MS - 5169

ATX AL9 Mainboard

Supports Intel Pentium[®] Processor with MMX™ Technology



User's Manual

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Edition

December 1998

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Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

The ATX AL9 mainboard is a high-performance personal computer mainboard. This mainboard supports Intel® Pentium® processor/Pentium® processor with MMX™ technology, Cyrix® 6x86/6x86L/6x86MX, AMD® K5/K6/K6-2, and IDT C6™ processors. The mainboard also supports one AGP slot and four 32-bit PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) Local Bus standard slots.

The mainboard uses the highly integrated Aladdin[®] 5 chipset to support the PCI/ISA and Green standards, and to provide the Host/AGP bridge. The Aladdin[®] 5 chipset integrates all system control functions such as ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface). The ACPI provides more Energy Saving Features for the OSPM(OS Direct Power Management) function. The Aladdin[®] 5 chipset also improves the IDE transfer rate by supporting Ultra DMA/33 IDE that transfer data at the rate of 33MB/s.

The mainboard also supports the System Hardware Monitor as an optional function. This function includes: CPU/chassis/power fan monitor, CPU temperature detect and system voltage detect.

1.1 Mainboard Features

CPU

- Socket 7 supports Intel[®] Pentium[®] processor/Pentium[®] processor with MMXTM technology.
- The Cyrix[®] 6x86/6x86L/6x86MX, AMD[®] K6/K6-2 and IDT C6[™] processors are also supported.

Chipset

Aladdin[®] 5 chipset.

Clock Generator

• 100/95/83.3/75/66/60MHz clocks are supported.

Cache Memory

- Supports 512K Pipelined Burst cache memory.
- Cacheable Area: 128/512 MB.

Main Memory

- Supports six memory banks using three 168-pin unbuffered DIMM.
- Supports a maximum memory size of 768MB.
- Supports 3.3v Extended Data Output (EDO) and SDRAM DIMM.

Slots

- One AGP(Accelerated Graphics Port) slot.
 - AGP specification compliant
 - AGP 66/133MHz 3.3v device support
- Four 32-bit Master PCI Bus slots and three 16-bit ISA bus slots
- Supports 3.3v/5v PCI bus Interface.

On-Board IDE

 An IDE controller on the Aladdin[®] M1543C PCI Chipset provides II HDD/CD-ROM with PIO, Bus Master and Ultra DMA/33 operation modes. Connect up to four IDE devices.

Remote Control

- Meet ACPI specifications. (reserved for future BIOS)
- Power ON/OFF switch connector on-board.
- Soft Power-Off.
- Support alarm wake-up.

On-Board Peripherals

- On-Board Peripherals include:
 - 1 floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M a 2.88Mbytes.
 - 2 serial ports (COMA + COMB)
 - 1 parallel port supports SPP/EPP/ECP mode
 - 2 USB ports

BIOS

- The mainboard BIOS provides "Plug & Play" BIOS which detects the peripheral devices and expansion cards of the board automatically.
- The mainboard provides a Desktop Management Interface(DMI) fur which records your mainboard specifications.

Dimension

- Standard ATX form factor
- 30cm(L) x 18.6cm(W) x 4 layer PCB

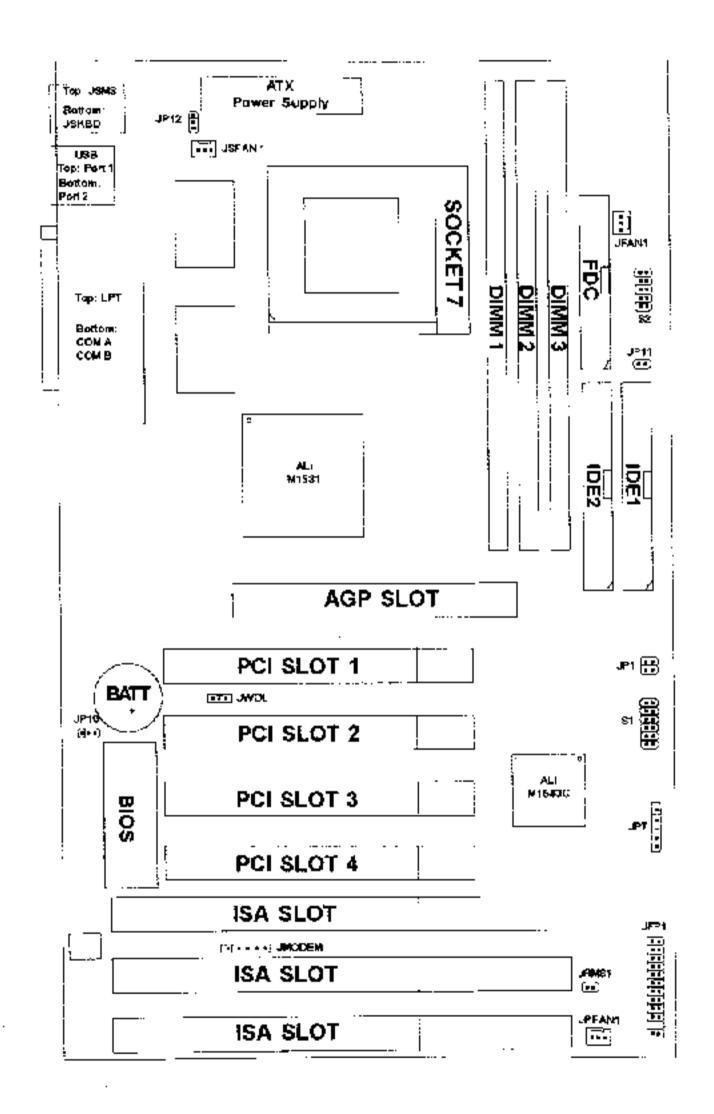
Mounting

• 6 mounting holes

System Hardware Monitor (optional)

- CPU Rotation Speed Control
- CPU Fan Control (the fan will automatically stop when the system enters suspend mode)
- CPU and Power Fan Control (reserved)
- System Voltage Detect
- Display Actual Current Voltage

1.2 Mainboard Layout



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Chapter 2

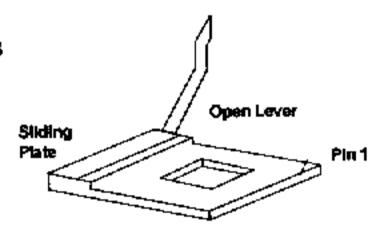
HARDWARE INSTALLATION

2.1 Central Processing Unit: CPU

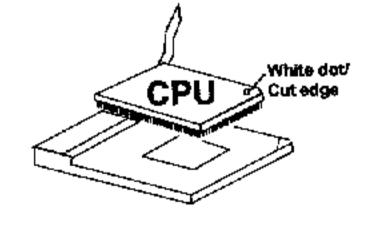
The ATX AL9 mainboard operates with Intel® Pentium® processor/
Pentium® processor with MMXTM technology, Cyrix® 6x86/6x86L/
6x86MX, AMD® K6/K6-2 and IDT C6TM processors. It could operate with
2.1V to 3.5V processors. The mainboard provides a 321-pin ZIF Socket 7 for
easy CPU installation, a jumper switch (S1) to set the proper speed for the
CPU and (S2) for setting the CPU voltage. The CPU should always have a
cooling fan attached to prevent overheating.

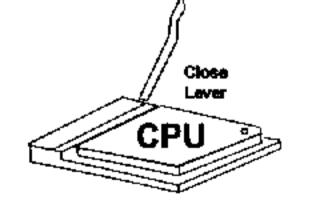
2.1-1 CPU Installation Procedures

- 1. Pull the lever sideways away from the socket. Then, raise the lever up to a 90-degree angle.
- 2. Locate Pin 1 in the socket and look for the white dot or cut edge in the CPU. Match Pin 1 with the white dot/cut edge. Then, insert the CPU. It should insert easily.
- 3. Press the lever down to complete the installation.



HARDWARE INSTALLATION





2.1-2 CPU Core Speed Derivation Procedure

1. The Jumper S1 (4, 5 & 6) is used to adjust the CPU clock frequency.

4	5	6	CPU Clock
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	th Intel [®] Ken	0	100
0 1	0	111	75*
21-p0 ZIFS	d provides a	re monboar	83
0	1	1	66
1	ating. 0	vent Overhe	ang of 95 does
1	0	1	50
1	1	0	75**
1	1	1	60

^{*} AGP = 60/PC1 = 30

2. The Jumper S1 (1, 2, and 3) is used to set the Core/Bus (Fraction) ratio of the CPU. The actual core speed of the CPU is the Host Clock Frequency multiplied by the Core/Bus ratio. For example:

 $\begin{array}{rcl} \textbf{If} & \underline{CPU \ Clock} & = & 66 MHz \\ \underline{Core/Bus \ ratio} & = & 3/2 \end{array}$

then <u>CPU core speed</u> = <u>Host Clock x Core/Bus ratio</u>

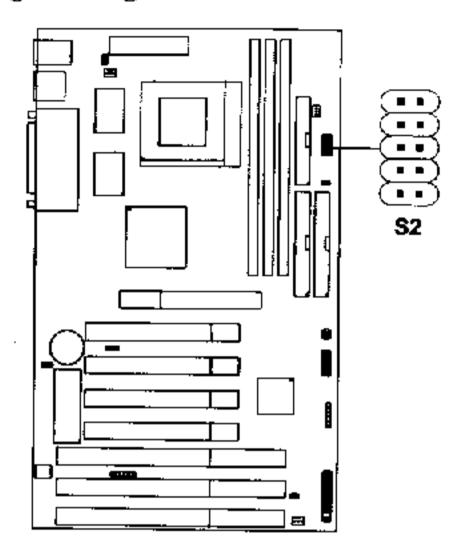
= 66MHz x 3/2 = 100MHz

1	2	3	CPU	
0	0	0	1.5/3.5	Intel
0	1 1	0	3x	AMD
1	0	0	2x	Cyrix
1	1	0	2.5x	
0	0	1	5.5x	
0	1	1	5x	AMD
1	0	1	4x	K6/K6 2
1	1	1	4.5x	

$$0 = Open \qquad 1 = Short$$

^{**} AGP = 75/PCI = 37.5

2.1-3 CPU Voltage Setting: S2



V I/O	Vcore	52
3.45	3.5	
3.45	3.4	
3.45	3.3	
3.45	3.2	

V I/O	Vcore	52
3.45	3.1	
3.45	3.0	
3.45	2.9	
3.45	2.8	
3.45	2.7	
3.45	2.6	
3.45	2.5	
3.45	2.4	

V I/O	Vcore	\$2
3.45	2.3	
3.45	2.2	
3.45	2.1	
3.45	2.0	

2.1-4 CPU Speed and Voltage Setting: S1 and S2

To set the proper speed and voltage of the CPU, you must know the specifications of your CPU (always ask the vendor for CPU specifications). Then refer to Table 2.1 (Intel® Processor), Table 2.2 (Cyrix® Processor), Table 2.3 (AMD® Processor) and Table 2.4 (IDT C6™) for proper setting.

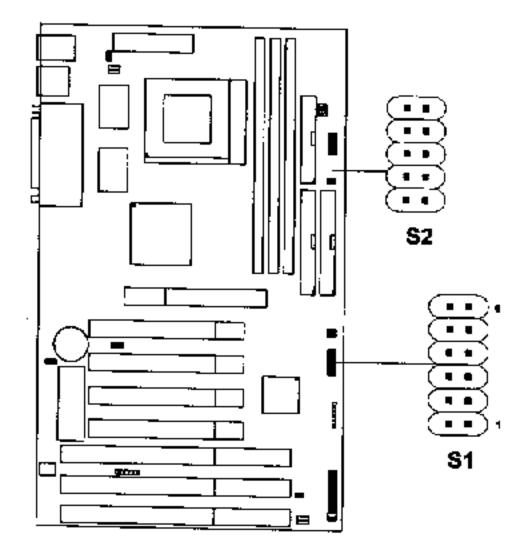


Table 2.1 Intel® Processor

a. Intel® Pentium® Processor

CPU	CPU Voltage		CPL	Speed
Туре	VI/O	Vcore	S2	\$1
100 MHz	3.	.38		
133 MHz				
166 MHz				
200 MHz				

166 MHz		3 A	
200 MHz	3.3	2.8	
233 MHz			

Note: If you encounter a CPU with different voltage, just go to Section 2.1-3 and look for the proper voltage settings.

Table 2.2 Cyrix® Processor

CHAPTER 2

Cyrix[®] 6x86 processor uses PR to rate the speed of their processors based on Intel[®] Pentium[®] processor core speed. For example, PR150 (120MHz) has 150MHz core speed of Intel[®] Pentium[®] processor, but it has120MHz core speed in Cyrix[®] processor. Cyrix[®] 6x86 processor should always use a more powerful fan (ask vendor for proper cooling fan).

a. Cyrix[®] 6x86/6x86L processor

CPU	CPI	J Voltage	oltage CPU Speed	Speed
Туре	VI/O	Vcore	S2	S1
6x86 PR166	3.	5		
6x86L PR166	3.3	2.8		
6x86 PR200	3.	5		
6x86L PR200	3.3	2.8		

b. Cyrix[®] 6x86MX Processor

CPU			CPU Voltage		CPU Speed
Туре	VI/O	Vcore	S2		S1
PR200 (66 x 2.5)	3.3	ig fun)	illoo 15qorq 101	sk vendor	
PR233				egaporq d	
(75 x 2.5)		hyska	Ho. All	Vallag	
(66 x 3)					
(83 x 2)	3.3	2.9			
PR266				2.8	
(75 x3)		ed to a compate			
(66 x 3.5)				8	
(83 x 2.5)				2.8	

c. Cyrix® MII Processor

CPU	CPU Voltage			CPU Speed
Туре	VI/O	Vcore	S2	S1
PR300 (66 x 3.5) (75 x 3)	3.3	2.9		
PR333 (83 x 3)	- 3.43			

Note: If you encounter a CPU with different voltage, just go to Section 2.1-3 and look for the proper voltage settings.

Table 2.3 AMD® Processor

AMD® K.5/K6 processor uses PR to rate the speed of their processors based on Intel® Pentium® processor core speed. For example, PR133(100MHz) has 133MHz core speed of Intel® Pentium® processor but has 100MHz core speed in AMD® processor.

a. AMD® K5 Processor

CPU	CPU	CPU Speed	
Type	VI/O Vcore	S2	S1 -
PR100			
PR133	3.52		
PR166			

b. Cyrix® 6x86MX Processor

CPU			CPU Voltage	CPU Speed
Туре	VI/O	Vcore	S2	S1
PR200 (66 x 2.5)	3.38	(mal gi	or for proper cools	
PR233			188 (0350)	
(75 x 2.5)		Basi.	apr.	
(66 x 3)				
(83 x 2)	3.3	2.9		
PR266			366	
(75 x3)	地		1 2	Ç. C.
(66 x 3.5)		reacons		
(83 x 2.5)				

c. Cyrix® MII Processor

CPU		C	PU Voltage	CPU Speed
Туре	VI/O	Vcore	S2	S1
PR300 (66 x 3.5)	leak (er the pro	per voltage settings	
(75 x 3)	3.3	2.9		
PR333 (83 x 3)				

Note: If you encounter a CPU with different voltage, just go to Section 2.1-3 and look for the proper voltage settings.

Table 2.3 AMD® Processor

AMD® K5/K6 processor uses PR to rate the speed of their processors based on Intel® Pentium® processor core speed. For example, PR133(100MHz) has 133MHz core speed of Intel® Pentium® processor but has 100MHz core speed in AMD® processor.

a. AMD® K5 Processor

CPU	CPU	Voltage	CPU Speed
Туре	VI/O Vcore	S2	S1
PR100			
PR133	3.52		
PR166			

b. AMD® K6 Processor

o. AND KO Pro	LCC224F		
166MHz	3.3	2.9	
200MHz	3.45	2.7	
233MHz	3.3 	3.2	
266MHz			
300MHz			
K6-2 300MHz	3.3	2.2	
K6-2333MHz			
K6-2 350MHz			
K6-2 380MHz			
K6-2 400MHz		<u>.</u>	

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

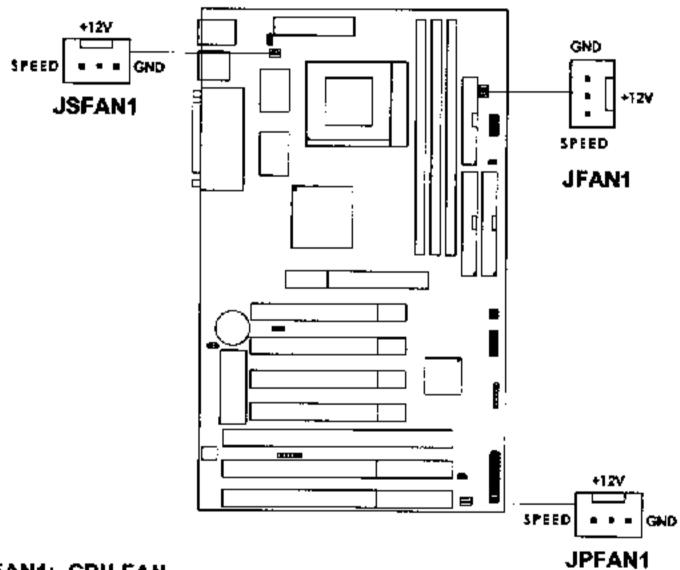
Table 2.4 IDT Processor

IDT C6[™] Processor

CPU	CPU Vo	U Voltage CPU S	
Type	VI/O Vcore	S2	S1
200MHz	o take advantage of	a w/ speed sensor to ta	
225Mhz	3.3		

2.1-5 Fan Power Connectors: JFAN1, JSFAN1, & JPFAN1

These connectors support system cooling fan with +12V. It supports three pin head connector. When connecting the wire to the connector, always take note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V, the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If your mainboard has System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you can use a specially designed fan w/ speed sensor to take advantage of System Hardware Monitor's CPU fan control.



JFAN1: CPU FAN JPFAN1: POWER FAN JSFAN1: CHASSIS FAN

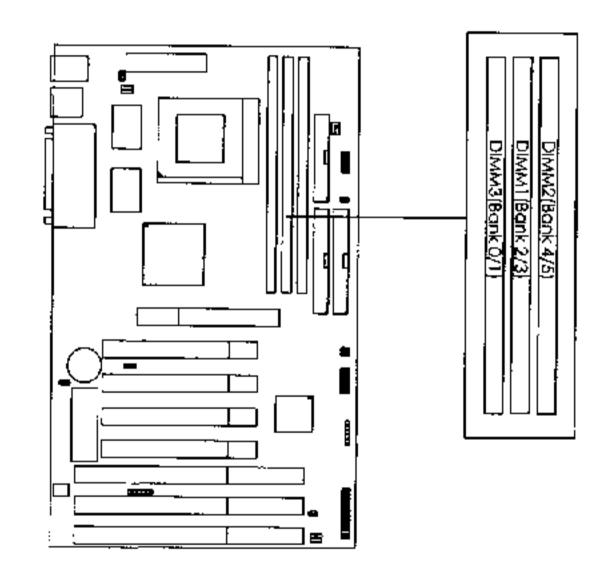
For fans with fan speed sensor, every rotation of the fan will send out 2 pulses. System Hardware Monitor will count and report the fan rotation speed.

Note: Always consult vendor for proper CPU cooling fan.

2.2 Memory Installation

2.2-1 Memory Bank Configuration

The mainboard provides three 168-pin DIMM(Double In-Line Memory) sockets. It supports six memory banks for a maximum of 768MB memory. You can use DIMM from 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MR to 256MR.





If you use 100 MHz CPU Bus Frequency, only PC100 DIMM Specs. is supported.

2.2-2 Memory Installation Procedures:

A. How to install DIMM Module



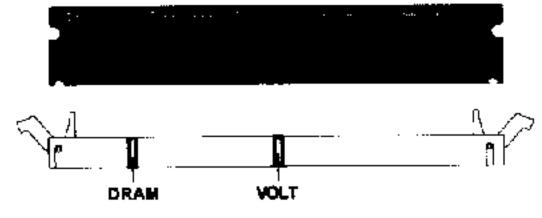
HARDWARE INSTALLATION

Single Sided DIMM



Double Sided DIMM

- 1. The DIMM slot has two keys marked "VOLT and DRAM", so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.
- 2. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then, push it in.



3. The plastic clip at the side of the DIMM slot will automatically close...

2.2-3 Memory Population Rules

- 1. This mainboard supports Table Free memory, so memory can be installed in DIMM1, DIMM2, or DIMM 3 in any order.
- 2. Use only 3.3v unbuffered DIMM.
- 3. The DRAM addressing and the size supported by the mainboard is shown next page.
- 4. Using 100MHz CPU Bus frequency, only PC100 DIMM is supported.

Table 2.2-1 EDO DRAM Memory Addressing

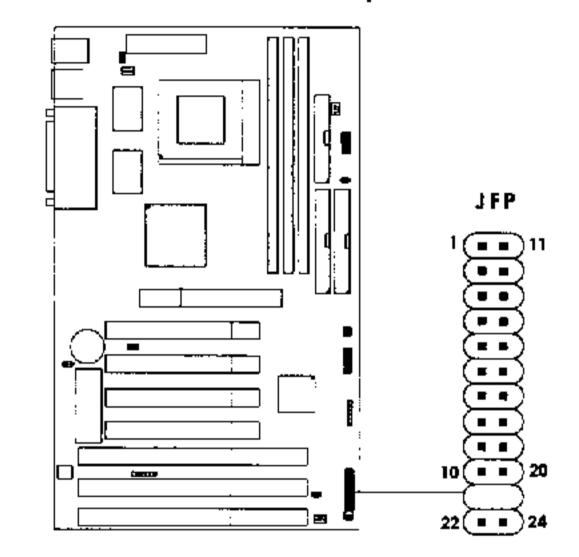
DRAM	DRAM	DRAM	Addre	ess Size	MB/D	IMM
Tech.	Density & Width	Addressing	Row	Column	Single no. Side(5) pcs	
16M	1Mx16	SYMM	10	10	8MBx4	16MBx8
	1Mx16	ASYM	12	В	8MBx4	16MBx8
	2Mx8	ASYM	11	10	16MBx8	32MBx16
	2Mx8	ASYM	12	9	16MBx8	32MBx16
•	4Mx4	SYMM	11	11	32MBx16	64MBx32
	4Mx4	ASYM	12	10	32MBx16	64MBx32
64M	2Mx32	ASYM	11	10	16MBx2	32MBx4
	2Mx32	ASYM	12	9	16MBx2	32MBx4
	2M×32	ASYM	13	8	16MBx2	32MBx4
	4Mx16	SYMM	11	11	32MBx4	64MBx8
	4Mx16	ASYM	12	10	32MBx4	64MBx8
-	8Mx8	ASYM	12	11	64MBx8	128MBx16

Table 2.2-2 SDRAM Memory Addressing

DRAM	DRAM	DRAM	Address Size		MB/DIMM		
Tech.	Density & Width	Addressing	Row	Column	Single no. Side(S) pcs.		
16 M	1Mx16	ASYM	11	8	8MBx4	16MBx8	
	2Mx8	ASYM	11	9	16MBx8	32MBx16	
	4Mx4	ASYM	11	10	32MB	64MB	
64M	2Mx32	ASYM	11	9	32MBx2	64MBx4	
	2Mx32	ASYM	12	8	16MBx2	32MBx4	
	4Mx16	ASYM	11	10	32MB	64MB	
•	4Mx16	ASYM	13	8	32MB	64MB	
<u>-</u>	8Mx8	ASYM	13	9	64MB	128MB	
	16Mx4	ASYM	13	10	128MB	256MB	
64M	2Mx32	ASYM	11	8			
	4Mx16	ASYM	12	8			
	8Mx8	ASYM	12	9			
	16Mx4	ASYM	12	10			

2.3 Case Connector: JFP

The Hardware Reset, Key Lock, Power LED, Speaker and HDD LED are all grouped in JFP connector block for easy installation.



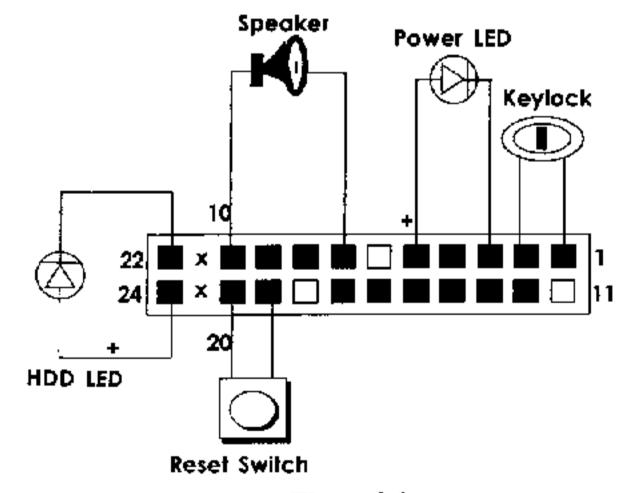


Figure 2.1

2.3-1 Hardware Reset

Reset switch is used to reboot the system rather than turning the power ON/OFF. Avoid rebooting the system when the HDD LED is lit. You can connect the Reset switch from the system case to this pin. (See Figure 2.1)

2.3-2 Keylock

Keylock allows you to disable the keyboard for security purposes. You can connect the keylock to this pin. (See Figure 2.1)

2.3-3 Power LED

The Power LED is always lit while the system power is on. You can connect the Power LED from the system case to this pin. (See Figure 2.1)

2.3-4 Speaker

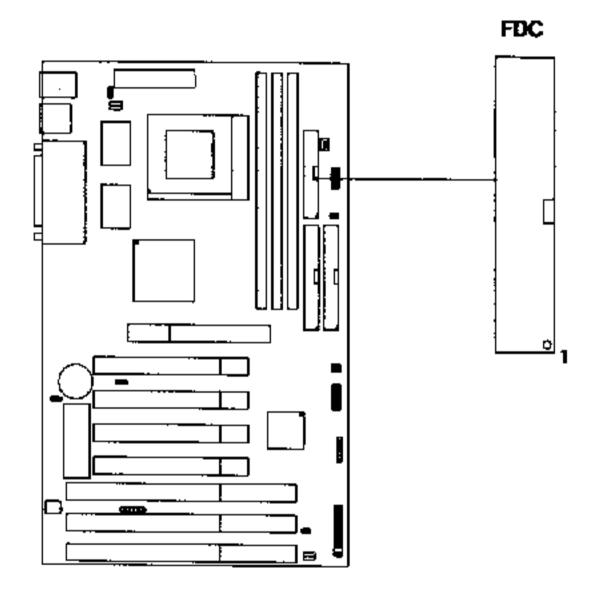
Speaker from the system case is connected to this pin. (See Figure 2.1)

2.3-5 HDD LED

HDD LED shows the activity of a hard disk drive. Avoid turning the power off while the HDD led is lit. You can connect the HDD LED from the system case to this pin. (See Figure 2.1).

2.4 Floppy Disk Connector: FDC

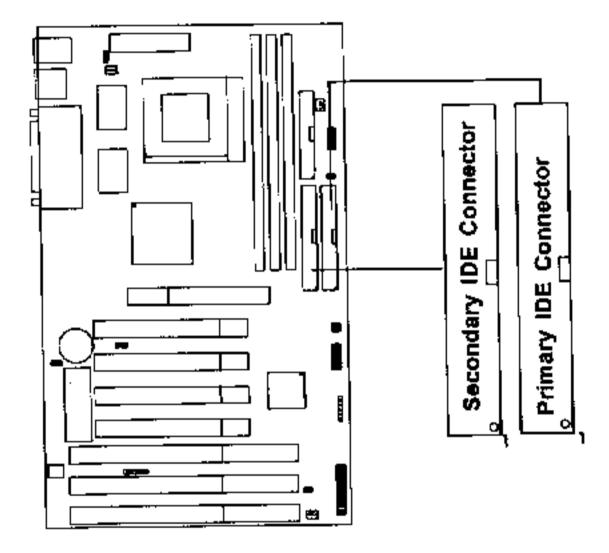
The mainboard also provides a standard floppy disk connector, FDC that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types. You can attach a floppy disk cable directly to this connector.



2.5 Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1 & IDE2

The mainboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE Controller that provides two HDD connectors IDE1 (Primary) and IDE2 (Secondary). You can connect up to four hard disk drives, CD-ROM, 120MB Floppy and other devices to IDE1 and IDE2.

HARDWARE INSTALLATION



IDE1(Primary IDE Connector)

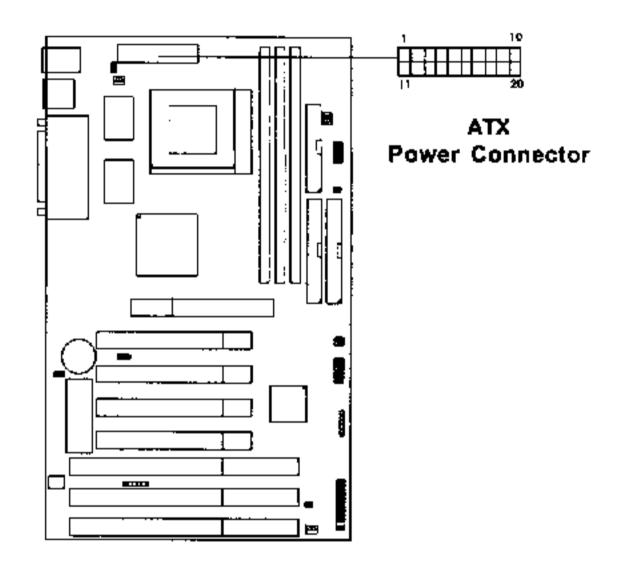
The first hard disk should always be connected to IDE1. IDE1 can connect a Master and a Slave drive.

IDE2(Secondary IDE Connector)

IDE2 can connect a Master and a Slave drive.

2.6 ATX 20-pin Power Connector: J1

This type of connector already supports the remote ON/OFF function. However, you need to connect the Remote Power On/OFF switch (JRMS1/ JP1).

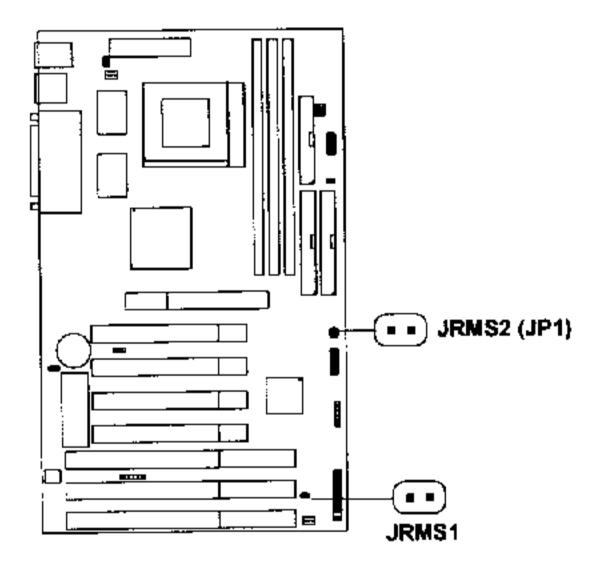


ATX Power Connector Pin Description

20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11
5 V	5V	-5V	GND	GND	GND	PS_ON	GND	-12V	3.3V
127	5V_\$B	PW_OK	GND	5٧	GND	5٧	GND	3.3V	3. 3 V
10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

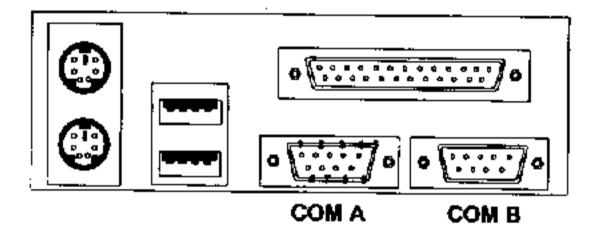
2.7 Remote Power On/Off Switches: JRMS1/ JRMS2 (JP1)

Connect to a 2-pin push button switch to JRMS1/JRMS2. Every time the switch is shorted by pushing it once, the power supply will change its status from OFF to ON. During ON stage: push once and the system goes to sleep mode; push it more than 4 seconds will change its status from ON to OFF.



2.8 Serial Port Connectors: COM A & COM B

The mainboard has two serial ports COMA and COMB. These two ports are 16550A high speed communication ports that send/receive 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a mouse or a modern cable directly into these connectors.



Serial Ports (9-pin Male)

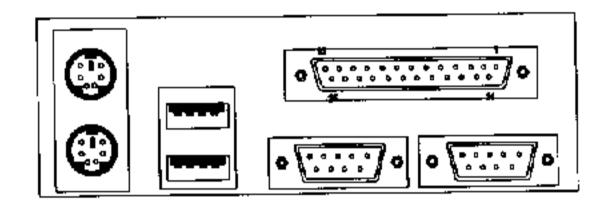
PIN DEFINITION

Pin #	Definition			
1	DCD(Data Carry Detect)			
2	SIN(Serial In or Receive Data)			
3	SOUT(Serial Out or Transmit Data)			
4	DTR(Data Terminal Ready)			
5	GND			
6	DSR (Data Set Ready)			
7	RTS(Request To Send)			
8	CTS(Clear To Send)			
9	RI (Ring Indicate)			

2.9 Parallel Port Connector: LPT

The mainboard provides a connector for LPT. A parallel port is a standard printer port that also supports Enhanced Parallel Port(EPP) and Extended capabilities Parallel Port(ECP).

Parallel Port (25-pin Female) L P T



PIN DEFINITION

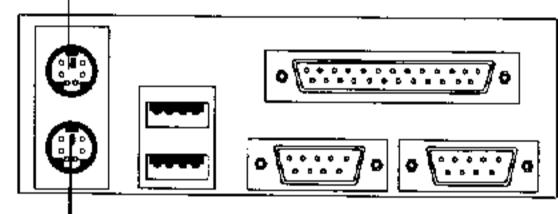
PIN #	DEFINITION	PIN#	DEFINITION
1	STROBE	14	AUTO FEED#
2	DATA0	15	ERR#
3	DATA1	16	INIT#
4	DATA2	17	SLIN#
5	DATA3	18	GND
6	DATA4	19	GND
7	DATA5	20 _	GND
8	DATA6	21	GND
9	DATA7	22	GND
10	ACK#	23	GND
11	BUSY	24	GND
12	PE	25	GND
13	SELECT		

2.10 Keyboard Connector: PSKBC Mouse Connector: PSMSC

The mainboard provides a standard PS/2[®] keyboard mini DIN connector for attaching a keyboard. You can plug a keyboard cable directly to this connector.

It also provides a standard PS/2[®] mouse mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2[®] mouse. You can plug a PS/2[®] mouse directly into this connector. The connector location are shown below:

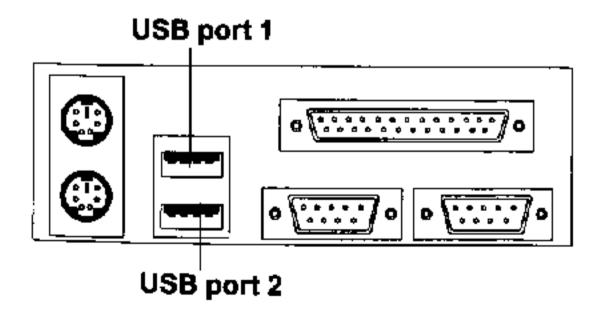
PS/2® Mouse (6-pin Female)



PS/2® Keyboard (6-pin Female)

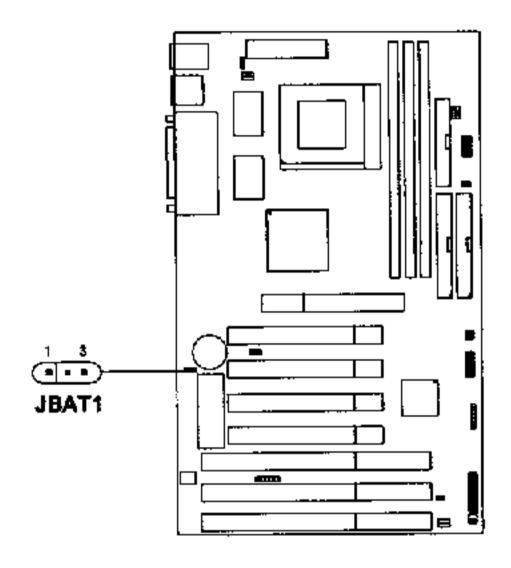
2.11 USB Connectors: USB

The mainboard provide a USB(Universal Serial Bus) connector for attaching USB devices like keyboard, mouse or etc. You can plug it directly to this connector.



2.12 Clear CMO5 Jumper: JP10

A battery must be used to retain the mainboard configuration in CMOS RAM. Short 1-2 pins of JBAT1 to store the CMOS data.







Note: You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin, while the system is off. Then, return to 1-2 pin position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on, it will damage the mainboard. Always unplug the power cord from the wall socket.

2.13 Power On Mode Feature: JP11

The mainboard supports two kinds of system boot up: the Boot-Up by switch and the Immediate Boot-Up. With the Boot-Up by Switch, the system will boot up only when the power on switch is pressed. For Immediate Boot-Up, the system will boot up instantly when the power connector is connected into the system.

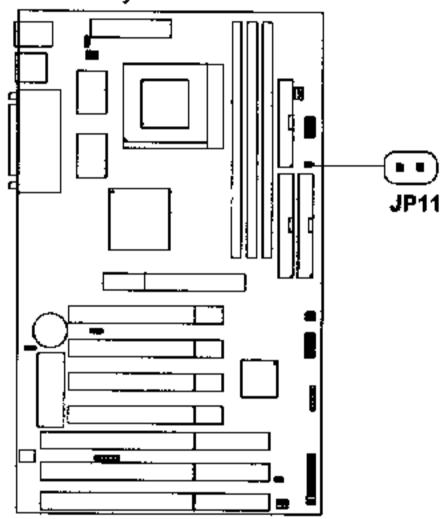


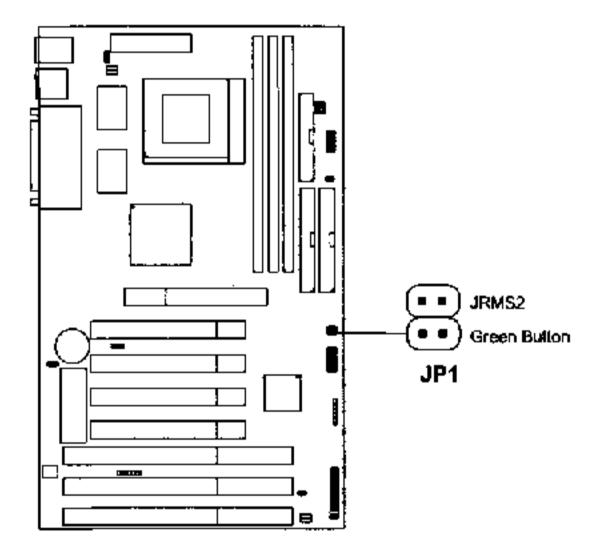
Table 2.13: Power On Mode Feature

JP11	Feature
	Select Immediate Boot-Up
	Select Boot-Up by Switch

Note: Short JP11, when using Boot-Up by Switch feature. Open JP11, to enable Immediate Boot-Up.

2.14 Green Button and Power Switch: JP1

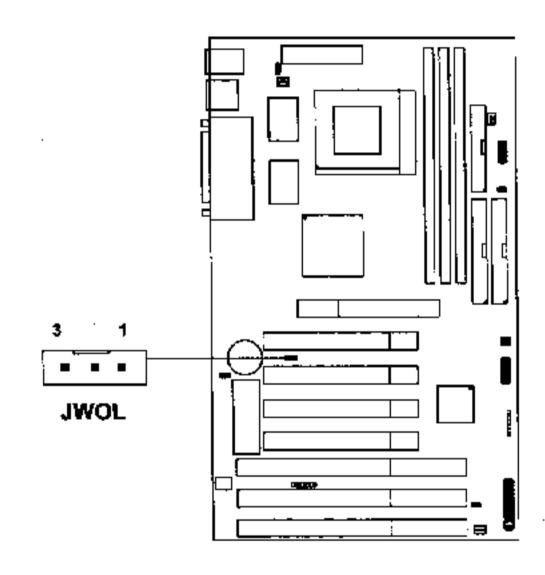
Attach a power saving switch to JP1(Green Button). When the switch is pressed, the system immediately goes into suspend mode. Press any key and the system wakes up.



Note: The JP1(JRMS2) have the same function with JRMS1. (see Remote Power On/Off switches: JRMS1/JRMS2)

2.15 Wake-Up on LAN Connector: JWOL

The JWOL connector is for use with LAN add-on cards that supports Wake Up on LAN function. To use this function, you need to set the "Resume By Ring" to enable at the BIOS Power Management Setup.



PIN	SIGNAL
1	5VSB
2	GND
3	MP_WAKEUP

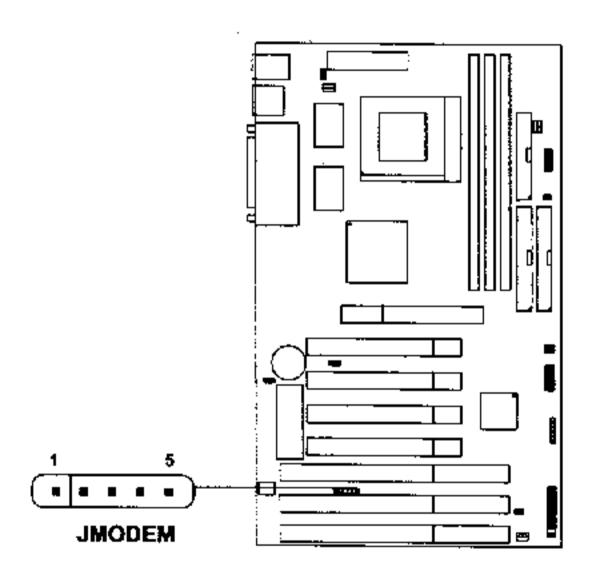
Note: LAN wake-up signal is active "high".

Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature.

(750 ma power supply with 5V Stand-by)

2.16 Modem Wake Up Connector: JMODEM

The JMODEM connector is for used with Modem add-on card that supports the Modem Wake Up function. To use this function, you need to set the "Resume By Ring" to enable at the BIOS Power Management Setup.



PIN	SIGNAL
1	NC
2	GND
3	MDM_WAKEUP
4	NC -
5	5VSB

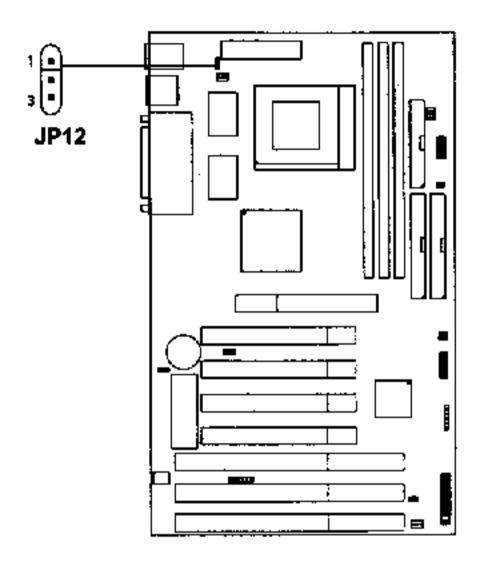
Note: Modern wake-up signal is active "low".

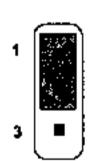
Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature.

(750 ma power supply with 5V Stand-by)

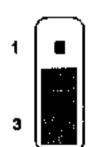
2.17 Keyboard Power: JP12

The JP12 jumper is for setting keyboard power on feature. The function should be set in the BIOS keyboard Wake-up function.





5V (default)
Disable keyboard
power on function



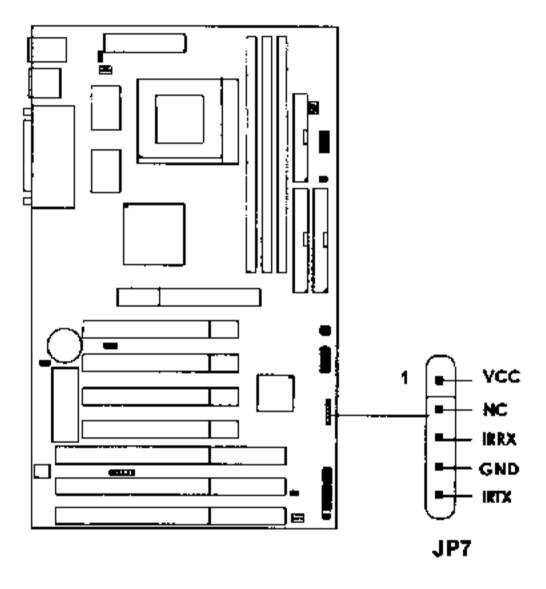
5V Standby Enable keyboard power on function

Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature.

(750 ma power supply with 5V Stand-by)

2.18 IrDA Infrared Module Connector: JP7

The mainboard provides one 5-pin infrared (IR) connector for IR modules. This connector is for optional wireless transmitting and receiving infrared module. You must configure the setting through the BIOS setup to use the IR function. FIR and Consumer IR are reserved functions.



Chapter 3

AMI® BIOS USER GUIDE

The system configuration information and chipset register information is stored in the CMOS RAM. This information is retained by a battery when the power is off. Enter the BIOS setup (if needed) to modify this information.

The following pages will describe how to enter BIOS setup, and all about options.

3.1 Enter BIOS Setup

Enter the AMI® setup Program's Main Menu as follows:

1. Turn on or reboot the system. The following screen appears with a series of diagnostic check.

AMIBIOS (C) 1998 American Megatrends Inc.

A5169MS VXXX XXXXXX
Main Processor: XXXXX
Processor Clock: XXXMHz

Hit if you want to run setup

- (C) American Megatrends Inc. 61-XXXX-001169-00111111-071592-182440FX-H
- 2. When the "Hit " message appears, press key to enter the BIOS setup screen.
- 3. After pressing key, the BIOS setup screen will appear.

Note: If you don't want to modify CMOS original setting, then don't press any key during the system boot.

AMIBIOS HIFLEX SETUP UTILITIES - VERSION 1.20 (C) 1998 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Standard CMOS Setup
Advanced CMOS Setup
Advanced Chipset Setup
Power Management Setup
PCI/Plug and Play Setup
Peripheral Setup
Hardware Monitor Setup
Auto-Detect Hard Disks
Change User Password
Change Supervisor Password
Change Language Setting
Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings
Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings
Save Settings and Exit
Exit without Saving

Standard CMOS setup for changing time, hard disk type, etc.

- 4. Use the <Up> and <Down> key to move the highlight scroll up or down.
- 5. Use the <ENTER> key to select the option.
- 6. To exit, press <ESC>. To save and exit, press <F10>.
- 7. Section 3.2 to 3.7 will explain the option in more details.

3.2 Standard CMOS Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Standard CMOS Setup" of the main menu screen.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy): Time (hh/mm/ss):	Fri Feb 27, 1998 17:09:25		
Floppy Drive A: Floppy Drive B:	1.44 MB 3 1/2 Not Installed		
Type Si Pri Master : Auto Pri Slave : Auto Sec Master : Auto Sec Slave : Auto Boot Sector Virus Pr	ze Cyln Bead WPcom Sec otection Disabled	LBA Bit Mode Mode	
Month : Jan-Dec Day : 01-31 Year : 1901-2099		ESC:Exit :: PgUp/PgDn:M F2/F3:Color	odify

- 2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
- 3. After you have finished with the Standard CMOS Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

3.3 Advanced CMOS Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Advanced CMOS Setup" of the main menu

(C) 1998 American	Megatrends,	Inc. All Rights
·	Reserved	
Ist Boot Device Ind Boot Device Ind Boot Device Ith Boot Device Ith Boot Device Ith Boot Device Ity Other Boot Devices Quick Boot BootUp Num-Lock Floppy Drive Swap Floppy Drive Seek Floppy Access Control BDD Access Control PS/2 Mouse Support Primary Display Password Check Boot to OS/2 External Cache System BIOS Cacheable Video BIOS Shadow C800, 16k Shadow C000, 16k Shadow D000, 16k Shadow D400, 16k Shadow D400, 16k Shadow D800, 16k Shadow D800, 16k Shadow D800, 16k Shadow	FLOPPY IDE-0 CD-ROM Disabled Yes Enabled On Disabled Disabled Normal Mormal Enabled VGA/EGA Setup No Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled	Available Options: Disabled IDE0 IDE1 IDE2 IDE3 Floppy ARMD-FDD ARMD-HDD CDROM SCSI Network ESC:Exit :Sel PgUp/PgDn:Modify F2/F3:Color

- Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgUn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
- 3. After you have finished with the Advanced CMOS Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

1st Boot Device/2nd Boot Device/3rd Boot Device/4th Boot Device

This option sets the sequence of boot drives.

The settings are:

The system will boot from the first HDD. IDE0 The system will boot from the Second HDD. IDE1 The system will boot from the Third HDD. IDE2 The system will boot from the Fourth HDD. IDE3 The system will boot from Floppy drive. Floppy ARMD-FDD The system will boot from IO MEGA drive. ARMD-HDD The systm will boot from LS-120 drive. The system will boot from the SCSI. SCSI The system will boot from the Network drive. Network The system will boot from the CD-ROM. CD-ROM Disable this sequence. Disable

Try other Boot Devices

This option sets the boot device, if all the Four Boot Devices failed.

Quick Boot

Set this option to Enabled to permit AMI® BIOS to boot within 8 seconds. This option replaces the old ABOVE 1 MB Memory Test option. The Optimal default setting is Enabled. The Fail-Safe default setting is Disabled.

Boot up Num Lock

When this option is set to Off, AMI® BIOS turns off the Num Lock key when the system is powered on. The end user can then use the arrow keys on both the numeric keypad and the keyboard. The settings are On or Off. The optimal default and Fail-Safe default settings are On.

Floppy Drive Swap

Set this option to Enabled to specify that floppy drives A: and B: are swapped. The setting are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Floppy Drive Seek

When this option is set to Enabled, AMI® BIOS performs a Seek command on floppy drive A: before booting the system. The settings are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Floppy Access Control

This option sets the Floppy to Read-only or Read-Write.

HDD Access Control

This option sets the HDD to Read-only or Read-Write. During Read-only, if you try to write on the HDD, the system will halt.

PS/2® Mouse Support

When this option is set to Enabled, AMI[®] BIOS supports a PS/2[®] mouse. The settings are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Enabled.

Primary Display

This option configures the primary display subsystem in the computer. The settings are Mono(monochrome), 40CGA, 80CGA, or VGA/EGA. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are VGA/EGA.

Password Check

This option specifies the type of AMI® BIOS password protection that is implemented. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Setup.

Boot to OS/2

Set this option to Enabled to permit the BIOS to run properly, if OS/2° is to be used with > 64MB of DRAM. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-safe default settings are Disabled.

External Cache

This option Enabled or Disabled the External Cache.

System BIOS Cacheable

AMI® BIOS always copies the system BIOS from ROM to RAM for faster execution. Set this option to Enabled to permit the contents of the F0000h RAM memory segment to be written to and read from cache memory. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal default setting is Enabled.

Video BIOS Shadow

Determines whether video BIOS will be copied to RAM for faster execution. Video shadow will increase the video performance.

Enabled(default)

Video shadow is enabled

Disabled

Video shadow is disabled

C800, 16k Shadow/CC00, 16k Shadow/D000, 16K Shadow/D400, 16k Shadow/D800, 16k Shadow/DC00, 16K Shadow

These options specify how the contents of the adaptor ROM named in the option title are handled. The ROM area that is not used by ISA adapter cards will be allocated to PCI adapter cards. The settings are;

Disabled - The specified ROM is not copied to RAM.

Cache-

The contents of the ROM area are not only copied from ROM to RAM for faster execution, it can also be written to or read from cache memory.

Shadow - The contents of the ROM area are copied from ROM to RAM for faster execution.

The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

3.4 Advanced Chipset Setup

 Press <ENTER> on "Advanced Chipset Setup" of the main menu screen.

	ADVANCED CHIPSET SETUP Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved
OSB Function OSB Keyboard Legacy Support SDRAM Burst X-1-1-1-1-1-1 DRAK Timing Pipe Function Gated Clock Graphics Aperture Size Primary Frame Buffer VGA Frame Buffer Data Merge Passive Release ISA Line Buffer Delay Transaction AT Bus Clock	Digabled Disabled Enabled Normal Enabled Disabled Enabled Enab

- 2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
- 3. After you have finished with the Advanced Chipset Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

USB Function

Set this option to Enable or Disable the on-chip USB controller. The Optional and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

USB Keyboard Legacy Support

Set this option to Enable or Disable USB keyboard/mouse. The Optional and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

SDRAM Burst X-1-1-1-1-1-1

During Enabled, this will improve the SDRAM module burst function. Some SDRAM module doesn't support this function, so this must be set to Disabled.

DRAM Timing

Choose DRAM timing for customize setup.

Pipe Function

Set this option to Enable the pipeline from the PCI bus to system memory. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe Default settings are Enabled.

Gated Clock

Set to Enable, if there's no PCI Interface cycle. The PCI Interface will be automatically shutdown.

Graphics Aperture Size

This option determines the effective size of the graphics aperture used in the particular PAC configuration. The AGP aperture is memory-mapped, while graphics data structure can reside in a graphics aperture. The aperture range should be programmed as not cacheable in the processor cache, accesses with the aperture range are forwarded to the main memory, then PAC will translate the original issued address via a translation table that is maintained on the main memory. The option allows the selection of an aperture size of 4MB, 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, and 256MB.

Primary Frame Buffer

The processor provides a write-combining with buffering strategy for write operation. This is useful for frame buffering. Writing to USWC memory can be buffered and combined in the processor's write-combining buffer (WCB). The WCBs are viewed as a special purpose outgoing write buffers, rather than a cache. The WCBs are written into memory to allocate a different address, or after executing a serializing, locked, or I/O instructions.

During Enabled, this will enable the processor memory location C000 and DFFF segment as USWC memory type.

VGA Frame Buffer

The processor provides a write-combining with buffering strategy for write operation. This is useful for frame buffering. Writing to USWC memory can be buffered and combined in the processors write-combining buffer (WCB). The WCBs are viewed as a special purpose outgoing write buffers, rather than a cache. The WCBs are written into memory to allocate a different address, or after executing a serializing, locked, or I/O instructions.

During Enabled, this will enable the processor memory location A000 and B000 segment as USWC memory type.

Data Merge

During Enabled, this will use Burst Cycle for Data Transfer.

Passive Release

During Enabled, this will allow the chipset to use passive release while transferring control information or data for transaction. During Disabled, chipset will perform PCI accesses without using passive release.

ISA Line Buffer

When an ISA/DMA master reads from the PCI memory, the M1543 chipset prefetches 8 bytes of data into the line buffer. Default settings is Enabled.

Delay Transaction

During Enabled, the chipset delay transaction mechanism is enabled when the chipset is the target of a PCI transaction. A read cycle from Host to PCI is immediately retrieved due to any pending PCI to DRAM cycle. During Disabled, a read cycle from Host to PCI is waited until time-out due to any pending PCI to DRAM cycle.

AT Bus Clock

This is used to set the ISA Bus Clock Frequencies.

3.5 Power Management Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Power Management Setup" of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP -						
(C) 1998 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved						
Power Management / APM	Enabled	Available Options:				
Green Monitor Power State	Off	Enabled				
Video Power Down Mode	Suspend	Disabled				
Bard Disk Power Down Mode	Disabled					
Standby Time Out	Disabled					
Suspend Time Out	Disabled					
*System Event Monitor by Timer						
Monitor Parallel Port	Yes					
Monitor Serial Port	Yes					
Monitor Floppy	Yes					
Monitor VGA	No					
Monitor Audio	No					
Monitor Pri-HDD	Yes					
Monitor Sec-BDO	No					
Power Button Function	Soft Off					
Ring Resume From Soft-Off	Disabled					
RTC Alarm Resume	Disabled					
RTC Alarm Date	15					
RTC Alarm Hour	12	EBC:Exit :Sel				
RTC Alarm Minute	50	PgUp/PgDn:Modify				
RTC Alaxm Second	30	F2/F3:Color				

- 2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
- 3. After you have finished with the Power Management Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

Power Management/APM

Set this option to Enabled to enable the power management features and APM(Advanced Power Management). The settings are Enabled, Inst-On(instant-on) or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Green Monitor Power State

This option specifies the power state that the green PC-compliant video monitor enters when AMI® BIOS places it in a power savings state after the specified period of display inactivity has expired. The settings are Off, Standby, Suspend or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Standby.

Video Power Down Mode

This option specifies the power conserving state that the VESA VGA video subsystem enters after the specified period of display inactivity has expired. The settings are Disabled, Standby or Suspend. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Standby.

Hard Disk Power Down Mode

This option specifies the power conserving state that the hard disk drive enters after the specified period of hard drive inactivity has expired. The settings are Disabled, Standby or Suspend. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Standby Time Out

This option specifies the length of a period of system inactivity while in Full power on state. When this length of time expires, the computer enters Standby power state. The settings are Disabled, 1 min, 2 min, 3 min, 4 min, 5 min, 6 min, 7 min, 8 min, 9 min, 10 min, 11 min, 12 min, 13 min, 14 min or 15 min. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Suspend Time Out

This option specifies the length of a period of system inactivity while in Standby state. When this length of time expires, the computer enters Suspend power state. The settings are Disabled, 1 min, 2 min, 3 min, 4 min, 5 min, 6 min, 7 min, 8 min, 9 min, 10 min, 11 min, 12 min, 13 min, 14 min or 15 min. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Monitor Parallel Port/Monitor Serial Port/Monitor Floppy/ Monitor VGA/Monitor Audio/Monitor Pri-HDD/Monitor Sec-HDD

When set to Yes, these options enable event monitoring on the specified hardware interrupt request line. If set to Yes and the computer is in a power saving state, AMI® BIOS watches for activity on the specified IRQ line. The computer enters the full on power state if any activity occurs.

AMI® BIOS reloads the Standby and Suspend timeout timers if activity occurs on the specified IRQ line.

Power Button Function

During Suspend, if you push the switch one time, the system goes into suspend mode and if you push it more than 4 seconds, the system will be turned off. During On/Off, the system will turn off once you push the switch.

Ring Resume from Soft-Off

During Disabled, the system will ignore any incoming call from the modem. During Enabled, the system will boot up if there's an incoming call from the modem.

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system. Then, power off the system. This function will work the next time you power on.

RTC Alarm Resume

This function is for setting the Date, Hour, Minute, and Second for your computer to boot up. During Disabled, you cannot use this function. During Enabled, Choose the Date, Hour, Minute, and Second:

RTC Alarm Date
RTC Alarm Hour
Choose which hour the system will boot up.
Choose which hour the system will boot up.
Choose which minute the system will boot up.
Choose which second the system will boot up.

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system. Then, power off the system. This function will work the next time you power on.

3.6 PCI/Plug and Play Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "PCI/Plug and Play Setup" of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - PC	I/PLUG AND	PLAY SETUP
(C) 1998 American Mega	atzends, I	nc. All Rights
Res	erved	
Plug and Play Aware O/S	No	Available Options:
Clear MVRAM on Every Boot	Иф	Enabled
PCI Latency Timer (PCI Clocks)	32	Disabled
PCI VGA Falette Snoop	Disabled	
OffBoard FCI IDE Card	Auto	
OffBoard FCI IDE Primary IRQ	Disabled	
OffBoard FCI IDE Secondary IRQ	Disabled	
Assign IRQ to PC1 VGA	Yes	
PCI Slot1 IRQ Priority	Auto	
PCI Slot2 IRQ Priority	Auto	
PCI Slat3 IRQ Priority	Auto	
PCI Slot(IRQ Priority	Auto	
MA Channel 0	PnP	
MA Channel 1	₽n₽	
DMA Channel 3	PnF	
MA Channel 5	PnP	
OMA Channel 6	PnP	
OMA Channel 7	PnP	
IRQ3	PCI/PnP	
IRQ4	PC1/PnP	
TRQ5	PCI/PmP	
IRQ7	PCI/PnP	ESC:Exit :Sel
IRQB	PCI/PnP	PgUp/PgDn:Modify
IRQ9	PCI/PnP	F2/F3:Color

IRQ10	PCI/PnP	<u> </u>
IRQ11	PCI/PnP	- 1
IRQ12	PCI/PnP	1
IRQ14	PCI/PnP	
IRQ15	PCI/PnP	

- 2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
- 3. After you have finished with the PCI/Plug and Play Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

Plug and Play Aware O/S

Set this option to Yes if the operating system in this computer is aware of and follows the Plug and Play specification. Currently, only Windows 95° is PnP-aware. The settings are Yes or No. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings No.

Clear NVRAM on Every Boot

During Enabled, this option will reset the NVRAM on every boot.

PCI Latency Timer (PCI Clocks)

This option specifies the latency timings (in PCI clocks) for all PCI devices on the PCI bus. The settings are 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224 or 248. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are 64.

PCI VGA Palette Snoop

When this option is set to Enabled, multiple VGA devices operating on different buses can handle data from the CPU on each set of palette registers on every video device. Bit 5 of the command register in the PCI device configuration space is the VGA Palette Snoop bit (0 is disabled). For example, if there are two VGA devices in the computer (one PCI and ISA) and the Bit settings are:

Disabled - Data read and written by the CPU is only directed to the PCI VGA device's palette registers.

Enabled - Data read and written by the CPU is directed to both the PCI VGA device's palette registers and the ISA VGA device palette registers, permitting the palette registers of both devices to be identical.

This option must be set to Enabled if an ISA adapter card requires VGA palette snooping. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Offboard PCI IDE Card

This option specifies if an offboard PCI IDE controller adapter card is installed in the computer. You must specify the PCI expansion slot on the mainboard where the offboard PCI IDE controller is installed. If an offboard PCI IDE controller is used, the onboard IDE controller is automatically disabled. The settings are Auto(AMI® BIOS automatically determines where the offboard PCI IDE controller adaper card is installed), Slot1, Slot2, Slot3 or Slot4. The Optimal and Fail-Safe settings are Auto.

If an offboard PCI IDE controller adapter card is installed in the computer, you must also set the Offboard PCI IDE Primary IRQ and Offboard PCI IDE Secondary IRQ options.

Offboard PCI IDE Primary IRQ/ Offboard PCI IDE Secondary IRQ

These options specify the PCI interrupt used by the Primary (or Secondary) IDE channel on the offboard PCI IDE controller. The settings are Disabled, Hardwired, INTA, INTB, INTC or INTD. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Assign IRQ to PCI VGA

Choose the IRQ to be assigned to the PCI VGA display adapter card. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is No.

PCI Slot1 IRQ Priority/PCI Slot2 IRQ Priority/PCI Slot3 IRQ Priority/PCI Slot4 IRQ Priority

These options specify the priority IRQ to be used for any PCI devices installed in the PCI expansion slots I through 4. The settings are Auto(AMI® BIOS automatically determines the priority IRQ), (IRQ) 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, or 11. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Auto.

DMA Channel 0/1/3/5/6/7

These options specify the bus that the specified DMA channel is used. These options allow you to reserve DMAs for legacy ISA adapter cards.

These options determine if AMI[®] BIOS should remove a DMA from the available DMAs passed to devices that are configurable by the system BIOS. The available DMA pool is determined by reading the ESCD NVRAM. If more DMAs must be removed from the pool, the end user can use these options to reserve the DMA by assigning an ISA/EISA setting to it.

IRQ3/IRQ4/IRQ5/RQ7/IRQ9/IRQ10/IRQ11/IRQ14/IRQ15

These options specify the bus that the specified IRQ line is used on. These options allow you to reserve IRQs for legacy ISA adapter cards.

These options determine if AMI® BIOS should remove an IRQ from the pool of available IRQs passed to devices that are configurable by the system BIOS. The available IRQ pool is determined by reading the ESCD NVRAM. If more IRQs must be removed from the pool, the end user can use these options to reserve the IRQ by assigning an ISA/EISA setting to it. Onboard I/O is configured by AMI® BIOS. All IRQs used by onboard I/O are configured as PCI/PnP. If all IRQs are set to ISA/EISA and IRQ14 and 15 are allocated to the onboard PCI IDE, IRQ9 will still be available for PCI and PnP devices, because at least one IRQ must be available for PCI and PnP devices. The settings are ISA/EISA or PCI/PnP. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are IRQ3 through 7 are ISA/EISA. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings PCI/PnP.

3.7 Peripheral Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Peripheral Setup" of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETT (C) 1998 American	OP - PERIPHE Megatrends, Reserved	RAL SETUP Inc. All Rights
OnBoard FDC OnBoard Serial Port1 Serial Port1 IRQ OnBoard Serial Port2 Serial Port Mode Serial Port2 IRQ OnBoard Parallel Port Parallel Port Mode EPP Version Parallel Port IRQ Parallel Port DMA Channel Onboard IDE	Auto 3F6H 4 2F8H Normal 3 Auto EPP H/A 7 N/A Both	Available Options: Enabled Disabled
		PgUp/PgDn:Modify Pg/F3:Color

- 2. Use <up> and <down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
- 3. After you have finished with the Peripheral Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

Onboard FDC

Choose Auto, for the BIOS to automatically detect the device

If the ISA add-on card has	Onboard FDC to be set at
FDC exist	Disabled
none FDC exist	Enabled

Choose Enabled, Enabling onboard FDC.

Choose Disabled, Disabling onboard FDC.

The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Auto.

Onboard Serial Port 1/Onboard Serial Port 2

Choose 3F8H, for the BIOS to automatically detect the device.

If the ISA add-on card has			Onboard	d Serial p	ort to be se	t at	
COM1 (1/O-3F8H)	СОМZ (1/O:3F8H)	~~	COM4 (I/O:2E8H)	PORTI	IRQ ASSIGNED	PORT2	IRQ A\$SIGNED
✓	1	1	✓	DISABLED	х	DISABLED	х
4	*	X	х	COM3	4	COM4	3
х	x	✓	4	COM1	4	COM2	3
✓	х	х	√	COM2	3	COM3	4
x	1	1	x	COMI	4	COM4	3
'	✓	✓	х	COM4	3	DISABLED	x
1	✓	х	1	COM3	4	DISABLED	х
✓	X		1	COM2	3	DISABLED	х
X	✓	✓ .	 	COM1	4	DISABLED	x
X	х	x	x	COMI	4	СОМ2	3
1	X	x	x	СОМ2	3	сомз	4
x		Х	х	сомі	4	сомз	4
X	х	✓	х	COM1	4	COM2	3
X	x	х	/	COM1	4	СОМ2	3

Note: If the onboard serial port interrupt and ISA add-on card interrupt are in conflict, the serial port will not work properly. Please disable one of the devices.

Onboard Parallel Port

Choose Auto, for the BIOS to automatically assign the onboard parallel port to the available parallel port or disabled.

If the ISA add-on card has			Onboard parallel	port to be set as
LPT1 I/O:378H	LРТ2 1⁄O:278H	LPT3 I/O:3BCH	PORT ASSIGNED	IRQ ASSIGNED
✓	✓	✓	Disabled	X
✓	-√	Х	LPT3	5
✓	X	✓	LPT2	5
X	✓	✓	LPT1	7
✓	X	X	LPT2	5
X	✓	Х	LPT1	7
X	Х	✓	LPT1	7
X	X	X	LPT1	7

Note: If the onboard parallel port interrupt and ISA add-on card interrupt are in conflict, the parallel port will not work properly. Please disable one of the devices.

EPP Version

This option is for setting which EPP version will be used. The settings are 1.7 and 1.9.

Parallel Port Mode

This option allows user to choose the operating mode of the onboard parallel port. The settings are Normal, SPP/EPP or ECP mode.

Parallel Port IRQ

If the onboard parallel mode is not on auto mode, the user can select the interrupt line for onboard parallel port. We suggest that the user select the interrupt for the onboard parallel port as shown below:

Onboard parallel port set at	Parallel Port IRQ		
LPT1(378H)	7		
LPT2(278H)	5		
LPT3(3BCH)	5		

Parallel Port DMA Channel

This option allows user to choose DMA channel 1 to 3 for the onboard parallel port on ECP mode.

Onboard IDE

Set this option to enable or disable on board IDE controller.

Chapter 4

COMPATIBILITY TEST PROBLEM

1. MEMORY MODULE: This is a list of the memory modules tested.

PC66 DIMM:

MANUFACTURER	MODEL NUMBER	TYPE	SIZE	REŞULT
VANGUARD(MS 5930)	VG26V17805B36	EDO	16MB	ок
TOSHIBA	TC51V17805BNTS-60	EDO	16MB	ок
VANGUARD	VG26V17405CJ-6	EDO	32MB	ак
HYUNDAI	HYM5V64804FG	EDO	64MB	OK
SEC	KM44V4104BS-L6	EDO	64MB	ок
FUJITSU	81117822A-100	SDRAM	16MB	ок
LG	GM72V16821BT10K	SDRAM	16MB	OK
LG	GM72V168218T10K	SDRAM	16MB	ок
SEC	KM416\$1120AT-G10(2*8)	SDRAM	16MB	ок
SEC	KM48S 2020AT-G10	SDRAM	16MB	ок
HITACHI	HM5216805TT10	SDRAM	32MB	ок
LG	GM72V16821BT10K	SDRAM	32MB	ок
NEC JATON	D4516821AG5-A10-7JF	SDRAM	32MB	ОК
SEC (MS 5927)	KM48S2020AT-G10 (ECC)	SDRAM	32MB	ок
MITSUBISHI (MS 5932)	M5M4V64S40ATP-10	SDRAM	32MB	ок
MITSUBISHI RAMSTAR	M5M4V16S30BTP	SDRAM	32MB	ок
FWITSU JATON	81117822E-100FN	SDRAM	32MB	ок
FUJITSU	81117822E-100FN	SDRAM	32MB	ок
MICRON	MT48LC2M8A1TG-10	SDRAM	32MB	ок
HYUNDAI	HYM7072A801-TFG	SDRAM	64MB	ок
MITSUBISHI (MS 5932)	M5M4V64S40APT-10	SDRAM	64MB	ОК
MITSUBISHI (MS5928)	M5M4V64S30ATP-10 (ECC)	SDRAM	128MB	oк

PC100 DIMM:

MANUFACTURER	MODEL NUMBER	TYPE	SIZE	RESULT
H YUN DAI	HV57V168010CTC-10	SORAM	16MB	ОК
NEC ARMAS	D4516921AG5-A10-7JF	SDRAM	16MB	ОК
П	TMS424812BDGE5H-8 (ECC)	SDRAM	32MB	ок
HYUNDAL	HY57V168010CTC-10	SDRAM	32MB	ок
SEC	KM48S2020CT-G10 (ECC)	SDRAM	32MB	ок
SEC BUFFALO	KM48S2020CT-GH (ECC)	SDRAM	32MB	ок
MICRON	MT48LC2M8AITG-8 (ECC)	SDRAM	32MB	ок
MITSUBISH	M6M4V16S30DTP (ECC)	SDRAM	32MB	ок
NEC ARMAS	D45168S1AG5-A10-7JF	SDRAM	32MB	ок
NEC BUFFALO	D4516821AG5-A10-7JF	SDRAM	32MB	ок
FUJITSU BUFFALO	81F16822D-102LFN (ECC)	SDRAM	32MB	ок
SEC BUFFALO	KM48S8030BT-GH (ECC)	SDRAM	64 MB	OK
NEC BUFFALO	D456841G5-A10-9JF (ECC)	SDRAM	64MB	ок
FUJITSU BUFFALO	81F64842B-103FN (ECC)	SDRAM	64MB	ОK
MITSUBISHI BUFFALO	M5M4V64S30ATP (ECC)	SDRAM	64MB	ок

Incompatible DIMM:

Manufacturer	Model Number	Type	Size	Result
Hyundai	HY57V658020ATC-10	SDRAM	64MB	Fail
Toshiba	TC59S1608AFT-10	SDRAM	32MB	Fail
Toshiba	TC59S1608AFT-10	SDRAM	16MB	Fail

2. USB KEYBOARD: There are some USB keyboard which might not work properly.

The following USB keyboard have some compatibility problem:

- 1. Qtronix USB keyboard
- 2. Cherry USB keyboard
- 3. BTC USB keyboard

Note: Please contact your vendors regularly for updates.