont, CA 94538, U.S.A.

UK and Ireland

ABIT Computer (U.K.) Corporation Ltd.

Unit 3, 24-26 Boulton Road, Stevenage, Herts SG1

4QX, UK

Tel: 44-1438-228888 Fax: 44-1438-226333

E-mail: sales@abitcomputer.co.uk

Germany and Benelux (Belgium, Netherlands, Luxembourg),

France, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Denmark, Norway, Sweden. Finland, and

Switzerland

AMOR Computer B.V. (ABIT's European Office)

Jan van Riebeeckweg 15, 5928LG, Venlo,

The Netherlands Tel: 31-77-3204428 Fax: 31-77-3204420 Sales: sales@abit.nl

Web Site: http://www.abit.nl

Austria, Czech, Romania, Bulgaria, Slovakia, Croatia, Bosnia. Serbia. and Macedonia Asguard Computer Ges.m.b.H

Schmalbachstrasse 5, A-2201 Gerasdorf / Wien.

Austria

Tel: 43-1-7346709 Fax: 43-1-7346713

E-mail: asguard@asguard.at

Shanghai

ABIT Computer (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.

Tel: 86-21-6235-1829 Fax: 86-21-6235-1832

Web Site: http://www.abit.com.cn

Russia and CIS

ABIT Computer (Russia) Co. Ltd.

Sales: <u>sales@abit.ru</u> Info: info@abit.ru

Web Site: http://www.abit.ru

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Poland ABIT Computer (Poland) Co. Ltd.

Przedstawicielstwo w Polsce ul. Wita Stwosza 28.

50-149 Wrocław

Tel: 48 71 780 78 65 / 66 Fax: 48 71 372 30 87

Japan Web Site: http://www.abit4u.jp

Taiwan Head Office ABIT Computer Corporation

(Serving all other territories

and may have different holiday

Taiwan is 8+ GMT time.

calendar from yours.)

not listed above.

No. 323, Yang Guang St., Neihu, Taipei, 114,

Taiwan

Tel: 886-2-8751-8888 Fax: 886-2-8751-3382 Sales: sales@abit.com.tw Marketing: market@abit.com.tw

Web Site: http://www.abit.com.tw

8. Reporting Compatibility Problems to ABIT. Because of tremendous number of email messages we receive every day, we are forced to give greater weight to certain types of messages than to others. For this reason, any compatibility problem that is reported to us, giving detailed system configuration information and error symptoms will receive the highest priority. For the other questions, we regret that we may not be able to reply directly. But your questions may be posted to the Internet news group in order that a larger number of users can have the benefit of the information. Please check the news group from time to time.

Thank You

ABIT Computer Corporation

http://www.abit.com.tw