EP-693A

A Socket 370 Processor based Mainboard Supports PC133/VC133 Memory Modules

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Handling Procedures

Static electricity can severely damage your equipment. Handle the EP-693A and any other device in your system with extreme care and avoid unnecessary contact with system components on the mainboard. Always work on an antistatic surface to avoid possible damage to the mainboard from static discharge. Always have the power supply unplugged and powered off when inserting and removing devices within the computer chassis. EPoX assumes no responsibility for any damage to the EP-693A mainboard that results from failure to follow instruction or failure to observe safety precautions.



CAUTION



The EP-693A mainboard is subject to damage by static electricity. Always observe the handling procedures.

Technical Support Services

If you need additional information, help during installation or normal use of this product, please contact your retailer. Your retailer will have the most current information about your configuration. If your retailer cannot help, you may visit our online technical support website and/or contact our support technicians at the locations listed below.

Record your serial number before installing your EP-693A mainboard. (The serial number is located near the ISA slots at the edge of the board.)

EP-693A serial number:	
EP-693A serial number:	

Contacting Technical Support

EPoX technical support is working hard to answer all of your questions online. From our website you can find answers to many common questions, drivers, BIOS updates, tech notes, and important technical bulletins. If you are still unable to locate the solution you are seeking, you always have the option to contact our support technicians directly.

North American website (English language)

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European website (Multi-language)

http://www.epox.nl sales@epox.nl support@epox.nl info@elito-epox .com

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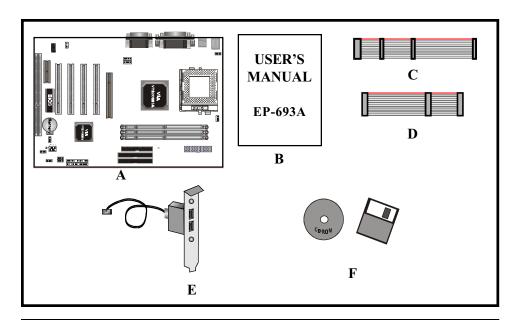
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Section 1 INTRODUCTION

Components Checklist

- ✓ A. (1) EP-693A mainboard
- ✓ B. (1) EP-693A user's manual
- ✓ C. (1) Floppy ribbon cable
- ✓ D. (1) ATA-66 Hard drive ribbon cable
 - E. (1) USB Cable (Optional)
- \checkmark F. (1) Driver and utility

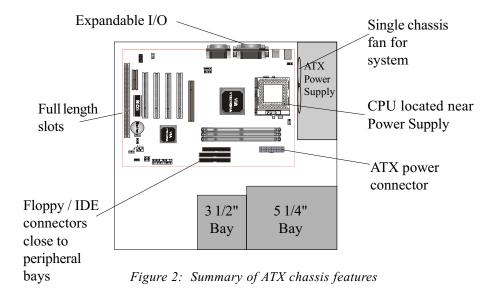


Introduction EP-693A

EP-693A Form-Factor

The EP-693A is designed with ATX form factor - the new industry standard of chassis. ATX form factor is essentially a Baby-AT baseboard rotated 90 degrees within the chassis enclosure and a new mounting configuration for the power supply. With these changes the processor is relocated away from the expansion slots, allowing them all to hold full length add-in cards. ATX defines a double height aperture to the rear of the chassis which can be used to host a wide range of onboard I/O. Only the size and position of this aperture is defined, allowing PC manufacturers to add new I/O features (e.g.; TV input, TV output, joystick, modem, LAN, etc.) to systems. This will help systems integrators differentiate their products in the marketplace, and better meet your needs.

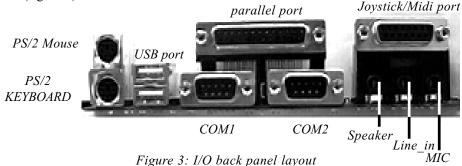
- Smaller size promotes a smaller system size.
- I/O shield does not need to be retooled in an ATX 2.01 or later. Mainboard could be used in an ATX 2.01-compliant.
- A smaller power supply cam be used. High integration on mainboard reduces the system costs.



EP-693A Introduction

I/O Shield Connector

The EP-693A is equipped with an I/O back panel. Please use the appropriate I/O shield (figure 3).



Power-On/Off (Remote)

The EP-693A has a single 20-pin connector for ATX power supplies. For ATX power supplies that support the **Remote On/Off** feature, this should be connected to the systems front panel for system Power On/Off button. The systems power On/Off button should be a momentary button that is normally open.

The EP-693A has been designed with "Soft Off" functions. You can turn Off the system from one of two sources: The first is the front panel Power On/Off button, and the other is the "Soft Off" function (coming from the EP-693A's onboard circuit controller) that can be controlled by the operating system such as Windows® 95/98 or Windows® 2000.

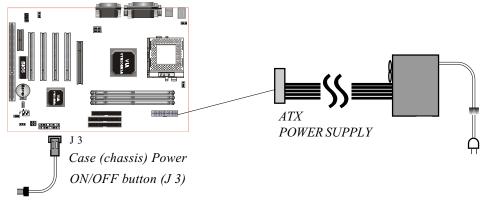


Figure 4: Simple ATX Power ON/OFF Controller

Introduction EP-693A

System Block Diagram

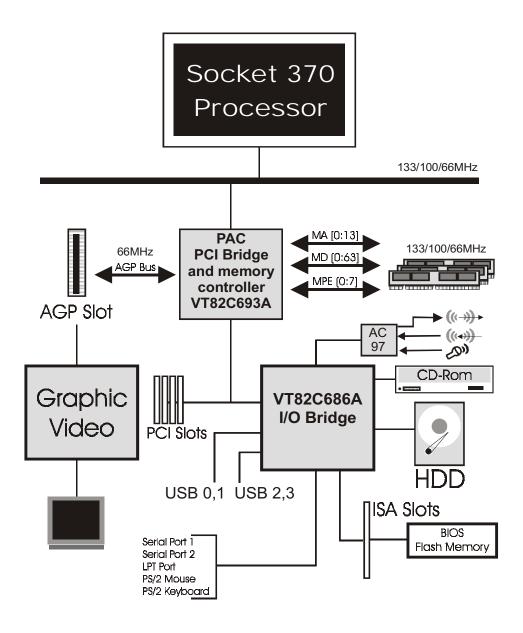


Figure 5: System Block Diagram

EP-693A Features

Section 2 FEATURES

EP-693A Features:

- EP-693A is based on the Socket 370 Processors including PPGA & FC-PGA operating at 500 ~866MHz.
- Designed with VIA Apollo Pro 133 AGPset.
- Supports up to 768MB of DRAM (minimum of 32 MB) on board (please see Section 3-3).
- EP-693A will support Error Checking and Correcting (ECC) when using parity SDRAM memory modules. This will detect multiple bit errors and correct 1-bit memory errors.
- Supports (1) 16 bit ISA slots, (4) 32 bit PCI slots, (1) AGP slot, (1) AMR slot and provides (2) independent high performance PCI IDE interfaces capable of supporting PIO Mode 3/4 and Ultra DMA 33/66 devices. The EP-693A supports (4) PCI Bus Master slots and a jumperless PCI INT# control scheme which reduces configuration confusion when plugging in PCI card(s).
- Supports ATAPI (e.g. CD-ROM) devices on both Primary and Secondary IDE interfaces.
- Designed with on chip Multi I/O: (1) floppy port, (1) parallel port (EPP, ECP), and (2) serial ports (16550 Fast UART).
 - Note: Japanese "Floppy 3 mode" is also supported
- Features Award Plug & Play BIOS. With Flash Memory you can always upgrade to the current BIOS as they are released. (http://www.epox.com please visit our Technical Support section for the latest updates).
- EP-693A utilizes a Lithium battery which provides environmental protection and longer battery life.

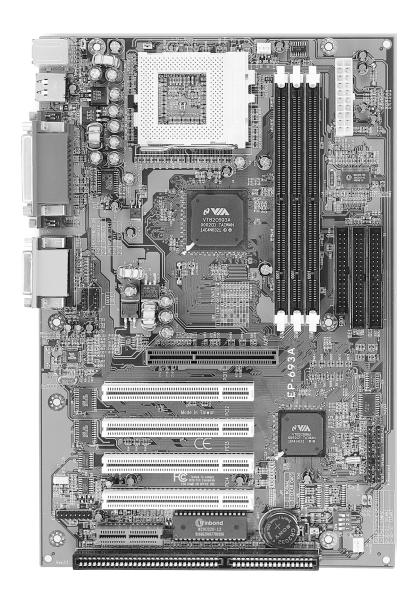
Features EP-693A

 Supports the (4) Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports, 2 ports on board and another 2 ports for option. The onboard VT82C686A chip provides the means for connecting PC peripherals such as; keyboards, joysticks, telephones, and modems.

- Built-in ATX 20-pin power supply connector.
- Software power-down when using Windows® 95/98 or Windows® 2000.
- Supports ring-in feature (remote power-on through external modem, allows system to be turned on remotely).
- Resume by Alarm Allows your system to turn on at a preselected time.
- Power Loss Recovery In the event of a power outtage your system will automatically turn itself back on without user intervention.
- Supports CPU Hardware sleep and SMM (System Management Mode).
- Supports Keyboard power ON function (KBPO).
- Built-in WOL (Wake-up On Lan) Connector.
- Built-in AC97 PCI Audio.

EP-693A Installation

Section 3 INSTALLATION



Installation EP-693A

EP-693A Detailed Layout

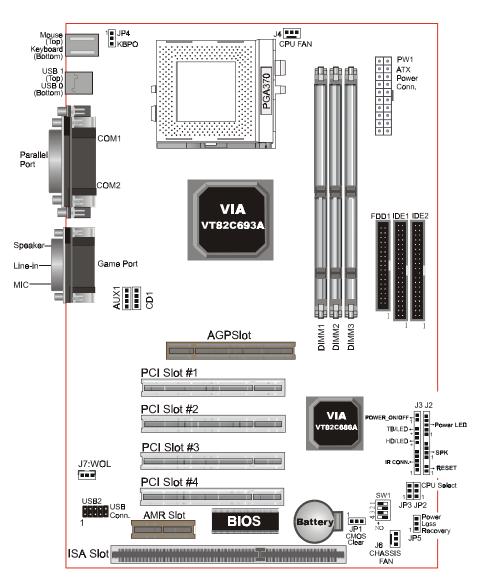


Figure 1

EP-693A Installation

Easy Installation Procedure

The following must be completed before powering on your new system:

- 3-1. CPU Insertion
- 3-2. Jumper Settings
- 3-3. System memory Configuration
- 3-4. Device Connectors
- 3-5 External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions (KBPO)

Section 3-1 CPU Insertion

CPU Insertion

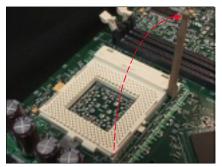


Figure 2



Step 1

lever.

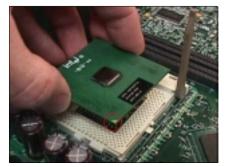


Figure 3

Step 2

Insert the processor.

Ensure proper pin 1 orientation by aligning the FC-PGA corner marking with the socket corner closest to the actuation arm tip. The pin field is keyed to prevent mis-oriented insertion.

Open the socket by raising the actuation

Don't force processor into socket. If it does not go in easily, check for mis-orientation and debris. Make sure the processor is fully inserted into the socket on all sides. Installation EP-693A



Figure 4

Step 3

Close the socket by lowering and locking the actuation lever.

Note: Intel's reference design thermal solution is an active heatsink; an extruded aluminum heatsink based and a fan attached to the top on the fin array. (See Figure 5)

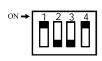


Figure 5

EP-693A Installation

Section 3-2 Jumper Settings

SW1: CPU Multiple Frequency Selection



SW1			CPU(MHz)				
	3001			CPU(MHZ)			
1	2	3	4	Ratio	66MHz	100MHz	133MHz
	ON	ON	ON	4X	266	400	533
	ON		ON	4.5X	300	450	600
		ON	ON	5X	333	500	667
			ON	5.5X	366	550	733
ON	ON	ON		6X	400	600	800
ON	ON			6.5X	433	650	866
ON		ON		7X	466	700	*933
ON				7.5X	500	750	*1000
	ON	ON		8X	533	800	

*reserved

JP1



CMOS Clear

JP1 = 1-2 Normal (Default)

= 2-3 Clear CMOS

JP2 JP3



CPU Select

JP2	JP3	CPU Select
1-2	1-2	Auto
2-3	2-3	66MHz
None	2-3	100MHz
None	None	133MHz

JP4



Keyboard Power-ON Function

JP4 = 1-2 Disabled (Default)

= 2-3 Enabled

JP5



Power Loss Revovery

JP5 = 1-2 Enabled

= 2-3 Disabled (Default)

Installation EP-693A

Section 3-3 System Memory Configuration

Memory Layout

The EP-693A supports (3) PC133 /VC133 168-pin DIMMs (Dual In-line Memory Module). The DIMMs is only for SDRAM (Synchronized DRAM).

- DIMM SDRAM may be 83MHz (12ns), 100MHz (10ns) or 125MHz (8ns) bus speed.
- If you use both 50ns and 60ns memory you must configure your BIOS to read 60ns.
- When using Synchronous DRAM we recommend using the 4 clock variety over the 2 clock.

Figure 6 and Table 1 show several possible memory configurations for using SDRAM.

DIMM 1	Bank 0/1—	۱
DIMM 2	Bank 2/3-	-Synchronous DRAM
DIMM 3	Bank 4/5	DIVAIN

Figure 6

Total Memory DIMM 1 (Bank 0/1)		DIMM 2 (Bank 2/3)	DIMM 3 (Bank 4/5)	
Maximum 256MB X 1 = 512MB SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB,		None	None	
		SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	None	
= 768MB Maximum	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	

Table 1

- * SDRAM only supports 32, 64, 128, 256MB DIMM modules.
- * We recommend to use PC100 Memory Module for bus speed between 66MHz and 100MHz and PC133 Memory for bus speed over 100MHz.
- * Using non-compliant memory with higher bus speed (over clocking) may severely compromise the integrity of the system.

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DIMM Module Installation

Figure 7 displays the notch marks and what they should look like on your DIMM memory module.

DIMMs have 168-pins and two notches that will match with the onboard DIMM socket. DIMM modules are installed by placing the chip firmly into the socket at a 90 degree angle and pressing straight down (figure 8) until it fits tightly into the DIMM socket (figure 9).

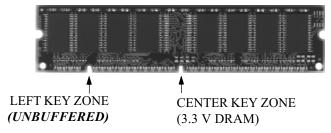
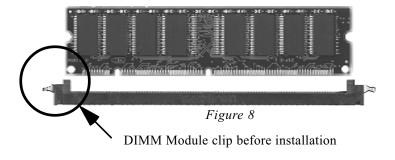
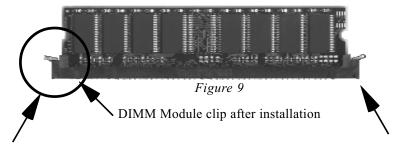


Figure 7



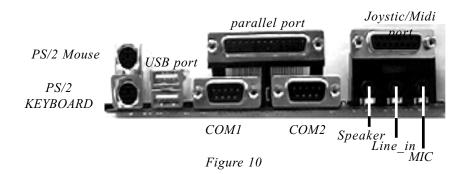


To remove the DIMM module simply press down both of the white clips on either side and the module will be released from the socket.

Installation EP-693A

Section 3-4 Device Connectors

Now that your motherboard is installed and you are ready to connect all your connections (figure 10).



J2,J3: Chassis Panel Connector

 Power LED, Speaker, Reset, Turbo LED, HDD LED, IR Conn., Sleep/ Power_ON

J4: CPU Fan Power

• A plug-in for the CPU Fan Power

J6: Chassis Fan Power

• A plug-in for the chassis Fan Power

J7: WOL (Wake On Lan) Connector

IDE1: Primary IDE Connector (White Color)

IDE2: Secondary IDE Connector (Black Color)

FDD1: Floppy Controller Connector

PW1: ATX Power Connector

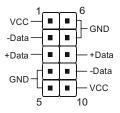
• 20-pin power connector

CD1: CD Audio Connector

AUX1: AUX Audio Connector

EP-693A Installation

USB2: USB port header pins for adding two additional USB ports.



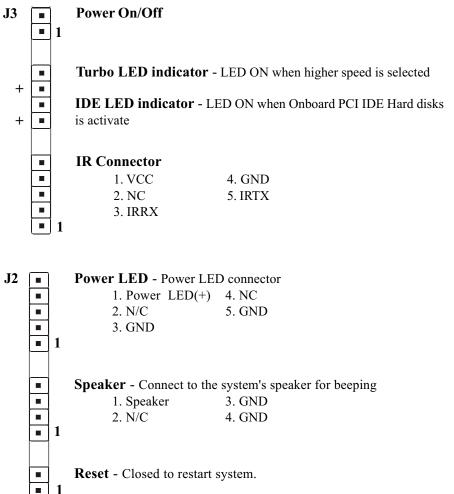
USB port header pin descriptions.

PIN#	Wire color	Signal Name	Comment	
1	Red	Vcc	Cable Power	
2	White	-Data	Data	
3	Green	+Data	Data	
4	Black	Ground	Cable Ground	
5	Black	Ground	Case Ground	
6	Black	Ground	Case Ground	
7	Black	Ground	Cable Ground	
8	Green	+Data	Data	
9	White	-Data	Data	
10	Red	Vcc	Cable Power	

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Device Connectors (continued)

(This is connected to the power button on the case. Using the Soft-Off by Pwr-BTTN feature, you can choose either Instant Off (turns system off immediatly), or 4 sec delay (you need to hold the button down for 4 seconds before the system turns off). When the system is in 4 sec delay mode, there is a special feature to make the system to go into suspend mode when the button is pressed momentarily).



EP-693A Installation

Section 3-5 External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions (KBPO)

On the basis of bounded functions in I/O chipset, the two serial ports are able to support the External Modem Ring-in Power ON function. Once users connect the external modem to COM1 or COM2, the EP-693A mainboard allows users to turn on their system through the remote and host's dial-up control.

Exclusive Keyboard Power ON Function

To innovate a unique feature to benefit users, we devoted the easiest and most convenient way to turn on your system based on the the ATX power supply.

How to work with it.

Step 1: Please check JP4 at the position 2-3 after you finished the system installation.

JP4 Keyboard Power-ON Function JP4 = 1-2 Disabled (Default) = 2-3 Enabled

- **Step 2:** You can enjoy the Keyboard Power ON function (KBPO) by *pressing any key and BUTTON only to turn on your system*. Your system will be turned on automatically, after releasing the keys. To power off you system, you can use the Soft-OFF function under Windows 95/98.
 - **Notes:** Intel ATX version 2.0 specification has recommended you use the power supply with 0.72A(720mA) in 5.0VSB. With our EP-693A mainboard, the 5.0VSB standby power only has to be > 0.2A (200mA) then you can enjoy this unique benefit. However, the ATX power supply which is < 0.2 (200mA) is still applicable to your system by placed JP4 at the position 1-2 to disable this feature.

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EP-693A BIOS

Section 4 AWARD BIOS SETUP

BIOS Instructions

Award's ROM BIOS provides a built-in Setup program which allows user to modify the basic system configuration and hardware parameters. The modified data will be stored in a battery-backed CMOS, so that data will be retained even when the power is turned off. In general, the information saved in the CMOS RAM will stay unchanged unless there is a configuration change in the system, such as hard drive replacement or a device is added.

It is possible for the CMOS battery to fail, this will cause data loss in the CMOS only. If this does happen you will need to reconfigure your BIOS settings.

To enter the Setup Program:

Power on the computer and press the key immediately, this will bring you into the BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY.



Figure 1: CMOS Setup Utility

BIOS EP-693A

The menu displays all the major selection items. Select the item you need to reconfigure. The selection is made by moving the cursor (press any direction key) to the item and pressing the 'Enter' key. An on-line help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as the cursor is moved to various items which provides a better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of the selected item will appear so that the user can modify associated configuration parameters.

4-1 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose "Standard CMOS Setup" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY Menu (Figure 2). The Standard CMOS Setup allows the user to configure system settings such as the current date and time, type of hard disk drive installed, floppy drive type, and display type. Memory size is auto-detected by the BIOS and displayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted (use direction keys to move the cursor and the <Enter> key to select), the entries in the field can be changed by pressing the <PgDn> or the <PgUp> key.

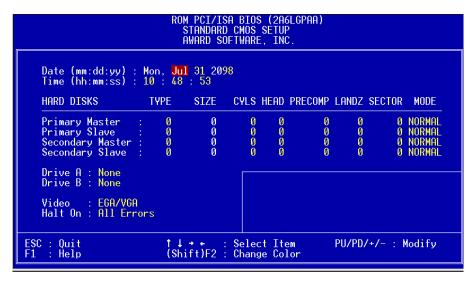


Figure 2: Standard CMOS Setup

EP-693A BIOS

NOTE: If the hard disk Primary Master/Slave and Secondary Master/ Slave are set to Auto, then the hard disk size and model will be auto-detected.

NOTE: The "Halt On:" field is used to determine when to halt the system by the BIOS if an error occurs.

NOTE: Floppy 3 Mode support is a mode used to support a special 3.5" drive used in Japan. This is a 3.5" disk that stores only 1.2 MB, the default setting for this is disabled.

4-2 BIOS Features Setup

Selecting the "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" option in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu allows users to change system related parameters in the displayed menu. This menu shows all of the manufacturer's default values for the EP-693A.

Pressing the [F1] key will display a help message for the selected item.

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA)
                                             BIOS FEATURES SÉTUP
                                             AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
Virus Warning
                                              Disabled
                                                                Video BIOS Shadow
C8000-CBFFF Shadow
                                                                                                   Enabled
CPU Internal Cache
External Cache
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking
Processor Number Feature
Quick Power On Self Test
                                              Enabled
Enabled
                                                                                                   Disabled
                                                                CC000-CFFFF
                                                                                  Shadow
                                                                                                  Disabled
                                                                D0000-D3FFF
                                              Disabled
                                                                                  Shadow
                                                                                                  Disabled
                                              Enabled
                                                                D4000-D7FFF
D8000-DBFFF
                                                                                  Shadow
Shadow
                                                                                                  Disabled
                                              Enabled |
                                                                                                  Disabled
Boot Sequence
Swap Floppy Drive
                                              A,C,SCSI
Disabled
                                                                DC000-DFFFF Shadow
                                                                                                  Disabled
Boot Up Floppy Seek
Boot Up NumLock Status
                                              Enabled
                                              0n
                                              Enabled
IDE HDD Block Mode
Gate A20 Option
                                              Fast
Memory Parity/ECC Check
                                              Disabled
Typematic Rate Setting
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)
                                              Disabled
                                              6
                                                               ESC
F1
F5
F7
                                                                                            ↑↓⊶ : Select Item
PU/PD/+/- : Modify
(Shift)F2 : Color
Typematic Delay (Msec)
                                              250
                                                                         Quit
Security Option
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB
                                                                         Help PU/PD/+
Old Values (Shift)
Load Setup Defaults
                                              Setup
                                              Disabled
Non-OS2
```

Figure 3: BIOS Features Setup

Virus Warning: During and after the system boots up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and an error message will appear.

BIOS EP-693A

You should then run an anti-virus program to locate the virus. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive.

The default value is Disabled.

Enabled: Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector.

Disabled: No warning message will appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector.

Note: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache: This controls the status of the processor's internal cache area. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: This activates the processor's internal cache thereby increasing performance.

Disabled: This deactivates the processor's internal cache thereby lowering performance.

External (L2) Cache: This controls the status of the external (L2) cache area. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: This activates the CPU'S L2 cache thereby increasing performance.

Disabled: This deactivates the ard CPU'S L2 cache thereby lowering performance.

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking: This control if the CPU's L2 Cache will support Error Checking and Correcting (ECC). The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Enables ECC support for the CPU's L2 cache. Performance will decrease $2\% \sim 4\%$.

Disabled: Disables ECC support for the CPU's L2 cache.

Processor Number Feature: Pentium III or later CPU new feature. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Processor serial number readable. **Disabled**: Processor serial number disabled.

Quick Power On Self Test: This category speeds up the Power On Self Test (POST). The default is Enabled.

Enabled: This setting will shorten or skip of the items checked during POST.

Disabled: Normal POST.

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Boot Sequence: This category determines which drive is searched first by the O/S (Operating System). The default is A,C,SCSI.

The following is your list of options:
[A, C, SCSI] - [C, A, SCSI] - [C, CD-ROM, A] - [CD-ROM, C, A]
[D, A, CD-ROM], [E, A, CD-ROM] - [F, A, CD-ROM] - [SCSI, A, C]
[SCSI C, A] - [C Only]

Swap Floppy Drive: This will swap your physical drive letters A & B if you are using two floppy disks. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Floppy A & B will be swapped under the O/S.

Disabled: Floppy A & B will be not swapped.

Boot Up Floppy Seek: During Power-On-Self-Test (POST), BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1.2MB and 1.44MB are all 80 tracks. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: The BIOS will search the floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks.

Disabled: The BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number.

Note: BIOS can not tell the difference between 720K, 1.2MB and 1.44MB drive types as they are all 80 tracks.

Boot Up NumLock Status: This controls the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. The default is On.

On: The keypad acts as a 10-key pad.

Off: The keypad acts like the cursor keys.

IDE HDD Block Mode: IDE Block Mode allows the controller to access blocks of sectors rather than a single sector at a time. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Enabled IDE HDD Block Mode. Provides higher HDD transfer rates.

Disabled: Disable IDE HDD Block Mode.

Gate A20 Option: This refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1MB (extended memory). The default is Fast.

Normal: The A20 signal is controlled by the keyboard controller or chipset hardware.

Fast: The A20 signal is controlled by Port 92 or chipset specific method.

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Memory Parity/ECC Check: If the DRAM chip in your system support Parity/ECC check, select Enabled.

Typematic Rate Setting: This determines the keystrokes repeat rate.

The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Allows typematic rate and typematic delay programming.

Disabled: The typematic rate and typematic delay will be controlled by the keyboard controller in your system.

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec): This is the number of characters that will be repeated by a keyboard press. The default is 6.

6: 6 characters per second.
10: 10 characters per second.
12: 12 characters per second.
15: 15 characters per second.
20: 20 characters per second.
24: 24 characters per second.
30: 30 characters per second.

Typematic Delay (msec): This setting controls the time between the first and the second character displayed by typematic auto-repeat. The default is 250.

250: 250 msec. **500**: 500 msec. **750**: 750 msec. **1000**: 1000 msec.

Security Option: This category allows you to limit access to the System and Setup, or just to Setup. The default is Setup.

System: The system will not boot and the access to Setup will be denied if the

correct password is not entered at the prompt.

Setup: The system will boot; but the access to Setup will be denied if the

incorrect password is not entered at the prompt.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop: This field controls the ability of a primary PCI VGA controller to share a common palette (When a snoop write cycles) with an ISA video card. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: If an ISA card is connected to a PCI VGA card via the VESA connector, and that ISA card connects to a VGA monitor, then that ISA card uses the RAMDAC of the PCI card.

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OS Select For DRAM > 64MB: Some operating systems require special handling. Use this option only if your system has greater than 64MB of memory. The default is Non-OS2.

OS2: Select this if you are running the OS/2 operating system with greater than 64MB of RAM.

Non-OS2: Select this for all other operating systems and configurations.

Video BIOS Shadow: This option allows video BIOS to be copied into RAM.

Video Shadowing will increase the video performance of your system.

The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Video shadow is enabled. **Disabled**: Video shadow is disabled.

C8000 - CBFFF Shadow: CC000 - CFFFF Shadow: D4000 - D3FFF Shadow: D4000 - D7FFF Shadow: DC000 - DFFFF Shadow:

These categories determine whether ROMs from option cards will be copied into RAM. This will be in 16K byte or 32K byte units, and the size will depend on chipset of the option card.

Enabled: Optional shadow is enabled. **Disabled**: Optional shadow is disabled.

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4-3 Chipset Features Setup

Choose the "CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu to display following menu.

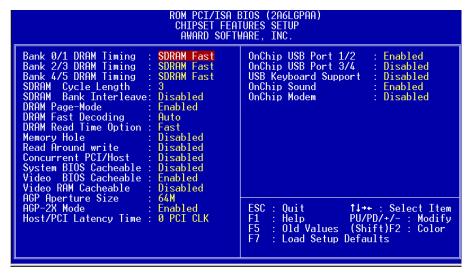


Figure 4: Chipset Features Setup

Bank 0/1, 2/3 DRAM Timing: This value in this field is set by the system board manufacturer. The default is SDRAM Fast.

The Choice: SDRAM Fast, SDRAM Normal.

SDRAM Cycle length: This setting defines the CAS timing parameter of the SDRAM in terms of clocks. The default is 3.

2: Provides faster memory performance.

3: Provides better memory compatibility.

SDRAM Bank Interleave: The item allows you to set how many banks of SDRAM support in your mainboard.

The Choice: 2 Bank, 4 Bank, Disabled.

DRAM Page-Mode: The item will active or inactive chipset page registers.

Enabled: Page-Mode Enabled.

Disabled: No page registers update and non Page-Mode operation.

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DRAM Fast Decoding: The item will effective DRAM operation sequential.

DRAM Read Time Option: The item will effective DRAM reading CMD sequential.

Memory Hole: You can reserve this memory area for the use of ISA adaptor ROMs. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: This field enables the main memory (15~16MB) to remap to ISA BUS.

Disabled: Normal Setting.

Note: If this feature is enabled you will not be able to cache this memory segment.

Read Around write: DRAM optimization feature: If a memory read is addressed to a location whose latest write is being held in a buffer contents, and the read is not sent to the DRAM.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled

Concurrent PCI/Host: When disabled, CPU bus will be occupied during the entire PCI operation period.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled

System BIOS Cacheable: This allows you to copy your BIOS code from slow ROM to fast RAM. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: The option will improve system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

Disabled: System BIOS non-cacheable.

Video BIOS Cacheable: This option copies the video ROM BIOS to fast RAM (C0000h to C7FFFh). The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Enables the Video BIOS Cacheable to speed up the VGA Performance.

Disabled: Will not use the Video BIOS Cacheable function.

Video RAM Cacheable: This option allows the CPU to cache read/writes of the video RAM. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: This option allows for faster video access.

Disabled: Reduced video performance.

AGP Aperture Size: The amount of system memory that the AGP card is allowed to share. The default is 64.

4: 4MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

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8: 8MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.16: 16MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

32: 32MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

64: 64MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

128: 128MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

256: 256MB of systems memory accessable by the AGp card.

AGP-2X Mode: Chipset AGP Mode support.

Options: Enabled, Didabled.

USB Keyboard Support: This controls the activation status of an optional USB

keyboard that may be attached. The default is disabled.

Enabled: Enable USB keyboard support. **Disabled**: Disable USB keyboard support.

OnChip Sound: Turn on/off onchip sound device.

OnChip Modem: Turn on/off onchip software modem device.

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4-4 Power Management Setup

Choose the "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY to display the following screen. This menu allows the user to modify the power management parameters and IRQ signals. In general, these parameters should not be changed unless it's absolutely necessary.

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA)
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
                                                   Primary INTR
IRQ3 (COM 2)
IRQ4 (COM 1)
ACPI function
                          Enabled
Power Management
                          User Define
                                                                             Primary
                                                                             Primary
PM Control by APM
                          Yes
                                                           (LPT 2)
Video Off After
                                                   IRQ5
                                                                             Primary
                          Suspend
Video Off Method
MODEM Use IRQ
                          V/H SYNC+Blank
                                                           (Floppy Disk): Primary
                                                   IRO6
                                                          (LPT 1)
(RTC Alarm)
                                                   IRQ7
                                                                             Primary
                                                   IRQ8
Soft-Off by PWRBTN
                          Delay 4 Sec
                                                                             Disabled
PWRON After PW-Fail:
                                                   IRÒ9
                                                           (IRQ2 Redir)
                          Off
                                                                              Secondary
HDD Power Down
                          Disable
                                                   IRQ10
                                                           (Reserved)
                                                                              Secondary
                                                   IRO11
IRO12
Doze Mode
                          Disable
                                                           Reserved)
                                                                              Secondary
Suspend Mode
                          Disable
                                                           (PS/2 Mouse)
                                                                             Primary
                                                          (Coprocessor):
(Hard Disk) :
         ** PM Events **
                                                   IRQ13
                                                                             Primary
                                                   IRQ14
                          OFF
                                                                             Primary
VGA
                          LPT/COM
ON
LPT & COM
HDD & FDD
                                                   IRÓ15
                                                          (Reserved)
                                                                             Disabled
                                                  ESC
F1
F5
DMA/master
                          OFF
                                                                         ↑↓++ : Select Item
PU/PD/+/- : Modify
                                                          Quit
                                                          Help
Old Values
Modem Ring Resume
                          Disabled
                                                                          (Shift)F2
RTC Alarm Resume
                          Disabled
                                                                                         Color
                                                          Load Setup Defaults
```

Figure 5: Power Management Setup

ACPI Function: This option allows you to select ACPI Function.

The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Support ACPI function for new O.S

Disabled: No Support ACPI function.

You can only change the content of Doze Mode, Standby Mode, and Suspend Mode when the Power Management is set to 'User Define'.

Power Management: Use this to select your Power Management selection. The default is User define.

Disabled: The system operates in NORMAL conditions (Non-GREEN), and

the Power Management function is disabled.

Max. saving: Maximum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode. **Min. saving**: Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode.

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User define: Allows user to define PM Timers parameters to control power saving mode.

PM controlled APM: This option shows weather or not you want the Power Management to be controlled the Advanced Power Management (APM). The default is Yes.

Yes: APM controls your PM

No: APM does not control your PM

Video Off After: Tells you what time frame that the video will be disabled under current power management settings. The default is Standby.

Standby: Video powers off after time shown in standby mode setting.Doze: Video powers off after time shown in doze mode setting.Suspend: Video powers off after time shown in suspend mode setting.

N/A: Video power off not controlled by power management.

Video Off Method: This option allows you to select how the video will be disabled by the power management. The default is V/H Sync + Blank

V/H Sync + Blank: System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization

ports and writes blanks to the video buffer.

DPMS: Select this option if your monitor supports the Display

Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA). Use the software supplied for your video subsystem to select video

power management values.

Blank Screen: System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

MODEM Use IRQ: Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system. Default is IRQ 3.

N/A: No IRQ is used. 3: IRQ 3 4: IRQ 4 5: IRQ 5 7: IRQ 7 9: IRQ 9 10: IRQ 10 11: IRQ 11

Soft-Off by PWRBTN: Use this to select your soft-off function.

The default is Instant Off.

Instant Off: Turns off the system instantly.

Delay 4 Second: Turns off the system after a 4 second delay. If momentary

press of button, the system will go into Suspend Mode. Press the power botton again to take system out of Suspend Mode.

PWRON After PW-Fail: The system will stay of or power on after a power interrupte. The default is Fomer-Status.

Fomer-Status: Stay off or power on depend on system safe shut-down or power

fail.

ON: System always power on after a power interrupte.

OFF: System always stay off after a power interrupte.

HDD Power Down: HDD Standby timer can be set from 1 to 15 minute(s).

Doze Mode: The "Doze" mode timer starts to count when no "PM events" have occurred.

Suspend Mode: This function works only when the Pentium II Processor is installed. The timer starts to count when "System Standby" mode timer is timed out and no "PM Events" are occurring. Valid range is from 1 minute up to 1 hour.

VGA: When set to On (default), any event occurring at a VGA port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

LPT & COM: When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at a COM(serial)/ LPT (printer) port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

HDD & FDD: When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at a hard or floppy drive port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

PCI Master: When set to *On* (default), any event occurring to the DMA controller will awaken a system which has been powered down.

Modem Ring Resume: When set to *Enabled*, any event occurring to the Modem Ring will awaken a system which has been powered down.

RTC Alarm Resume: When set to *Enable rtc alarm resume*, you could set the date (of month) and timer (hh:mm:ss), any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.

Primary INTR: When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.

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4-5 PNP/PCI Configuration

The PNP/PCI configuration program is for the user to modify the PCI/ISA IRQ signals when various PCI/ISA cards are inserted in the PCI or ISA slots.

WARNING: Conflicting IRQ's may cause the system to not find certain devices.

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA)
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                       AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
PNP OS Installed
                                                        CPU to PCI Write Buffer:
                                                                                            Enabled
                                                        PCI Dynamic Bursting
PCI Master 0 WS Write
Resources Controlled By
                                                                                            Enabled |
                                   : Manual
Reset Configuration Data : Disabled
                                                                                            Enabled
                                                        PCI Delay Transaction
                                                                                            Enabled 5 2 2
IRQ-3
IRO-4
         assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
                                                        PCI#2 Access #1 Retry
                                                                                            Disabled
                                                        AGP Master 1 WS Write
                                                                                            Enabled
ÍRÕ-5
IRÕ-7
                                                        AGP Master 1 WS Read
                             PCI/ISA PnP
          assigned to :
                                                                                            Disabled
                             PCI/ISA PnP
          assigned to
                                                        Slot 1 Use IRQ No.
Slot 2 Use IRQ No.
Slot 3 Use IRQ No.
Slot 4 Use IRQ No.
Slot 5 Use IRQ No.
IRQ-9
                             PCI/ISA PnP
         assigned to
                                                                                       Auto
                             PCI/ISA PnP
PCI/ISA PnP
PCI/ISA PnP
PCI/ISA PnP
PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-10 assigned to
                                                                                       Auto
IRO-11 assigned to IRO-12 assigned to
                                                                                       Auto
                                                                                       Auto
IRO-14 assigned to
IRO-15 assigned to
                                                                                       Auto
DMÀ-0
                             PCI/ISA
         assigned to
                             PCI/ISA
                                                        ESC
F1
F5
                                                                                  ↑↓++ : Select Item
PU/PD/+/- : Modify
DMA-1
          assigned to
                                                                Quit
Help
                             PCI/ISA
DMA-3
          assigned to
                                                                                  (Shift)F2
DMA-5
                             PCI/ISA PnP
                                                                 Old Values
                                                                                                  Color
          assigned to
                             PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-6
                                                                 Load Setup Defaults
          assigned to
DMA-7
          assigned to
```

Figure 6: PCI Configuration Setup

PNP OS Installed: Do you have a PNP OS installed on your system. The default is No.

Yes: Select if you are using a PNP OS.

No: Select if your OS does not support PNP.

Resources Controlled By: Who controlled the system PNP/PCI resources. The default is Auto.

Manual: PNP Card's resources will be controlled manually. You can set which IRO-X and DMA-X are assigned to PCI/ISA PNP or Legacy ISA Cards.

Auto: If your ISA card and PCI card are all PNP cards, BIOS will assign the interrupt resource automatically.

Reset Configuration Data: This setting allows you to clear ESCD data.

The default is Disabled **Disabled**: Normal Setting.

Enabled: If you have plugged in some Legacy cards to the system and they were

recorded into ESCD (Extended System Configuration Data), you can

set this field to Enabled in order to clear ESCD.

CPU to PCI Write Buffer: When enabled, up to four D words of data can be written to the PCI bus without interruting the CPU. When disabled, a write buffer is not used and the CPU read cycle will not be completed until the PCI bus signals that it is ready to receive the data.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Dynamic Bursting: When Enabled, data transfers on the PCI bus, where possible, make use of the high-performance PCI bust protocol, in which graeater amounts of data are transferred at a single command.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Master 0 WS Write: When Enabled, writes to the PCI bus are command with zero wait states.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Delay Transaction: The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI #2 Access #1 Retry: This item allows you enabled/disable the PCI #2

Access #1 Retry.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP Master 1 WS Write: When Enabled, writes to the AGP are executed with one wait states.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP Master 1 WS Read: When Enabled, read to the AGP are executed with one wait states.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

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Slot 1 to Slot 5 Use IRQ No: These settings allow the user to specify what IRQ will be assigned to PCI devices in the chosen slot. Options available: Auto,3,4,5, 7,9,10,11,12,14 & 15. The defaults are Auto.

4-6 Load Setup Defaults

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary only when the system CMOS data is corrupted.

4-7 Integrated Peripherals

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA)
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
                                                   AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
OnChip IDE Channel0 :
OnChip IDE Channel1 :
IDE Prefetch Mode :
                                                                         Onboard Parallel Mode :
ECP Mode Use DMA :
Parallel Port EPP Type:
                                        Enabled
Enabled
                                                                                                                      ECP/EPP
                                                                                                                      3
EPP1.9
                                        Enabled
                                                                         Onboard Legacy Audio
Sound Blaster
SB I/O Base Address
SB IRQ Select
SB DMA Select
Primary Master
Primary Slave
                                                                                                                      Enabled
Disabled
                               PIO: Auto
                               PIO: Auto
Secondary Master PIO: Auto
Secondary Slave PIO: Auto
                                                                                                                      220H
IRQ 5
Primary Master
                             UDMA: Auto
                                                                                                                      DMÀ 1
Primary Slave
                             UDMA: Auto
                                                                          MPU-401
                                                                                                                      Disabled
Secondary MasterUDMA: Auto
Secondary Slave UDMA: Auto
                                                                          MPU-401 I/O Address
FM Port (388-38BH)
                                                                                                                      330-333H
                                                                                                                      Disabled
Init Display First
                                   : PCI Slot
                                                                          Game Port (200-207H)
                                                                                                                      Enabled
Onboard FDD Controller: Enabled
Onboard Serial Port 1 : Auto
Onboard Serial Port 2 : Auto
UART 2 Mode : HPSIR
                                                                         ESC :
F1 :
F5 :
F7 :
                                                                                 : Quit
: Help
: Old Values
                                                                                                           ↑↓→← : Select Item
PU/PD/+/- : Modify
                                                                                                           (Shift)F2 : Color
IR Function Duplex :
IX,RX inverting enable:
Onboard Parallel Port :
                                            Half
                                                   Yes
                                            No.
                                                                                     Load Setup Defaults
                                            378/IR07
```

Figure 7: Integrated Peripherals

Note: If you do not use the Onboard IDE connector, then you will need to set
Onboard Primary PCI IDE: Disabled and Onboard Secondary PCI IDE:
Disabled

Note: The Onboard PCI IDE cable should be equal to or less than 18 inches (45 cm.).

OnChip IDE Channel0: The default value is Enabled.

Enabled: Enables Onboard IDE primary port. **Disabled**: Disables Onboard IDE primary port.

OnChip IDE Channel1: The default is Enabled. Enabled: Enables Onboard IDE secondary port. Disabled: Disables Onboard IDE secondary port.

IDE Prefetch Mode: Enable prefetching for IDE drive interfaces that support its faster drive accesses. If uou are getting disk drive errors, change the setting to omit the drive interface where the errors occur. Depending on the configuration

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of your IDE subsystem, this field may not appear, and it does not appear when the Internal PCI/IDE field, above, is Disabled.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Primary Master PIO: The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Master PCI IDE

HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Primary Slave PIO: The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Slave PCI IDE

HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Secondary Master PIO: The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Master PCI

IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Secondary Slave PIO: The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Slave PCI

IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Primary Master UDMA: This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive. The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Primary Slave UDMA: This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive. The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Secondary Master UDMA: This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive. The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Secondary Slave UDMA: This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive. The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Init Display First: If two video cards are used (1 AGP and 1 PCI) this specifies which one will be the primary display adapter. The default is PCI Slot.

PCI Slots: PCI video card will be primary adapter.

AGP: AGP video card will be primary adapter.

Onboard FDD Controller: This controls the state of the onboard floppy controller. The default value is Enabled.

Enabled: Enable the Onboard Winbond Chips's floppy drive interface controller. **Disabled**: Disable the Onboard Winbond Chip's floppy drive interface controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1: This field allows the user to configure the 1st serial port. The default is Auto.

AUTO: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is Auto adjusted.

COM1: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4.

COM2: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3.

COM3: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4.

COM4: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3.

Disabled: Disable Onboard SMC CHIP's Serial port 1.

Onboard Serial Port 2: This field allows the user to configure the 2nd serial port. The default is Auto.

AUTO: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is Auto adjusted.

COM1: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3F8H/1RQ4

COM2: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3.

COM3: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4.

COM4: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3.

Disabled: Disable Onboard SMC CHIP's Serial port 2.

UART 2 Mode: This item allows you to determine which Infra Red (IR) function of onboard I/O chip.

The Choice: Standard, ASKIR, HPSIR.

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IR Function Duplex: This item allows you to select the IR function when you select the UART2 Mode is ASKIR.

The Choice: Half, Full.

TX, RX inverting enable: This item invert serial port 2 TX and RX output signal level.

No, No —— TX, RX have no signal inverting.

No, Yes —— RX have signal inverting.

Yes, No —— TX have signal inverting.

Yes, Yes — TX, RX have signal inverting.

Onboard Parallel port: This field allows the user to configure the LPT port. The default is 378H / IRQ7.

378H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 378H and IRQ7.
278H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 278H and IRQ5.
3BCH: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 3BCH and IRQ7.

Disabled: Disable Onboard Winbond Chip's LPT port.

Parallel Port Mode: This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode. The default is Normal.

Normal: Standard mode. IBM PC/AT Compatible bidirectional parallel port.

EPP: Enhanced Parallel Port mode.

ECP: Extended Capabilities Port mode. **EPP+ECP**: ECP Mode & EPP Mode.

ECP Mode USE DMA: This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode. The default is DMA3.

DMA1: This field selects the routing of DMA1 for the ECP mode.DMA3: This field selects the routing of DMA3 for the ECP mode.

Parallel Port EPP Type: This item allows you to determine the IR transfer mode of onboard I/O chip.

The Choice: EPP1.9, EPP1.7.

Onboard Legacy Audio: Legacy Audio enabled/disabled.

Sound Blaster: Sound Blaster compatible device enabled/disabled.

SB I/O Base Address: Sound Blaster I/O resource selection.

SB IRQ Select: Legacy audio device IRQ selection.

SB DMA Select: Sound Blaster DMA channel selection.

MPU-401: MPU-401 function enabled/disabled.

MPU-401 I/O Address: Built-in MPU-401 compatible MIDI I/O port selection:

300-303H

310-313H

320-323H

330-333H (default)

Game Port (200-207H): Built-in joystick port support disabled/enabled(default).

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4-8 Sensor and CPU Speed Setup

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA)
SENSOR & CPU SPEED SETTING
                                    AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk :
                                                    Current CPU Temp.
                                  Enabled
                                                                                    : 31°C/87°F
Spread Spectrum
                                   Disabled
                                                    Current
                                                              System Temp.
                                                                                    : 24°C/75°F
CPU Host Clock (CPU/PCI)
                                                                 CPU
                                                                        Fan Speed: 0 RPM
                                   Default
                                                    Current
DRAM Clock Is
VIA Cyrix III CPU Ratio
CPU Fan In Suspend
                                   Host Clock
                                                    Current Chassis Fan Speed: ORPM
                                  Auto
                                                    Vcore :
                                                           : 2.07V
: 3.33V
                                                     3.3V : 3.33V
12V : 12.15V
                                   Nff
                                                                           ↑↓→← : Select Item
PU/PD/+/- : Modify
                                                        : Ouit
                                                        : Help
                                                         : Old Values
                                                                           (Shift)F2 : Color
                                                           Load Setup Defaults
```

Figure 8: Sensor and CPU Speed Setup

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk: When enabled the motherboard will automatically disable the clock source for a DIMM socket which does not have a module in it. Same applies for PCI slots. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Enables this option. **Disabled**: Disables this option.

Spread Spectrum: The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Enables this option. **Disabled**: Disables this option.

CPU Host Clock (CPU/PCI): Allows the external clock to be modified depending upon what FSB has been selected. Should not be used to clock processor faster than it was designed for. The default is Default.

DRAM Clock Is: The item will synchronize/asynchronize DRAM operation clock.

Host Clock: DRAM has same working clock with CPU host bus.

2/3 Host: DRAM running with lower operation clock.

VIA CyrixIII Clock Ratio: CyrixIII CPU Ratio adjust (for CyrixIII CPU only).

CPUFAN Off In Suspend: This option is used to set if the CPU fans will turn off during suspend mode. The default is Off.

Off: The system will turn off the CPU fans during suspend mode. **On**: The system will turn on the CPU fan during suspend mode.

Current System Temp: This is the Current temperature of the system.

Current CPU Temperature: This is the current temperature of the CPU.

Current CPU FAN Speed: The current CPU fan speed in RPMs.

Current Chassis FAN Speed: The current chassis fan speed in RPMs.

CPU(V): The voltage level of the CPU(Vio/Vcore).

Vtt, +3.3V, +5V, +12V: The voltage level of the switch power supply.

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4-9 Change Supervisor or User Password

To change the password, choose the "SUPERVISOR PASSWORD or USER PASSWORD" option from the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu and press [Enter].

Note: Either "Setup" or "System" must be selected in the "Security Option" of the BIOS FEATURES SETUP menu.

 If CMOS is corrupted or the option was not used, a default password stored in the ROM will be used. The screen will display the following message:

Enter Password:

Press the [Enter] key to continue after the proper password is given.

2. If the CMOS is corrupted or the option was used earlier and the user wishes to change the default password, the SETUP UTILITY will display a message and ask for a confirmation.

Confirm Password:

 After pressing the [Enter] key (ROM password if the option was not used) or current password (user-defined password), the user can change the password and store new one in CMOS RAM. A maximum of 8 characters can be entered.

4-10 IDE HDD Auto Detection

The "IDE HDD auto detection" utility is a very useful tool, especially when you do not know which kind of hard disk type you are using. You can use this utility to detect the correct disk type installed in the system automatically. But now you can set HARD DISK TYPE to Auto in the STANDARD CMOS SETUP. You don't need the "IIDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" utility. The BIOS will Auto-detect the hard disk size and model on display during POST.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LJPAA) CMOS SETUPUTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

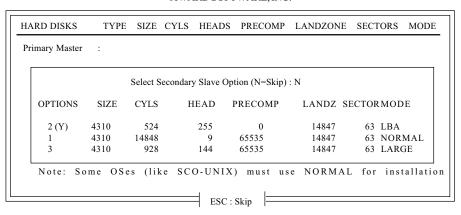


Figure 9: IDE HDD Auto Detection

Note: HDD Modes

The Award BIOS supports 3 HDD modes : NORMAL, LBA & LARGE NORMAL mode

Generic access mode in which neither the BIOS nor the IDE controller will make any transformations during accessing.

The maximum number of cylinders, head & sectors for NORMAL mode are 1024, 16 & 63.

no. Cylinder	(1024)
x no. Head	(16)
x no. Sector	(63)
x no. per sector	(512)
	528 Megabytes

BIOS EP-693A

If user set his HDD to NORMAL mode, the maximum accessible HDD size will be 528 Megabytes even though its physical size may be greater than that!

LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode: A new HDD accessing method to overcome the 528 Megabyte bottleneck. The number of cylinders, heads & sectors shown in setup may not be the number physically contained in the HDD. During HDD accessing, the IDE controller will transform the logical address described by sector, head & cylinder into its own physical address inside the HDD. The maximum HDD size supported by LBA mode is 8.4 GigaBytes which is obtained by the following formula:

	8.4 GigaBytes
x bytes per sector	(512)
x no. Sector	(63)
x no. Head	(255)
no. Cylinder	(1024)

LARGE mode: Extended HDD access mode supported by Award Software.

Some IDE HDDs contain more than 1024 cylinder without LBA support (in some cases, user do not want LBA). The Award BIOS provides another alternative to support these kinds of LARGE mode.

CYLS	HEADS	SECTOR	MODE
1120	16	59	NORMAL
560	32	59	LARGE

BIOS tricks DOS (or other OS) that the number of cylinders is less than 1024 by dividing it by 2. At the same time, the number of heads is multiplied by 2. A reverse transformation process will be made inside

INT 12h in order to access the right HDD address!

Maximum HDD size:

no. Cylinder	(1024)
x no. Head	(32)
x no. Sector	(63)
x bytes per sector	(512)
	1 GigaByte

Note: To support LBA or LARGE mode of HDDs, there must be some software involved. All the software is located in the Award HDD Service Routine

(INT 13h). It may fail to access a HDD with LBA (LARGE) mode selected if you are running under an Operating System which replaces the whole INT 13h.

UNIX operating systems do not support either LBA or LARGE and must utilize the Standard mode. UNIX can support drives larger than 528MB.

4-11 Save & Exit Setup

The "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option will bring you back to the boot up procedure with all the changes you just recorded in the CMOS RAM.

4-12 Exit Without Saving

The "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" option will bring you back to normal boot up procedure without saving any data into CMOS RAM.

All old data in the CMOS will not be destroyed.

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Appendix A

A-1 MEMORY MAP

Address Range	Size	Description
[00000-7FFFF]	512K	Conventional memory
[80000-9FBFF]	127K	Extended Conventional memory
[9FC00-9FFFF]	1K	Extended BIOS data area if PS/2 mouse is installed
[A0000-C7FFF]	160K	Available for Hi DOS memory
[C8000-DFFFF]	96K	Available for Hi DOS memory and adapter ROMs
[E0000-EEFFF]	60K	Available for UMB
[EF000-EFFFF]	4K	Video service routine for Monochrome & CGA adaptor
[F0000-F7FFF]	32K	BIOS CMOS setup utility
[F8000-FCFFF]	20K	BIOS runtime service routine (2)
[FD000-FDFFF]	4K	Plug and Play ESCD data area
[FE000-FFFFF]	8K	BIOS runtime service routine (1)

A-2 I/O MAP

[000-01F] [020-021] [022-023] [040-05F] [060-06F] [070-07F] [080-09F] [0A0-0BF] [0C0-0DF] [0F0-0FF]	DMA controller.(Master) INTERRUPT CONTROLLER.(Master) CHIPSET control registers. I/O ports. TIMER control registers. KEYBOARD interface controller.(8042) RTC ports & CMOS I/O ports. DMA register. INTERRUPT controller.(Slave) DMA controller.(Slave) MATH COPROCESSOR.
[0C0-0DF]	DMA controller.(Slave)
[2B0-2DF]	GRAPHICS adapter controller.

[2F8-2FF]	SERIAL port 2.
[360-36F]	NETWORK ports.
[378-37F]	PARALLEL port 1.
[3B0-3BF]	MONOCHROME & PARALLEL port adapter.
[3C0-3CF]	EGA adapter.
[3D0-3DF]	CGA adapter.
[3F0-3F7]	FLOPPY DISK controller.
[3F8-3FF]	SERIAL port 1.

A-3 TIMER & DMA CHANNELS MAP

TIMER MAP:

TIMER Channel 0 System timer interrupt.

TIMER Channel 1 DRAM REFRESH request.

TIMER Channel 2 SPEAKER tone generator.

DMA CHANNELS:

DMA Channel 0 Available.

DMA Channel 1 Onboard ECP (Option).

DMA Channel 2 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).

DMA Channel 3 Onboard ECP (default).

DMA Channel 4 Cascade for DMA controller 1.

DMA Channel 5 Available.

DMA Channel 6 Available.

DMA Channel 7 Available

A-4 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI:

Parity check error.

IRQ (H/W):

- 0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER 0.
- 1 KEYBOARD output buffer full.
- 2 Cascade for IRQ 8-15.
- 3 SERIAL port 2.
- 4 SERIAL port 1.
- 5 PARALLEL port 2.

- 6 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).
- 7 PARALLEL port 1.
- 8 RTC clock.
- 9 Available.
- 10 Available.
- 11 Available.
- 12 PS/2 Mouse.
- 13 MATH coprocessor.
- Onboard HARD DISK (IDE1) channel.
- Onboard HARD DISK (IDE1) channel.

A-5 RTC & CMOS RAM MAP

RTC & CMOS:

- 00 Seconds.
- 01 Second alarm.
- 02 Minutes.
- 03 Minutes alarm.
- 04 Hours.
- 05 Hours alarm.
- Day of week.
- Day of month.
- 08 Month.
- 09 Year.
- 0A Status register A.
- 0B Status register B.
- 0C Status register C.
- 0D Status register D.
- 0E Diagnostic status byte.
- 0F Shutdown byte.
- 10 FLOPPY DISK drive type byte.
- 11 Reserve.
- 12 HARD DISK type byte.
- 13 Reserve.
- 14 Equipment type.
- Base memory low byte.

16	Base memory high byte.
17	Extension memory low byte.
18	Extension memory high byte.
19-2d	
2E-2F	
30	Reserved for extension memory low byte.
31	Reserved for extension memory high byte.
32	DATE CENTURY byte.
33	INFORMATION FLAG.
34-3F	Reserve.
40-7F	Reserved for CHIPSET SETTING DATA.

Appendix B

B-1 POST CODES

ISA POST codes are typically output to I/O port address 80h.

POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION
01-02	Reserved.
C0	Turn off OEM specific cache, shadow.
03	1. Initialize EISA registers (EISA BIOS only).
	2. Initialize all the standard devices with default values
	Standard devices includes.
	- DMA controller (8237).
	- Programmable Interrupt Controller (8259).
	- Programmable Interval Timer (8254).
	- RTC chip.
04	Reserved
05	 Keyboard Controller Self-Test.
06	2. Enable Keyboard Interface.
07	Reserved.
08	Verifies CMOS's basic R/W functionality.
C1	Auto-detection of onboard DRAM & Cache.
C5	Copy the BIOS from ROM into E0000-FFFFF shadow RAM
	so that POST will go faster.
08	Test the first 256K DRAM.
09	OEM specific cache initialization. (if needed)
0A	1. Initialize the first 32 interrupt vectors with corresponding Interrupt handlers. Initialize INT numbers from 33-120 with Dummy (Spurious) Interrupt Handler.
	2. Issue CPUID instruction to identify CPU type.
0.D	3. Early Power Management initialization. (OEM specific)
0B	1. Verify the RTC time is valid or not.
	2. Detect bad battery.
	3. Read CMOS data into BIOS stack area.
	4. PnP initializations including. (PnP BIOS only)
	- Assign CSN to PnP ISA card.

	- Create resource map from ESCD.
	5. Assign IO & Memory for PCI devices. (PCI BIOS only)
0C	Initialization of the BIOS Data Area. (40:ON - 40:FF)
0D	1. Program some of the Chipset's value according to Setup.
	(Early Setup Value Program)
	2. Measure CPU speed for display & decide the system
	clock speed.
	3. Video initialization including Monochrome, CGA, EGA/
	VGA. If no display device found, the speaker will beep.
0E	1. Test video RAM. (If Monochrome display device found)
	2. Show messages including.
	- Award Logo, Copyright string, BIOS Data code & Part
	No.
	- OEM specific sign on messages.
	- Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS ONLY)
	- CPU brand, type & speed.
	 Test system BIOS checksum. (Non-Compress Version only)
0F	DMA channel 0 test.
10	DMA channel 1 test.
11	DMA page registers test.
12-13	Reserved.
14	Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter 2.
15	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1.
16	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2.
17	Reserved.
19	Test 8259 functionality.
1A-1D	Reserved.
1E	If EISA NVM checksum is good, execute EISA initialization.
	(EISA BIOS only)
1F-29	Reserved.
30	Detect Base Memory & Extended Memory Size.
31	1. Test Base Memory from 256K to 640K.
	2. Test Extended Memory from 1M to the top of memory.
32	1. Display the Award Plug & Play BIOS Extension message.
	(PnP BIOS only)
	2. Program all onboard super I/O chips (if any) including

	COM ports, LPT ports, FDD port according to setup value.
33-3B	Reserved.
3C	Set flag to allow users to enter CMOS Setup Utility.
3D	1. Initialize Keyboard.
	2. Install PS2 mouse.
3E	Try to turn on Level 2 cache.
	Note: Some chipset may need to turn on the L2 cache in this stage. But usually, the cache is turn on later in POST 61h.
3F-40	Reserved.
BF	 Program the rest of the Chipset's value according to Setup. (Later Setup Value Program)
41	2. If auto-configuration is enabled, program the chipset with pre-defined Values.
42	Initialize floppy disk drive controller.
43	Initialize Hard drive controller.
45	If it is a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports.
44	Reserved.
45	Initialize math coprocessor.
46-4D	Reserved.
4E	If there is any error detected (such as video, kb), show all error messages on the screen & wait for user to press <f1> key.</f1>
4F	1. If password is needed, ask for password.
	2. Clear the Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS only)
50	Write all CMOS values currently in the BIOS stack area back
	into the CMOS.
51	Reserved.
52	1. Initialize all ISA ROMs.
	2. Later PCI initializations. (PCI BIOS only)
	 assign IRQ to PCI devices.
	- initialize all PCI ROMs.
	3. PnP Initialzations. (PnP BIOS only)
	- assign IO, Memory, IRQ & DMA to PnP ISA devices.
	- initialize all PnP ISA ROMs.
	4. Program shadows RAM according to Setup settings.
	5. Program parity according to Setup setting.

	6. Power Management Initialization.
	- Enable/Disable global PM.
	- APM interface initialization.
53	1. If it is NOT a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports.
	2. Initialize time value in BIOS data area by translate the RTC
	time value into a timer tick value.
60	Setup Virus Protection. (Boot Sector Protection)
	functionality according to Setup setting.
61	1. Try to turn on Level 2 cache.
	Note: If L2 cache is already turned on in POST 3D, this
	part will be skipped.
	2. Set the boot up speed according to Setup setting.
	3. Last chance for Chipset initialization.
	4. Last chance for Power Management initialization.
	(Green BIOS only)
	5. Show the system configuration table.
62	1. Setup daylight saving according to Setup value.
	2. Program the NUM Lock, typematic rate & typematic
	speed according to Setup setting.
63	1. If there is any changes in the hardware configuration,
	update the ESCD information. (PnP BIOS only)
	2. Clear memory that have been used.
	3. Boot system via INT 19H.
FF	System Booting. This means that the BIOS already pass the
	control right to the operating system.

B-2 Unexpected Errors:

POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION
B0	If interrupt occurs in protected mode.
B1	Unclaimed NMI occurs.0

Appendix C

NOTE:

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary when you accept this mainboard, or the system CMOS data is corrupted.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP		SUPERVISOR PASSWORD		
BIOS FEATURES SETUP		USER PASSWORD		
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP		IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION		
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP		HDD LOW LEVEL FORMAT		
PNP/PCI CONFIGURA	Load SETUP Default (Y/N)? Y		ETUP	
INTEGRATED PERIPH	Load SETOT Default (1/14): 1		SAVING	
LOAD SETUP DEFAUL	TS			
ESC: QUIT		↑ ↓ → :SELECT ITEN	M	
F10:Save & Exit Setup		(Shift)F2 :Change Col	lor	
Load Setup Defaults Except Standard COMS SETUP				

LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS

Appendix D

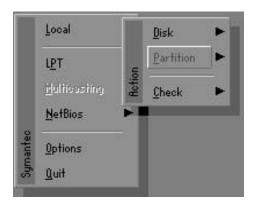
D-1 GHOST 5.1 Quick User's Guide

Installation is very easy. You only need to copy the **Ghost5** folder or **Ghost.exe** to your hard disk.

The current market version is for single **Client**, so the LPT and NetBios portions will not be explained further.

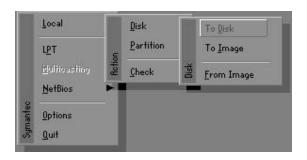
Description of Menus

Ghost clones and backs up Disk and Partition.



In which **Disk** indicates hard disk options **Partition** indicates partition options **Check** indicates check options

Disk



There are 3 hard disk functions:

- 1. Disk To Disk (disk cloning)
- 2. Disk To Image (disk backup)
- 3. Disk From Image (restore backup)

Important!

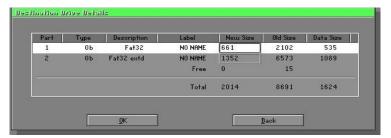
- 1. To use this function, the system must have at least 2 disks. Press the **Tab** key to move the cursor.
- 2. When restoring to a destination disk, all data in that disk will be completely destroyed.

Disk To Disk (Disk Cloning)

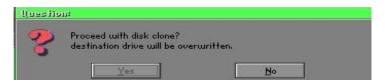
- 1. Select the location of the **Source drive**.
- 2. Select the location of the **Destination drive**.



3. When cloning a disk or restoring the backup, set the required partition size as shown in the following figure.



4. Click OK to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start

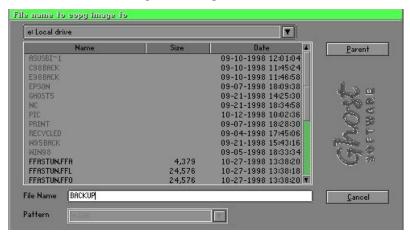


Disk To Image (Disk Backup)

1. Select the location of the Source drive.



2. Select the location for storing the backup file.

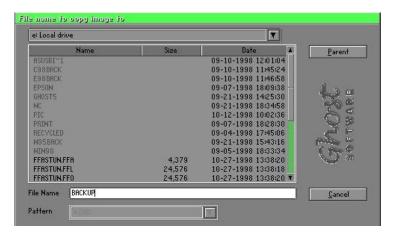


3. Click **OK** to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start

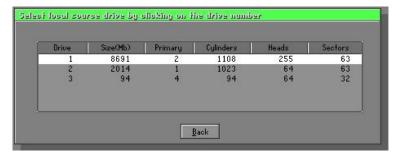


Disk From Image (Restore Backup)

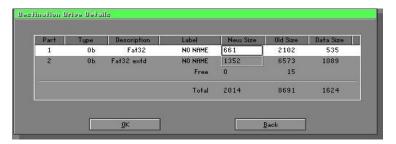
1. Select the Restore file.



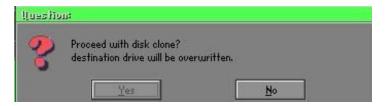
2. Select the **Destination drive** of the disk to be restored.



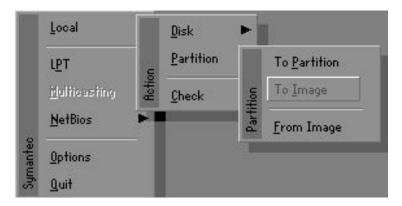
3. When restoring disk backup, set the required partition size as shown in the following figure.



4. Click **OK** to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.



Partition



There are 3 partition functions:

- 1. Partition To Partition (partition cloning)
- 2. Partition To Image (partition backup)
- 3. Partition From Image (restore partition)

Partition To Partition (Partition Cloning)

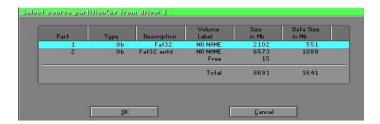
The basic unit for partition cloning is a partition. Refer to disk cloning for the operation method.

Partition To Image (Partition Backup)

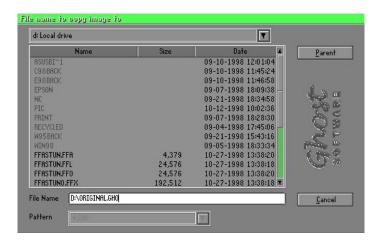
1. Select the disk to be backed up.



2. Select the first partition to be backed up. This is usually where the operating system and programs are stored.



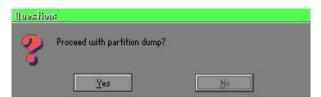
3. Select the path and file name for storing the backup file.



- 4. Is the file compressed? There are 3 options:
 - (1) No: do not compress data during backup
 - (2) Fast: Small volume compression
 - (3) High: high ratio compression. File can be compressed to its minimum, but this requires longer execution time.

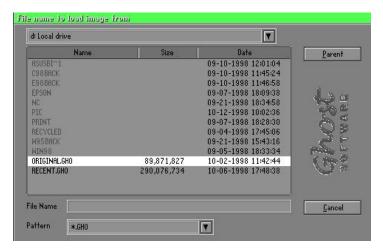


5. During confirmation, select Yes to start performing backup.

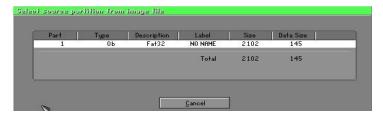


Partition From Image (Restore Partition)

1. Select the backup file to be restored.



2. Select the source partition.



3. Select the disk to be restored.



4. Select the partition to be restored.



5. Select Yes to start restoring.



Check

This function checks the hard disk or backup file for backup or restoration error due to FAT or track error.

How to Reinstall Windows in 2 Minutes

This chapter teaches you how to set your computer properly and, if necessary, reinstall Windows in 2 minutes. Ghost can use different methods to complete this task. The following two sections explain the creation of the emergency Recover Floppy and Recover CD:

Emergency Recover Floppy

Divide a hard disk into two partitions. The first partition is for storing the operating system and application programs. The second partition is for backing up the operating system and data. The size of the partition can be set according to the backup requirements. For example, the **Windows** operating system needs 200MB of hard disk space, while the complete **Office** installation requires 360MB. The remaining space can be used to store other data.

After installing **Windows**, use **Ghost** to create a backup of the source system and store the file (Image file) in drive D. The file is named as **Original.gho**. Then, create a recover floppy disk containing:

- Bootable files (Command.com, Io.sys, and MSDOS.SYS)
- Config.sys (configuration setup file)
- Autoexec.bat (auto-execution batch file)
- Ghost.exe (Ghost execution file)

There are two ways to set the content of the recover floppy for restoration:

(1) To load **Windows** automatically after booting, set the **Autoexec.bat** command as:

Ghost.exe clone, mode=pload, src=d:\original.gho:2,dst=1:1 -fx -sure -rb

Description: Runs the restore function automatically using the Image File. After execution, it exits Ghost and boots the system automatically.

Refer to the [Introducing Ghosts Functions].

(2) After booting, the screen displays the Menu. Select Backup or Restore: Since the user may install other applications in the future, he/she may design **Autoexec.bat** as a Menu to back up or restore the userdefined Image file as follows:

Backup

Back up Windows and application programs as a file (Recent. gho). Command is:

Ghost -clone,mode=pdump,src=1:1,dst=d:\Recent.gho -fx - sure -rb

Restore

Restore types include [General Windows] and [Windows and Application Programs]. If you select [General Windows], the system is restored to the general Windows operation condition. The command is:

Ghost.exe -clone,mode=pload,src=d:\Original.gho,dst=1:1 -fx -sure -rb

If you select [Windows and Application Programs], the latest backup file (Recent.gho) is restored, skipping the installation and setup of application programs.

For description of relevant parameters, refer to [Introducing Ghosts Functions].

For more information about menu design, refer to Config.sys and Autoexec.bat under /Menu in the CD. You can also create a backup CD containing Ghost.exe and these two files.

Recover CD

In recent years, well-known computer manufacturers (such as IBM, Acer, Compaq, etc.) bundle Recover CDs with their computers to reduce the cost resulting from servicing, while at the same time increasing their market competitiveness.

The following is a simple guide to how to create a recover CD:

1. For extremely easy creation of the recover floppy disk, use the copy program for example "Easy CD Creator" (Note 2). First, create a recover floppy disk containing:

Bootable files (Command.com and Io.sys and MSDOS.SYS)

Config.sys (Configuration setup file)

Autoexec.bat (Auto-execution batch file)

Mscdex.exe (CD-Rom execution file)

Ghost.exe (Ghost execution file)

Oakcdrom.sys (ATAPI CD-ROM compatible driver)

The content of Config.sys is:

DEVICE=Oakcdrom.sys /d:idecd001

The content of Autoexec.bat includes:

MSCDEX.EXE /D:IDECD001 /L:Z

Ghost.exe clone,mode=load,src=z:\original.gho,dst=1 -sure -rb

2. Write the backup image file (original.gho) of the entire hard disk or partition into the recover CD. Use the Recover CD to boot up the system and restore the backup files automatically.

For description of relevant parameters, refer to [Introducing Ghosts Functions].

Note: For more details regarding the creation program and method for creating the recover CD, please refer to the legal software and relevant operation manual.

Ghost Command Line Switches Reference

Ghost may be run in interactive or in batch mode. Batch mode is useful for automating installations for backups using Ghost. Most of the Ghost switches are used to assist with batch mode operation. To list switches from Ghost, type ghost.exe -h.

-clone

The full syntax for this switch is:

```
\label{eq:copy} $$ $$ clone, MODE=\{copy|load|dump|pcopy|pload|pdump\}, SRC= $$ $ \{drive|file|drive:partition\}, SZE\{F|L|n=\{nnnnM|nnP|F|V\}\} $$
```

Clone using arguments. This is the most useful of the batch switches and has a series of arguments that define:

a) MODE This defines the type of clone command to be used:

COPY disk to disk copy
LOAD file to disk load
DUMP disk to file dump

PCOPY partition to partition copy

PLOAD file to partition loadPDUMP partition to file dump

b) SRC This defines the source location for the operation:

Mode Meaning:

COPY/

DUMP Source drive (e.g, 1 for drive one)

LOAD Disk image filename or device (e.g, g:\Images\system2.img)

PCOPY/

PDUMP Source partition e.g, 1:2 indicates the second partition

on drive one.

PLOAD Partition image filename or device and partition

 $number. \ Example: g:\\ \ images\\ \ disk1.img:\\ 2\ indicates\ the$

second partition in the Image file.

c) DST	This defines the destination location for the operation:
Mode	Meaning
COPY/	
LOAD	Destination drive (e.g, 2 for drive two)
DUMP	Disk image filename or device,(e.g, g:\images\system2.img)
PCOPY/	
PLOAD	Destination partition, (e.g, 2:2 indicates the second
	partition on drive two).
PDUMP	Partition image filename (e.g, g:\images\part1.img).
c) SZEy	Used to set the size of the destination partitions for
	either a disk load or disk copy operation.

Available y Options:

	F
F	Resizes the first partition to maximum size allowed based on file system t type.
L	Resizes the last partition to maximum size allowed based on file system type.
n=xxxxM	- indicates that the n?h destination partition is to have a size of xxxx Mb. (e.g, SZE2=800M indicates partition two is to have 800 mb.) n=mmP - indicates that the n?h destination partition is to have a size of mm percent of the target disk.
n=F	- indicates that the n?h destination partition is to remain fixed in size.
n=V	- Indicates that the partition will be resized according to the following rules:
	Rule 1 - If the destination disk is larger than the original source disk, then the partition(s) will be expanded to have the maximum amount of space subject to the free space available and the partition type (e.g, FAT16 partitions will have a maximum size of 2048Mb.) Rule 2 - If the destination disk is smaller than the original source disk, (but still large enough to accommodate the data from the source disk), the free space left over after the

data space has been satisfied will be distributed between the destination partitions in proportion to the data usage in the source partitions Someexamples follow that will help illustrate:

-fx

flag Exit. Normally when Ghost has finished copying a new system to a disk, it prompts the user to reboot with a press Ctrl-Alt-Del to reboot window. However, if Ghost is being run as part of a batch file it is sometimes useful to have it just exist back to the DOS prompt after completion so that further batch commands may be processed. -fx enables this. See -rb for another option on completing a clone.

-ia

Image All. The Image All switch forces Ghost to do a sector by sector copy of all partitions. When copying a partition from a disk to an image file or to another disk, Ghost examines the source partition and decides whether to copy just the files and directory structure, or to do an image (sector by sector) copy. If it understands the internal format of the partition it defaults to copying the files and directory structure. Generally this is the best option, but occasionally if a disk has been set up with special hidden security files that are in specific positions on the partition , the only way to reproduce them accurately on the target partition is via an image or sector-by-sector copy.

-span

enables spanning across volumes.

-split=x

splits image file into 'x' Mb? Mb spans. Use this to create a 'forced' size volume set. For example, if you would like to force smaller image files from a 1024 Megabyte drive, you could specify 200 megabyte segments. For example, ghost. exe-split=200 will divide the image into 200 Megabyte segments.

-sure

use the -sure switch in conjunction with -clone to avoid being prompted with the final 'Proceed with disk clone destination drive will be overwritten?' question. This command is useful in batch mode.

Example 1:

To copy drive one to drive two on a PC, without final prompt if OK to proceed.

ghost.exe -clone,mode=copy,src=1,dst=2 -sure

Example 2:

To connect via NetBIOS to another PC running Ghost in slave mode, and dump a disk image of local drive two to the remote file c:\drive2.gho ghost.exe -clone,mode=dump,src=2,dst=C:\drive2.gho -nbm

Note: The slave Ghost can be started with ghost –nbs

Example 3:

To copy drive one, second partition on a PC to drive two, first partition the same PC, without final prompt ghost.exe -clone,mode=pcopy,src=1:2,dst=2:1 -sure

Example 4:

To dump the second partition of drive one to an image file on a mapped drive g:

ghost.exe -clone,mode=pdump,src=1:2,dst=g:\part2.gho

Example 5:

To load partition 2 from a two-partition image file on a mapped drive g: onto the second partition of the local disk ghost -clone,mode=pload,src=g:\part2.gho:2,dst=1:2

Example 6:

To load drive 2 from an image file and resize the destination partitions into a 20:40 allocation

ghost.exe -clone,mode=load,src=g:\2prtdisk.gho,dst=2,sze1=60P, sze2=40P