EP-3S1M

An Intel 815 series chipset based Socket370 mainboard

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Manual Revision 1.1 September 26, 2000

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Handling Procedures

Static electricity can severely damage your equipment. Handle the EP-3S1M and any other device in your system with extreme care and avoid unnecessary contact with system components on the mainboard. Always work on an antistatic surface to avoid possible damage to the mainboard from static discharge. Always have the power supply unplugged and powered off when inserting and removing devices within the computer chassis. EPoX assumes no responsibility for any damage to the EP-3S1M mainboard that results from failure to follow instruction or failure to observe safety precautions.



Technical Support Services

If you need additional information, help during installation or normal use of this product, please contact your retailer. Your retailer will have the most current information about your configuration. If your retailer cannot help, you may visit our online technical support website and/or contact our support technicians at the locations listed below.

Record your serial number before installing your EP-3S1M mainboard. (The serial number is located near the PCI slots at the edge of the board.)

EP-3S1M serial number:

Contacting Technical Support

EPoX technical support is working hard to answer all of your questions online. From our website you can find answers to many common questions, drivers, BIOS updates, tech notes, and important technical bulletins. If you are still unable to locate the solution you are seeking, you always have the option to contact our support technicians directly.

North American website (English language)

http://www.epox.com sales@epox.com support@epox.com

European website (Multi-language)

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EP-3S1M

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Section 1

Components Checklist

- ✓ A. (1) EP-3S1M mainboard
- \checkmark B. (1) EP-3S1M user's manual
- \checkmark C. (1) Floppy ribbon cable
- \checkmark D. (1) ATA66 Hard drive ribbon cable
- \checkmark E. (1) RS-232 9-PIN ribbon cable
 - F. (1) PS/2 to AT keyboard connector adapter (optional)
- ✓ G. (1) Onboard Graphic and Sound Driver
 - H. (1) TV2 adapter card (optional)
 - I. (1) PL2 adapter card (optional)
 - K. (1) AIMM card (optional)



Overview

Intel Celeron processors (P.P.G.A.) 370

The Intel Celeron processors provide power to handle the internet, educational programs, interactive 3D games, and productivity applications. The Intel Celeron processors at 700, 667, 633, 600, 566, 533, 500, 466 and 433 MHz include integrated L2 cache 128Kbyte. The core for the 700, 667, 633, 600, 566, 533, 500, 466 and 433 MHz processors have 19M transistors due to the addition of the integrated L2 cache 128Kbyte. All the Intel Celeron processors are available in the plastic pin grid array (P.P.G.A.) form factor. The P.P.G.A. form factor is compatible with the 370 pin socket. All the Intel Celeron processors are available in the plastic pin grid array (PPGA) package. The PPGA package is compatible with the 370 pin socket and provides more flexibility to design low cost systems by enabling lower profile and smaller systems and providing the potential for reducing costs of processor retention and cooling solutions. Like the Intel Celeron processors that utilize S.E.P.P., the Intel Celeron processors that use P.P.G.A., feature a P6-microarchitecture-based core processor on a single-sided substrate without BSRAM componentry.

The Intel Celeron processor at 700, 667, 633, 600, 566, 533, 500, 466 and 433 MHz. Includes Intel MMX[tm] media enhancement technology. Offers Dynamic Execution technology.

Includes a 32Kbyte (16Kbyte/16Kbyte) non-blocking, level-one cache that provides fast access to heavily used data. Intel Celeron processors at 700, 667, 633, 600, 566, 533, 500, 466 and 433 MHz include integrated L2 cache 128Kbyte. All the Intel Celeron processor utilize the Intel P6 microarchitecture's multi-transaction system bus at 66MHz. The 700, 667, 633, 600, 566, 533, 500, 466 and 433 MHz processors utilize the Intel P6 microarchitecture's multi-transaction system bus with the addition of the L2 cache interface. The combination of the L2 cache bus and the processor-to-main-memory system bus increases bandwidth and performance over single-bus processors.

Intel MMX technology includes new instructions and data types that allow applications to achieve a new level of performance. Intel's MMX technology is designed as a set of basic, general-purpose integer instructions that are easily applied to the needs of a wide diversity of multimedia and communications applications. The highlights of the technology are:

- * Single Instruction, Multiple Data (SIMD) technique
- * 57 new instructions
- * Eight 64-bit wide MMX technology registers
- * Four new data types

Intel Coppermine processors (FC-PGA) 370

These Coppermine-128K and Coppermine-256K processor is the next addition to the P6 micro architecture product family. The FC-PGA package is a new addition to the Intel IA-32 processor line and hereafter will be referred to as the "Coppermine FC-PGA processor", or simply "The processor". The package utilizes the same 370-pin zero insertion force socket (PGA370) used by the Intel Celeron processor. Thermal solutions are attached directly to the back of the processor core package without the use of a thermal plate or heat spreader.

The Coppermine processor, like the Intel Celeron, Intel Pentium II and Pentium III in the P6 family processor, implement a Dynamic Execution micro architecture --- a unique combination of multiple branch prediction, data flow analysis, and speculative execution. This enable these processors to deliver higher performance than the Intel Pentium processor, while maintaining binary compatibility with all previous Intel Architecture processors. The processor also executes Intel MMX technology instructions for enhanced media and communication performance just as it's predecessor the Intel Pentium III processor. Additionally the Coppermine FC-PGA processor executes streaming SIMD (Single-Instruction Multiple Data) Extensions for enhanced floating point and 3-D application performance. The concept of processor identification, via CPUID, is extended in the processor family with the addition of a processor serial number. The processor utilizes multiple low-power states such as AutoHALT, Stop-Grant, Sleep and Deep Sleep to conserve power during idle times. The processor includes an integrated on-die, 128KB or 256KB, 8-way set associative level-two (L2) cache with a separated 16KB level one (L1) instruction cache and 16KB level one (L1) data cache. These cache arrays run at the full speed of the processor core. As with the Intel Pentium III processor, the Coppermine FC-PGA processor has a dedicated L2 cache bus, thus maintaining the dual independent bus architecture to deliver high bus bandwidth and performance. Memory is cacheable for 4GB/64GB of addressable memory space, allowing significant headroom for desktop system.

Intel(R) 815 Series chipset features

The Intel(R) 815 series chipset that SDRAM interface supports 100MHz and 133MHz operation, the Intel(R) 815 series chipset has re-engineered the Value PC, providing next generation features and great graphics performance.

The 82815 series Graphics Memory Controller Hub (GMCH) features : Intel(R) graphics technology and software drivers, using Direct AGP (integrated AGP) to create vivid 2D and 3D effects and images. The 82815 series chip feature integrated Hardware Motion Compensation to improve soft DVD video quality.

The Inte(R) 82815 series chipset use Intel(R) Dynamic Video Memory Technology (D.V.M.T.) is an architecture that offers breakthrough performance for the (motherboard) PC through efficient memory utilization and Direct AGP. The system OS uses the Intel software drivers and intelligent memory arbiter to support richer graphics applications.

The Intel(R) 82815 series provides an AGP universal connector to support the AGP 2.0 including 4X AGP data transfers.

The 82801AA I/O Controller Hub (ICH1) employs the Intel(R) Accelerated Hub Architecture to make a direct connection from the graphics and memory to the integrated AC97 controller, the IDE controllers (ATA/66 or ATA/33), dual USB ports, and PCI add-in cards.

The Accelerated Hub Architecture provides twice the bandwidth of the PCI bus at 266 MB per second. This allows a wider flow of rich information from the I/O

controller to the memory controller, with optimized arbitration rules allowing more functions to run concurrently, enabling more life-like audio and video.

The Integrated Audio-Codec 97 controller enables software audio by using the processor to run sound. By reusing existing system resources, this feature adds flexibility, improves sound and modem quality.

The 82802 Firmware Hub (FWH, 4MB) stores system BIOS and video BIOS, eliminating a redundant nonvolatile memory component. In addition, the 82802 contains a hardware Random Number Generator (RNG). The Intel(R) RNG provides truly random numbers to enable fundamental security building blocks supporting stronger encryption, digital signing, and security protocols for the future application program .

EP-3S1M Form-Factor

The EP-3S1M is designed with Micro-ATX form factor - the new industry standard of chassis. The Micro-ATX form factor is essentially a Baby-AT baseboard rotated 90 degrees within the chassis enclosure and a new mounting configuration for the power supply. With these changes the processor is relocated away from the expansion slots, allowing them all to hold full length add-in cards. Micro-ATX defines a double height aperture to the rear of the chassis which can be used to host a wide range of onboard I/O. Only the size and position of this aperture is defined, allowing PC manufacturers to add new I/O features (e.g.; TV input, TV output, modem, LAN, etc.) to systems. This will help systems integrators differentiate their products in the marketplace, and better meet your needs.

- Smaller size promotes a smaller system size.
- I/O shield does not need to be retooled in an ATX 2.01 or later. Mainboard could be used in an ATX 2.01-compliant.
- A smaller power supply cam be used. High integration on mainboard reduces the system costs.



Figure 2: Summary of Micro-ATX chassis features

I/O Shield Connector

The **EP-3S1M** is equipped with an I/O back panel. Please use the appropriate I/O shield (figure 3).



rigure 5. The buck purier ray

Power-On/Off (Remote)

The EP-3S1M has a single 20-pin connector for ATX power supplies. For ATX power supplies that support the **Remote On/Off** feature, this should be connected to the systems front panel for system Power On/Off button. The systems power On/Off button should be a momentary button that is normally open.

The EP-3S1M has been designed with "Soft Off" functions. You can turn Off the system from one of two sources: The first is the front panel Power On/Off the button, and the other is the "Soft Off" function (coming from the EP-3S1M's onboard circuit controller) that can be controlled by the operating system such as Windows 95/98. System will be turn off automatically after you click the START button and Resume the Shutdown selection.



System Block Diagram





Section 2 FEATURES

EP-3S1M Features:

- EP-3S1M is based on the Socket 370 Processors including PPGA & FC-PGA operating at 433 ~933MHz. The board is configured by a BIOS setting to match your CPU clock speed.
- The 3S1M designed with Intel 815 chipset that provides optimized support for P.P.G.A Celeron of 66/100MHz and FC-PGA Coppermine of 100/ 133MHz Front Side Bus CPU.
- Supports AGP universal connector support via dual mode buffers to allow AGP 2.0 3.3V (2X AGP) or 1.5V (4X AGP) signaling.
- Supports the AGP signal interface with the integrated graphics display cache interface. The 4MB Display Cache (for integrated graphics) with AGP/Display Cache share interface (AGP In-Line Memory Module or AIMM Card).
- Supports up to 512 MB of DRAM (minimum of 32 MB) on board, You can use 168-pin DIMM x 2. It will run Synchronous DRAM memory (SDRAM) at 100MHz/133MHz.
- Integrated 2D & 3D Graphics Engine, H/W Motion Compensation Engine, 230MHz DAC and 4MB Display Cache.
- AC'97 2.1 Audio CODEC onboard for enables the software Audio.
- Supports (3) 32 bit PCI slots, provides (2) independent high performance PCI IDE interfaces capable of supporting PIO Mode 3/4 and Ultra DMA 66 devices. The EP-3S1M supports (3) PCI Bus Master slots and a jumperless PCI INT# control scheme which reduces configuration confusion when plugging in PCI card(s).
- Supports ATAPI (e.g. CD-ROM) devices on both Primary and Secondary IDE interfaces.
- Designed with Winbond W83627HF LPC (Low Pin Count) I/O: (1) floppy port, (1) parallel port (EPP, ECP), (2) serial ports (16550 Fast UART), IrDA version SIR protocol or SHARP ASK-IR protocol, (1) Game port and MIDI port.

- Includes a PS/2 mouse connector.
- Allows use of a PS/2 keyboard.
- Features Award Plug & Play BIOS. With 4MB(FWH) Flash Memory you can always upgrade to the current BIOS.
- EP-3S1M utilizes a Lithium battery which provides environmental protection and longer battery life.
- The onboard ICH(82801AA) chip provides the means for connecting PC Interface and peripherals such as; PCI Bus I/F, LPC I/F, SM Bus, IDE and USB.
- Supports up to 4 USB ports, two on the back panel and two for front or USB cable (optional), for more peripheral connectivity options.
- Built-in ATX 20-pin power supply connector.
- Software power-down when using Windows[®] 95/98.
- Supports ring-in feature (remote power-on through external modem, allow system to be turned on remotely).
- Resume by Alarm Allow your system to turn on according to setup schedule in the BIOS.
- Supports CPU Hardware sleep and SMM (System Management Mode).
- Supports Hot key, Any key or password Keyboard power ON function (KBPO).
- Supports the CPU and Chassis fan Auto stop in the sleep mode.
- Supports the System Power LED (PANEL) blinks in the sleep mode.
- Built-in WOL (Wake On Lan) Connector.
- Y2K Compliant.
- Advanced Configuration Power Interface (ACPI) ready.
- Supports USDM software to offer motherboard various status on Windows® 95/98.
- Supports the STR (Suspend To RAM) power management by ACPI's S3.
- Supports the STR indicator red LED (D5) to avoid pluging or un-pluging DIMM modules when in a STR mode or power on mode.
- Supports TV-Out and Flat Panel Connector (optional), provides EP-TV2, EP-PL2 Card. You can use TV or LCD Monitor or CRT Monitor for best choice.

Installation

EP-3S1M

Section 3 INSTALLATION



EP-3S1M Detailed Layout



Figure 1

Easy Installation Procedure

The following must be completed before powering on your new system:

- 3-1. CPU Insertion
- 3-2. Jumper Settings
- 3-3. System memory Configuration
- 3-4. Device Connectors
- 3-5 External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions (KBPO)
- 3-6. STR (Suspend To RAM) Function

Section 3-1 CPU Insertion

CPU Insertion: (use Coppermine[™] for reference)



Figure 2



Figure 3

Step 2

Step 1

lever.

Insert the processor.

Ensure proper pin 1 orientation by aligning the FC-PGA corner marking with the socket corner closest to the actuation arm tip. The pin field is keyed to prevent mis-oriented insertion. Don't force processor into socket. If it does not go in easily, check for mis-orientation and debris.

Open the socket by raising the actuation

Make sure the processor is fully inserted into the socket on all sides.





Step 3

Close the socket by lowering and locking the actuation lever.

Note: Intel's reference design thermal solution is an active heatsink; an extruded aluminum heatsink based and a fan attached to the top on the fin array. (See Figure 5)



Figure 5

EP-3S1M

Section 3-2 Jumper Settings

JP1	T T	CMOS Clo JP1 = 1-2 = 2-3	CMOS Clear JP1 = 1-2 Normal (Default) = 2-3 Clear CMOS		
JP10 JP11		СРИ Туре	Select		
	1	JP10	JP11	CPU Type Select	
		1-2	1-2	Intel CPU (Default)	
		2-3	2-3	100MHz Others CPU *	
		2-3	1-2	133MHz Others CPU *	
		* : Reserved			

JP13



Keyboard Power-ON Function JP13= 1-2 Enabled = 2-3 Disabled (Default)

Section 3-3 System Memory Configuration

Memory Layout

The EP-3S1M supports (2) 168-pin DIMMs (Dual In-line Memory Module). The DIMMs is for SDRAM (Synchronized DRAM).

- FSB 66/100MHz for 100MHz SDRAM interface only, FSB 133MHz for 100/133MHz SDRAM interface.
- 32MB to 256MB using 64MB technology (512MB using 128MB technology).
- No Registered SDRAM Memory Modules Support.
- We recommend using at least 125MHz (-8ns) SDRAM at the 100MHz (or higher) FSB as timing becomes more critical at these higher speeds.
- DIMM SDRAM may be 100MHz (-10ns) or 133MHz (-7.5ns) bus speed.

Figure 6 and Table 1 show several possible memory configurations using





Total Memory	DIMM 1 (Bank 0/1)	DIMM 2 (Bank 2/3)
= 256MB Maximum	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	None
= 512MB Maximum	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1

Table 1

- * SDRAM only supports 32, 64, 128, 256MB DIMM modules.
- * We recommend to use PC100 Memory Module for bus speed (FSB) between 66MHz/100MHz and PC133 Memory for bus speed (FSB) between 100MHz/ 133MHz.
- * Using non-compliant memory with higher bus speed (over clocking) may severely compromise the integrity of the system.

DIMM Module Installation

Figure 7 displays the notch marks and what they should look like on your DIMM memory module.

DIMMs have 168-pins and two notches that will match with the onboard DIMM socket. DIMM modules are installed by placing the chip firmly into the socket at a 90 degree angle and pressing straight down (figure 8) until it fits tightly into the DIMM socket (figure 9).



To remove the DIMM module simply press down both of the white clips on either side and the module will be released from the socket.

Section 3-4 Device Connectors

Please install the motherboard into the chassis.



- J2, J3: Chassis Panel Connector
 - Keylock, Speaker, Reset, Sleep, Turbo LED and HDD LED
- J4: CPU Fan Power
 - A plug-in for the CPU Fan Power
- J5: Power Fan Power
 - A plug-in for the Power Fan Power
- J6: Chassis Fan Power
 - A plug-in for the chassis Fan Power
- J7: WOL (Wake On Lan) Connector
- COM2: RS232 COM2 Connector
- PW1: ATX Power Connector -- 20-pin power connector
- IDE1: Primary IDE Connector
- IDE2: Secondary IDE Connector
- FDD1: Floppy Controller Connector
- **CD-IN**: CD Audio_IN Connector
 - Pin1(CD_IN_Left), Pin2/Pin3(CD_Reference), Pin4(CD_IN_Right)
- AUX_IN: Auxiliary Line_IN Connector
 - Pin1(Left Line_IN), Pin2/Pin3(GND), Pin4(Right Line-IN)

MODEM_IN: Telephony Connector

• Pin1(Audio_in), Pin2/Pin3(GND), Pin4(Mic-out to Modem)

J11: Front Panel Audio Connector



Note: Either Front Panel Audio or onboard rear audio could be used at one time.

USB Conn.: USB3 and USB4 Connector for optional cable.



USB port header pin descriptions.

PIN#	Wire color	Signal Name	Comment
1	Red	Vcc	Cable Power
2	Black	Ground	Case Ground
3	White	-Data	Data
4	Black	Ground	Cable Ground
5	Green	+Data	Data
6	Green	+Data	Data
7	Black	Ground	Cable Ground
8	White	-Data	Data
9	Black	Ground	Case Ground
10	Red	Vcc	Cable Power

Device Connectors (continued)

Power On/Off

(This is connected to the power button on the case. Using the Soft-Off by Pwr-BTTN feature, you can choose either Instant Off (turns system off immediatly), or 4 sec delay (you need to hold the button down for 4 seconds before the system turns off). When the system is in 4 sec delay mode, there is a special feature to make the system to go into suspend mode when the button is pressed momentarily.)

J3 • 1 + • + • • • • •

Turbo LED indicator - LED ON when higher speed is selected

IDE LED indicator - LED ON when Onboard PCI IDE Hard disks is activate

IR Connector

1. V	VCC	4. GND
2.1	NC	5. IRTX
3. I	RRX	

J2

KeyLock - Keyboard lock switch & Power LED connector 1. Power LED(+) 4. KeyLock 2. N/C 5. GND * The power LED lights when the 3. GND system is powered on and blinks in 1 SLEEP MODE or STR mode. Speaker - Connect to the system's speaker for beeping 3. GND 1. Speaker 2. N/C 4. GND 1 . **Reset** - Closed to restart system. 1

Device Connectors (continued)

TV2-PL2 Connector (Digital Video Out interface for TV Out or digital display).



* The EP-TV2 and EP-PL2 adapter card (optional)

• AIMM Card with AGP connector (For integrated graphics to upgrade 4MB display cache).



Note: The AIMM card for Intel 815 chipset M.B's AGP slot only.

* : The AIMM Card (optional)

Section 3-5 External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions (KBPO)

On the basis of bounded functions in I/O chipset, the two serial ports are able to support the External Modem Ring-in Power ON function. Once users connect the external modem to COM1 or COM2, the EP-3S1M mainboard allows users to turn on their system through the remote and host's dial-up control.

Exclusive Keyboard Power ON Function

To innovate a unique feature to benefit users, we devoted the easiest and most convenient way to turn on your system based on the the ATX power supply.

How to work with it

Step 1: Please check JP13 at the position 1-2 after you finished the system installation.



Keyboard Power-ON Function Selection 1-2 : Enabled 2-3 : Disabled (Default)

- **Step 2:** Push the momentary switch (J3 PW-ON) to turn on your system and then push again to hold for more than 4 seconds to turn it off affter counting memory as soon as you turn it on.
- Step 3: You can enjoy the Keyboard Power ON function (KBPO) by pressing any 1 key, Hot key (Ctrl-F1, F2.....F12), Password (A maximum of 5 charac ters can be entered.) and BUTTON only to turn on your system. Please refer to the BIOS Integrated peripherals setup for detail. The BIOS Default is keyboard Hot key <Ctrl> - <F1> to turn on the system. Your system will be turned on automatically, after releasing the keys. To power off you system, you can use the Soft-OFF function under Windows 95.

Notes:

- Intel ATX version 2.0 specification has recommended you use the power supply with >=1.0A in 5.0VSB. With our EP-3S1M mainboard, *the 5.0VSB* standby power only has to be > = 0.1A (100mA) then you can enjoy this unique benefit. However, the ATX power supply which is < 0.1 (100mA) is still applicable to your system by placed JP13 at the position 2-3 to disable this feature.
- 2. We recommended you use the power supply with 1.0A in 5.0VSB. Because this supported PCI 2.1 specification for remote power-on and wake-up function.

3-6 STR (Suspend To RAM) Function

The EP-3S1M supports the STR power management state by maintaining the appropriate states on the SDRAM interface signals. The power source must be kept alive to the SDRAM during STR (ACPI S3). Advanced Configuration Power Interface (ACPI) provides more Energy Saving Features for operating systems that support OS such as Instant ON and QuickStart[™] function.

- 1. To enable the ACPI function and use the STR functionally to save your system energy, you are recommended to confirm the following requirements:
 - a. In BIOS, please select "ACPI function: Enable" and "ACPI Suspend Type: S3(STR)" in the Power Management Setup menu.
 - b. Then, please type the following before installing the Windows® 98:

{Driver}:> Setup /p j

If the Windows[®] 98 installed in your system without the parameters above, please do refer your manual or contact Microsoft for more detail and then upgrade the system to support ACPI function.

- c. Restart your system and install 815 VGA driver properly.
- d. Getting in to the "Advanced" of the Power Management icon of Control Panel, and selecting the "Stand By" in the Power Buttons.
- Getting start with STR function, please click the START button and choose Shut Down icon. Then, select the Stand By option in the Shut Down Windows box to let system go to STR mode.
 Here are the differences between STP power saving mode and Green (or

Here are the differences between STR power saving mode and Green (or Suspend) mode:

- a. It is the most advanced Power Management mode
- b. It cuts all the power supplied to peripherals except to Memory max. power saving
- c. It saves and keeps all on-screen data including any executed applications to SDRAM.

d. You must push the Power button connected with onboard J3 pin to wake up you system (not to click to mouse or press keyboard to wake up the system.)

Just pushing Power button, your system will quickly back to the last screen for you.

The "LED Indicator for ACPI Status" table shown below will guide you and give you a reference for ACPI status on this mainboard.

ACPI Onboard's LED Status Indicator Table					
Onboard's			Status		
LED Location	Plug in the ATX Power Core	Power ON J3(PW-ON)	Green Mode (S1)	STR (S3)	Shutdown (Soft-OFF) (S5)
D5 (Red LED)	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF
J2 PW_LED	OFF	ON	Blinking	Blinking	OFF

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Section 4 BIOS SETUP

Main Menu

Once you enter the AwardBIOS[™] CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from several setup functions and two exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept and enter the sub-menu.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2000 Award Software		
 Standard CMOS Features Advanced BIOS Features Advanced Chipset Features Integrated Peripherals Power Management Setup PnP/PCI Configurations PC Health Status 	 Frequency/Voltage Control Load Fail-Safe Defaults Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password Set User Password Save & Exit Setup Exit Without Saving 	
Esc : Quit F9 : Menu in BIOS ↑↓ → ← : Select Item F10 : Save & Exit Setup		
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type		

Note that a brief description of each highlighted selection appears at the bottom of the screen.

Setup Items

The main menu includes the following main setup categories. Recall that some systems may not include all entries.

Standard CMOS Features

Use this menu for basic system configuration.

Advanced BIOS Features

Use this menu to set the Advanced Features available on your system.

Advanced Chipset Features

Use this menu to change the values in the chipset registers and optimize your system's performance.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals.

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

PnP / PCI Configuration

This entry appears if your system supports PnP / PCI.

PC Health Status

This item is only show the system health status (include Voltage, Fan speed, CPU temperature...)

Frequency/Voltage Control

Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values for the minimal/stable performance for your system to operate.

Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations. While Award has designed the custom BIOS to maximize performance, the factory has the right to change these defaults to meet their needs.

Supervisor / User Password

Use this menu to set User and Supervisor Passwords.

Save & Exit Setup

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Save

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

4-1 Standard CMOS Setup

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2000 Award Software Standard CMOS Features			
Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss) • IDE Primary Master • IDE Primary Slave • IDE Secondary Master • IDE Secondary Slave	Thu, Mar 16 2000 14 : 7 : 14 Press Enter 6449 MB Press Enter None Press Enter None Press Enter None	Item Help Menu Level ► Change the day, month, year and century	
Drive A Drive B Video Halt On	1.44M, 3.5 in. None EGA/VGA All,But Keyboard		
Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	640K 654,72K 1024K		
↑↓++:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F	ESC:Exit F1:General Help 7:Optimized Defaults	

Figure 1: The Main Menu

Main Menu Selections

This table shows the selections that you can make on the Main Menu

Item	Options	Description
Date	Month DD YYYY	Set the system date. Note that the 'Day' automatically hanges when you set the date
Time	HH : MM : SS	Set the system time
IDE Primary Master	Options are in its sub menu (described in Table 3)	Press <enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options</enter>
IDE Primary Slave	Options are in its sub menu (described in Table 3)	Press <enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options</enter>
IDE Secondary Master	Options are in its sub menu (described in Table 3)	Press <enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options</enter>
IDE Secondary Slave	Options are in its sub menu (described in Table 3)	Press <enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options</enter>
Drive A	None 360K, 5.25 in 1.2M, 5.25 in	Select the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system
Drive B	720K, 3.5 in 1.44M, 3.5 in 2.88M, 3.5 in	
Video	EGA/VGA CGA 40 CGA 80 MONO	Select the default video device
Halt On	All Errors No Errors All, but Keyboard All, but Diskette All, but Disk/Key	Select the situation in which you want the BIOS to stop the POST process and notify you
Base Memory	N/A	Displays the amount of conventional memory detected during boot up
Extended Memory	N/A	Displays the amount of extended memory detected during boot up
Total Memory	N/A	Displays the total memory available in the system

Table 2 Main Menu Selections
IDE Adapters

The IDE adapters control the hard disk drive. Use a separate sub menu to configure each hard disk drive.

Figure 2 shows the IDE primary master sub menu.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2000 Award Software IDE Primary Master		
IDE HDD Auto-Detection	Press Enter	Item Help
IDE Primary Master Access Mode	Auto Auto	Menu Level >>
Capacity	6449 MB	HDD's size, head on
Cylinder Head Precomp Landing Zone Sector	13328 15 65535 13327 63	
†↓++:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10: F6:Fail-Safe Default	Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help s F7:Optimized Defaults

Figure 2 IDE Primary Master sub menu

BIOS

Use the legend keys to navigate through this menu and exit to the main menu. Use Table 3 to configure the hard disk.

ltem	Options	Description
IIDE HDD Auto-detection	Press Enter	Press Enter to auto-detect the HDD on this channel. If detection is successful, it fills the remaining fields on this menu.
IDE Primary Master	None Auto Manual	Selecting 'manual' lets you set the remaining fields on this screen. Selects the type of fixed disk. "User Type" will let you select the number of cylinders, heads, etc. Note: PRECOMP=65535 means NONE !
Capacity	Auto Display your disk drive size	Disk drive capacity (Approximated). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk checking program.
Access Mode	Normal LBA Large Auto	Choose the access mode for this hard disk
The following options are s	electable only if the 'IDE Pri	imary Master' item is set to 'Manual'
Cylinder	Min = 0 $Max = 65535$	Set the number of cylinders for this hard disk.
Head	Min = 0 $Max = 255$	Set the number of read/write heads
Precomp	Min = 0 $Max = 65535$	**** Warning : Setting a value of 65535 means no hard disk
Landing zone	Min = 0 $Max = 65535$	****
Sector	Min = 0 $Max = 255$	Number of sectors per track

Table 1 Hard disk selections

4-2 Advanced BIOS Features

This section allows you to configure your system for basic operation. You have the opportunity to select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, keyboard operation, shadowing and security.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2000 Award Software Advanced BIOS Features			
Virus Warning	Disabled	4	Item Help
External Cache	Enabled		Menu Level 🕞
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking Processor Number Feature	Enabled Enabled		Allows you to choose
Quick Power On Self Test	Disabled		the VIRUS warning
Second Boot Device	HDD-0		Disk boot sector
Third Boot Device Boot Other Device	LS120 Enabled		protection. If this function is enabled
Swap Floppy Drive	Disabled		and someone attempt to
Boot Up Floppy Seek Boot Up NumLock Status	On		area, BIOS will show a
Gate A20 Option	Fast Disabled		warning message on screen and alarm been
x Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6		
Security Option	Setup		▶
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	Non-0S2		, n
↑↓++:Move Enter:Select +/-/ F5:Previous Values F6:	PU/PD:Value Fail-Safe Def	F10:Save E aults F	ESC:Exit F1:General Help 7:Optimized Defaults

Virus Warning

Allows you to choose the VIRUS Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempt to write data into this area, BIOS will show a warning message on screen and alarm beep.

- Enabled: Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
- Disabled: No warning message will appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

CPU Internal Cache/External Cache

These two categories speed up memory access. However, it depends on CPU/chipset design.

Enabled: Enable cache Disabled: Disable cache

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

This item allows you to enable/disable CPU L2 Cache ECC checking. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Processor Number Feature

Pentium III or later CPU new feature. The default is Enabled.Enabled: Processor serial number readable.Disabled: Processor serial number disabled.

Quick Power On Self Test

This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power up the computer. If it is set to Enable, BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.

Enabled: Enable quick POST

Disabled: Normal POST

First/Second/Third/Other Boot Device

The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items.

The Choice: Floppy, LS120, HDD, SCSI, CDROM, Disabled.

Swap Floppy Drive

If the system has two floppy drives, you can swap the logical drive name assignments. The choice: Enabled/Disabled.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

Seeks disk drives during boot up. Disabling speeds boot up. The choice: Enabled/Disabled.

Boot Up NumLock Status

Select power on state for NumLock. The choice: On/Off.

Gate A20 Option

Select if chipset or keyboard controller should control GateA20.

Normal: A pin in the keyboard controller controls GateA20

Fast: Lets chipset control GateA20

Typematic Rate Setting

Key strokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected. The choice: Enabled/Disabled

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)

Sets the number of times a second to repeat a key stroke when you hold the key down. The choice: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30.

Typematic Delay (Msec)

Sets the delay time after the key is held down before it begins to repeat the keystroke. The choice: 250, 500, 750, 1000.

Security Option

Select whether the password is required every time the system boots or only when you enter setup.

- System The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
- Setup The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
 - Note: To disable security, select PASSWORD SETTING at Main Menu and then you will be asked to enter password. Do not type anything and just press <Enter>, it will disable security. Once the security is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB

Select the operating system that is running with greater than 64MB of RAM on the system. The choice: Non-OS2, OS2.

HDD S.M.A.R.T Capability

The choice: Enabled/Disabled.

Report No FDD For Win 95

Whether report no FDD for Win 95 or not. The choice: Yes, No.

4-3 Advanced Chipset Features



This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

DRAM Settings (This field is no function)

The first chipset settings deal with CPU access to dynamic random access memory (DRAM). The default timings have been carefully chosen and should only be altered if data is being lost. Such a scenario might well occur if your system had mixed speed DRAM chips installed so that greater delays may be required to preserve the integrity of the data held in the slower memory chips.

SDRAM CAS Latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing.

The Choice: 2, 3

SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc

Select the number of SCLKs for an access cycle. The Choice: 5/7, 6/8.

SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay

This field lets you insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when DRAM is written to, read from, or refreshed. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system.

The Choice: 2, 3.

SDRAM RAS Precharge Time

If an insufficient number of cycles is allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, the refresh may be incomplete and the DRAM may fail to retain data. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. The Choice: 2, 3.

System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting *Enabled* allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Video BIOS Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the video BIOS, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Memory Hole At 15M-16M

You can reserve this area of system memory for ISA adapter ROM. When this area is reserved, it cannot be cached. The user information of peripherals that need to use this area of system memory usually discusses their memory requirements. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

CPU Latency Timer

Enabled: The processor cycle will be deferred immediately after the GMCH receives another ADS#.

Disabled: The processor cycle will only be deferred after for 31 clocks and another ADS# has arrived.

Delay Transaction

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select *Enabled* to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

On-Chip Video Window Size

The amount of system memory that the 815 series AGP is allowed to share. The default is 64.

32: 32MB of systems memory accessable by the 815 series AGP.

64: 64MB of systems memory accessable by the 815 series AGP.

AGP Graphics Aperture Size (MB)

The amount of system memory that the AGP card is allowed to share. The default is 64.

32: 32MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

64: 64MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

Display Cache Frequency

If your insert AGP In-Line Memory Module (AIMM). This function setting AIMM frequency. The default is 100MHz.

System Memory Frequency

Setting the SDRAM frequency. The default is Auto. The choice: 100Mhz, 133MHz, Auto.

Onboard Display Cache Setting

Setting the onboard display cache timing.

CAS # Latency

Select the local memory clock periods. The Choice: 2, 3

Paging Mode Control

Select the paging mode control. The Choice: Close, Open.

RAS-to-CAS Override

Select the display cache clock periods control. The Choice: by CAS# LT, Override(2).

RAS# Timing

This item controls RAS# active to Protegra, and refresh to RAS# active delay (in local memory clocks).

The Choice: Fast, Slow.

RAS# Precharge Timing

This item controls RAS# precharge (in local memory clocks). The choice: Fast, Slow.

4-4 Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setup Utility - C In	opyright (C) tegrated Per	1984-2000 f ipherals	Award Software
On-Chip Primary PCI IDE	Enabled	4	Item Help
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE IDE Primary Master PIO IDE Primary Slave PIO IDE Secondary Slave PIO IDE Secondary Slave PIO IDE Primary Slave UDMA IDE Primary Slave UDMA IDE Secondary Slave UDMA USB Controller USB Keyboard Support Init Display First AC97 Audio IDE HDD Block Mode POWER ON Function VB Dever ON Percent	Enabled Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Enabled Disabled PCI Slot Auto Enabled Hot KEY Hot KEY		Menu Level 🔸
Hot Key Power ON Opboard EDC Controller	Ctrl-F1 Enabled		
t↓++:Move Enter:Select +/-/ F5:Previous Values F6:	PU/PD:Value Fail-Safe De	F10:Save E faults Fi	ESC:Exit F1:General Help 7:Optimized Defaults

OnChip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE

The integrated peripheral controller contains an IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select *Enabled* to activate each channel separately. The choice: Enabled. Disabled.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

The choice: Auto, Mode 0, Mode 1, Mode 2, Mode 3, Mode 4.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA

Ultra DMA/33 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/33, select Auto to enable BIOS support.

The Choice: Auto, Disabled.

USB Controller

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have USB peripherals.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

USB Legacy Device Support

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB Legacy Device (Keyboard, Mouse). The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Init Display First

This item allows you to decide to active whether PCI Slot or on-chip VGA first The choice: PCI Slot, Onboard .

AC97 Audio

This item allows you to decide to Auto/disable the 815 chipset family to support AC97 Audio.

The function setting AC97 Audio Codec states. The system default is Auto.

IDE HDD Block Mode

Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled

Power On Function

There are "**Button Only**", "**Hot Key**" and "**Any key**" can be chosen by this field that allows users to select one of these various functions as Power On Method for their requirement. The default value in this selection is "Hot Key". (Ctrl-F1)

Hot Key: User can press "Control Key" (Ctrl) and "Function Key" (from F1 to F12) individually to power on the system. The interval between "Ctrl" key and function Key (F1-F12)must be short.

Anykey: Press anykey to power on the system.

Button Only: This power on function controlled by J3 (pw-on.) Use Power On Button to power on the system.

Password: User can Power On the System by password, the password can be entered from 1 to 5 characters. The maximum of password is 5 characters. If user forget / lost the password, please turn off the system and open case to clear CMOS by JP1 to re-setting the power on function. When set the password to turn on the system, than can't power on by J3(PW-ON).

KB Power On Password

When the option of "Power On Function" is password selected, user uses the item to key in password.

Hot Key Power On

Use this option with the above "Power On Function" to set a combination of keys that can be used to power the system on. The default is Ctrl-F1.

Options: Ctrl-F1, Ctrl-F2, Ctrl-F3, Ctrl-F4, Ctrl-F5, Ctrl-F6, Ctrl-F7, Ctrl-F8, Ctrl-F9, Ctrl-F10, Ctrl-F11, and Ctrl-F12.

Onboard FDC Controller

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install and-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Onboard Serial Port 1/Port 2

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports. The choice: 3F8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

UART Mode Select

This filed allows the users to configure what IR mode the 2nd serial port should use. The default is Normal.

Optional: Normal, IrDA and ASKIR.

Onboard Parallel port

This field allows the user to configure the LPT port. The default is 378H / IRQ7.

378H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 378H and IRQ7.278H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 278H and IRQ5.3BCH: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 3BCH and IRQ7.Disabled: Disable Onboard LPT port.

Parallel Port Mode

This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode. The default is ECP+EPP.

EPP: Enhanced Parallel Port mode.

ECP: Extended Capabilities Port mode.

EPP+ECP: ECP Mode & EPP Mode.

EPP Mode Select

This item allows you to determine the IR transfer mode of onboard I/O chip. options: EPP1.9, EPP1.7.

ECP Mode USE DMA

This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode. The default is DMA3.

DMA1: This field selects the routing of DMA1 for the ECP mode.

DMA3: This field selects the routing of DMA3 for the ECP mode.

PWRON After PW-Fail

The system will stay of or power on after a power interrupte. The default is OFF.

Fomer-Status: Stay off or power on depend on system safe shut-down or power fail.

- **ON**: System always power on after a power interrupte.
- **OFF:** System always stay off after a power interrupte.

4-5 Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure you system to most effectively save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

CMOS Setup Utility	- Copyright (C) 198 Power Management Se	34-2000 f etup	Award Software
ACPI Function	Enabled	4	Item Help
ACP1 Suspend Type Power Management Video Off Method Video Off In Suspend Suspend Type MODEM Use IRQ Suspend Mode HDD Power Down Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN Power On by Ring USB KB Wake-Up From S3 CPU Thermal-Throttling Resume by Alarm × Date(of Month) Alarm × Time(hh:mm:ss) Alarm ** Reload Global Timer	S1(POS) User Define DPMS Yes Stop Grant 3 Disabled Instant-Off Enabled Disabled 50.0% Disabled 0 0 0		Menu Level ►
Primary IDE 0	Disabled	•	
†↓→+:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10 F6:Fail-Safe Defaul	0:Save E lts F	ESC:Exit F1:General Help 7:Optimized Defaults

ACPI Function

This item allows you to enable/disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI).

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

ACPI Suspend Type

This item allows you to select S1(POS) or S3(STR) function. The choice: S1(POS), S3(STR).

Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes:

- 1. HDD Power Down
- 2. Doze Mode
- 3. Suspend Mode

There are four selections for Power Management, three of which have fixed mode settings.

Disable (default)	No power management. Disables all four modes
Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management. Doze Mode = 1
	hr. Standby Mode = 1 hr., Suspend Mode = 1 hr.,
	and HDD Power Down = 15 min.
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management ONLY
	AVAILABLE FOR SL CPU's . Doze Mode = 1
	min., Standby Mode = 1 min., Suspend Mode = 1
	min., and HDD Power Down = 1 min.
User Defined	Allows you to set each mode individually. When
	not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to
	1 hr. except for HDD Power Down which ranges
	from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable.

Video Off Method

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/H SYNC+Blank	This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.
Blank Screen	This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS	Initial display power management signaling.

Video Off In Suspend

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked. The choice: Yes, No.

Suspend Type

Select the Suspend Type. The choice: PWRON Suspend, Stop Grant.

MODEM Use IRQ

This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use. The choice: 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA.

Suspend Mode

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

BIOS

HDD Power Down

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state when the system has "hung." The default is Instant-off. The choice: Delay 4 Sec, Instant-Off.

PowerOn By Ring

This option is used to set the remote ring in and Wake on LAN (WOL) features. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

CPU Thermal-Throttling

Select the CPU THRM-Throttling rate. The choice: 25.0%, 37.5%, 50.0%, 62.5%, 75.0%, 87.5%.

Resume by Alarm

This option allows you to have the system turn on at a present time each day or on a certain day.

The choice: Disabled, Enabled.

** PM Events **

PM events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In effect, the system remains alert for anything which occurs to a device which is configured as *Enabled*, even when the system is in a power down mode.

```
Primary IDE 0
Primary IDE 1
Secondary IDE 0
Secondary IDE 1
FDD, COM, LPT Port
PCI PIRQ[A-D] #
```

4-6 PnP/PCI Configuration Setup

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI, or **P**ersonal **C**omputer Interconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

CMOS Setup Utility - (Pr	Copyright (C) 1984-2000 hP/PCI Configurations	Award Software
Reset Configuration Data	Disabled	Item Help
Resources Controlled By × IRQ Resources PCI/VGA Palette Snoop INT Pin 1 Assignment INT Pin 2 Assignment INT Pin 3 Assignment INT Pin 4 Assignment	Auto(ESCD) Press Enter Disabled Auto Auto Auto Auto	Menu Level Default is Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the OS cannot boot
↑↓++:Move Enter:Select +/-/ F5:Previous Values F6	/PU/PD:Value F10:Save :Fail-Safe Defaults F	ESC:Exit F1:General Help 7:Optimized Defaults

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system can not boot.

The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Resource controlled by

The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capacity to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system such as Windows95. If you set this field to "manual" choose specific resources by going

BIOS

into each of the sub menu that follows this field (a sub menu is preceded by a " \emptyset "). The choice: Auto(ESCD), Manual.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

Leave this field at *Disabled*. Choices are Enabled, Disabled.

INT Pin1 to Pin4 Assignment

These settings allow the user to specify what IRQ will be assigned to PCI devices in the chosen slot. Options available: Auto,3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14 & 15. The defaults are Auto.

CPU Warning Temperature	Disabled	Item Help
Current Crof Temperature Current System Temp. Current CHBSSISFAN Speed Current PWRFAN Speed Vtt (V) Vcore(V) Vcc (V) + 5 V +12 V -12 V - 5 V VBAT(V) SVSB(V) Shutdown Temperature	33°C/91°F 59°C/138°F 0 RPM 0 RPM 1.53V 2.09V 3.42V 4.97V 12.16V -12.28V -5.09V 3.48V 4.89V Disabled	Menu Level ►
†↓++:Move Enter:Select +/-, F5:Previous Values F6	/PU/PD:Value F10:Save :Fail-Safe Defaults	e ESC:Exit F1:General Hel F7:Optimized Defaults

4-7 PC Health Status

CPU Warning Temperature

This is the temperature that the computer will respond to an overheating CPU. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Temperature is monitored on the CPU, default is 95°C/205°F. Disabled: This feature is turned off.

Current CPU Temperature

This is the current temperature of the CPU.

Current System Temp

This is the Current temperature of the system.

Current CPU Fan/ Power Fan/ Chassis Fan Speed

The current CPU fan speed in RPMs.

CPU(V)

The voltage level of the Vtt, Vcore, Vcc. +5V, +12V, -12V, -5V, VBAT, 5VSB: The voltage level of the switch power supply.

Shutdown Temperature

This is the temperature that the computer will turn off the power to combat the effects of an overheating system. (requires ACPI to be enabled in Power Management BIOS and ACPI compliant operating system.) The default is Disabled. Options available are 60°C/140°F to 100°C/212°F in increments of 5°C.

4-8 Frequency/Voltage Control

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1984-2 Frequency/Voltage Contr	000 Award Software ol
Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk Enabled	Item Help
CPU Clock Ratio X 3	Menu Level 🕨
n a state and a state and a state	
vu vu	
↑↓++:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Sa F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	ve ESC:Exit F1:General Help F7:Optimized Defaults

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk

This item allows you to enable/disable auto detect DIMM/PCI Clock. The choice: Enabled, Disabled.

CPU/SDRAM/AGP/PCI/Spd Spec

The mainboard is designed to set the CPU/SDRAM/AGP/PCI clock at jumperfree. This item allows you to select the CPU Host speed and PCI clock speed by "Enter" key. If "default" is means the CPU Host speed that depend on the CPU is 100MHz or 133MHz.

CPU Clock Ratio

This item allows you to select the CPU ratio. If the CPU ratio is fixed. This item was no function. Configuration options: [3.x]...[7x], [7.5x], [8.x].

4-9 Defaults Menu

Selecting "Defaults" from the main menu shows you two options which are described below

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N)? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

Load Optimized Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N)? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

4-10 Supervisor/User Password Setting

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of then. The differences between are:

supervisor password : can enter and change the options of the setup menus.user password : just can only enter but do not have the right to change the options of the setup menus. When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password. To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED.

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You determine when the password is required within the BIOS Features Setup Menu and its Security option (see Section 3). If the Security option is set to "System", the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to "Setup", prompting only occurs when trying to enter Setup.

4-11 Exit Selecting

Save & Exit Setup

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Save to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? Y

Pressing "Y" stores the selections made in the menus in CMOS - a special section of memory that stays on after you turn your system off. The next time you boot your computer, the BIOS configures your system according to the Setup selections stored in CMOS. After saving the values the system is restarted again.

Exit Without Saving

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Quit without saving (Y/N)? Y

This allows you to exit Setup without storing in CMOS any change. The previous selections remain in effect. This exits the Setup utility and restarts your computer.

Section 5 815 Series VGA and Sound Driver Installation

Easy Driver Installation



- Step 1: To Click the Intel Chipset INF Files that enable the Intel(R) 815 Chipsets to be recognized by listed operating systems. This installer will unpack updated .INF files into a specified folder. Supported operating systems: Microsoft Windows* 95 OSR 2.1+ and Windows* 98 operating systems.
- Step 2 : To Click the Intel INF Installation Utility. This installer will install updated .INF files onto the target machine. Supported operating systems: Microsoft Windows* 95 OSR 2.1+ and Windows* 98 operating systems. This procedure will Re-start the system.
- Step 3 : To Click the Intel 815 VGA Driver to installation the Graphics resolution.
- **Step 4 :** To Click the Audio Driver/Utilities to installation the Audio Sound Driver in operating system.

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Appendix A

A-1 MEMORY MAP

Address Range	Size	Description
[00000-7FFFF]	512K	Conventional memory
[80000-9FBFF]	127K	Extended Conventional memory
[9FC00-9FFFF]	1K	Extended BIOS data area if PS/2 mouse is installed
[A0000-C7FFF]	160K	Available for Hi DOS memory
[C8000-DFFFF]	96K	Available for Hi DOS memory and adapter
		ROMs
[E0000-EEFFF]	60K	Available for UMB
[EF000-EFFFF]	4K	Video service routine for Monochrome &
		CGA adaptor
[F0000-F7FFF]	32K	BIOS CMOS setup utility
[F8000-FCFFF]	20K	BIOS runtime service routine (2)
[FD000-FDFFF]	4K	Plug and Play ESCD data area
[FE000-FFFFF]	8K	BIOS runtime service routine (1)

A-2 I/O MAP

[000-01F]	DMA controller.(Master)
[020-021]	INTERRUPT CONTROLLER.(Master)
[022-023]	CHIPSET control registers. I/O ports.
[040-05F]	TIMER control registers.
[060-06F]	KEYBOARD interface controller.(8042)
[070-07F]	RTC ports & CMOS I/O ports.
[080-09F]	DMA register.
[0A0-0BF]	INTERRUPT controller.(Slave)
[0C0-0DF]	DMA controller.(Slave)
[0F0-0FF]	MATH COPROCESSOR.
[1F0-1F8]	HARD DISK controller.
[278-27F]	PARALLEL port 2.
[2B0-2DF]	GRAPHICS adapter controller.

[2F8-2FF]	SERIAL port 2.
[360-36F]	NETWORK ports.
[378-37F]	PARALLEL port 1.
[3B0-3BF]	MONOCHROME & PARALLEL port adapter.
[3C0-3CF]	EGA adapter.
[3D0-3DF]	CGA adapter.
[3F0-3F7]	FLOPPY DISK controller.
[3F8-3FF]	SERIAL port 1.

A-3 TIMER & DMA CHANNELS MAP

TIMER MAP:	
TIMER Channel 0	System timer interrupt.
TIMER Channel 1	DRAM REFRESH request.
TIMER Channel 2	SPEAKER tone generator.
DMA CHANNELS:	
DMA Channel 0	Available.
DMA Channel 1	Onboard ECP (Option).
DMA Channel 2	FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).
DMA Channel 3	Onboard ECP (default).
DMA Channel 4	Cascade for DMA controller 1.
DMA Channel 5	Available.
DMA Channel 6	Available.
DMA Channel 7	Available

A-4 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI :

Parity check error.

IRQ (H/W):

- 0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER 0.
- 1 KEYBOARD output buffer full.
- 2 Cascade for IRQ 8-15.
- 3 SERIAL port 2.
- 4 SERIAL port 1.
- 5 PARALLEL port 2.

- 6 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).
- 7 PARALLEL port 1.
- 8 RTC clock.
- 9 Available.
- 10 Available.
- 11 Available.
- 12 PS/2 Mouse.
- 13 MATH coprocessor.
- 14 Onboard HARD DISK (IDE1) channel.
- 15 Onboard HARD DISK (IDE1) channel.

A-5 RTC & CMOS RAM MAP

RTC & CMOS:

- 00 Seconds.
- 01 Second alarm.
- 02 Minutes.
- 03 Minutes alarm.
- 04 Hours.
- 05 Hours alarm.
- 06 Day of week.
- 07 Day of month.
- 08 Month.
- 09 Year.
- 0A Status register A.
- 0B Status register B.
- 0C Status register C.
- 0D Status register D.
- 0E Diagnostic status byte.
- 0F Shutdown byte.
- 10 FLOPPY DISK drive type byte.
- 11 Reserve.
- 12 HARD DISK type byte.
- 13 Reserve.
- 14 Equipment type.
- 15 Base memory low byte.

- 16 Base memory high byte.
- 17 Extension memory low byte.
- 18 Extension memory high byte.
- 19-2d
- 2E-2F
- 30 Reserved for extension memory low byte.
- 31 Reserved for extension memory high byte.
- 32 DATE CENTURY byte.
- 33 INFORMATION FLAG.
- 34-3F Reserve.
- 40-7F Reserved for CHIPSET SETTING DATA.

Appendix B

B-1 POST CODES

For BIOS 6.0 Code

POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION
CFh	Test CMOS R/W functionality.
C0h	Early chipset initialization:
	- Disable shadow RAM
	- Disable L2 cache (socket 7 or below)
	- Program basic chipset registers
C1h	Detect memory
	- Auto-detection of DRAM size, type and ECC.
	- Auto-detection of L2 cache (socket 7 or below)
C3h	Expand compressed BIOS code to DRAM
C5h	Call chipset hook to copy BIOS back to E000 & F000 shadow RAM.
0h1	Expand the Xgroup codes locating in physical address 1000:0
02h	Reserved
03h	Initial Superio_Early_Init switch.
04h	Reserved
05h	1. Blank out screen
	2. Clear CMOS error flag
06h	Reserved
07h	1. Clear 8042 interface
	2. Initialize 8042 self-test
08h	 Test special keyboard controller for Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips.
	2. Enable keyboard interface.
09h	Reserved
0Ah	1. Disable PS/2 mouse interface (optional).
	2. Auto detect ports for keyboard & mouse followed by a port & interface swap (optional).

	3. Reset keyboard for Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips.
0Ch	Reserved
0Dh	Reserved
0Eh	Test F000h segment shadow to see whether it is R/W- able or not. If test fails, keep beeping the speaker.
0Fh	Reserved
10h	Auto detect flash type to load appropriate flash R/W codes into the run time area in F000 for ESCD & DMI support.
11h	Reserved
12h	Use walking 1's algorithm to check out interface in CMOS circuitry. Also set real-time clock power status, and then check for override.
13h	Reserved
14h	Program chipset default values into chipset. Chipset default values are MODBINable by OEM customers.
15h	Reserved
16h	Initial Early_Init_Onboard_Generator switch.
17h	Reserved
18h	Detect CPU information including brand, SMI type (Cyrix or Intel) and CPU level (586 or 686).
19h	Reserved
1Ah	Reserved
1Bh	Initial interrupts vector table. If no special specified, all H/W interrupts are directed to PURIOUS_INT_HDLR & S/W interrupts to SPURIOUS_soft_HDLR.
1Ch	Reserved
1Dh	Initial EARLY_PM_INIT switch.
1Eh	Reserved
1Fh	Load keyboard matrix (notebook platform)
20h	Reserved
21h	HPM initialization (notebook platform)
22h	Reserved
23h	 Check validity of RTC value: e.g. a value of 5Ah is an invalid value for RTC minute.
	2. Load UMOS settings into BIOS stack. If CMOS

	checksum fails, use default value instead.
	3. Prepare BIOS resource map for PCI & PnP use. If ESCD is valid, take into consideration of the ESCD's legacy information.
	 Onboard clock generator initialization. Disable respective clock resource to empty PCI & DIMM slots.
	5. Early PCI initialization:
	- Enumerate PCI bus number
	- Assign memory & I/O resource
	- Search for a valid VGA device & VGA BIOS, and put it into C000:0.
24h	Reserved
25h	Reserved
26h	Reserved
27h	Initialize INT 09 buffer
28h	Reserved
29h	1. Program CPU internal MTRR (P6 & PII) for 0-640K memory address.
	2. Initialize the APIC for Pentium class CPU.
	3. Program early chipset according to CMOS setup. Example: onboard IDE controller.
	4. Measure CPU speed.
	5. Invoke video BIOS.
2Ah	Reserved
2Bh	Reserved
2Ch	Reserved
2Dh	1. Initialize multi-language
	2. Put information on screen display, including Award title, CPU type, CPU speed
2Eh	Reserved
2Fh	Reserved
30h	Reserved
31h	Reserved
32h	Reserved
33h	Reset keyboard except Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips.

34h	Reserved
35h	Reserved
36h	Reserved
37h	Reserved
38h	Reserved
39h	Reserved
3Ah	Reserved
3Bh	Reserved
3Ch	Test 8254
3Dh	Reserved
3Eh	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1.
3Fh	Reserved
40h	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2.
41h	Reserved
42h	Reserved
43h	Test 8259 functionality.
44h	Reserved
45h	Reserved
46h	Reserved
47h	Initialize EISA slot
48h	Reserved
49h	1. Calculate total memory by testing the last double word of each 64K page.
	2. Program write allocation for AMD K5 CPU.
4Ah	Reserved
4Bh	Reserved
4Ch	Reserved
4Dh	Reserved
4Eh	1. Program MTRR of M1 CPU
	2. Initialize L2 cache for P6 class CPU & program CPU with proper cacheable range.
	3. Initialize the APIC for P6 class CPU.
	4. On MP platform, adjust the cacheable range to
	smaller one in case the cacheable ranges between each CPU are not identical.
4Fh	Reserved
50h	Initialize USB

51h	Reserved
52h	Test all memory (clear all extended memory to 0)
53h	Reserved
54h	Reserved
55h	Display number of processors (multi-processor platform)
56h	Reserved
57h	1. Display PnP logo
	2. Early ISA PnP initialization
	- Assign CSN to every ISA PnP device.
58h	Reserved
59h	Initialize the combined Trend Anti-Virus code.
5Ah	Reserved
5Bh	(Optional Feature) Show message for entering AWDFLASH.EXE from FDD (optional)
5Ch	Reserved
5Dh	 Initialize Init_Onboard_Super_IO switch. Initialize Init_Onbaord_AUDIO switch.
5Eh	Reserved
5Fh	Reserved
60h	Okay to enter Setup utility; i.e. not until this POST stage can users enter the CMOS setup utility.
61h	Reserved
62h	Reserved
63h	Reserved
64h	Reserved
65h	Initialize PS/2 Mouse
66h	Reserved
67h	Prepare memory size information for function call: INT 15h ax=E820h
68h	Reserved
69h	Turn on L2 cache
6Ah	Reserved
6Bh	Program chipset registers according to items described in Setup & Auto-configuration table.
6Ch	Reserved

6Dh	1. Assign resources to all ISA PnP devices.
	2. Auto assign ports to onboard COM ports if the corresponding item in Setup is set to "AUTO".
6Eh	Reserved
6Fh	1. Initialize floppy controller
	2. Set up floppy related fields in 40:hardware.
70h	Reserved
71h	Reserved
72h	Reserved
73h	(Optional Feature) Enter AWDFLASH.EXE if :
	- AWDFLASH is found in floppy drive.
	- ALT+F2 is pressed
74h	Reserved
75h	Detect & install all IDE devices: HDD, LS120, ZIP, CDROM
76h	Reserved
77h	Detect serial ports & parallel ports.
78h	Reserved
79h	Reserved
7Ah	Detect & install co-processor
7Bh	Reserved
7Ch	Reserved
7Dh	Reserved
7Eh	Reserved
7Fh	1. Switch back to text mode if full screen logo is supported
	- If errors occur, report errors & wait for keys
	- If no errors occur or F1 key is pressed to continue:
	•Clear EPA or customization logo.
80h	Reserved
81h	Reserved
82h	1. Call chipset power management hook.
	2. Recover the text fond used by EPA logo (not for full screen logo)
	3. If password is set, ask for password.
83h	Save all data in stack back to CMOS

84h	Initialize ISA PnP boot devices
85h	1. USB final Initialization
	2. NET PC: Build SYSID structure
	3. Switch screen back to text mode
	4. Set up ACPI table at top of memory.
	5. Invoke ISA adapter ROMs
	6. Assign IRQs to PCI devices
	7. Initialize APM
	8. Clear noise of IRQs.
86h	Reserved
87h	Reserved
88h	Reserved
89h	Reserved
90h	Reserved
91h	Reserved
92h	Reserved
93h	Read HDD boot sector information for Trend Anti-Virus
	code
94h	1. Enable L2 cache
	2. Program boot up speed
	3. Chipset final initialization.
	4. Power management final initialization
	5. Clear screen & display summary table
	6. Program K6 write allocation
	7. Program P6 class write combining
95h	1. Program daylight saving
	2. Update keyboard LED & typematic rate
96h	1. Build MP table
	2. Build & update ESCD
	3. Set CMOS century to 20h or 19h
	4. Load CMOS time into DOS timer tick
	5. Build MSIRQ routing table.
FFh	Boot attempt (INT 19h)
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Appendix C

NOTE:

The "LOAD Optimized DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary when you accept this mainboard, or the system CMOS data is corrupted.

CMOS Setup	Utility -	Copyright	(C)	1984-1998
------------	-----------	-----------	-----	-----------

Standard CMOS Feature	Frequency/Voltage Control
Advanced BIOS Feature	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
Advanced Chipset Feature	Load Optimized Defaults
Integrated Peripherals	Set Supervisor Password
Power Management Load Optimized	Defaults (Y/N)? Y
PnP/PCI Configuratio	
PC Health Status	Exit Without Saving
Esc : Quit	$\uparrow \downarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow$: Select Item
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	
Time, Date, H	Iard Disk Type

LOAD Optimized DEFAULTS

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Appendix D

D-1 GHOST 5.1 Quick User's Guide

Installation is very easy. You only need to copy the **Ghost5** folder or **Ghost.exe** to your hard disk.

The current market version is for single **Client**, so the LPT and NetBios portions will not be explained further.

Description of Menus

Ghost clones and backs up Disk and Partition.



In which **Disk** indicates hard disk options **Partition** indicates partition options **Check** indicates check options

Disk



There are 3 hard disk functions:

- 1. Disk To Disk (disk cloning)
- 2. Disk To Image (disk backup)
- 3. Disk From Image (restore backup)

Important!

- To use this function, the system must have at least 2 disks. Press the Tab key to move the cursor.
- 2. When restoring to a destination disk, all data in that disk will be completely destroyed.

Disk To Disk (Disk Cloning)

- 1. Select the location of the **Source drive**.
- 2. Select the location of the **Destination drive**.

urive	Size(Mb)	Primary	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors
1	8691	2	1108	255	63
2	2014	1	1023	64	63
3	94	4	94	64	32

3. When cloning a disk or restoring the backup, set the required partition size as shown in the following figure.

Part	Type	Description	Label	New Size	Old Size	Data Size
1	0Ь	Fat32	N0 NAME	661	2102	535
2	0Ь	Fat32 extd	NO NAME	1352	6573	1089
			Free	0	15	
			Total	2014	8691	1624

4. Click OK to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.



Disk To Image (Disk Backup)

1. Select the location of the Source drive.

Drive	Size(Mb)	Primary	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors
1	8691	2	1108	255	63
2	2014	1	1023	64	63
3	94	4	94	64	32

2. Select the location for storing the backup file.

	2473346274	L	1
Name	Size	Date 🔺	Parent
ASUSBI~1		09-10-1998 12:01:04	No.
C98BACK		09-10-1998 11:45:24	
E9 8 BACK		09-10-1998 11:46:58	
EPSON		09-07-1998 18:09:38	d se as
GHOST5		09-21-1998 14:25:30	
NC		09-21-1998 18:34:58	
PIC		10-12-1998 10:02:36	
PRINT		09-07-1998 18:28:30	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
RECYCLED		09-04-1998 17:45:06	ent fing
495BACK		09-21-1998 15:43:16	Partie III
4IN98		09-05-1998 18:33:34	6 1900 C
FRASTUN.FFR	4,379	10-27-1998 13:38:20	S
FFASTUN,FFL	24,576	10-27-1998 13:38:18	16.00
FRASTUN.FFO	24,576	10-27-1998 13:38:20 🔻	-
N DOCISION	1000000		
e Name BHUKUM			<u>Cancel</u>

3. Click **OK** to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.



Disk From Image (Restore Backup)

1. Select the Restore file.

e: Local drive		T	
Name	Size	Date 🔺	Parent
ASUSBI~1		09-10-1998 12:01:04	No.
C98BACK		09-10-1998 11:45:24	
E98BACK		09-10-1998 11:46:58	
EPSON		09-07-1998 18:09:38 -	1 2 10
GHOST5		09-21-1998 14:25:30	
NC		09-21-1998 18:34:58	
PIC		10-12-1998 10:02:36	
PRINT		09-07-1998 18:28:30 📕	2
RECYCLED		09-04-1998 17:45:06	- 1 Sug
W95BACK		09-21-1998 15:43:16	Parties III
WIN98		09-05-1998 18:33:34	(1900 P
FFASTUN.FFA	4,379	10-27-1998 13:38:20	
FFASTUN.FFL	24,576	10-27-1998 13:38:18	
FFASTUN.FFO	24,576	10-27-1998 13:38:20 🖲	
Reckup		1	Consel
Incicor			Lancer

2. Select the **Destination drive** of the disk to be restored.

Drive	Size(Mb)	Primary	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors
1	8691	2	1108	255	63
2	2014	1	1023	64	63
3	94	4	94	64	32

3. When restoring disk backup, set the required partition size as shown in the following figure.

Part	Type	Description	Label	New Size	Old Size	Data Size
1	ОЬ	Fat32	N0 NAME	661	2102	535
2	0Ь	Fat32 extd	NO NAME	1352	6573	1089
			Free	0	15	
			Total	2014	8691	1624

4. Click **OK** to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.



Partition



There are 3 partition functions:

- 1. Partition To Partition (partition cloning)
- 2. Partition To Image (partition backup)
- 3. Partition From Image (restore partition)

Partition To Partition (Partition Cloning)

The basic unit for partition cloning is a partition. Refer to disk cloning for the operation method.

Partition To Image (Partition Backup)

1. Select the disk to be backed up.

Urive	Size(Mb)	Primary	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors
1	8691	2	1108	255	63

2. Select the first partition to be backed up. This is usually where the operating system and programs are stored.

Part	Type	Description	Label	in Mb	in Mb	
1	0b	Fat32	NO NAME	2102	551	
2	2 ОБ	2 ОБ	Ob Fat32 extd	NO NAME Free	6573 15	1089
			Total	8691	1641	

3. Select the path and file name for storing the backup file.

· Local unive	- 126		
Name	Size	Date	Parent
RSUSBI~1		09-10-1998 12:01:04	
C98BACK		09-10-1998 11:45:24	
198BACK		09-10-1998 11:46:58	
PSON		09-07-1998 18:09:38 -	
4C		09-21-1998 18:34:58	
PIC		10-12-1998 10:02:36	999
PRINT		09-07-1998 18:28:30	0
RECYCLED		09-04-1998 17:45:06	
495BACK		09-21-1998 15:43:16	Carl F
4IN98		09-05-1998 18:33:34	and the second s
Fastun.FFA	4,379	10-27-1998 13:38:20	6 Mar 1
Frastun.FFL	24,576	10-27-1998 13:38:18	
FASTUN.FF0	24,576	10-27-1998 13:38:20	
FASTUNO.FFX	192,512	10-27-1998 13:38:18	
N	1		
e Name D: \ONIGINAL.GA	4		<u>U</u> ancel

- 4. Is the file compressed? There are 3 options:
 - (1) No: do not compress data during backup
 - (2) Fast: Small volume compression
 - (3) High: high ratio compression. File can be compressed to its minimum, but this requires longer execution time.



5. During confirmation, select Yes to start performing backup.



Partition From Image (Restore Partition)

1. Select the backup file to be restored.

Name	Size	Date	Parent
ISUSBIT1		09-10-1998 12:01:04	Tarem
98BACK		09-10-1998 11:45:24	
98BACK		09-10-1998 11:46:58	
PSON		09-07-1998 18:09:38	1 8 0
1C		09-21-1998 18:34:58	
IC		10-12-1998 10:02:36	405
RINT		09-07-1998 18:28:30	
ECYCLED		09-04-1998 17:45:06	
195BACK		09-21-1998 15:43:16	and the
VIN98		09-05-1998 18:33:34	Provide Contraction
)RIGINAL.GHO	89,871,827	10-02-1998 11:42:44	() 例 ()
ECENT.GHO	290,076,734	10-06-1998 17:48:38	
a Nama			Canad

2. Select the source partition.

		Description	Laber	oize	Data bize
1	UB	Fat32	NU NHME	2102	145
			Total	2102	145

3. Select the disk to be restored.

Jrive	Size(Mb)	Primary	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors
1	8691	2	1108	255	6

4. Select the partition to be restored.

Ob Fat32 N0 NRME 2102 556 Ob Fat32 exitd N0 NRME 6573 1076 Free 15 Total 8691 1633	art	Type	Description	Label	Size	Data Size
0b Fat32 extd NO NRME 6573 1076 Free 15 Total 8691 1633	1	0Ь	Fat32	NO NAME	2102	556
Total 8691 1633	2		Fat32 extd	NO NRME Free	6573 15	1076
				Total	8691	1633

5. Select Yes to start restoring.



Check

This function checks the hard disk or backup file for backup or restoration error due to FAT or track error.