

Intel[®] Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 Product Guide

Order Number: A84611-001

Revision History

| Revision | Revision History | Date |
|----------|---|------------|
| 001 | Final draft of the Intel [®] Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 Product Guide. | March 2002 |

If an FCC declaration of conformity marking is present on the board, the following statement applies:

FCC Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For questions related to the EMC performance of this product, contact:

Intel Corporation 5200 N.E. Elam Young Parkway Hillsboro, OR 97124 1-800-628-8686

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit other than the one to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Canadian Department of Communications Compliance Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numerique német pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe B prescrites dans le Réglement sur le broullage radioélectrique édicté par le ministére des Communications du Canada.

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order.

Copies of documents which have an ordering number and are referenced in this document, or other Intel literature, may be obtained from Intel Corporation by going to the World Wide Web site at: http://www.intel.com/ or by calling 1-800-548-4725.

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1 Desktop Board Features

● NOTE

The Intel[®] Desktop Board D845EPT2 layout was used for illustrations unless otherwise noted.

Table 1 describes the major features of the Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2.

| Form Factors | microATX at 8.2 inches by 9.6 inches (Desktop Board D845EPT2) |
|-----------------------|--|
| | ATX at 8.2 inches by 12.0 inches (Desktop Board D845EBG2) |
| Processor | Support for a single Intel [®] Pentium [®] 4 processor with 533/400 MHz front side bus (FSB) frequency in an mPGA478 socket |
| Memory | Two 184-pin, 2.5 V SDRAM Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMM) sockets |
| | 266/200 MHz DDR SDRAM interface |
| | Designed to support up to 2 GB of system memory |
| | NOTE: The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have been designed to support DIMMs based on 512 Mbit technology up to 2 GB, but this technology has not been validated on these Intel [®] desktop boards. For more information about the latest list of tested memory, refer to the Intel World Wide Web site at: http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/ |
| Chipset | Intel [®] 845E chipset consisting of: |
| | Intel[®] 82845E Memory Controller Hub (MCH) with Accelerated Hub Architecture (AHA) bus |
| | Intel[®] 82801DB I/O Controller Hub (ICH4) with support for up to six Hi-Speed Universal Serial Bus 2.0 (USB 2.0) ports |
| | • 4 Mbit Firmware Hub (FWH) |
| I/O Control | SMSC LPC47M102S low pin count (LPC) interface I/O controller |
| Graphics | AGP connector supporting 1.5 V 4X and 2X AGP cards |
| Audio | Intel 845E chipset (AC '97) |
| | Analog Devices Inc. audio codec featuring SoundMAX [†] with SPX [†] software support |
| LAN (optional) | Intel [®] 82562ET 10/100 Mbit/sec Platform LAN Connect (PLC) device and RJ-45 connector |
| Peripheral Interfaces | Up to six USB 2.0 ports |
| | Four ports routed to the back panel |
| | Two ports routed to the USB front panel header |
| | Two IDE interfaces with Ultra DMA-33 and ATA-66/100 support |
| | One floppy drive interface |
| | One parallel port |
| | Two serial ports (one via a board header) |
| | PS/2[†] keyboard and mouse ports |

Table 1.Feature Summary

continued

| Expansion Capabilities | Desktop Board D845EPT2: | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Three PCI bus add-in card connectors | | |
| | One AGP connector | | |
| | — One optional CNR connector (slot shared with PCI bus connector 3) | | |
| | Desktop Board D845EBG2: | | |
| | — Six PCI bus add-in card connectors | | |
| | One AGP connector | | |
| | One optional CNR connector (slot shared with PCI bus connector 6) | | |
| BIOS | Intel/AMI BIOS | | |
| | Intel [®] Rapid BIOS Boot | | |
| | Intel [®] Express BIOS Update | | |
| | SMBIOS support | | |
| Power Management | Support for Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) | | |
| | Support for Suspend to RAM (Instantly Available PC) | | |
| Hardware Management | Hardware monitor with: | | |
| | Two fan sensing inputs used to monitor fan activity | | |
| | Remote diode temperature sensing | | |
| | Voltage sensing to detect out of range values | | |
| | WfM 2.0 compliant | | |

 Table 1.
 Feature Summary (continued)

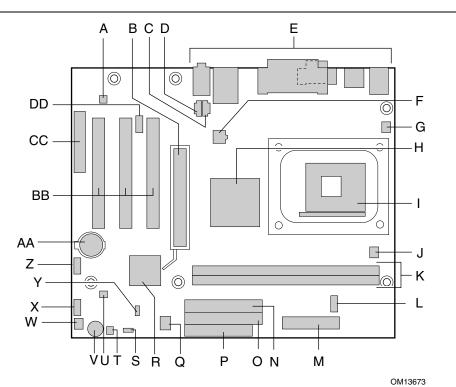
● NOTE

For information about Intel Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2, including the Technical Product Specification (TPS), BIOS updates, and device drivers, go to the Intel customer support World Wide Web site:

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/

Desktop Board Components

Figure 1 shows the location of the major components on the Desktop Board D845EPT2.



| А | Audio codec | Р | Floppy drive connector |
|---|---|----|---|
| В | AGP connector | Q | Firmware Hub (FWH) |
| С | CD-ROM connector (ATAPI) | R | Intel 82801DB I/O Controller Hub (ICH4) |
| D | Auxiliary line-in connector (ATAPI) | S | BIOS configuration jumper block |
| Е | Back panel connectors | Т | SCSI hard drive activity LED connector |
| F | 12 V processor core voltage connector | U | Chassis intrusion connector |
| G | Rear chassis fan connector (tachometer input) | V | Speaker |
| Н | Intel 82845E Memory Controller Hub (MCH) | W | Front chassis fan connector |
| Ι | Processor socket | Х | Front panel header |
| J | Processor fan connector (tachometer input) | Y | Alternate power/sleep LED header |
| К | DIMM sockets | Z | Front panel USB 2.0 header |
| L | Serial port B header | AA | Battery |
| М | Main power connector | BB | PCI bus add-in card connectors |
| Ν | Secondary IDE connector | СС | Communication and Networking Riser (CNR) (optional) |
| 0 | Primary IDE connector | DD | Front panel audio header |



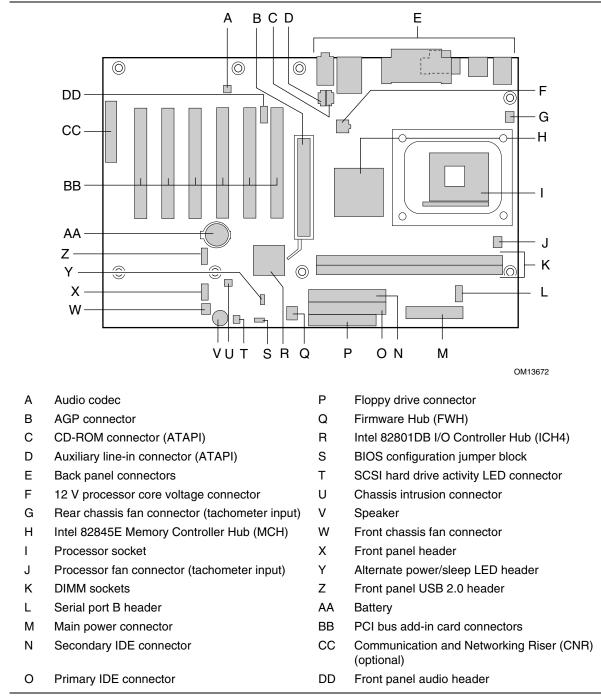


Figure 2 shows the location of the major components on the Desktop Board D845EBG2.

Figure 2. Desktop Board D845EBG2 Components

Processor

Failure to use an ATX12V power supply, or not connecting the additional power supply lead to the Desktop Board D845EPT2 or D845EBG2 may result in damage to the Intel desktop boards and/or power supply.

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 support a single Intel Pentium 4 processor. Processors are not included with the Intel desktop boards and must be purchased separately.

The processor connects to the Intel desktop board through the mPGA-478-pin socket. The Intel Pentium 4 processor may be removed and replaced to accommodate supported higher speed processors.

The board supports the processors listed in Table 2.

| Iable 2. Flocessols Suppole u by the desktop doal us downer is and downed by the desktop doal us downer is an downer by the desktop doal us downer by the doal us doal u by the doal us doal u by the doal us doal u | Table 2. | Processors Supported by | the Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845 | EBG2 |
|---|----------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|
|---|----------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|

| Туре | Designation | FSB Frequency | L2 Cache Size |
|--|--|---------------|---------------|
| Intel Pentium 4 processor on .13 micron process in an mPGA-478 package | 2.40B and 2.26 GHz | 533 MHz | 512 KB |
| Intel Pentium 4 processor on .13 micron process in an mPGA-478 package | 2.40, 2.20, 2A, 1.80A, and 1.60A GHz | 400 MHz | 512 KB |
| Intel Pentium 4 processor on .18 micron process in an mPGA-478 package | 2, 1.90, 1.80, 1.70, 1.60, and 1.50 GHz | 400 MHz | 256 KB |

For the latest information on supported Intel[®] processors for the Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2, refer to the Intel customer support World Wide Web site:

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/

For instructions on installing or upgrading the processor, see Chapter 2 on page 21.

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 require an ATX12V compliant power supply to function according to Intel desktop board specifications. Both Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have two ATX12V compliant power supply connectors that are needed to provide extra power to the Intel 845E chipset and Intel Pentium 4 processor.

Items A and E in Figure 15 on page 64 show the two power connector locations.

Main Memory

D NOTE

To be fully compliant with all applicable Intel[®] SDRAM memory specifications, the board should be populated with DIMMs that support the Serial Presence Detect (SPD) data structure. If your memory modules do not support SPD, you will see a notification to this effect on the screen at power up. The BIOS will attempt to configure the memory controller for normal operation.

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 support system memory as defined below:

- Up to two 184-pin DDR SDRAM Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMMs) with gold-plated contacts
- DDR266 and DDR200 SDRAM
- Unbuffered and non-registered single or double-sided DIMMs
- Serial Presence Detect (SPD) memory
- Non-ECC and ECC DIMMs
- 2.5 V memory only
- 64 Mbit, 128 Mbit, 256 Mbit, and 512 Mbit technologies for the following memory configurations:
 - 64 MB (minimum)
 - 256 MB (64 Mbit technology)
 - 512 MB (128 Mbit technology)
 - 1024 MB (256 Mbit technology)
 - 2048 MB (512 Mbit technology)

D NOTE

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have been designed to support DIMMs based on 512 Mbit technology up to 2 GB, but this technology has not been validated on these Intel desktop boards. For more information about the latest list of tested memory, refer to the Intel World Wide Web site at:

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/

All memory components and DIMMs used with the Intel desktop boards must comply with the PC SDRAM specifications. You can access these documents through the Internet at:

http://www.intel.com/technology/memory/pcsdram/spec/

For information about installing memory, see Chapter 2 starting on page 21.

Intel[®] 845E Chipset

The Intel 845E chipset consists of the following devices:

- Intel 82845 Memory Controller Hub (MCH) with AHA bus
- Intel 82801DB I/O Controller Hub (ICH4) with AHA bus
- Firmware Hub (FWH)

Intel[®] 82845E Memory Controller Hub (MCH)

The MCH provides the processor, system memory, AGP, and hub interfaces in the Intel 845E chipset platform. Features on Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 include:

- Single processor support with 533/400 MHz data transfer rate
- Designed to support up to 2 GB (with 512 Mbit technology) DDR SDRAM at 266/200 MHz operation

D NOTE

512 Mbit technology has not been validated on these boards.

• 1.5 V AGP interface with 4X Side Band Addressing (SBA)/data transfer and 2X and 4X fast write

Intel[®] 82801DB I/O Controller Hub (ICH4)

The Intel 82801DB I/O Controller Hub integrates many I/O functions and provides the I/O subsystem with access to the rest of the platform. ICH4 features on Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 include:

- Integrated IDE controller supports two Ultra DMA-33 and ATA-66/100 channels, and PIO modes
- SMBus interface
- FWH interface
- Low Pin Count (LPC) interface
- AC'97 2.1 compliant link for audio and telephony codecs
- Integrated Intel 82562ET 10/100 Mbit/sec Platform LAN Connect (PLC) device for interfacing the ICH4 LAN connect interface to LAN connect component
- Three UHCI and one ECHI compliant host controllers supporting up to six USB ports

Firmware Hub (FWH)

The 4 Mbit Firmware Hub has these features:

- System BIOS
- System security and management logic

Input/Output (I/O) Controller

The SMSC LPC47M102S ultra I/O controller features the following:

- Low pin count (LPC) interface
- Two serial ports (one via an Intel desktop board header)
- One parallel port with Extended Capabilities Port (ECP) and Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) support
- Serial IRQ interface compatible with serialized IRQ support for PCI systems
- PS/2-style mouse and keyboard interfaces
- Interface for one 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, or 2.88 MB floppy drive
- Intelligent power management, including a programmable wake up event interface
- PCI power management support
- Two fan tachometer inputs

Audio Subsystem

The audio subsystem features the following:

- Intel 845E chipset (AC '97)
- Analog Devices AD1981A audio codec

D NOTE

The line out connector, located on the back panel, is designed to power either headphones or amplified speakers only. Poor audio quality may occur if passive (non-amplified) speakers are connected to this output.

Audio drivers and utilities are available from Intel's customer support World Wide Web site:

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/

LAN Subsystem (Optional)

The optional Intel 82562ET (with the Intel 82801DB ICH4) provides a Fast PCI LAN subsystem providing both 10Base-T and 100Base-TX connectivity. The Intel 82562ET provides the following functions:

- Basic 10/100 Ethernet LAN connectivity
- Supports RJ-45 connector with status indicator LEDs
- Programmable transit threshold
- Configurable EEPROM that contains the MAC address

LAN Subsystem Software

For LAN software and drivers, refer to the Desktop Board D845EPT2 or D845EBG2 link on Intel's World Wide Web site at:

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop

RJ-45 LAN Connector LEDs

Two LEDs are built into the RJ-45 LAN connector. Table 3 describes the LED states when the board is powered up and the LAN subsystem is operating.

| LED Color LED State Indicates | | Indicates |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Green | Off | 10 Mbit/sec data rate is selected. |
| | On | 100 Mbit/sec data rate is selected. |
| Yellow | Off | LAN link is not established. |
| | On (steady state) | LAN link is established. |
| | On (brighter and pulsing) | The computer is communicating with another computer on the LAN. |

Table 3. RJ-45 LAN Connector LEDs

Hi-Speed USB 2.0 Support

D NOTE

Computer systems that have an unshielded cable attached to a USB port might not meet FCC Class B requirements, even if no device or a low-speed USB device is attached to the cable. Use a shielded cable that meets the requirements for a full-speed USB device.

These Intel desktop boards support up to six USB 2.0 ports via ICH4; four ports routed to the back panel and two routed to a USB front panel header. USB 2.0 ports are backward compatible with USB 1.1 devices. USB 1.1 devices will function normally at USB 1.1 speeds.

USB 2.0 support requires both an operating system and drivers that fully support USB 2.0 transfer rates. Disabling Hi-Speed USB in BIOS reverts all USB 2.0 ports to USB 1.1 operation. This may be required to accommodate operating systems that do not support USB 2.0.

D NOTE

USB devices are limited to USB 1.1 transfer rates prior to operating system and driver initialization.

Enhanced IDE Interface

The ICH4's IDE interface handles the exchange of information between the processor and peripheral devices like hard disks, CD-ROM drives, and Iomega Zip[†] drives inside the computer. The interface supports:

- Up to four IDE devices (such as hard drives)
- ATAPI devices (such as CD-ROM drives)
- Older PIO Mode devices
- Ultra DMA-33 and ATA-66/100 protocols
- Laser servo (LS-120) drives

Expansion Slots

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have the following expansion capabilities:

The Desktop Board D845EPT2 has:

- Three PCI bus add-in card connectors
- SMBus routed to PCI bus connector 1 slot
- One AGP connector
- One optional CNR connector (slot shared with PCI bus connector 3)

The Desktop Board D845EBG2 has:

- Six PCI bus add-in card connectors
- SMBus routed to PCI bus connector 1 slot
- One AGP connector
- One optional CNR connector (slot shared with PCI bus connector 6)

Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP)

D NOTE

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 are only compatible with 1.5 V AGP cards.

AGP is a high-performance interface for graphics-intensive applications, such as 3D graphics. AGP is independent of the PCI bus and is intended for exclusive use with graphical display devices.

The AGP connector supports 1.5 V AGP 4X and 2X add-in cards. The boxed desktop board comes with an integrated AGP card retention mechanism (RM). For information about installing the AGP card, see Chapter 2 on page 21.

Communication and Networking Riser (CNR) (Optional)

The optional CNR provides an interface that supports various features such as audio, modem, and LAN.

BIOS

The BIOS provides the Power-On Self-Test (POST), the BIOS Setup program, the PCI and IDE auto-configuration utilities. The BIOS is stored in the Firmware Hub.

The BIOS can be updated by following the instructions in Chapter 3 on page 37.

PCI Auto Configuration

If you install a PCI add-in card in your computer, the PCI auto-configuration utility in the BIOS automatically detects and configures the resources (IRQs, DMA channels, and I/O space) for that add-in card. You do not need to run the BIOS Setup program after you install a PCI add-in card.

IDE Auto Configuration

If you install an IDE device (such as a hard drive) in your computer, the IDE auto-configuration utility in the BIOS automatically detects and configures the device for your computer. You do not need to run the BIOS Setup program after installing an IDE device. You can override the auto-configuration options by specifying manual configuration in the BIOS Setup program.

To use ATA-66/100 features, the following items are required:

- An ATA-66/100 peripheral device
- An ATA-66/100 compatible cable
- ATA-66/100 operating system device drivers

Security Passwords

The BIOS includes security features that restrict whether the BIOS Setup program can be accessed and who can boot the computer. A supervisor password and a user password can be set for the Setup and for booting the computer, with the following restrictions:

- The supervisor password gives unrestricted access to view and change all Setup options. If only the supervisor password is set, pressing <Enter> at the password prompt of Setup gives the user restricted access to Setup.
- If both the supervisor and user passwords are set, you must enter either the supervisor • password or the user password to access Setup. Setup options are then available for viewing and changing depending on whether the supervisor or user password was entered.
- Setting a user password restricts who can boot the computer. The password prompt is displayed before the computer is booted. If only the supervisor password is set, the computer boots without asking for a password. If both passwords are set, you can enter either password to boot the computer.

Power Management Features

- Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI)
- Suspend to RAM (Instantly Available PC technology) •

ACPI

ACPI gives the operating system direct control over the power management and Plug & Play functions of a computer. The use of ACPI with the Desktop Board D845EPT2 or D845EBG2 requires an operating system that provides full ACPI support.

Suspend to RAM (Instantly Available PC Technology)

For Instantly Available PC technology, the 5 V standby line for the power supply must be capable of delivering adequate +5 V standby current. Failure to provide adequate standby current when using this feature can damage the power supply and/or effect ACPI S3 sleep state functionality.

Instantly Available PC technology enables the board to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend-to-RAM) sleep state. While in the S3 sleep state, the computer will appear to be off. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system quickly returns to its last known awake state.

The Intel desktop board's standby power indicator, shown in Figure 3, is lit when there is standby power to the system. This includes the memory modules and PCI bus connectors, even when the computer appears to be off.

If the system has a dual-colored power LED on the front panel, the sleep state is indicated by the LED turning amber.

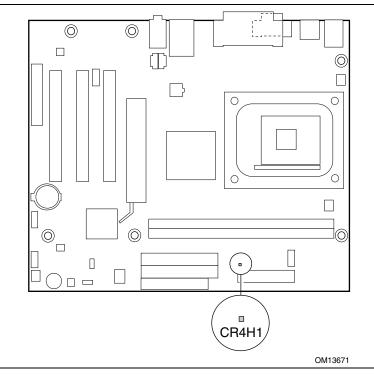


Figure 3. Location of Standby Power Indicator

Power supplies used with this board must be able to provide enough standby current to support the standard Instantly Available (ACPI S3 sleep state) configuration. If the standby current necessary to support multiple wake events from the PCI and/or USB buses exceeds power supply capacity, the Intel desktop board may lose register settings stored in memory.

For more information on standby current requirements for these desktop boards, refer to the TPS by selecting the Technical Documentation link at:

http://developer.intel.com/design/motherbd/

Hardware Management

- Power connectors
- Fan connectors
- Resume on Ring
- Wake from USB
- Wake from PS/2 keyboard/mouse
- PME# wakeup support

Power Connectors

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have two power connectors. See Figure 15 on page 64 for the location of the power connectors.

Fan Connectors

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have two chassis fan connectors and one processor fan connector. See Figure 15 on page 64 for the location of the fan connectors.

Resume on Ring

The operation of Resume on Ring can be summarized as follows:

- Resumes operation from either ACPI S1 or ACPI S3 state
- Requires only one call to access the computer
- Detects incoming call similarly for external and internal modems
- Requires modem interrupt be unmasked for correct operation

Wake from USB

USB bus activity wakes the computer from an ACPI S1 or S3 state.

D NOTE

Wake from USB requires the use of a USB peripheral that supports Wake from USB.

Wake from PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse

PS/2 keyboard/mouse activity wakes the computer from an ACPI S1 or S3 state.

PME# Wakeup Support

When the PME# signal on the PCI bus is asserted, the computer wakes from an ACPI S1, S3, or S5 state.

Speaker

A speaker is mounted on the Intel desktop board. The speaker provides audible error code (beep code) information during the Power-On Self-Test (POST).

Battery

A battery on the Intel desktop board keeps the values in CMOS RAM and the clock current when the computer is turned off. See Chapter 2 starting on page 21 for instructions on how to replace the battery.

Real-Time Clock

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have a time-of-day clock and 100-year calendar. A battery on the Intel desktop board keeps the clock current when the computer is turned off.

2 Installing and Replacing Desktop Board Components

This chapter tells you how to:

- Install the I/O shield
- Install and remove the desktop board
- Install and remove a processor
- Install and remove memory
- Install and remove an AGP card
- Connect the IDE cable
- Set the BIOS jumper
- Install the front panel audio solution
- Clear passwords
- Replace the battery

Before You Begin

Before you install this board in a chassis, see Appendix B for regulatory requirements and precautions.

- Always follow the steps in each procedure in the correct order.
- Set up a log to record information about your computer, such as model, serial numbers, installed options, and configuration information.
- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage components. Perform the procedures described in this chapter only at an ESD workstation using an antistatic wrist strap and a conductive foam pad. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the computer chassis.

The procedures in this chapter assume familiarity with the general terminology associated with personal computers and with the safety practices and regulatory compliance required for using and modifying electronic equipment.

Disconnect the computer from its power source and from any telecommunications links, networks, or modems before performing any of the procedures described in this chapter. Failure to disconnect power, telecommunications links, networks, or modems before you open the computer or perform any procedures can result in personal injury or equipment damage. Some circuitry on the board can continue to operate even though the front panel power button is off.

Installing the I/O Shield

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 come with an I/O shield. When installed in the chassis, the shield blocks radio frequency transmissions, protects internal components from dust and foreign objects, and promotes correct airflow within the chassis.

Install the I/O shield before installing the Intel desktop board in the chassis. Place the shield inside the chassis as shown in Figure 4. Press the shield into place so that it fits tightly and securely. If the shield doesn't fit, obtain a properly-sized shield from the chassis supplier.

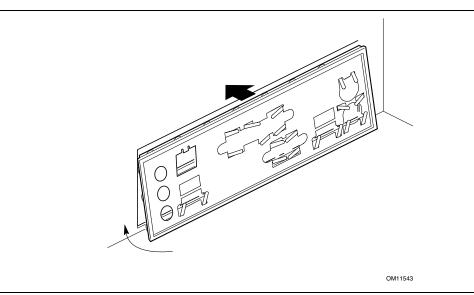


Figure 4. Installing the I/O Shield

Installing and Removing the Desktop Board

Refer to your chassis manual for instructions on installing and removing the Intel desktop board.

Only qualified technical personnel should do this procedure. Disconnect the computer from its power source before performing the procedures described here. Failure to disconnect the power before you open the computer can result in personal injury or equipment damage.

You will need a Phillips[†] (#2 bit) screwdriver.

Refer to Appendix B for regulatory requirements and installation instructions and precautions.

Figure 5 shows the location of the eight mounting holes for the Desktop Board D845EBG2. The Desktop Board D845EPT2 has six mounting holes.

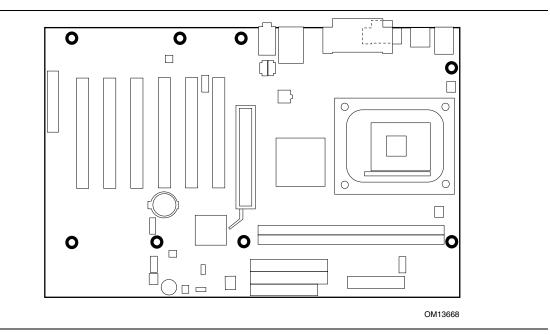


Figure 5. Desktop Board D845EBG2 Mounting Holes

Installing and Removing a Processor

Instructions on how to install the processor to the Intel desktop board are given below.

Installing a Processor

Before installing or removing the processor, make sure that AC power has been removed by unplugging the power cord from the computer; the standby power LED should not be lit (see Figure 3 on page 18). Failure to do so could damage the processor and the desktop board.

To install a processor, follow these instructions:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 21.
- 2. Locate the processor socket and raise the socket lever completely.
- 3. Install the processor so that the corner with the triangle marking (A) is aligned with the corner where the lever is attached to the socket (see Figure 6).
- 4. Lower the lever to its original position.

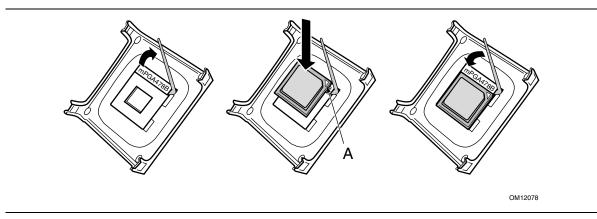


Figure 6. Installing a Processor

Installing the Processor Fan Heat Sink

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have an integrated processor fan heat sink retention mechanism (RM). For instructions on how to install the processor fan heat sink to the integrated processor fan heat sink RM, refer to the boxed processor manual or the Intel World Wide Web site at:

http://support.intel.com/support/processors/pentium4/intnotes478.htm

Connecting the Processor Fan Heat Sink Cable

Connect the processor fan heat sink cable to the processor fan connector (see Figure 7).

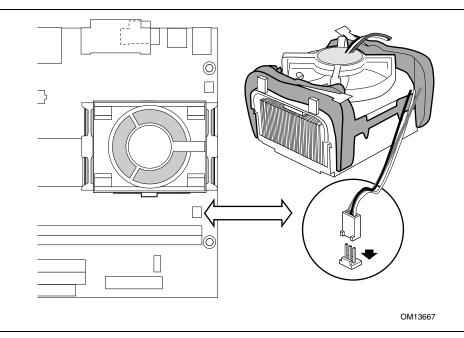


Figure 7. Connecting the Processor Fan Heat Sink Cable to the Processor Fan Connector

Removing a Processor

For instruction on how to remove the processor fan heat sink and processor, refer to the processor installation manual or the Intel World Wide Web site at:

http://support.intel.com/support/processors/pentium4/intnotes478.htm

Installing and Removing Memory

A CAUTION

To be fully compliant with all applicable Intel SDRAM memory specifications, the Intel desktop boards require DIMMs that support the Serial Presence Detect (SPD) data structure.

You can access the PC Serial Presence Detect Specification at:

http://www.intel.com/technology/memory/pcsdram/spec/

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have two 184-pin DIMM sockets arranged as banks 0 and 1, as shown in Figure 8. If installing a single DIMM, install it in bank 0.

Refer to the Main Memory heading on page 12 for memory requirements.

Installing DIMMs



Install memory in the DIMM sockets prior to installing the AGP video card to avoid interference with the memory retention mechanism.

To install DIMMs, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 21.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC power cord.
- 3. Remove the computer's cover and locate the DIMM sockets (see Figure 8).
- 4. Remove the AGP video card if it interferes with the DIMM clips being easily opened and closed.

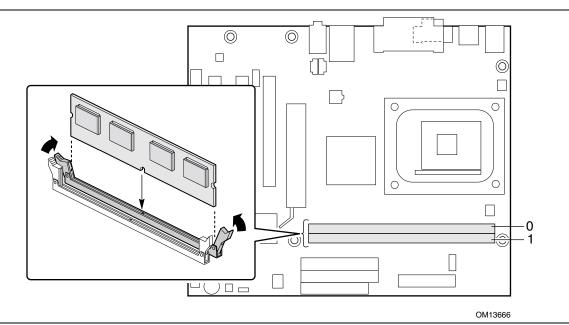


Figure 8. Installing a Memory Module

- 5. Make sure the clips at either end of the DIMM socket(s) are pushed outward to the open position.
- 6. Holding the DIMM by the edges, remove it from its anti-static package.
- 7. Position the DIMM above the socket. Align the small notch in the bottom edge of the DIMM with the key in the socket (see inset in Figure 8).
- 8. Insert the bottom edge of the DIMM into the socket.
- 9. When the DIMM is inserted, push down on the top edge of the DIMM until the retaining clips snap into place. Make sure the clips are firmly in place.
- 10. Reinstall the AGP card if it was removed prior to installing the DIMMs.
- 11. Replace the computer's cover and reconnect the AC power cord.

Removing DIMMs

To remove a memory module, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 21.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer.
- 3. Remove the AC power cord from the computer.
- 4. Remove the computer's cover.
- 5. Remove the AGP card if it interferes with the DIMM clips being easily opened and closed.
- 6. Gently spread the retaining clips at each end of the DIMM socket. The DIMM pops out of the socket.
- 7. Hold the DIMM by the edges, lift it away from the socket, and store it in an anti-static package.
- 8. Reinstall the AGP card if you removed it before installing the DIMMs.
- 9. Reinstall and reconnect any parts you removed or disconnected to reach the DIMM sockets.
- 10. Replace the computer's cover and reconnect the AC power cord.

Installing and Removing the AGP Card

The AGP connector supports 1.5 V 4X and 2X AGP cards. The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have an integrated AGP retention mechanism (RM).

Installing an AGP Card

Follow these instructions to install an AGP card:

- 1. Place the AGP card in the AGP connector.
- 2. Press down on the card until it is completely seated in the AGP connector and the card retention notch snaps into place around the RM pin.
- 3. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.

Removing the AGP Card

Follow these instructions to remove the AGP card from the RM:

- 1. Remove the screw (B) that secures the card's metal bracket (A) to the chassis back panel.
- 2. Push back on the RM lever (D), as shown in Figure 9, until the retention pin (C) completely clears the notch in the card.
- 3. Pull the card straight up (E).

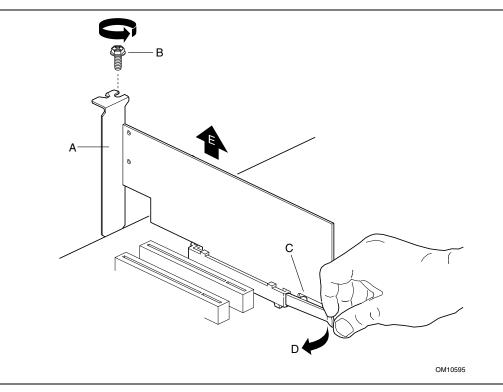


Figure 9. Removing the AGP Card

Connecting the IDE Cable

The Intel[®] boxed desktop board package includes an IDE cable. The cable connects two drives to the desktop board. The cable supports the Ultra DMA-33 and ATA-66/100 transfer protocols. Figure 10 shows the correct installation of the cable.

D NOTE

ATA-66/100 compatible cables are backward compatible with drives using slower IDE transfer protocols. If an ATA-66/100 disk drive and a disk drive using any other IDE transfer protocol are attached to the same cable, the maximum transfer rate between the drives may be reduced to that of the slowest drive.

● NOTE

Do not connect an ATA device as a slave on the same IDE cable as an ATAPI master device. For example, do not connect an ATA hard drive as a slave to an ATAPI CD-ROM drive.

For correct function of the cable:

- Attach the cable end with the single connector to the Intel desktop board (see Figure 10, A).
- Attach the cable end with the two closely spaced connectors to the drives (see Figure 10, B).

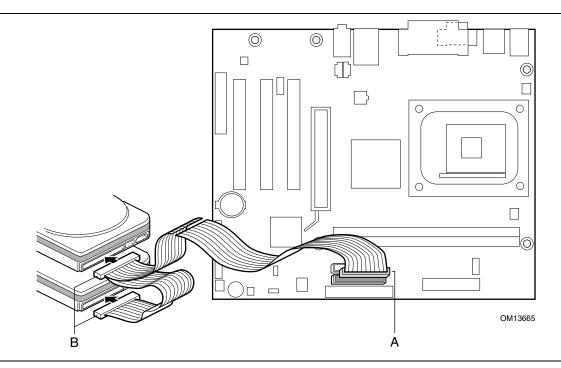


Figure 10. Connecting the IDE Cable

Setting the BIOS Configuration Jumper Block

Always turn off the power and unplug the power cord from the computer before changing the jumper. Moving the jumper with the power on may result in unreliable computer operation.

The location of the board's BIOS configuration jumper is shown in Figure 11.

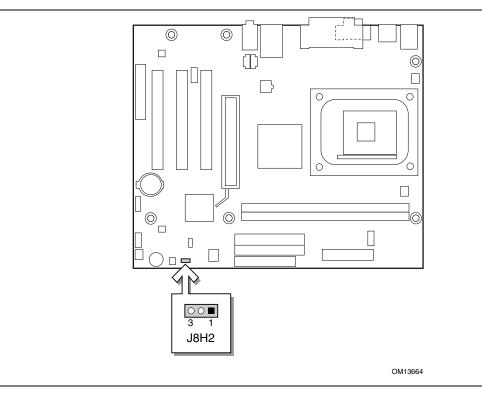


Figure 11. Location of the BIOS Configuration Jumper Block

The three-pin BIOS jumper block enables all Intel desktop board configurations to be done in BIOS Setup. Table 4 shows the jumper settings for the Setup program modes.

| Jumper Setting | Mode | Description |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| | Normal (default) (1-2) | The BIOS uses the current configuration and passwords for booting. |
| | Configure (2-3) | After the Power-On Self-Test (POST) runs, the BIOS displays the Maintenance Menu. Use this menu to clear passwords. |
| | Recovery (None) | The BIOS recovers data from a recovery diskette in the event of a failed BIOS update. |

 Table 4.
 Jumper Settings for the BIOS Setup Program Modes (J8H2)

Installing the Front Panel Audio Solution

To install the cable that connects the front panel audio solution to the front panel audio header, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 21.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC power cord.
- 3. Remove the cover.
- 4. Locate the front panel audio header (J8B1), see Figure 14 on page 63.
- 5. Remove the two jumpers from the header to disable the back panel audio connectors.
- 6. Install a correctly keyed and shielded front panel audio cable.
- 7. Connect the audio cable to the front panel audio solution.
- 8. Replace the cover.

To restore back panel operations, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 21.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC power cord.
- 3. Remove the cover.
- 4. Remove the front panel audio cable.
- 5. Install a jumper on pins 5-6 (rear R channel).
- 6. Install a jumper on pins 9-10 (rear L channel).
- 7. Replace the cover.

Clearing Passwords

This procedure assumes that the Intel desktop board is installed in the computer and the configuration jumper block is set to normal mode.

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 21.
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source (wall outlet or power adapter).
- 3. Remove the computer cover.
- 4. Find the configuration jumper block (see Figure 11).
- 5. Place the jumper on pins 2-3 as shown below.



- 6. Replace the cover, plug in the computer, turn on the computer, and allow it to boot.
- 7. The computer starts the Setup program. Setup displays the maintenance menu.
- 8. Use the arrow keys to select Clear Passwords. Press <Enter> and Setup displays a pop-up screen requesting that you confirm clearing the password. Select Yes and press <Enter>. Setup displays the maintenance menu again.
- 9. Press <F10> to save the current values and exit Setup.
- 10. Turn off the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source.
- 11. Remove the computer cover.
- 12. To restore normal operation, place the jumper on pins 1-2 as shown below.



13. Replace the cover, plug in the computer, and turn on the computer.

Replacing the Battery

A coin-cell battery (CR2032) powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. When the computer is not plugged into a wall socket, the battery has an estimated life of three years. When the computer is plugged in, the standby current from the power supply extends the life of the battery. The clock is accurate to \pm 13 minutes/year at 25 °C with 3.3 VSB applied.

When the voltage drops below a certain level, the BIOS Setup program settings stored in CMOS RAM (for example, the date and time) might not be accurate. Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Figure 12 on page 35 shows the location of the battery.

Risk of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect type. Batteries should be recycled where possible. Disposal of used batteries must be in accordance with local environmental regulations.



PRÉCAUTION

Risque d'explosion si la pile usagée est remplacée par une pile de type incorrect. Les piles usagées doivent être recyclées dans la mesure du possible. La mise au rebut des piles usagées doit respecter les réglementations locales en vigueur en matière de protection de l'environnement. (French)



FORHOLDSREGEL

Eksplosionsfare, hvis batteriet erstattes med et batteri af en forkert type. Batterier bør om muligt genbruges. Bortskaffelse af brugte batterier bør foregå i overensstemmelse med gældende miljølovgivning.

(Danish)



Det kan oppstå eksplosjonsfare hvis batteriet skiftes ut med feil type. Brukte batterier bør kastes i henhold til gjeldende miljølovgivning.

(Norwegian)



Risk för explosion om batteriet ersätts med felaktig batterityp. Batterier ska kasseras enligt de lokala miljövårdsbestämmelserna. (Swedish)



🛝 VARO

Räjähdysvaara, jos pariston tyyppi on väärä. Paristot on kierrätettävä, jos se on mahdollista. Käytetyt paristot on hävitettävä paikallisten ympäristömääräysten mukaisesti. (Finnish)

Bei falschem Einsetzen einer neuen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Die Batterie darf nur durch denselben oder einen entsprechenden, vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp ersetzt werden. Entsorgen Sie verbrauchte Batterien den Anweisungen des Herstellers entsprechend. (German)



Esiste il pericolo di un esplosione se la pila non viene sostituita in modo corretto. Utilizzare solo pile uguali o di tipo equivalente a quelle consigliate dal produttore. Per disfarsi delle pile usate, seguire le istruzioni del produttore.

(Italian)

M PRECAUCIÓN

Existe peligro de explosión si la pila no se cambia de forma adecuada. Utilice solamente pilas iguales o del mismo tipo que las recomendadas por el fabricante del equipo. Para deshacerse de las pilas usadas, siga igualmente las instrucciones del fabricante. (Spanish)



M WAARSCHUWING

Er bestaat ontploffingsgevaar als de batterij wordt vervangen door een onjuist type batterij. Batterijen moeten zoveel mogelijk worden gerecycled. Houd u bij het weggooien van gebruikte batterijen aan de plaatselijke milieuwetgeving. (Dutch)

ATENÇÃO

Haverá risco de explosão se a bateria for substituída por um tipo de bateria incorreto. As baterias devem ser recicladas nos locais apropriados. A eliminação de baterias usadas deve ser feita de acordo com as regulamentações ambientais da região.

(Brazilian Portuguese)

To replace the battery, follow these steps:

- 1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" (see page 21).
- 2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source (wall outlet or power adapter).
- 3. Remove the computer cover.
- 4. Locate the battery on the board (see Figure 12).
- 5. With a medium flat-bladed screwdriver, gently pry the battery free from its connector. Note the orientation of the "+" and "-" on the battery.
- 6. Install the new battery in the connector, orienting the "+" and "-" correctly.
- 7. Replace the computer cover.

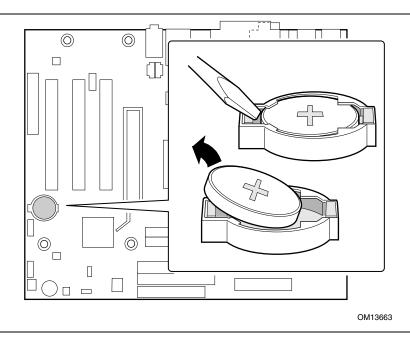


Figure 12. Removing the Battery

Intel Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 Product Guide

This chapter tells you how to update the BIOS by either using the Intel Express BIOS Update utility or the Intel[®] Flash Memory Update Utility, and how to recover the BIOS if an update fails.

Updating the BIOS with the Intel[®] Express BIOS Update Utility

With the Intel Express BIOS Update utility you can update the system BIOS while in the Windows[†] environment. The BIOS file is included in an automated update utility that combines the functionality of the Intel Flash Memory Update Utility and the ease-of use of Windows-based installation wizards.

To update the BIOS with the Intel Express BIOS Update utility:

- 1. Go to the Intel customer support World Wide Web site: http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/
- 2. Navigate to the D845EPT2 or D845EBG2 page and click the Express BIOS Update utility file for the Desktop Board D845EPT2 or D845EBG2 BIOS.
- 3. Download the file to your hard drive. (You can also save this file to a diskette. This is useful if you are updating the BIOS for multiple identical systems.)
- 4. Close all other applications. This step is required. Your system will be rebooted at the last Express BIOS Update window.
- 5. Double-click the executable file from the location on your hard drive where it was saved. This runs the update program.
- 6. Follow the instructions provided in the dialog boxes to complete the BIOS update.

Updating the BIOS with the Intel[®] Flash Memory Update Utility

With the Intel Flash Memory Update utility you can update the system BIOS from a diskette or other bootable media. The utility available from the Web provides a simple method for creating a bootable flash memory update diskette that will automatically update your BIOS.

Obtaining the BIOS Update File

You can update to a new version of the BIOS by using the BIOS update file. The BIOS update file is a compressed self-extracting archive that contains all the files you need to update the BIOS. The BIOS update file contains:

- New BIOS files •
- BIOS recovery files •
- Intel Flash Memory Update Utility

You can obtain the BIOS update file through your computer supplier or by navigating to the D845EPT2 or D845EBG2 page on the Intel customer support World Wide Web site:

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop

Please review the instructions distributed with the update utility before attempting a BIOS update.

The Intel Flash Memory Update Utility allows you to:

- Update the BIOS in flash memory
- Update the language section of the BIOS

Updating the BIOS



The AUTOEXEC.BAT file provided with the update files updates the BIOS. Do not interrupt the process or the system may not function.

- 1. Boot the computer with the BIOS update diskette in drive A. During system boot, the AUTOEXEC.BAT file provided with the update files will automatically run the BIOS update process.
- 2. When the update process is complete, the monitor will display a message telling you to remove the diskette and to reboot the system.
- 3. As the computer boots, check the BIOS identifier (version number) to make sure the update was successful. If a logo appears, press <Esc> to view the POST messages.

Recovering the BIOS

It is unlikely that anything will interrupt the BIOS update; however, if an interruption occurs, the BIOS could be damaged. The following steps explain how to recover the BIOS if an update fails. The following procedure uses recovery mode for the Setup program. See page 30 for more information on Setup modes.

D NOTE

Because of the small amount of code available in the boot block area, there is no video support. You will not see anything on the screen during this procedure. Monitor the procedure by listening to the speaker and looking at the floppy drive LED.

- 1. Turn off the computer, disconnect the computer's power cord, and disconnect all external peripherals.
- 2. Remove the computer cover and locate the configuration jumper block (J8H2) (see Figure 11).
- 3. Remove the jumper from all pins as shown below to set recovery mode for Setup. 3 1
- 4. Insert the bootable BIOS update diskette into floppy drive A.
- 5. Replace the computer cover, connect the power cord, turn on the computer, and allow it to boot. The recovery process will take a few minutes.
- 6. Listen to the speaker:
 - Upon applying power, drive A will begin to show activity. In about a minute, two beeps will be heard and drive A activity will cease (temporarily) indicating the successful recovery of the BIOS core. Drive A activity will begin again followed by two more beeps indicating the successful recovery of the boot block. This sequence of events indicates a successful BIOS recovery.
 - A series of continuous beeps indicates a failed BIOS recovery.
- 7. If recovery fails, return to step 1 and repeat the recovery process.
- 8. If recovery is successful, turn off the computer, and disconnect its power cord.
- 9. Remove the computer cover and continue with the following steps.
- 10. On the jumper block (J8H2), reinstall the jumper back on pins 1-2 as shown below to set normal mode for Setup.



- 11. Leave the update diskette in drive A, replace the computer cover, and connect the computer's power cord.
- 12. Turn on the computer and continue with the BIOS update (see page 38).

Intel Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 Product Guide

Using the BIOS Setup Program 4

The BIOS Setup program can be used to view and change the BIOS settings for the computer. The BIOS Setup program is accessed by pressing the $\langle F2 \rangle$ key after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins.

Image: Book of the second second

The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may not show the latest settings. For the latest BIOS settings, refer to the Intel Desktop Board D845EPT2/D845EBG2 Technical Product Specification or the Intel customer support World Wide Web site:

http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop



For reference purposes, you should write down the current Setup settings. When you make changes to the settings, update this record.

Image: Book of the second second

The Setup menus described in this section apply to the Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 with BIOS identifier PT84520A.86A. Boards with other BIOS identifiers might have differences in some of the Setup menu screens.

The Setup screen menu bar is shown below.

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit | |
|-------------|------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|--|
| | | | | | | | |

Table 5 shows the BIOS Setup program menu bar.

Maintenance Main Advanced Security Power Boot Exit Clears passwords Allocates Configures Sets Configures Selects boot Saves or and Boot Integrity resources for advanced passwords power options and discards Service (BIS)* hardware features and security management power changes to credentials, and components available features features supply set program configures through the controls options extended chipset configuration memory settings

Table 5. **BIOS Setup Program Menu Bar**

* For information about the BIS, refer to the Intel World Wide Web site:

http://developer.intel.com/design/security/index1.htm

Table 6 shows the function keys available for menu screens.

| BIOS Setup Program Function Key | Description |
|--|--|
| $< \leftrightarrow >$ or $< \rightarrow >$ | Selects a different menu screen |
| <1> or <↓> | Moves cursor up or down |
| <tab></tab> | Moves cursor to the next field |
| <enter></enter> | Executes command or selects the submenu |
| <f9></f9> | Load the default configuration values for the current menu |
| <f10></f10> | Save the current values and exits the BIOS Setup program |
| <esc></esc> | Exits the menu |

 Table 6.
 BIOS Setup Program Function Keys

Maintenance Menu

| Maintenance Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|------------------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|
|------------------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|

The menu shown in Table 7 is used to clear the Setup passwords and enable extended configuration mode. Setup only displays this menu in configure mode. See page 30 for information about setting configure mode.

| Feature | Options | Description |
|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| Clear All Passwords | Yes (default) | Clears the user and administrative passwords. |
| | • No | |
| Clear BIS Credentials | Yes (default) | Clears the Wired for Management Boot Integrity Service (BIS) |
| | • No | credentials. |
| Extended | No options | Invokes the Extended Configuration submenu. |
| Configuration | | |
| CPU Stepping | No options | Displays CPU's Stepping Signature. |
| Signature | | |
| CPU Microcode | No options | Displays CPU's Microcode Update Revision. |
| Update Revision | | |

Table 7. Maintenance Menu

* For information about the BIS, refer to the Intel Web site at:

http://developer.intel.com/design/security/index1.htm

Extended Configuration Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|------------------|--------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|
| Extended Configu | ration | | | | | |

This submenu shown in Table 8 is used to set system control and video memory cache mode. This submenu becomes available when User Defined is selected under Extended Configuration.

| Feature | Options | Description | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Extended Configuration | Default (default) User-Defined | User Defined allows setting memory control and video memory cache mode. If selected here, will also display in the Advanced Menu as: "Extended Menu: Used." | | | |
| Video Memory Cache Mode | • USWC | Selects Uncacheable Speculative Write-Combining (USWC) video memory cache mode. Full 32 byte contents of the Write Combining buffer are written to memory as required. Cache lookups are not performed. Both the video driver and the application must support Write Combining. | | | |
| | UC (default) | Selects UnCacheable (UC) video memory cache mod This setting identifies the video memory range as uncacheable by the processor. Memory writes are performed in program order. Cache lookups are not performed. Well suited for applications not supporting Write Combining. | | | |
| SDRAM Auto-Configuration | Auto (default) User Defined | Sets extended memory configuration options to <i>Auto</i> User Defined. | | | |
| CAS# Latency | 3 2 Auto (default) | Selects the number of clock cycles required to address a column in memory. | | | |
| SDRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay • 3 • 2 • Auto (default) | | Selects the number of clock cycles between addressing a row and addressing a column. | | | |
| SDRAM RAS# Precharge | 3 2 Auto (default) | Selects the length of time required before accessing a new row. | | | |
| SDRAM RAS Act. To Pre. | 7 6 5 Auto (default) | Selects length of time from read to pre-change. | | | |

 Table 8.
 Extended Configuration Submenu

Main Menu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|
|-------------|------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|

Table 9 describes the Main Menu. This menu reports processor and memory information and is used to configure the system date and system time.

| Feature | Options | Description | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| BIOS Version | No options | Displays the version of the BIOS. | | | |
| Processor Type | No options | Displays processor type. | | | |
| Processor Speed | No options | Displays processor speed. | | | |
| System Bus Speed | No options | Displays the system bus speed. | | | |
| Cache RAM | No options | Displays the size of second-level cache and whethe ECC-capable. | | | |
| Total Memory | No options | Displays the total amount of RAM. | | | |
| Memory Bank 0 | No options | Displays the amount and type of RAM in the | | | |
| Memory Bank 1 | | memory banks. | | | |
| Language | English (default) | Selects the current default language used by the BIOS. | | | |
| | Espanol | | | | |
| | Deutsch | | | | |
| | Italiano | | | | |
| | Francais | | | | |
| System Time | Hour, minute, and second | Specifies the current time. | | | |
| System Date | Day of week Month/day/year | Specifies the current date. | | | |

Advanced Menu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|------|
| | | PCI Configuration | | | | |
| | | Boot Configuration | | | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configura | ation | | | |

Table 10 describes the Advanced Menu. This menu is used to set advanced features that are available through the chipset.

| Feature | Options | Description | | | |
|--------------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Extended Configuration | No options | If <i>Used</i> is displayed, <i>User-Defined</i> has been selected in Extended Configuration under the Maintenance Menu. | | | |
| PCI Configuration | No options | Configures individual PCI slot's IRQ priority. When selected, displays the PCI Configuration submenu. | | | |
| Boot Configuration | No options | Configures Plug and Play and the Numlock key, and rese configuration data. When selected, displays the Boot Configuration submenu. | | | |
| Peripheral Configuration | No options | Configures peripheral ports and devices. When selected, displays the Peripheral Configuration submenu. | | | |
| IDE Configuration | No options | Specifies type of connected IDE device. | | | |
| Floppy Configuration | No options | When selected, displays the Floppy Configuration submenu. | | | |
| Event Log Configuration | No options | Configures Event Logging. When selected, displays the Event Log Configuration submenu. | | | |
| Video Configuration | No options | Configures video features. When selected, displays the Video Configuration submenu. | | | |
| USB Configuration | No options | Configures USB features. When selected, displays the USB Configuration submenu. | | | |

Table 10. Advanced Menu

PCI Configuration Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|------|
| | | PCI Configuration | | | | |
| | | Boot Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | - | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configura | ation | | | |

The submenu shown in Table 11 is used to configure the IRQ priority of PCI slots individually.

| Feature | Options | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| PCI Slot 1 IRQ Priority | Auto (default) 5 9 10 11 | Allows selection of IRQ priority. IRQ Priority selections for PCI slots 1 and 5 are linked. Selections made to PCI Slot 1 IRQ Priority are repeated in PCI Slot 5 IRQ Priority. |
| PCI Slot 2 IRQ Priority | Auto (default) 5 9 10 11 | Allows selection of IRQ priority and S5 wake. |
| PCI Slot 3 IRQ Priority | Auto (default) 5 9 10 11 | Allows selection of IRQ priority. |
| PCI Slot 4 IRQ Priority (Note) | Auto (default) 5 9 10 11 | Allows selection of IRQ priority. |
| PCI Slot 5 IRQ Priority (Note) | Auto (default) 5 9 10 11 | Allows selection of IRQ priority. |
| PCI Slot 6 IRQ Priority (Note) | Auto (default) 5 9 10 11 | Allows selection of IRQ priority. |

Table 11. PCI Configuration Submenu

Note: PCI slots 4, 5, and 6 are available only on the Desktop Board D845EBG2.

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|------|
| | | PCI Configuration | | | | |
| | | Boot Configuration | | | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configuration | | | | |

Boot Configuration Submenu

The submenu shown in Table 12 is used to set the Plug & Play options, reset configuration data, and the power-on state of the Numlock key.

 Table 12.
 Boot Configuration Submenu

| Feature | Options | Description |
|-----------------|--|---|
| Plug & Play O/S | No (default)Yes | Specifies if manual configuration is desired. No lets the BIOS configure all devices. This setting is appropriate when using a Plug and Play operating system. Yes lets the operating system configure Plug and Play devices not required to boot the system. This option is available for use during lab testing. |
| Numlock | Off On (default) | Specifies the power-on state of the Numlock feature on the numeric keypad of the keyboard. |

| - | - | | | | | |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|------|
| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
| 5 | | PCI Configuration | | | | |
| | | Boot Configuration | | | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configuration | | | | |

Peripheral Configuration Submenu

This submenu shown in Table 13 is used for configuring computer peripherals.

| Table 13. | Peripheral | Configuration | Submenu |
|-----------|------------|---------------|---------|
|-----------|------------|---------------|---------|

| Feature | Options | Description |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Serial Port A | Disabled | Configures serial port A. |
| | Enabled | Auto assigns the first free COM port, normally COM1, the |
| | Auto (default) | address 3F8h, and the interrupt IRQ4. |
| | | An * (asterisk) displayed next to an address indicates a conflict with another device. |
| Base I/O Address | • 3F8 (default) | Specifies the base I/O address for serial port A, if serial port |
| (This feature is present only when Serial Port A is set to <i>Enabled</i>) | • 2F8 | A is Enabled. |
| | • 3E8 | |
| is set to Enabled | • 2E8 | |
| Interrupt | • IRQ 3 | Specifies the interrupt for serial port A, if serial port A is |
| (This feature is present only when Serial Port A is set to <i>Enabled</i>) | IRQ 4 (default) | Enabled. |
| Serial Port B | Disabled | Configures serial port B. |
| | Enabled | Auto assigns the first free COM port, normally COM2, the address 2F8h, and the interrupt IRQ3. |
| | Auto (default) | An * (asterisk) displayed next to an address indicates a conflict with another device. |
| Base I/O Address | 2F8 (default) | Specifies the base I/O address for serial port B. |
| (This feature is present | • 3E8 | |
| only when Serial Port B is set to <i>Enabled</i>) | • 2E8 | |
| Interrupt | IRQ 3 (default) | Specifies the interrupt for serial port B. |
| (This feature is present only when Serial Port B is set to <i>Enabled</i>) | • IRQ 4 | |

continued

| Feature | Options | Description |
|---|--|---|
| Parallel Port | Disabled | Configures the parallel port. |
| | EnabledAuto (default) | <i>Auto</i> assigns LPT1 the address 378h and the interrupt IRQ7. |
| | | An * (asterisk) displayed next to an address indicates a conflict with another device. |
| Mode | Output Only Bi-directional | Selects the mode for the parallel port. Not available if the parallel port is disabled. |
| | (default) | Output Only operates in AT [†] -compatible mode. |
| | • EPP | Bi-directional operates in PS/2-compatible mode. |
| | • ECP | <i>EPP</i> is Extended Parallel Port mode, a high-speed bi-directional mode. |
| | | <i>ECP</i> is Enhanced Capabilities Port mode, a high-speed bi-directional mode. |
| Base I/O Address (This feature is present only when Parallel Port is set to <i>Enabled</i>) | 378 (default) 278 | Specifies the base I/O address for the parallel port. |
| Interrupt (This feature is present only when Parallel Port is set to <i>Enabled</i>) | IRQ 5IRQ 7 (default) | Specifies the interrupt for the parallel port. |
| DMA Channel (This feature is present only when Parallel Port Mode is set to <i>ECP</i>) | 13 (default) | Specifies the DMA channel. |
| Audio Device | Disabled | Enables or disables the onboard audio subsystem. |
| | • Enabled (default) | |
| LAN Device (This feature is present only when there is onboard LAN) | DisabledEnabled (default) | Enables or disables the LAN device. |

 Table 13.
 Peripheral Configuration Submenu (continued)

IDE Configuration Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|------|
| | | PCI Configuration | | | | |
| | | Boot Configura | ation | | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configuration | | | | |

This submenu shown in Table 14 is used to configure IDE device options.

| Feature | Options | Description |
|----------------------|---|---|
| IDE Controller | Disabled Primary Secondary Both (default) | Specifies the integrated IDE controller. <i>Primary</i> enables only the primary IDE controller. <i>Secondary</i> enables only the secondary IDE controller. <i>Both</i> enables both IDE controllers. |
| PCI IDE Bus Master | DisabledEnabled (default) | Allows for a PCI device to initiate a transaction as a master. |
| Hard Disk Pre-Delay | Disabled (default) 3 Seconds 6 Seconds 9 Seconds 12 Seconds 15 Seconds 21 Seconds 30 Seconds | Specifies the hard disk drive pre-delay. |
| Primary IDE Master | No options | Reports type of connected IDE device. When selected, displays the Primary IDE Master submenu. |
| Primary IDE Slave | No options | Reports type of connected IDE device. When selected, displays the Primary IDE Slave submenu. |
| Secondary IDE Master | No options | Reports type of connected IDE device. When selected, displays the Secondary IDE Master submenu. |
| Secondary IDE Slave | No options | Reports type of connected IDE device. When selected, displays the Secondary IDE Slave submenu. |

Table 14. IDE Configuration Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Powe | ər | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|----------|------|----------------|-------|
| | | Boot Configuration | | | | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | | | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | → | Prin | nary IDE Maste | ər |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | | Prin | nary IDE Slave | • |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | | Sec | ondary IDE Ma | aster |
| | | Video Configuration | | - | Sec | ondary IDE Sl | ave |
| | | USB Configuration | | 1 | | | |

Primary/Secondary IDE Master/Slave Submenus

There are four IDE submenus: Primary master, primary slave, secondary master, and secondary slave. Table 15 shows the format of these IDE submenus. For brevity, only one example is shown.

 Table 15.
 Primary/Secondary IDE Master/Slave Submenus

| Feature | Options | Description |
|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Drive Installed | None | Displays the type of drive installed. |
| Туре | None | Specifies the IDE configuration mode for IDE devices. |
| | User | User allows capabilities to be changed. |
| | Auto (default) | Auto fills-in capabilities from ATA/ATAPI device. |
| | CD-ROM | |
| | ATAPI Removable | |
| | Other ATAPI | |
| | IDE Removable | |
| Maximum Capacity | None | Displays the capacity of the drive. |
| Multi-Sector Transfers | Auto (default) | Sets the number of sectors to be transferred in a single |
| | Disabled | interrupt. |
| PIO Mode | Auto (default) | Specifies the PIO mode. |
| (Note) | • 0 | |
| | • 1 | |
| | • 2 | |
| | • 3 | |
| | • 4 | |

Note: These configuration options appear only if an IDE device is installed.

continued

| Feature | Options | Description |
|---------------------|----------------|--|
| DMA Mode | Auto (default) | SWDMA: Single word DMA. |
| | SWDMA 0 | MWDMA: Multi word DMA. |
| | SWDMA 1 | UDMA: Ultra DMA. |
| | SWDMA 2 | |
| | MWDMA 0 | |
| | MWDMA 1 | |
| | • UDMA 0 | |
| | UDMA 1 | |
| | • UDMA 2 | |
| | • UDMA 3 | |
| | UDMA 4 | |
| | UDMA 5 | |
| ARMD Emulation Type | Auto (default) | Select ARMD device emulation type by BIOS. |
| | Floppy | |
| | Hard drive | |

Table 15. Primary/Secondary IDE Master/Slave Submenus (continued)

Note: These configuration options appear only if an IDE device is installed.

Floppy Configuration Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|-------------------------|-------------|-------|------|------|
| | | PCI Configuration | | | | |
| | | Boot Configuration | | | | |
| | | Peripheral Co | nfiguration | | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configura | ation | | | |

This submenu shown in Table 16 is used to configure the floppy drive.

 Table 16.
 Floppy Configuration Submenu

| Feature | Options | | Description |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| Floppy Controller | Disabled | | Disables or enables the integrated floppy |
| | • Enabled (defa | ault) controller. | |
| Floppy A | Not Installed | | Specifies the capacity and physical size of |
| | • 360 KB | 5¼" | floppy drive A. |
| | • 1.2 MB | 5¼" | |
| | • 720 KB | 31⁄2" | |
| | • 1.44/1.25 MB | 31/2" (default) | |
| | • 2.88 MB | 31⁄2" | |
| Floppy Write-Protect | Disabled (def | ault) | Disables or enables write-protect for the floppy |
| | Enabled | | drive. |

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|------|
| | | PCI Configura | tion | | | |
| | | Boot Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | - | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configuration | | 1 | | |

Event Log Configuration Submenu

The submenu shown in Table 17 is used to configure the event logging features.

| Feature | Options | Description |
|----------------------|-------------------|---|
| Event Log | No options | Indicates if there is space available in the event log. |
| Event Log Validity | No options | Indicates if the contents of the event log are valid. |
| View Event Log | [Enter] | Displays the event log. |
| Clear All Event Logs | No (default) | Clears the event log after rebooting. |
| | Yes | |
| Event Logging | Disabled | Enables logging of events. |
| | Enabled (default) | |
| ECC Event Logging | Disabled | Allows logging of ECC events. |
| | Enabled (default) | |
| Mark Events As Read | Yes (default) | Marks all events as read. |
| | • No | |

 Table 17.
 Event Log Configuration Submenu

Video Configuration Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|------|
| | | PCI Configuration | | | | |
| | | Boot Configuration | | | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | - | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configuration | | | | |

The submenu shown in Table 18 is used to configure video features.

| Feature | Options | Description |
|-----------------------|----------------|---|
| AGP Aperture Size | • 4MB | Amount of system memory available for direct access |
| | • 8MB | by the AGP device. |
| | • 16MB | |
| | • 32MB | |
| | 64MB (default) | |
| | • 128MB | |
| | • 256MB | |
| Primary Video Adapter | AGP (default) | Selects primary video adapter to be used |
| | • PCI | during boot. |

USB Configuration Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|--------------------------|----------|-------|------|------|
| | | PCI Configuration | | | | |
| | | Boot Configuration | | | | |
| | | Peripheral Configuration | | | | |
| | | IDE Configuration | | | | |
| | | Floppy Configuration | | | | |
| | | Event Log Configuration | | | | |
| | | Video Configuration | | | | |
| | | USB Configuration | | 1 | | |

The menu shown in Table 19 is used to configure USB features.

| Table 19. USB Configuration Subme | enu |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
|-----------------------------------|-----|

| Feature | Options | Description |
|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| High Speed USB | Disabled | Disables when a USB 2.0 driver is not available. |
| | Enabled (default) | |
| Legacy USB Support | Disabled | Enables USB legacy support. |
| | Enabled (default) | |

Security Menu

| Maintenance Main Advanced Sec | curity Power Boot Exit |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
|-------------------------------|------------------------|

The menu shown in Table 20 is used to set passwords and security features.

Table 20. Security Menu

| If no password entered previously: | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Feature | Options | Description | | | |
| Supervisor Password Is | No options | Reports if there is a supervisor password set. | | | |
| User Password Is | No options | Reports if there is a user password set. | | | |
| Set Supervisor Password | Password can be up to seven alphanumeric characters. | Specifies the supervisor password. | | | |
| Set User Password | Password can be up to seven alphanumeric characters. | Specifies the user password. | | | |
| Clear User Password (Note 1) | Yes (default) No | Clears the user password. | | | |
| User Access Level (Note 2) | Limited No Access View Only Full (default) | Sets BIOS Setup Utility access rights for user level. | | | |

Notes:

- 1. This feature appears only if a user password has been set.
- 2. This feature appears only if both a user password and a supervisor password have been set.

Power Menu

| Maintenance Main Advanced Security Power Boot Exit |
|---|
|---|

The menu shown in Table 21 is used to set power management features.

Table 21.Power Menu

| Feature | Options | Description |
|---------------------|---|--|
| ACPI | No Options | When selected, displays the ACPI submenu. |
| After Power Failure | Stays Off Last State (default) | Specifies the mode of operation if an ac power loss occurs. |
| | Power On | <i>Stays Off</i> keeps the power off until the power button is pressed. |
| | | <i>Last State</i> restores the previous power state before power loss occurred. |
| | | Power On restores power to the computer. |
| Wake on PME | Stay Off (default) | Determines how the system responds to a PCI-PME |
| | Power On | wake up event. |
| Wake on Modem Ring | Stay Off (default)Power On | Specifies how the computer responds to a Modem Ring wake up event on an installed modem. |

ACPI Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | ACPI | | |

The submenu represented in Table 22 is for setting the ACPI features.

Table 22. ACPI Submenu

| Feature | Options | Description |
|---------------------|--------------------|---|
| ACPI Suspend State | S1 State | Specifies the ACPI sleep state. |
| | S3 State | |
| Wake on LAN from S5 | Stay Off (default) | In ACPI soft-off mode only, determines how the system |
| | Power On | responds to a LAN wake up event when the system is in the ACPI soft-off mode. |

Boot Menu

The menu shown in Table 23 is used to set the boot features and the boot sequence.

Table 23. Boot Menu

| Feature | Options | Description |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---|
| Quiet Boot | Disabled | Disabled displays normal POST messages. |
| | Enabled (default) | <i>Enabled</i> displays OEM graphic instead of POST messages. |
| Intel Rapid BIOS Boot | Disabled | Enables the computer to boot without running certain |
| | Enabled (default) | POST tests. |
| Scan User Flash Area | Disabled (default) | Enables the BIOS to scan the flash memory for user binary |
| | Enabled | files that are executed at boot time. |
| USB Boot | Disabled | Disables or enables booting to USB boot devices. |
| | Enabled (default) | |
| Boot Device Priority | No options | Specifies the boot sequence from the available types of boot devices. |
| Hard Disk Drives | No options | Specifies the boot sequence from the available hard disk drives. |
| Removable Devices | No options | Specifies the boot sequence from the available removable devices. |
| ATAPI CD-ROM Drives | No options | Specifies the boot sequence from the available ATAPI CD-ROM drives. |

Boot Device Priority Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|----------------------|----------|----------|-------|---------------------|------|
| | Boot Device Priority | | Priority | | | |
| | | | | | Hard Disk Drives | |
| | | | | | Removable Devices | |
| | | | | | ATAPI CD-ROM Drives | |

The submenu represented in Table 24 is for setting boot devices priority.

| Feature | Options | Description |
|--|---|--|
| Feature 1 st Boot Device 2 nd Boot Device 3 rd Boot Device 4 th Boot Device (Note 1) | Options Removable Device Hard Drive ATAPI CD-ROM Intel[®] UNDI, PXE Disabled | Specifies the boot sequence from the available types of boot devices. To specify boot sequence: Select the boot device with <↑> or <↓>. Press <enter> to set the selection as the intended boot device. The operating system assigns a drive letter to each boot device in the order listed. Changing the order of the devices changes the drive lettering. The default settings for the first through final boot devices are, respectively listed below. The BIOS supports up to sixteen total boot devices in any combination of the boot device types below, with respect to these maximums per type.</enter> Removable Device (maximum of four) Hard Drive (maximum of 12) ATAPI CD-ROM (maximum of four) Intel UNDI, PXE (maximum of five) (Note 2) The boot devices appear in order by type. For example, assume that |
| | | the default boot order is preserved and that seven boot devices of the following types are installed on the system: two removable devices, two hard drives, two ATAPI CD-ROMs, and an Intel UNDI (Universal Network Device Interface), PXE device. Both removable devices would appear as the first and second boot devices, the two hard drives would appear as the third and fourth, the two ATAPI |
| | | CD-ROM drives would appear as the fifth and sixth, and the Intel UNDI, PXE device would appear as the seventh boot device. |

Table 24. Boot Device Priority Submenu

Notes:

- After the predefined boot device types (removable devices, hard drives, and ATAPI CD-ROM drives), the entries in this list will reflect as many boot entry vector (BEV) boot devices (for example, Intel UNDI, PXE devices) and SCSI CD-ROM drives as are installed, up to the five BEV boot devices supported by the BIOS.
- 2. While the predefined boot device types are individually listed in submenus by type, the BEV devices and SCSI CD-ROM drives are all listed at this level.

Hard Disk Drives Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|----------------------|----------|----------|-------|---------------------|------|
| | Boot Device Priority | | riority | | | |
| | | | | | Hard Disk Drives | |
| | | | | | Removable Devices | |
| | | | | | ATAPI CD-ROM Drives | |

The submenu shown in Table 25 is for setting hard disk drives.

| Table 25. Hard Disk Drives Submer |
|-----------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------|

| Feature | Options | Description |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 st Hard Disk Drive (Note) | Dependent on installed hard drives | Specifies the boot sequence from the available hard disk drives. To specify boot sequence: 1. Select the boot device with <↑> or <↓>. 2. Press <enter> to set the selection as the intended boot device.</enter> |

Note: This boot device submenu appears only if at least one boot device of this type is installed. This list will display up to twelve hard disk drives, the maximum number of hard disk drives supported by the BIOS.

Removable Devices Submenu

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|----------|----------|-------|----------------------|------|
| | | | | | Boot Device Priority | |
| | | | | | Hard Disk Drives | |
| | | | | | Removable Devices | |
| | | | | | ATAPI CD-ROM Drives | |

The submenu in shown Table 26 is for setting removable devices.

Table 26. Removable Devices Submenu

| Feature | Options | Description |
|--|---|---|
| 1 st Removable Device (Note) | Dependent on installed removable devices | Specifies the boot sequence from the available removable devices. To specify boot sequence: 1. Select the boot device with <↑> or <↓>. 2. Press <enter> to set the selection as the intended boot device.</enter> |

Note: This boot device submenu appears only if at least one boot device of this type is installed. This list will display up to four removable devices, the maximum number of removable devices supported by the BIOS.

ATAPI CD-ROM Drives

| Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|-------------|------|----------|----------|-------|----------------|----------|
| 1 | | | | | Boot Device P | riority |
| | | | | | Hard Disk Driv | es |
| | | | | | Removable De | evices |
| | | | | | ATAPI CD-RO | M Drives |

The submenu shown in Table 27 is for setting ATAPI CD-ROM drives.

Table 27. ATAPI CD-ROM Drives Submenu

| Feature | Options | Description |
|--|---|--|
| 1 st ATAPI CD-ROM Drive (Note) | Dependent on installed ATAPI CD-ROM drives | Specifies the boot sequence from the available ATAPI CD-ROM drives. To specify boot sequence: 1. Select the boot device with <1> or <↓>. 2. Press <enter> to set the selection as the intended boot device.</enter> |

Note: This boot device submenu appears only if at least one boot device of this type is installed. This list will display up to four ATAPI CD-ROM drives, the maximum number of ATAPI CD-ROM drives supported by the BIOS.

Exit Menu

| | Maintenance | Main | Advanced | Security | Power | Boot | Exit |
|--|-------------|------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|
|--|-------------|------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|

The menu shown in Table 28 is used to exit the BIOS Setup program, saving changes, and loading and saving defaults.

Table 28. Exit Menu

| Feature | Description |
|-------------------------|--|
| Exit Saving Changes | Exits and saves the changes in CMOS SRAM. |
| Exit Discarding Changes | Exits without saving any changes made in the BIOS Setup program. |
| Load Setup Defaults | Loads the factory default values for all the Setup options. |
| Load Custom Defaults | Loads the custom defaults for Setup options. |
| Save Custom Defaults | Saves the current values as custom defaults. Normally, the BIOS reads the Setup values from flash memory. If this memory is corrupted, the BIOS reads the custom defaults. If no custom defaults are set, the BIOS reads the factory defaults. |
| Discard Changes | Discards changes without exiting Setup. The option values present when the computer was turned on are used. |

Technical Reference 5

Connectors

The Intel desktop board connectors can be divided into three groups:

- Back panel connectors •
- Midboard connectors •
 - Audio connectors
 - Power and hardware connectors
 - Add-in board and peripheral interface connectors
- Front panel headers ٠

Many of the midboard and front panel connectors provide operating voltage (+5 V dc and +12 V dc, for example) to devices inside the computer chassis, such as fans and internal peripherals. These connectors are not overcurrent protected. Do not use these connectors for powering devices external to the computer chassis. A fault in the load presented by the external devices could cause damage to the computer, the interconnecting cable, and the external devices themselves.

Back Panel Connectors

Figure 13 shows the back panel connectors.

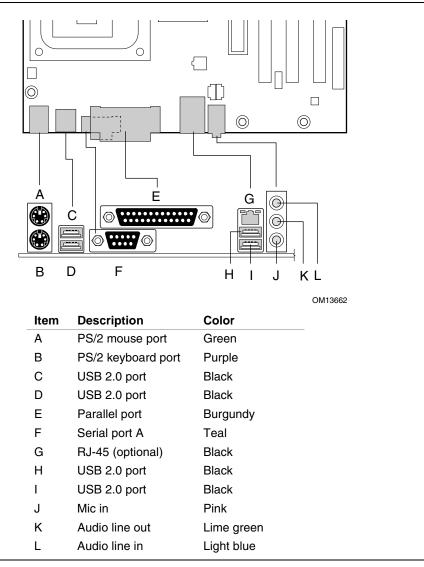


Figure 13. Back Panel Connectors

D NOTE

The line out connector, located on the back panel, is designed to power either headphones or amplified speakers only. Poor audio quality may occur if passive (non-amplified) speakers are connected to this output.

Midboard Connectors

Audio Connectors

Figure 14 shows the location of the audio connectors.

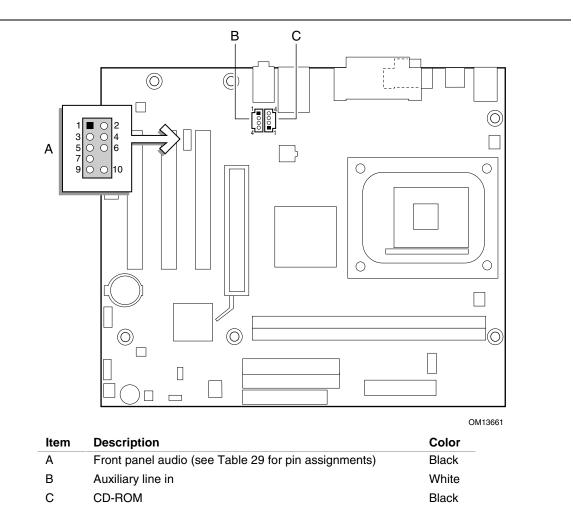


Figure 14. Audio Connectors

Table 29 shows the pin assignments for the front panel audio header.

 Table 29.
 Front Panel Audio Header Signal Names (J8B1)

| Pin | Signal Name | Pin | Signal Name |
|-----|--------------|-----|-------------|
| 1 | AUD-MIC | 2 | AUD-GND |
| 3 | AUD-MIC-BIAS | 4 | AUD-VCC |
| 5 | AUD-FPOUT-R | 6 | AUD-RET-R |
| 7 | HP-ON | 8 | KEY |
| 9 | AUD-FPOUT-L | 10 | AUD-RET-L |

Power and Hardware Connectors

Failure to use an ATX12V power supply, or not connecting the additional power supply lead to the D845EPT2 *or D845EBG2 board may result in damage to the Intel desktop board.*

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 require an ATX12V compliant power supply to function according to Desktop Board specifications. Both Intel desktop boards have two ATX12V compliant power supply connectors that are needed to provide extra power to the Intel 845E chipset and Pentium 4 processor.

Figure 15 shows the power and hardware connectors.

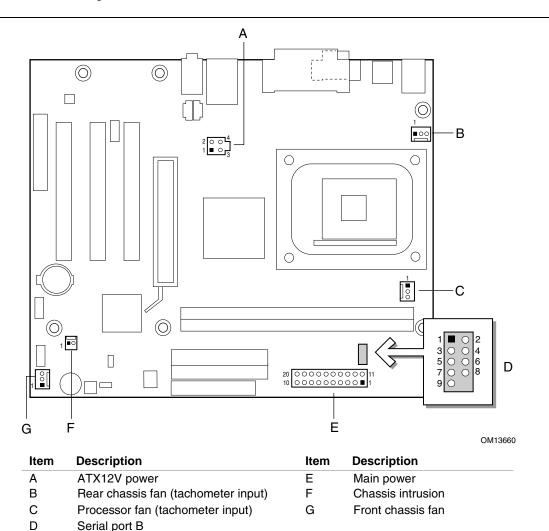


Figure 15. Power and Hardware Control Connectors

Add-In Card and Peripheral Interface Connectors

Figure 16 shows the add-in card and peripheral interface connectors for the Desktop Board D845EPT2.

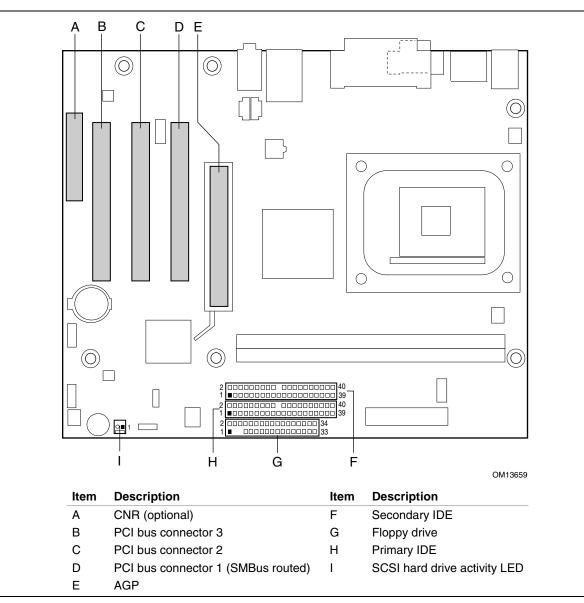


Figure 16. Desktop Board D845EPT2 Add-in Card and Peripheral Interface Connectors

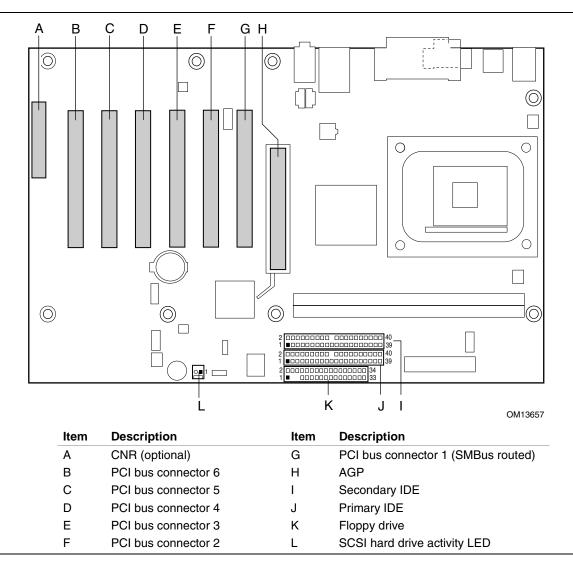


Figure 17 shows the add-in card and peripheral interface connectors for the Desktop Board D845EBG2.

Figure 17. Desktop Board D845EBG2 Add-in Card and Peripheral Interface Connectors

Front Panel Headers

Figure 18 shows the location of the front panel headers.

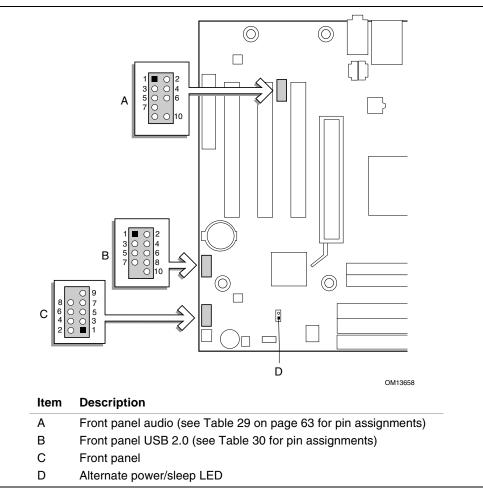


Figure 18. Front Panel Headers

Table 30 shows the pin assignments for the front panel USB 2.0 header.

Table 30. Front Panel USB 2.0 Header (J9F1)

| Pin | Signal name | Pin | Signal name |
|-----|-----------------|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | VREG_FP_WSBPWR0 | 2 | VREG_FP_USBPWR0 |
| 3 | USB_FPP0- | 4 | USB_FPP1- |
| 5 | USB_FPP0+ | 6 | USB_FPP1+ |
| 7 | Ground | 8 | Ground |
| 9 | Кеу | 10 | USB_FP_OC0 |

Note: USB ports may be assigned as needed.

Desktop Board Resources

Memory Map

Table 31. System Memory Map

| Address Range (decimal) | Address Range (hex) | Size | Description |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------|---|
| 1024 K - 2097152 K | 100000 - 7FFFFFF | 2047 MB | Extended Memory |
| 960 K - 1024 K | F0000 - FFFFF | 64 KB | Runtime BIOS |
| 896 K - 960 K | E0000 - EFFFF | 64 KB | Reserved |
| 800 K - 896 K | C8000 - DFFFF | 96 KB | Available high DOS memory (open to the PCI bus) |
| 640 K - 800 K | A0000 - C7FFF | 160 KB | Video memory and BIOS |
| 639 K - 640 K | 9FC00 - 9FFFF | 1 KB | Extended BIOS data (movable by memory manager software) |
| 512 K - 639 K | 80000 - 9FBFF | 127 KB | Extended conventional memory |
| 0 K - 512 K | 00000 - 7FFFF | 512 KB | Conventional memory |

DMA Channels

Table 32. DMA Channels

| DMA Channel Number | Data Width | System Resource |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0 | 8 or 16 bits | |
| 1 | 8 or 16 bits | Parallel port |
| 2 | 8 or 16 bits | Floppy drive |
| 3 | 8 or 16 bits | Parallel port (for ECP or EPP) |
| 4 | 8 or 16 bits | DMA controller |
| 5 | 16 bits | Open |
| 6 | 16 bits | Open |
| 7 | 16 bits | Open |

Interrupts

| Table 33. Interrupts | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| IRQ | System Resource | |
| NMI | I/O channel check | |
| 0 | Reserved, interval timer | |
| 1 | Reserved, keyboard buffer full | |
| 2 | Reserved, cascade interrupt from slave PIC | |
| 3 | COM2* | |
| 4 | COM1* | |
| 5 | LPT2 (Plug and Play option) / ** | |
| 6 | Floppy drive controller | |
| 7 | LPT1* | |
| 8 | Real time clock | |
| 9 | ** | |
| 10 | ** | |
| 11 | ** | |
| 12 | Onboard mouse port (if present, else user available) | |
| 13 | Reserved, math coprocessor | |
| 14 | Primary IDE (if present, else user available) | |
| 15 | Secondary IDE (if present, else user available) | |

Table 33. Interrupts

* Default, but can be changed to another IRQ.

** Dynamically allocated for all PCI/AGP devices and slots.

Intel Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 Product Guide

A Error Messages and Indicators

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 report POST errors in two ways:

- By sounding a beep code
- By displaying an error message on the monitor

BIOS Beep Codes

The BIOS beep codes are listed in Table 34. The BIOS also issues a beep code (one long tone followed by two short tones) during POST if the video configuration fails (a faulty video card or no card installed) or if an external ROM module does not properly checksum to zero.

| Number of Beeps | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| 1 | Refresh failure |
| 2 | Parity cannot be reset |
| 3 | Memory initialization failure |
| 4 | Timer not operational |
| 5 | Processor failure (Reserved; not used) |
| 6 | 8042 GateA20 cannot be toggled (memory failure or not present) |
| 7 | Exception interrupt error |
| 8 | Display memory R/W error |
| 9 | (Reserved; not used) |
| 10 | CMOS Shutdown register test error |
| 11 | Invalid BIOS (such as, POST module not found) |

Table 34. Beep Codes

BIOS Error Messages

When a recoverable error occurs during the POST, the BIOS displays an error message describing the problem.

| Error Message | Explanation |
|--|---|
| GA20 Error | An error occurred with Gate-A20 when switching to protected mode during the memory test. |
| Pri Master HDD Error Pri Slave HDD Error Sec Master HDD Error Sec Slave HDD Error | Could not read sector from corresponding drive. |
| Pri Master Drive - ATAPI Incompatible Pri Slave Drive - ATAPI Incompatible Sec Master Drive - ATAPI Incompatible Sec Slave Drive - ATAPI Incompatible | Corresponding drive is not an ATAPI device. Run Setup to make sure device is selected correctly. |
| A: Drive Error B: Drive Error | No response from the floppy drive. |
| CMOS Battery Low | The battery may be losing power. Replace the battery soon. |
| CMOS Display Type Wrong | The display type is different than what has been stored in CMOS. Check Setup to make sure type is correct. |
| CMOS Checksum Bad | The CMOS checksum is incorrect. CMOS memory may have been corrupted. Run Setup to reset values. |
| CMOS Settings Wrong | CMOS values are not the same as the last boot. These values have either been corrupted or the battery has failed. |
| CMOS Date/Time Not Set | The time and/or date values stored in CMOS are invalid. Run Setup to set correct values. |
| DMA Error | Error during read/write test of DMA controller. |
| FDC Failure | Error occurred trying to access floppy drive controller. |
| HDC Failure | Error occurred trying to access hard disk controller. |
| Checking NVRAM | NVRAM is being checked to see if it is valid. |
| Update OK! | NVRAM was invalid and has been updated. |
| Updated Failed | NVRAM was invalid but was unable to be updated. |
| Keyboard Is Locked | The system keyboard lock is engaged. The system must be unlocked to continue to boot. |
| Keyboard Error | Error in the keyboard connection. Make sure keyboard is connected properly. |
| KB/Interface Error | Keyboard interface test failed. |

Table 35. BIOS Error Messages

continued

| Table 35. BIOS Error Messages (continu | ed) | |
|--|-----|--|
|--|-----|--|

| Error Message | Explanation |
|---|--|
| Memory Size Decreased | Memory size has decreased since the last boot. If no memory was removed, then memory may be bad. |
| Memory Size Increased | Memory size has increased since the last boot. If no memory was added, there may be a problem with the system. |
| Memory Size Changed | Memory size has changed since the last boot. If no memory was added or removed, then memory may be bad. |
| No Boot Device Available | System did not find a device to boot. |
| Off Board Parity Error | A parity error occurred on an offboard card. This error is followed by an address. |
| On Board Parity Error | A parity error occurred in onboard memory. This error is followed by an address. |
| Parity Error | A parity error occurred in onboard memory at an unknown address. |
| NVRAM / CMOS / PASSWORD cleared by Jumper | NVRAM, CMOS, and passwords have been cleared. The system should be powered down and the jumper removed. |
| <ctrl_n> Pressed</ctrl_n> | CMOS is ignored and NVRAM is cleared. User must enter Setup. |

Intel Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 Product Guide

This appendix contains:

- Safety standards, electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations, and product certification markings for the Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2.
- Instructions and precautions for integrators who are installing the Intel desktop board in a chassis.

Safety Regulations

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 comply with the safety regulations stated in Table 36 when correctly installed in a compatible host system.

| Regulation | Title |
|--|---|
| CSA C22.2 No. 60950/ UL 60950, 3 rd Edition, 2000 | Bi-National Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment including Electrical Business Equipment. (USA and Canada) |
| EN 60950, 2 nd Edition, 1992 (with Amendments 1, 2, 3, and 4) | The Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment including Electrical Business Equipment. (European Union) |
| IEC 60950, 2 nd edition, 1991 (with Amendments 1, 2, 3, and 4) | The Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment including Electrical Business Equipment. (International) |
| EMKO-TSE (74-SEC) 207/94 | Summary of Nordic deviations to EN 60950. (Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Finland) |

Table 36. Safety Regulations

EMC Regulations

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 comply with the EMC regulations stated in Table 37 when correctly installed in a compatible host system.

| Regulation | Title |
|---|---|
| FCC Class B | Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 2 and 15, Subpart B, Radiofrequency Devices. (USA) |
| ICES-003 (Class B) | Interference-Causing Equipment Standard, Digital Apparatus. (Canada) |
| EN55022: 1998 (Class B) | Limits and methods of measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. (European Union) |
| EN55024: 1998 | Information Technology Equipment – Immunity Characteristics Limits and methods of measurement. (European Union) |
| AS/NZS 3548 (Class B) | Australian Communications Authority, Standard for Electromagnetic Compatibility. (Australia and New Zealand) |
| CISPR 22, 3 rd Edition, (Class B) | Limits and methods of measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. (International) |
| CISPR 24: 1997 | Information Technology Equipment – Immunity Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement. (International) |

Table 37. EMC Regulations

Product Certification Markings

The Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2 have the following product certification markings:

- UL joint US/Canada Recognized Component mark: consists of small c followed by a stylized backward UR and followed by a small US. Includes adjacent UL file number for Intel Desktop Boards D845EPT2 and D845EBG2: E210882 (component side).
- FCC Declaration of Conformity logo mark for Class B equipment; includes Intel name and model designation (solder side).
- CE mark: declaring compliance to European Union (EU) EMC directive (89/336/EEC) and Low Voltage directive (73/23/EEC) (component side).
- Australian Communications Authority (ACA) C-Tick mark: consists of a stylized C overlaid with a check (tick) mark (component side), followed by Intel supplier code number, N-232.
- Printed wiring board manufacturer's recognition mark: consists of a unique UL recognized manufacturer's logo, along with a flammability rating (94V-0) (solder side).
- PB part number: Intel bare circuit board part number (solder side):
 - A82682-002 (Desktop Board D845EPT2)
 - A82890-002 (Desktop Board D845EBG2)
 - Also includes SKU number starting with AA followed by additional alphanumeric characters
- Battery "+ Side Up" marking: located on the component side of the board in close proximity to the battery holder
- Korean MIC logo mark: denotes Korean EMC certification (component side). Additional certification information is provided below:
 - 1. Product Name (model)
 - 2. Certificate ID
 - 3. Applicant: Intel Korea Ltd.
 - 4. Date of manufacture as separate marking on product
 - 5. Manufacturer (country of origin)

Korean MIC logo mark for Desktop Board D845EPT2

Korean MIC logo mark for Desktop Board D845EBG2

Installation Precautions

When you install and test the Intel desktop board, observe all warnings and cautions in the installation instructions.

To avoid injury, be careful of:

- Sharp pins on connectors
- Sharp pins on printed circuit assemblies
- Rough edges and sharp corners on the chassis
- Hot components (like processors, voltage regulators, and heat sinks)
- Damage to wires that could cause a short circuit

Observe all warnings and cautions that instruct you to refer computer servicing to qualified technical personnel.

Installation Instructions

Follow these guidelines to meet safety and regulatory requirements when installing this board assembly.

Read and adhere to all of these instructions and the instructions supplied with the chassis and associated modules. If the instructions for the chassis are inconsistent with these instructions or the instructions for associated modules, contact the supplier's technical support to find out how you can ensure that your computer meets safety and regulatory requirements. If you do not follow these instructions and the instructions provided by chassis and module suppliers, you increase safety risk and the possibility of noncompliance with regional laws and regulations.

Ensure Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Compliance

Before computer integration, make sure that the power supply and other modules or peripherals, as applicable, have passed Class B EMC testing and are marked accordingly.

In the installation instructions for the host chassis, power supply, and other modules pay close attention to the following:

- Product certifications or lack of certifications
- External I/O cable shielding and filtering
- Mounting, grounding, and bonding requirements
- Keying connectors when mating the wrong connectors could be hazardous

If the power supply and other modules or peripherals, as applicable, are not Class B EMC compliant before integration, then EMC testing is required on a representative sample of the newly completed computer.

Chassis and Component Certifications

Ensure that the chassis and certain components; such as the power supply, peripheral drives, wiring, and cables; are components certified for the country or market where used. Agency certification marks on the product are proof of certification. Typical product certifications include:

In Europe

The CE marking signifies compliance with all applicable European requirements. If the chassis and other components are not properly CE marked, a supplier's Declaration of Conformity statement to the European EMC directive and Low Voltage directive (as applicable), should be obtained. Additionally, other directives, such as the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (R&TTE) directive may also apply depending on product features.

In the United States

A certification mark by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) such as UL, CSA, or ETL signifies compliance with safety requirements. Wiring and cables must also be UL listed or recognized and suitable for the intended use. The FCC Class B logo for home or office use signifies compliance with electromagnetic interference (EMI) requirements.

In Canada

A nationally recognized certification mark such as CSA or cUL signifies compliance with safety requirements. The Industry Canada statement at the front of this product guide demonstrates compliance with Canadian EMC regulations. Industry Canada recognizes and accepts FCC certification as denoting compliance with national electromagnetic interference (emissions) requirements.

Prevent Power Supply Overload

Do not overload the power supply output. To avoid overloading the power supply, make sure that the calculated total current loads of all the modules within the computer is less than the output current rating of each of the power supplies output circuits.

Place Battery Marking

There is insufficient space on this Desktop Board to provide instructions for replacing and disposing of the Lithium ion coin cell battery. For system safety certification, the following statement or equivalent statement is required to be permanently and legibly marked on the chassis near the battery.

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced incorrectly.

Replace with only the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Use Only for Intended Applications

All Intel desktop processor boards are evaluated as Information Technology Equipment (I.T.E.) for use in personal computers for installation in homes, offices, schools, computer rooms, and similar locations. The suitability of this product for other applications or environments, such as medical, industrial, alarm systems, test equipment, etc. may require further evaluation.