

Programming the Watchdog Timer

The mainboard is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for whatever reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial stand-alone and unmanned environments.

How to program the WATCHDOG TIMER

1. To set the time-out interval of watchdog timer:

-- output the desired value to port 0x443. Since the data is of 1 byte, the maximum value will be 255. In our design 2 ~ 255 will denote 2 ~ 255 sec.

outportb(0x443, 30 <HEX>); // set watchdog to 30 seconds

2. To set the time-out event:

-- output data to port 0x444,

Timeout =SEC.Q=1

WDRST=IRQSET=3 & TIMEOUT

IRQ15=IRQSET=2 & TIMEOUT

IRQ11=IRQSET=4 & TIMEOUT

IRQ10=IRQSET=5 & TIMEOUT

outportb(0x444, 3); // set time-out event to reset-system

3. To disable watchdog timer:

-- output value 0 to port 0x443 outportb(0x443, 0); // disable watchdog timer

4. To ebable or refresh watchdog timer (the watchdog timer will return to its initial value, then count down):

-- access the I/O port 0x443, e.g.

outportb(0x443, data); // refresh watchdog timer

* note: if you want to refresh the watchdog timer, you have to disable it first.

Demo program	
outportb(0x444, 3):	// set time-out event to reset-system
outportb(0x443x 10);	// set time-out interval to 10 seconds
customer_job();	<pre>// execute your job here, be sure your job will finished within 10 seconds</pre>
outportb(0x443, 0);	// refresh watchdog timer, otherwise the system will reset after time-out
outputb(0x443, 20);	// set time-out interval to 20 seconds
another_job();	// another job finished in 20 seconds
outportb(0x443, 0)	// disable watchdog timer

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