

SY-K7VIA Motherboard

AMDTM Athlon

Processor supported

VIA VT8371(KX133) AGP/PCI/AMR Motherboard

200 MHz Front Side Bus supported

ATX Form Factor

User's Manual

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About This Guide:

This Quick Start Guide can help system manufacturers and end users in setting up and installing the Motherboard. Information in this guide has been carefully checked for reliability; however, to the correctness of the contents there is no guarantee given. The information in this document is subject to amend without notice.

For further information, please visit our **Web Site** on the Internet. The address is "http://www.soyo.com.tw".

Edition: May 2000 Version 1.0 K7VIA SERIAL FC Tested To Comply
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FOR HOME OR OFFICE USE

100% POST CONSUMER RECYCLED PAPER



Table of Contents

1-1 INTRODUCTION 1-2 KEY FEATURES 1-3 HANDLING THE MOTHERBOARD 1-4 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS 1-5 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD LAYOUT 1-6 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD COMPONENTS 1-7 MICROPROCESSOR 1-8 MEMORY 1-9 CHIPSET 1-10 I/O INTERFACE CONTROLLER 1-11 HARDWARE MONITOR 1-12 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION 2-1 PREPARATIONS 2-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD 1-1 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD 2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation 2-3.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation 2-3.3 Motherboard Connector 3-3.4 Quick BIOS Setup 2-3.5 Troubleshooting at First Start 2-3.5 Power Off CHAPTER 3 BIOS SETUP UTILITY 3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP
1-3 HANDLING THE MOTHERBOARD 1-4 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS 1-5 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD LAYOUT 1-6 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD COMPONENTS 1-7 MICROPROCESSOR 1-8 MEMORY 1-9 CHIPSET 1-10 I/O INTERFACE CONTROLLER 1-11 HARDWARE MONITOR 1-12 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION 2-1 PREPARATIONS 2-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD 2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation 2-3.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation 2-3.3 Motherboard Connector 3-3.4 Quick BIOS Setup 2-3.5 Troubleshooting at First Start 2-3.5 Power Off CHAPTER 3 BIOS SETUP UTILITY 3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP 3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
1-4 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS 1-5 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD LAYOUT 1-6 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD COMPONENTS 1-7 MICROPROCESSOR 1-8 MEMORY 1-9 CHIPSET 1-10 I/O INTERFACE CONTROLLER 1-11 HARDWARE MONITOR 1-12 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION 2-1 PREPARATIONS 2-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD 2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation 2-3.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation 2-3.3 Motherboard Connector 3-3.4 Quick BIOS Setup 2-3.5 Troubleshooting at First Start 2-3.5 Power Off CHAPTER 3 BIOS SETUP UTILITY 3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP 3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
1-5 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD LAYOUT
1-6 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD COMPONENTS 1-7 MICROPROCESSOR 1-8 MEMORY 1-9 CHIPSET 1-10 I/O INTERFACE CONTROLLER 1-11 HARDWARE MONITOR 1-12 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION 2-1 PREPARATIONS 2-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD 2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation 2-3.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation 2-3.3 Motherboard Connector 3-3.4 Quick BIOS Setup 2-3.5 Troubleshooting at First Start 2-3.5 Power Off CHAPTER 3 BIOS SETUP UTILITY 3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP 3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
1-7 MICROPROCESSOR
1-8 MEMORY
1-9 CHIPSET 1-10 I/O INTERFACE CONTROLLER 1-11 HARDWARE MONITOR 1-12 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION 2-1 PREPARATIONS 2-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD 2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation 2-3.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation 2-3.3 Motherboard Connector 3-3.4 Quick BIOS Setup 2-3.5 Troubleshooting at First Start 2-3.5 Power Off CHAPTER 3 BIOS SETUP UTILITY 3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP 3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
1-10 I/O INTERFACE CONTROLLER 1-11 HARDWARE MONITOR
1-11 HARDWARE MONITOR 1-12 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION 2-1 PREPARATIONS 2-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD 2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation 2-3.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation 2-3.3 Motherboard Connector 3-3.4 Quick BIOS Setup 2-3.5 Troubleshooting at First Start 2-3.5 Power Off CHAPTER 3 BIOS SETUP UTILITY 3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP 3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
1-12 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY
CHAPTER 2 HARDWARE INSTALLATION
2-1 PREPARATIONS
2-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD 2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation
2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE 2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation
2-3.1 CPU Fan Installation
2-3.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation
2-3.3 Motherboard Connector
3-3.4 Quick BIOS Setup
2-3.5 Troubleshooting at First Start
2-3.5 Power Off
CHAPTER 3 BIOS SETUP UTILITY 3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP
3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP 3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP 3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES
2 A A DUANCED CHIDGET EFAMILIEG
3-4 ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES

Table of Contents



R 4 DRIVERS INSTALLATION	87
IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	86
USER PASSWORD	85
SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	84
LOAD OPTIMIZED DEFAULTS	83
LOAD FAIL-SAFE DEFAULTS	82
PC HEALTH STATUS	80
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP	77
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	73
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	68
	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP PC HEALTH STATUS LOAD FAIL-SAFE DEFAULTS LOAD OPTIMIZED DEFAULTS SUPERVISOR PASSWORD USER PASSWORD IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION R 4 DRIVERS INSTALLATION



Chapter 1

MOTHERBOARD DESCRIPTION

1-1 INTRODUCTION

The **SY-K7VIA** AGP/PCI/AMR Motherboard is a high-performance Slot A supported ATX form-factor system board. **SY-K7VIA** uses the VIA VT 8371 (KX 133) Chipset technology and supports Slot A class processors. This Motherboard is fully compatible with industry standards and adds many technical enhancements.

1-2 KEY FEATURES

> CPU SUPPORT

The SY-K7VIA supports a wide range of AMD TMCPUs:

■ AMD TM (500~900) MHz

New released AMD TMSlot A CPUs will very likely be supported by the SY-K7VIA as well.

> CPU SETTINGS

The SY-K7VIA provides the user with a very complete and convenient CPU setting environment. The CPU settings are auto detected and set automatically, therefore rendering the use of jumpers obsolete.

■ CPU FSB Frequency

The SY-K7VIA supports a wide range of CPU FSB frequency settings: 500,550,600,650,700,750,750,800,850,900



> EXPANDABILITY

The SY-K7VIA provides all the standard expansion slots, and many more additional expansion features:

Expansion slots

- 1 x 32-bit bus mastering AGP slot
- 5 x 32-bit bus mastering PCI slots
- 1 x 16-bit ISA slots

Enhanced IO

- Floppy disk controller
- 2x EIDE controllers with support for up to 4 Ultra DMA 33/66 devices
- Standard/EPP/ECP parallel port
- 2x 16550 compatible serial ports
- IrDA compatible infrared port
- 4x USB (Universal Serial Bus) connectors
- PS/2 mouse connector
- PS/2 keyboard connector

> ADVANCED FUNCTIONS

The SY-K7VIA supports advanced functions such as:

■ ATA 66 IDE Ports

In addition ATA33 (Ultra DMA/33) devices, the SY-K7VIA also supports ATA66 (Ultra DMA/66) devices.

➤ Wake-On-LAN

Supports Wake-On-LAN (Some advanced network cards can wake the system up over the network, the WOL connector are provided by the SY-K7VIA to support this function).

Multiple boot

The SY-K7VIA supports booting from devices such as CD-ROM.

Power on by modem or alarm

If the SY-K7VIA system is in suspend mode, it can be switched back on through the modem or RTC alarm through this function. This opens a lot of possibilities, such as remote access that switches the system on only after the modem receives a call.



> FAIL SAFE

The SY-K7VIA comes with added functionality to make managing the system easy and safe.

♦ Hardware Monitor

The integrated Hardware doctor software enables the user the monitor system voltages, temperatures and FAN speeds. This makes sure that the user is in full control of the system

NORTON SOFTWARE PACK

- Antivirus
- Ghost
- Virtual Drive

> COMPLIANCE

The SY-K7VIA complies with all important industry standards. The following underlines the reliability of the SY-K7VIA, a motherboard to trust.

- Year 2000 compliant
- PC99 compliant
- FCC/CE complaint

USER FRIENDLY

- SOYO Combo Setup
- Jumperless design
- You can set up the following options trough the BIOS setting
 - CPU FSB frequency (auto detect)
 - CPU multiplier (auto detect)
 - SDRAM Clock



1-3 HANDLING THE MOTHERBOARD

To avoid damage to your Motherboard, follow these simple rules while unpacking:

- ➤ Before handling the Motherboard, ground yourself by grasping an unpainted portion of the system's metal chassis.
- Remove the Motherboard from its anti-static packaging. Hold the Motherboard by the edges and avoid touching its components.
- > Check the Motherboard for damage. If any chip appears loose, press carefully to seat it firmly in its socket.



Warning: Do not apply power if the Motherboard appears damaged. If there is damage to the board, contact your dealer immediately.

1-4 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE PRECAUTIONS

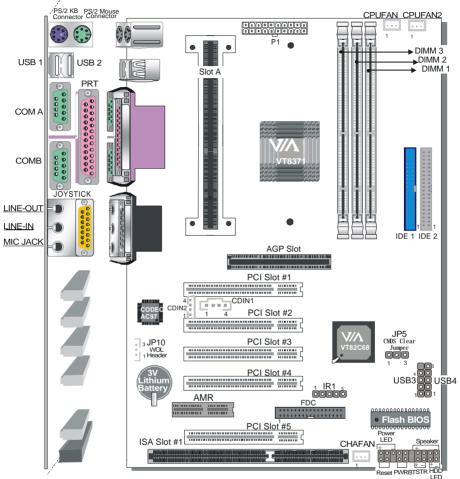
Make sure to ground yourself before handling the Motherboard or other system components. Electrostatic discharge can easily damage the components. Note that you must take special precautions when handling the Motherboard in dry or air-conditioned environment.

To protect your equipment from electrostatic discharge, take the following precautions:

- > Do not remove the anti-static packaging until you are ready to install.
- Ground yourself before removing any system component from its protective anti-static packaging. (To ground yourself, grasp the expansion slot covers or other unpainted portions of the computer chassis.)
- Frequently ground yourself while working or use a grounding strap.
- ➤ Handle the Motherboard by its edges and avoid touching its components.



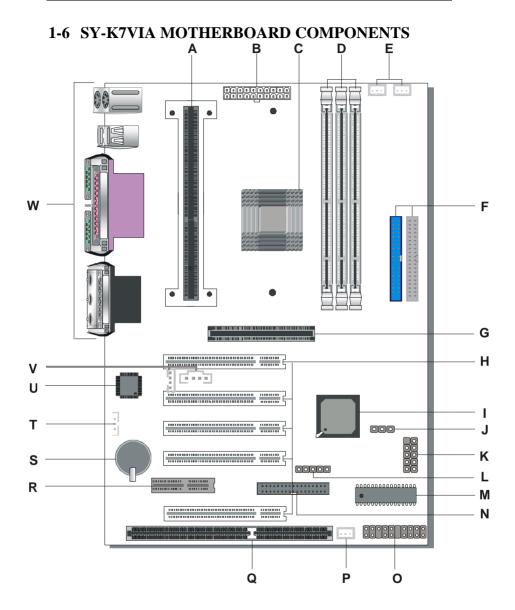
1-5 SY-K7VIA MOTHERBOARD LAYOUT



Back Panel

SY-K7VIA Platform







- A Slot A Connector
- **B** ATX Power Supply Connector
- C Via VT8371 North Bridge chip
- D DIMM Banks
- **E** CPU Cooling Fan Connector
- F Bus Mastering E-IDE/ATAPI Ports
- G 32-bit AGP Slot
- H 32-bit PCI Mastering Slots
- I Via 686A South Bridge Chip
- J CMOS Clear Jumper
- K USB Ports
- L Serial Infrared (IrDA) Device Header
- M Flash BIOS
- N Floppy Disk Drive (FDC) Port
- O Front panel connectors
- P Chassis Cooling Fan Connector
- Q 16-bit ISA Slots
- R Audio Modem Riser Slot
- S 3V Lithium Battery
- T Wake-On-LAN (WOL) Header
- U AC97 Codec Chip
- V CD-IN Connectors
- W Back panel Connectors



1-7 MICROPROCESSOR

The motherboard supports a single Slot A processor. The processor's VID pins automatically program the voltage regulator on the motherboard to the required processor voltage. In addition, the front side bus speed is automatically selected. The motherboard supports all (available at time of publication) Slot A processor speeds, voltages, and bus frequencies.

1-7.1 Microprocessor Packaging

The processor is packaged in a Single Edge Contact Cartridge. The cartridge includes the processor core, second-level cache subsystem, thermal plate, and back cover.

The processor connects to the motherboard through the SlotA connector, a 242-pin edge connector. When mounted in SlotA, the processor is secured by a retention mechanism attached to the motherboard. A passive heatsink is stabilized by the heatsink supports.

1-7.2 Second Level Cache

The second-level cache is located on the substrate of the CPU package. The cache includes 512 KB of synchronous pipelined burst static RAM. All supported onboard memory can be cached.

1-7.3 Microprocessor Upgrades

The motherboard can be upgraded with Slot A processors that run at higher speeds.



1-8 MEMORY

1-8.1 Main Memory

The motherboard has three DIMM sockets. SDRAM can be installed in one, two, or three sockets. Using the serial presence detect (SPD) data structure, programmed into an E²PROM on the DIMM, the BIOS can determine the SDRAM's size and speed. Minimum DIMM memory size is 8 MB; maximum DIMM memory size is 512MB. Memory size and speed can vary between sockets.

The motherboard supports the following memory features:

- 168-pin DIMMs with gold-plated contacts
- 66/100/133 MHz SDRAM
- Non-ECC (64-bit) and ECC (72-bit) memory
- 3.3V memory only
- Supports 8/16/32/64/128/256/512 MB DIMM Modules
- Supports unbuffered single- or double-sided DIMMs

1-8.2 SDRAM

SDRAM improves memory performance through memory access that is synchronous with the front-side bus clock. Burst transfer rates at x-1-1-1 timing can be achieved using SDRAM, while asynchronous memory subsystem are typically limited at x-2-2-2 transfer rates.



Note

All memory components and DIMMs used with the SY-K7VIA motherboard must comply with the PC SDRAM specifications. These include: the PC SDRAM Specification (memory component specific), the PC Unbuffered DIMM Specification, and the PC Serial Presence Detect Specification.

1-8.3 ECC Memory

ECC memory detects multiple-bit errors and corrects single-bit errors. When ECC memory is installed, the BIOS supports both ECC and non-ECC mode. ECC mode is enabled in the Setup program. The BIOS



automatically detects if ECC memory is installed and provides the Setup option for selecting ECC mode. If any non-ECC memory is installed, the Setup option for ECC configuration does not appear and ECC operation is not available.

1-9 CHIPSET

> VT8371

The KX133 chip set consists of the VT8371 system controller (516 pin BGA) and the VT82C686A PCI to ISA bridge (352 pin BGA). The system controller provides superior performance between the CPU, DRAM, AGP bus, and PCI bus with pipelined, burst, and concurrent operation. The VT8371 supports eight banks of DRAMs up to 2.0GB. The DRAM controller supports standard Synchronous DRAM(SDRAM) and Virtual Channel SDRM (VC SDRAM), in a flexible mix/ match manner. The Synchronous DRAM interface allows zero wait state bursting between the DRAM and the data buffers at 66/100/133MHz. The eight banks of DRAM can be composed of an arbitrary mixture of 1M/2M/4M/8M/16M/32MxN DRAMs. The DRAM controller also supports optional ECC (single-bit error correction and multi-bit detection) or EC(error checking) capability separately selectable on a bank-by-bank basis.

The VT8371 system controller also supports full AGP v2.0 capability for maximum bus utilization including 1x, 2x and 4x mode transfers, SBA (SideBand Addressing), Flush/Fence commands, and pipelined grants. An eight level request queue plus a four level post-write request queue with thirty-two and sixteen quadwords of read and write data FIFO's respectively are included for deep pipelined and split AGP transactions. A single-level GART TLB with 16 full associative entries and flexible CPU/AGP/PCI remapping control is also provided for operation under protected mode operating environments. Both Windows-95 VXD and Windows-98 /Windows 2000 miniport drivers are supported for interoperability with major AGP-based 3D and DVD-capable multimedia accelerators. The VT8371 supports two 32-bit 3.3/5V system buses (one AGP and one



PCI) that are synchronous/ pseudo-synchronous to the CPU bus. The chip also contains a built-in bus-to-bus bridge to allow simultaneous concurrent operations on each bus. Five levels(doublewords) of post write buffers are included to allow for concurrent CPU and PCI opeation. For PCI master operation, forty-eight levels (doublewords) of post write buffers and sixteen levels (doublewords) of prefetch buffers are included for concurrent PCI bus and DRAM/cache accesses. The chip also supports enhanced PCI bus commands such as Memory-Read-Line, Memory-Read-Mulitple and Memory-Write-Invalid commands to minimize snoop overhead. In addition, advanced features are supported such as snoop ahead, snoop filtering, L1/L2 write-bank forward to PCI master, and L1/L2 write-bank merged with PCI post write buffers to minimize PCI master read latency and DRAM utilization. Delay transaction and read caching mechanisms are also implemented for further improvement of overall system performance.

The 352-pin Ball Grid Array VT82C686A PCI to ISA bridge supports four levels (doublewords) of line buffers, type F DMA transfers and delay transaction to allow efficient PCI bus utilization and (PCI-2.1 compliant). The VT 82C686A also includes an integrated keyboard controller with PS2 mouse support, integrated DS12885 style real time clock with extended 256 byte COMS RAM, integrated master mode enhanced IDE controller with full scatter/ gather capability and extension to Ultra-DMA-33/66 for 33/66 MB/sec transfer rate, integrated USB interface with root hub and four function ports with built-in physical layer transceivers, Distributed DMA supports, and OnNow/ ACPI compliant advanced configuration and power management interface. The VT82C686A also includes and Ac97/ MC97 link for interface to external audio and modem codecs, and all "Super-I/O" functions (serial ports, parallel port, and floppy drive interface and game port).

For sophisticated power management, KX133 provides independent clock stop control for the CPU/SDRAM, PCI, and AGP buses and Dynamic CKE control for powering down of the SDRAM. A separated suspend-



well plane is implemented for the SDRAM control signals for Suspend-to-DRAM operation. The VT82C686A also includes a complete hardware monitoring subsystem for monitoring and control of internal and external (motherboard and system) conditions including voltages, temperatures, fan speeds, switch open/close states, etc. Coupled with the VT83C6986A south bridge chip, a complete power conscious PC main board can be implemented with no external TTLs.

The KX133 chipset is ideal for high performance, high energy efficient and high integration desktop AGP PCI/ ISA computer systems.

> VT82C686A

The VT82C686A PSIPC (PCI Super-I/O integrated Peripheral Controller) is a high integration, high performance, power-efficient, and high compatibility device that supports Intel and non-Intel based processor to PCI bus bridge functionality to make a complete Microsoft PC99-compliant PCI/ISA system. In addition to complete ISA extension bus functionality, the VT82C686A includes standard intelligent peripheral controllers:

- 1) Master mode enhanced IDE controller with dual channel DMA engine and interlaced dual channel commands. Dedicated FIFO coupled with scatter and gather master mode operation allows high performance transfers between PCI and IDE devices. In addition to standard PIO and DMA mode operation, the VT82C686A also supports the UltraDMA-33 standard to allow reliable data transfer rates up to 33MB/sec throughput. The VT82C686A also supports the UltraDMA-66 standard. The IDE controller is SFF-8038I v1.0 and Microsoft Windows-family compliant.
- 2) Universal Serial Bus controller that is USB v1.1 and Universal HCI v1.1 compliant. The VT82C686A includes the root hub with four function ports with integrated physical layer transceivers. The USB controller allows hot plug and play and isochronous peripherals to be inserted into the system with universal driver support. The controller also implements legacy keyboard and mouse support so that legacy software can run transparently in non-USB-aware operating system



environment.

- 3) Keyboard controller with PS2 mouse support.
- 4) Real Time Clock with 256 byte extended CMOS. In addition to the standard ISA RTC functionality, the integrated RTC also includes the date alarm, century field, and other enhancements for compatibility with the ACPI standard.
- 5) Hardware monitoring subsystem for managing system/ motherboard voltage levels, temperatures, and fan speeds
- 6) Full System Management Bus (SMBus) interface.
- 7) Two 16550-compatible serial I/O ports with infrared communications port option. A third serial port is available to be dedicated to the IR interface
- 8) Integrated PCI-mastering dual full-duplex direct-sound AC97-link-compatible sound system. Hardware soundblaster-pro and hardware-assisted FM blocks are included for Windows DOS box and real-mode DOS compatibility. Loopback capability is also implemented for directing mixed audio streams into USB and 1394 speakers for high quality digital audio
- 9) Two game ports and One MIDI port
- 10) ECP/EPP-capable parallel port
- 11) Standard floppy disk drive interface
- 12) Distributed DMA capability for support of ISA legacy DMA over the PCI bus. Serial IRQ is also supported for docking and non-docking application.
- 13) Plug and Play controller that allows complete steerability of all PCI interrupts and internal interrupts/ DMA channels to any interrupt channel. One additional steerable interrupt channel is provided to allow plug and play and reconfigurability of onboard peripherals for Windows family compliance.

The VT82C686A also enhances the functionality of the standard ISA peripherals. The integrated interrupt controller supports both edge and level triggered interrupts channel by channel. The integrated DMA



controller supports type F DMA in addition to standard ISA DMA modes. Compliant with the PCI2.2 specification, the VT83C686A supports delayed transactions and remote power management so that slower ISA peripherals do not block the traffic of the PCI bus. Special circuitry is built in to allow concurrent operation without causing dead lock even in a PCI-to PCI bridge environment. The chip also includes eight levels (doublewords) of line buffers from the PCI bus to the ISA bus to further enhance overall system performance.

1-10 I/O INTERFACE CONTROLLER

The motherboard uses the VT82C686A Super-I/O controller which features:

- Supports 2 serial ports, IR port, parallel port, and floppy disk controller functions
- Two UARTs for Complete Serial Ports
 - Even, odd, stick or no parity bit generation and detection
 - Programmable baud rate generator
 - High speed baud rate (230Kbps, 460Kbps) support
 - Independent transmit/receiver FIFOs
 - Modem Control
 - Plug and play with 96 base IO address and 12 IRQ options
- One dedicated IR port
 - Third serial port dedicated to IR function
 - IR function either through the two complete serial ports or the third dedicated port
 - Infrared-IrDA (HPSIR) and ASK (Amplitude Shift Keyed) IR
- > Multi-mode parallel port
 - Standard mode, ECP and EPP support
 - Plug and play with 192 base IO address, 12 IRQ and 4 DMA options
- ➤ Floppy Disk Controller
 - 16bytes of FIFO
 - Data rates up to 1Mbps



- Perpendicular recording driver support
- Two FDDs with drive swap support
- Plug and play with 48 base IO address, 12 IRQ and 4 DMA options

The Setup program provides configuration option for the I/O controller.

1-10.1 Serial Ports

The motherboard has two 9-pin D-Sub serial port connectors located on the back panel. The NS16C5450-compatible UARTs support data transfers at speeds up to 115.2 Kbits/sec with BIOS support.

1-10.2 Parallel Port

The connector for the multimode bi-directional parallel port is a 25-pin D-Sub connector located on the back panel of the motherboard. In the Setup program, there are four options for parallel port operation:

- Compatible (standard mode)
- Bi-directional (PS/2 compatible)
- Bi-directional EPP. A driver from the peripheral manufacturer is required for operation.
- Bi-directional high-speed ECP

1-10.3 Diskette Drive Controller

The I/O controller is software compatible with the 82077 diskette drive controller and supports both PC-AT and PS/2 modes. In the Setup program, the diskette drive interface can be configured for the following diskette drive capacities and sizes.

- 360 KB, 5.25-inch
- 1.2 MB, 5.25-inch
- 720 KB, 3.5-inch
- 1.2 MB. 3.5-inch (driver required)
- 1.25-1.44 MB, 3.5-inch
- 2.88 MB, 3.5-inch



1-10.4 PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Interface

PS/2 keyboard and mouse connectors are located on the back panel of the motherboard. The +5 V lines to keyboard and mouse connectors are protected with a fuse that prevents motherboard components from being damaged when an over-current condition occurs.



Note

The mouse and keyboard can be plugged into either PS/2 connector.

Power to the computer should be turned off before a keyboard or mouse is connected or disconnected.

The keyboard controller contains code, which provides the traditional keyboard and mouse control functions, and also supports Power On/Reset password protection. Power On/Reset password can be specified in the BIOS Setup program.

The keyboard controller also supports the hot-key sequence <Ctrl><Alt>, software reset. This key sequence resets the computer's software by jumping to the beginning of the BIOS code and running the Power On Self Test (POST).

1-10.5 Infrared Support

On the front panel I/O connector, there are six pins that support Hewlett Packard HSDL-1000 compatible infrared (IR) transmitters and receivers. In the Setup program, Serial Port B can be direct4d to a connected IR device. (In this case, the Serial Port B connector on the back panel cannot be used.) The IR connection can be used to transfer files to or from portable devices like laptops, PDAs, and printers. The Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specification supports data transfers of 115Kbits/sec at a distance of 1 meter.



1-11 HARDWARE MONITOR

The optional hardware monitor subsystem provides low-cost instrumentation capabilities. The features of the hardware monitor subsystem include:

- ➤ An integrated ambient temperature sensor
- Fan speed sensors, which monitor the CPUFAN and CHAFAN connector.
- Power supply voltage monitoring to detect levels above or below acceptable values

When suggested ratings for temperature, fan speed, or voltage are exceeded, an interrupt is activated.

1-12 WAKE ON LAN TECHNOLOGY

Wake on LAN technology enables remote wakeup of the computer through a network. Wake on LAN technology requires a PCI add-in network interface card (NIC) with remote wakeup capabilities. The remote wakeup connector on the NIC must be connected to the onboard Wake on LAN connector. The NIC monitors network traffic at the Ethernet interface; upon detecting a Magic Packet, the NIC asserts a wakeup signal that powers up the computer. This feature uses the Wake on LAN connector.

CAUTION

For Wake on LAN, the 5-V standby line for the power supply must be capable of delivering $+5V \pm 5$ % at 720 mA. Failure to provide adequate standby current when implementing Wake on LAN can damage the power supply.



Chapter 2

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

Congratulations on your purchase of **SY-K7VIA** Motherboard. You are about to install and connect your new Motherboard.



Note: Do not unpack the Motherboard from its protective antistatic packaging until you have made the following preparations.

2-1 PREPARATIONS

Gather and prepare all the following hardware equipment to complete the installation successfully:

1. Slot A processor with built-in CPU cooling fan (boxed type).



Note: This Motherboard supports non-boxed type CPUs. The heavier CPU cooling fan requires the installation of a CPU support stand.

- 2. DIMM memory module(s)
- 3. Computer case and chassis with adequate power supply unit
- 4. Monitor
- 5. PS/2 Keyboard
- 6. Pointing Device (PS/2 mouse)
- 7. Speaker(s) (optional)
- 8. Disk Drives: HDD, CD-ROM, Floppy drive ...
- 9. External Peripherals: Printer, Plotter, and Modem (optional)
- 10. Internal Peripherals: Modem and LAN cards (optional)



2-2 UNPACKING THE MOTHERBOARD

When unpacking the Motherboard, check for the following items:

- The SY-K7VIA VIA VT 8371 AGP/PCI/AMR Motherboard
- ◆ The Quick Start Guide
- ◆ The Installation CD-ROM
- ◆ SOYO 3-in-1 Bonus Pack CD-ROM (Norton AntiVirus, Ghost and Virtual Drive)
- The CPU Retention Set
- ◆ One IDE Device ATA 66 Flat Cable
- ◆ One Floppy Disk Drive Flat Cable







Warning: Do not unpack the Motherboard from its anti-static packaging until you are ready to install it.

Like most electronic equipment, your Motherboard may be damaged by electrostatic discharge. To avoid permanent damage to components ground yourself while working by using a grounding strap. Otherwise, ground yourself frequently by touching the unpainted portion of the computer chassis to drain the static charges.

Handle the Motherboard carefully, holding it by the edges.

You are now ready to start the installation.



2-3 INSTALLATION GUIDE

We will now begin the installation of the Motherboard. Please follow the step-by-step procedure designed to lead you to a complete and correct installation.



Warning: Turn off the power to the Motherboard, system chassis, and peripheral devices before performing any work on the Motherboard or system.

BEGIN THE INSTALLATION



2-3.1 CPU Installation

Your SY-K7VIA motherboard comes with a CPU retention set kit. The retention set is used to hold the processor attached to the Slot A CPU connector on the motherboard.

Mark your CPU Frequency: Record the working frequency of your CPU that should be clearly marked on the CPU cover.

FSB 100MHz

500MHz (100 x 5.0)	550 MHz (100 x 5.5)	600 MHz (100 x 6.0)
650MHz (100 x 6.5)	700 MHz (100 x 7.0	750 MHz (100 x 7.5)
800MHz (100 x 8.0)	850 MHz (100 x 8.5)	900 MHz (100 x 9.0)

Follow these instructions to install your Slot A processor correctly.

Retention Module





1. Open the two sides by folding them up.



2. Push the locks on top of the CPU inward.





3. Insert the CPU into the retention module. The CPU fits in the CPU slot in only ONE way, do not try to force it in.



4. After completely inserting the CPU, push the two locks on top of the CPU outward. Now your CPU is ready for use.





To remove the CPU, press the two notches on top of the CPU inward. Now press the two slides on the retention module down and remove the CPU.





Note: Installing a heat sink and cooling fan on top of your CPU is necessary for proper heat dissipation. Failing to install these items may result in overheating and possible burn-out of your CPU.

2-3.1.1 CPU Fan Installation

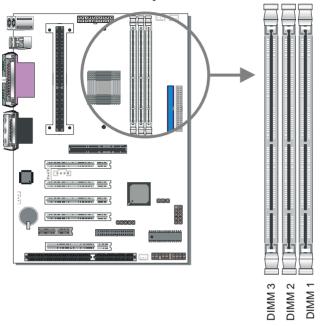
Your Slot A processor kit comes with a cooling fan. Mount the fan on the processor according to the instructions provided by the manufacturer. The fan is a key component that will ensure system stability. The fan prevents overheating, therefore prolonging the life of your CPU.



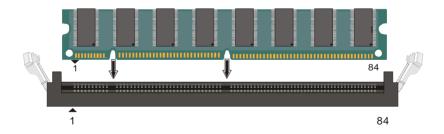
Note: Remember to connect the fan to the appropriate power source.



2-3.2 SDRAM Memory Module Installation



Your board comes with three DIMM sockets, providing support for up to 1.5MB of main memory using unbuffered DIMM modules from 8MB to 512MB. PC100 DIMM module is required on this motherboard.



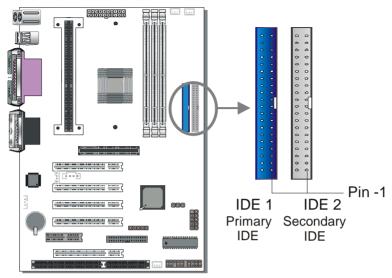


Memory Configuration Table

Memory Configuration	DIMM Banks		
	DIMM 1	DIMM 2	DIMM 3
RAM Type	SDRAM / VCM SDRAM		
RAM Module Size (MB)	8/16/32/64/128/256/512 MB		



2-3.3 Motherboard Connector

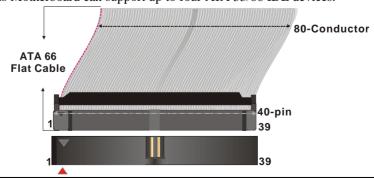


2-3.3.1 IDE Device Installation (HDD, CD-ROM)

This Motherboard offers two primary and secondary IDE device connectors (IDE1, IDE2.) It can support up to four high-speed HDDs or CD-ROMs.

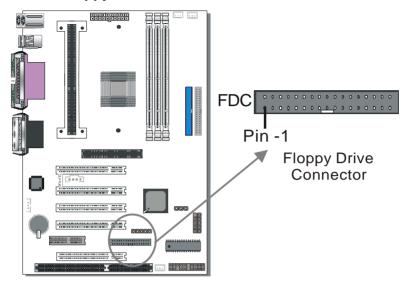
Connect one side of the 40-pin (ATA-33 or below) / 80-pin (ATA-66) flat cable to the IDE device (HDD or CD-ROM) and plug the other end to the primary (IDE1) or secondary (IDE2) directionally keyed IDE connector on the Motherboard.

This Motherboard can support up to four ATA 33/66 IDE devices.





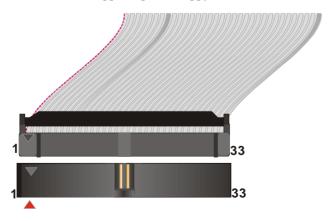
2-3.3.2 Floppy Drive Installation



The system supports 5 possible floppy drive types: 720 KB, 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB and 2.88 MB.

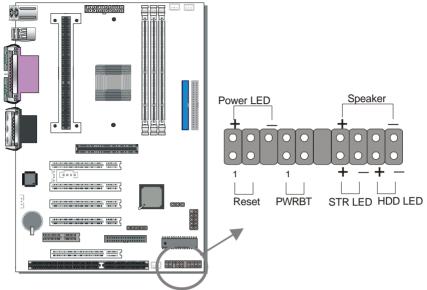
Connect one side of the 34-pin flat cable to the floppy drive and plug the other end to the floppy drive connector on the Motherboard.

This Motherboard can support up to 2 floppy drives.





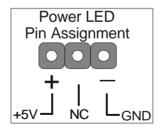
2-3.3.3 Front Panel Connections



Plug the computer case's front panel devices to the corresponding headers on the Motherboard.

1. Power LED

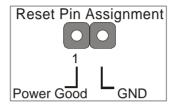
Please install according to the following pin assignment: pin 1,3 are for Power LED.





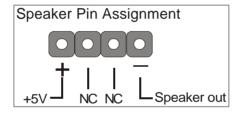
2. Reset

Plug the Reset push-button cable into the 2-pin Reset header on the Motherboard. Pushing the Reset button on the front panel will cause the system to restart the boot-up sequence.



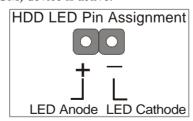
3. Speaker

Attach the 4-pin PC speaker cable from the case to the Speaker header on the Motherboard.



4. IDE LED

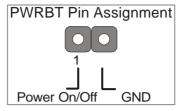
Attach the 2-pin IDE device LED cable to the corresponding IDE LED header on the Motherboard. This will cause the LED to lighten when an IDE (HDD, CD-ROM) device is active.





5. ATX Power On/Off Switch

Attach the 2-pin momentary type switch to the PWRBT header for turning On or Off your ATX power supply.

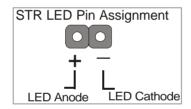


6. STR LED

The STR LED is connected to the Voltage that feeds the DIMM sockets.

Therefore the following table applies:

	Suspend to RAM	Normal Operation	Power Off
STR LED	ON	ON	OFF



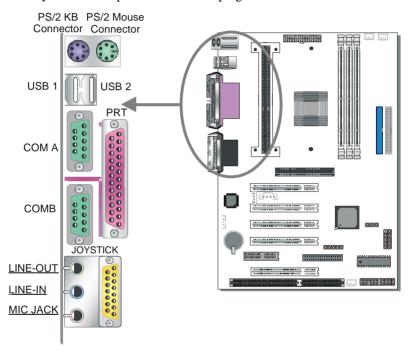


2-3.3.4 Back Panel Connections

All external devices such as the PS/2 keyboard, PS/2 mouse, printer, modem, USB can be plugged directly onto the Motherboard back panel.

Only after you have fixed and locked the Motherboard to the computer case can you start connecting the external peripheral devices.

When connecting an external device, use the following figure to locate and identify which back panel connector to plug the device to.





1. Onboard Serial Ports COM1/COM2

External peripherals that use serial transmission scheme include:

- serial mouse.
- and modem.

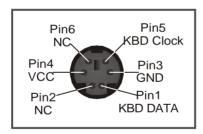
Plug the serial device cables directly into the COM1/COM2 9-pin male connectors located at the rear panel of the Motherboard.

2. Parallel Port PRT

This parallel port is used to connect the printer or other parallel devices. Plug the parallel device cable into the 25-pin female connector located at the rear panel of the Motherboard.

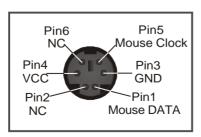
3. PS/2 Keyboard

Plug the keyboard jack directly into the 6-pin female PS/2 keyboard connector located at the rear panel of the Motherboard.



4. PS/2 Mouse

Similarly, plug the mouse jack directly into the 6-pin female PS/2 mouse connector.



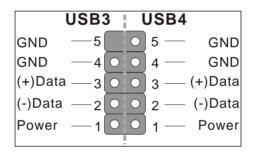


5. Universal Serial Bus USB1/USB2/(USB3, USB4)

This Motherboard provides four USB ports for your additional devices. Plug the USB device jack into the available USB connector USB1 or USB2.

- Standard device drivers come with the Win98 for commonly used USB devices.
- With Win95, use the flow UHCI specifications. To use USB devices under Win95, usually have to install the driver that comes with the USB device you have purchased.

USB3 and 4 are available. To make use of these USB ports, purchase a USB cable from your dealer. The lay-out of USB3 and 4 is as follows:



6. Onboard game and audio port

This Motherboard provides Joystick port and audio.

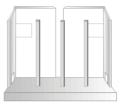
- Attach the joystick cable to the 15-pin game port at the rear panel of you motherboard.
- This Motherboard features three built-in audio-stereo ports (labeled line-in, line-out, and mic jack) convenient to directly plug-in all your external audio devices.



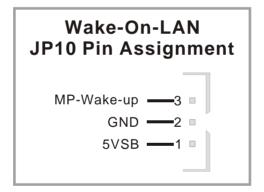
2-3.3.5 Other Connections

1. Wake-On-LAN (WOL)

Attach the 3-pin connector from the LAN card which supports the Wake-On-LAN (WOL) function to the JP10 header on the Motherboard. This WOL function lets users wake up the connected computer through the LAN card.



Please install according to the following pin assignment:





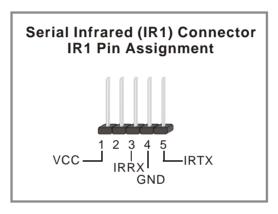
2. Infrared (IR1)

Plug the 5-pin infrared device cable to the SIRCON header. This will



enable the infrared transfer function. This Motherboard meets both the ASKIR and HPSIR specifications.

Please install according to the following pin assignment:



3. Other Display Cards

Insert other types of VGA cards into the PCI or ISA expansion slots according to card specifications.

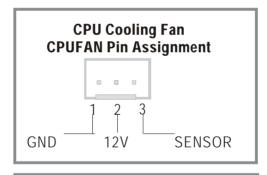


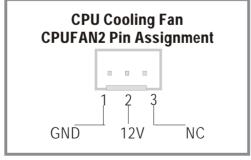
4. Cooling Fan Installation



(1) CPU Cooling Fan

After you have seated the CPU properly on the processor, attach the 3-pin fan cable to the CPUFAN connector on the Motherboard. The fan will stop when the system enters into Suspend Mode. (Suspend mode can be enabled from the BIOS Setup Utility, [POWER MANAGEMENT] menu.) To avoid damage to the system, install according to the following pin assignment:

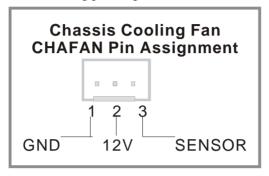






(2) Chassis Cooling Fan

Some chassis also feature a cooling fan. This Motherboard features a CHAFAN connector to provide 12V power to the chassis fan. Connect the cable from the chassis fan to the CHAFAN 3-pin connector. Install according to the following pin assignment:





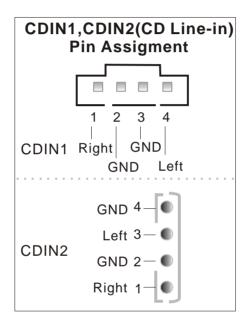
Note: CPUFAN must be installed for this Motherboard, CHAFAN is optional.



5. CD Line-in (CDIN1,CDIN2)

This Motherboard provides two CD-Line in connectors. Please connect the 4-pin audio cable from your CD-ROM drive to either CDIN1 or CDIN2. (It fits in only one, depending on the cable that came with your CD-ROM drive)

Please install according to the following pin assignment:



2-3.3.6 AGP VGA Card

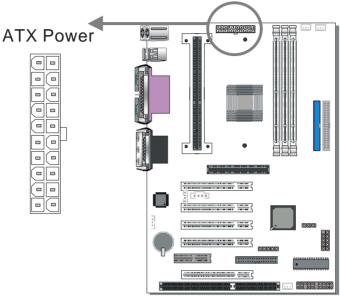
Insert the AGP VGA card into the AGP slot. Then connect the monitor information cable to the AGP card back plane external connector. Follow the manufacturer's instructions to perform the AGP VGA drivers installation.

Other Display Cards: Insert other types of VGA cards into the PCI or ISA expansion slots according to card specifications.



2-3.3.7 ATX Power Supply

Plug the connector from the power directly into the 20-pin male ATX PW connector on the Motherboard, as shown in the following figure.





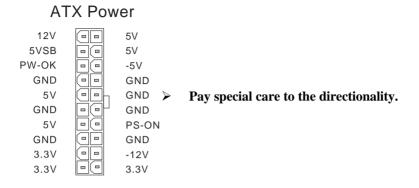
Warning: Follow these precautions to preserve your Motherboard from any remnant currents when connecting to power supply:

Turn off the power supply and unplug the power cord of the power supply before connecting to PW connector.

This motherboard requires a power supply, that meets the ATX 2.03 specifications. Make sure the power supply can support at least 720mA on the 5V Standby lead.

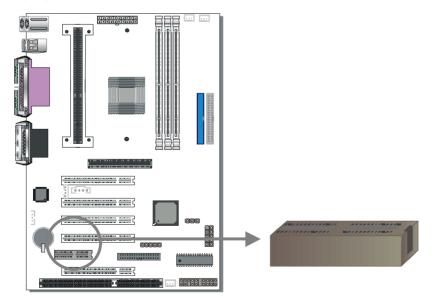


Please install the ATX power according to the following pin assignment:



2-3.3.8 AMR (Audio Modem Riser)Connector

This motherboard supports AMR (Audio-Modem Riser) slot that facilitates audio or modem riser card expansion. Since AC97 audio codec is built-in down on the motherboard, only "Secondary" mode modem riser (MR) card can be used on the AMR slot.





You have now completed the hardware installation of your Motherboard successfully.

- 1. Turn the power on
- 2. To enter the BIOS Setup Utility, press the key while the system is performing the diagnostic checks,



Note: If you have failed to enter the BIOS, wait until the boot up sequence is completed. Then push the RESET button and press key again at the beginning of boot-up, during diagnostic checks.

Repeat this operation until you get the following screen.

3. The BIOS Setup screen appears:

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software				
▶ Soyo Combo Feature	▶ PC Health Status			
➤ Standard CMOS Features	Load Optimized Defaults			
► Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail - Safe Defaults			
► Advanced Chipset Features	Set Supervisor Password			
► Integrated Peripherals	Set User Password			
▶ Power Management Setup	Save & Exit Setup			
▶ PnP/PCI Configurations	Exit Without Saving			
Esc : Quit $\uparrow \lor \rightarrow \leftarrow$: Select Item F10 : Save & Exit Setup				
Change CPU's Clock & Voltage				



2-3.4 Quick BIOS Setup

to configure the CPU settings.

This Motherboard does not use any hardware jumpers to set the CPU frequency. Instead, CPU settings are auto detected and set automatically. The [SOYO COMBO SETUP] menu combines the main parameters that you need to configure, all in one menu, for a quick setup in BIOS. After the hardware installation is complete, turn the power switch on, then press the key during the system diagnostic checks to enter the Award BIOS Setup program. The CMOS SETUP UTILITY will display on screen. Follow these steps to configure the CPU settings. SETUP UTILITY will display on screen. Then, follow these steps

Step 1. Select [STANDARD CMOS SETUP]

Set [Date/Time] and [Floppy drive type], then set [Hard Disk Type] to "Auto".

Step 2. Select [LOAD SETUP DEFAULT]

Select the "LOAD SETUP DEFAULT" menu and type "Y" at the prompt to load the BIOS optimal setup.

Step 3. Select [SAVE & EXIT SETUP]

Press **<Enter>** to save the new configuration to the CMOS memory, and continue the boot sequence.



2-3.5 Troubleshooting at First Start

Video (no display) related issues

I built a new computer system using a Soyo board and nothing happens when turning it on, no video and no beeps from the PC speaker. What is happening and how can it be fixed?

No screen and no beeps mean that your CPU and motherboard do not work at all. It could be that the CPU is not seated correctly or that a component on the M/B is grounded (shorted) with the case. Also make sure to check the voltage setting switch (110V/220V) on the back of the power supply. To isolate the problem do the following:

- 1. Press and hold down on the "Ins" (insert) key while turning on the computer until you get video. If you do not get video then,
- 2. Double-check jumpers setting on you motherboard and remove all add-on cards, unplug all hard-disk and floppy-disk drive cables and see if you can hear some beeps. If you still do not get any beeps, then try putting the motherboard on the table (to isolate it from the case) with the CPU and speaker only, and give it one more try.

I hear a series of beeps and I do not get anything from my monitor. What could be wrong?

The following lists some basic beep codes and their possible meanings:

- One long beep and 3 very short beeps The video card is not detected by the motherboard. Please re-seat your video card. If you are using an AGP card, please push your AGP card down real hard. You may have to push VERY hard without the AGP card mounting screw. Make sure not to insert the card the other way around.
- Continuous beeps One or more of the memory modules is not seated correctly in its socket.



My PCI VGA card works fine with my system, but when I put in a new AGP card, it does not give me any video. Is my AGP slot bad?

This is a common problem with AGP video cards. The reason is that your AGP card did not get seated into the AGP slot fully and firmly. Please push your AGP card down into the socket real hard, it should snap twice. You may have to unscrew the AGP card to allow the card to go further down. Do take care not to damage the card by using too much force.

I get distorted video my AGP card right after I save my bios. Why is that?

The cause is likely that your AGP card is not running at the correct bus speed. To fix this, please clear the CMOS via JP5 and if it still does not work, please upgrade your motherboard bios to the latest version.

BIOS Issues

Where can I find the BIOS revision of my mainboard?

It will be displayed on the up-left corner on the screen during boot-up. It will show as your board type followed by the revision number, such as 5EH_2CA1 (meaning revision 2CA1 for the SY-5EH board) or 6BA+ IV 2AA2 which means SY-6BA+ IV motherboard with 2AA2 bios.

Where can I find the latest BIOS of my motherboard?

Please go to the technical support page of one of the SOYO websites (Taiwan: www.soyo.com.tw), and look up your motherboard to find the latest BIOS revision.

Hard disk, floppy drive, CD-ROM etc

When I boot up my new computer I got "floppy boot failure" and the LED on the floppy stays on

Make sure the red wire of floppy ribbon cable goes to Pin1 on the floppy drive side (don't trust the "key lock" or "notch") and use the end-connector of the cable (don't use middle one).

Modem issues

I get an "I/O Conflict" message when I turn on my system and I can not get my modem to work



What you need to do is to disable 'COM2' (or UART2 or serial port 2) in the bios under integrated peripheral setup.

I have installed my modem drivers several times and I still cannot get my modem to work. Why?

If you are sure that the modem driver has been installed correctly, then you need to install the south bridge driver from the SOYO CD, this is because Windows does not properly recognize relatively new chipsets.

Audio Issues

I do not get any sound from my sound card. What could be wrong? Please make sure the speaker is connected to the speaker out port on your sound card.

In Device Manager, I keep getting yellow exclamation signs on my sound port even though I have installed my sound driver several times and I could not get my sound card to work. What is wrong?

It is likely that you did not have the correct driver installed. If you are sure that the correct sound driver has been installed, then please install the 'south bridge' driver for the motherboard.

The sound is working in my system, but when I play CD music from the CD-ROM, I do not get any sound. What is wrong?

This is because the 3-wire audio cable from the CD-ROM to the sound card is not connected or it is loose.

The sound from my sound card is distorted when Windows starts. What is wrong?

First, if you are using an ISA sound card, please make sure the IRQ needed for the sound card is set to 'Legacy ISA' in the bios. In other words, if your ISA sound card takes IRQ5, then set IRQ5 to 'Legacy ISA'. Next, install the 'south bridge' driver for the motherboard.

The sound and everything else works fine except that the recorder and microphone do not work. What is wrong?



This is because the recorder and microphone in the Windows are not enabled. Please go to sound properties and enable them.

Lock up (freeze)

When I boot up my system, everything works fine. It sees my CPU and memory, detects my hard drive, floppy drive and CD-ROM but locks up at "Verify DMI pool data...", and it won't go any further. What should I do?

Please clear the CMOS via JP5 then choose 'load setup default' in the bios and save the bios and exit. Next, unplug all other add-on cards except the video card and floppy drive controller, and see if it can boot from floppy. Then put back the peripherals one by one to identify which one causes the lockup. If you are running a Cyrix CPU, make sure the 'linear burst function' is enabled in the bios.

I can not get my board to run properly.

Please make sure you have the latest bios and driver from the SOYO web site at: http://www.soyo.com

2-3.6 Power Off

There are two possible ways to turn off the system:

- 1. Use the **Shutdown** command in the **Start Menu** of Windows 95/98 to turn off your computer.
- Press the mechanical power-button and hold down for over 4
 seconds, to shutdown the computer. If you press the power-button for
 less than 4 seconds, then your system will enter into Suspend Mode.

You are now ready to configure your system with the BIOS setup program. Go to *Chapter 3: BIOS SETUP*



Chapter 3

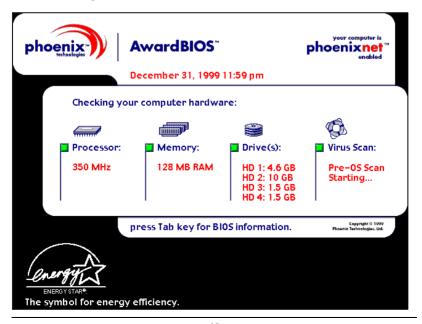
BIOS SETUP UTILITY

This Motherboard's BIOS setup program uses the ROM PCI/ISA BIOS program from Award Software Inc.

Phoenixnet Graphical Launch Screen

The graphical launch screen displays a graphical screen to the user early in the boot process, as the first image displayed on the screen. This display remains on the screen throughout the normal BIOS initialization phase called POST.

The graphical launch screen will replace the old text based POST with a full graphical screen. The screen will display PC information such as CPU vendor, model and speed, memory and hard disk size. This screen will also display graphical logos from SOYO, Phoenix/ AwardBIOS, and the PhoenixNet logos.





If the user wants to see the old boot-up screen, pressing the TAB key will switch the screen mode back to the conventional boot-up screen.

The PhoenixNet BIOS will put several Icons on the windows desktop after windows is installed for the first time. Clicking these items will allow the user to go to the respective websites, including the SOYO website. If the user does not need these icons they can be removed.

To enter the Award BIOS program's Main Menu:

- 1. Turn on or reboot the system.
- 2. After the diagnostic checks, press the [Del] key to enter the Award BIOS Setup Utility.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software				
➤ Soyo Combo Feature	▶ PC Health Status			
➤ Standard CMOS Features	Load Fail - Safe Defaults			
➤ Advanced BIOS Features	Load Optimized Defaults			
➤ Advanced Chipset Features	Set Supervisor Password			
▶ Integrated Peripherals	Set User Password			
▶ Power Management Setup	Save & Exit Setup			
▶ PnP/PCI Configurations	Exit Without Saving			
Esc : Quit ↑↓→← : Select Item F10 : Save & Exit Setup				
Change CPU's Clock & Voltage				

Selecting items

- Use the arrow keys to move between items and select fields.
- From the Main Menu press arrow keys to enter the selected submenu.

Modifying selected items

Use the [Up]/[Down] keys to modify values within the selected fields.
 Some fields let you enter values directly.



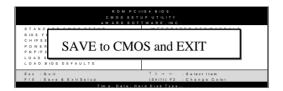
Hot Keys: Function keys give you access to a group of commands throughout the BIOS utility.

Function	Command	Description
F1	General Help	Gives the list of options available for each item.
F5	Previous Values	Restore the old values. These are the values that the user started the current session with.
F6	Load Fail- Safe Defaults	Loads all items with the most conservative values.
F7	Load Optimized Defaults	Loads all options with the optimize values.
F10	Save	Saves your changes and reboots the system.
[Esc]	Exit	Returns at anytime and from any location to the Main Menu.
[Enter]	Select	Will display a overlapping window with all options for the current item.
[+/-/PU/PD]	Value	Using the +, -, Page Up and Page Down keys the user can toggle the value of the current item.



SAVE AND EXIT SETUP

Select the [SAVE & EXIT SETUP] option from the Main Menu to save data to CMOS and exit the setup utility. This option saves all your changes and causes the system to reboot.



Type [Y] to save the changes and exit or [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.

EXIT WITHOUT SAVING

Selecting the [EXIT WITHOUT SAVING] option allows you to abandon all data and exit setup, therefore ignoring all your changes.



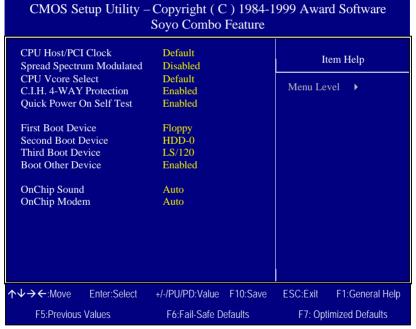
Type [Y] to abandon changes and exit or [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.



3-1 SOYO COMBO SETUP

This Motherboard does not use any hardware jumpers to set the CPU frequency. Instead, CPU settings are software configurable with the BIOS [SOYO COMBO SETUP].

After the hardware installation is complete, turn the power switch on, then press the key during the system diagnostic checks to enter the Award BIOS Setup program. The CMOS SETUP UTILITY will display on screen. Then, select the [SOYO COMBO SETUP] option from the main menu and press the <Enter> key.



The [SOYO COMBO SETUP] menu combines the main parameters that you need to configure, all in one menu, for a quick setup in BIOS.



3-1.1 Quick CPU Frequency Setup

Quick CPU	Setting		Description	Note
Frequency Setup			_	
CPU Host/PCI	Default	125/31 MHz	Select the host clock of your	
Clock	100/33 MHz 130/32 MHz Slot A processor among		nong these	
	101/33 MHz	133/33 MHz	values.	
	102/34 MHz	135/34 MHz	<i>Note:</i> For the Via	
	103/34 MHz	137/34 MHz	chipset, 200MHz	
	105/35 MHz	139/35 MHz	clock frequencies	
	107/36 MHz	140/35 MHz	acceptable. Howe	
	109/36 MHz	143/36 MHz	system stability is not	
	110/37 MHz	guaranteed for other		
	111/37 MHz 148/37 MHz frequencies due to the limitations of this chi			
	113/38 MHz	113/38 MHz 150/38 MHz		s chipset.
	115/38 MHz	5/38 MHz 155/39 MHz		
	117/39 MHz	166/42 MHz		
	120/40 MHz			
~ -				
Spread	Disabled	Setting this item to enabled Default		
Spectrum	Enabled	will make the system modulate		
Modulated		the internal clock frequencies.		
		This will improve EMI		
		performance of the system.		



3-1.2 C.I.H. 4-WAY Protection Settings

	Setting	Description	Note
C.I.H. 4-	Disabled	When set to enabled, the BIOS can	
WAY		only be programmed through	Default
Protection		AWDFLASH, making sure that any	
		virus is unable to program the system	
		BIOS. Set to disable the BIOS can be	
		programmed the traditional way.	

3-1.3 Quick Power On Self Test

	Setting	Description	Note
Quick Power	Disabled		
On Self Test	Enabled	Provides a fast POST at boot-up.	Default

3-1.4 System Boot Control Settings

System Boot	Setting	Description	Note
Control Settings			
First	Floppy	Select Your Boot Device	
/Second/Third	LS/ZIP	Priority	
Boot Device	HDD-0		
	SCSI		
	CDROM		
	HDD-1		
	HDD-2		
	HDD-3		
	LAN		
	Disabled		
Boot Other	Disabled	Select Your Boot Device	
Device	Enabled	Priority	Default
O Cl-:	Disabled	This item all areas and to	
OnChip	Disabled	This item allows you to	
Sound/Modem	Auto	control the onboard AC 97 audio/ MC 97 Modem.	Default



3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

Select the [STANDARD CMOS SETUP] option from the Main Menu and press [Enter] key.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software Standard CMOS Features				
Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss)	Fri, Jan 1 1999 1 : 22 : 12	Item Help		
 IDE Primary Master IDE Primary Slave IDE Secondary Master IDE Secondary Slave 	Press Enter None Press Enter None Press Enter None Press Enter None	Menu Level ▶		
Drive A Drive B Floppy 3 Mode Support	1.44M, 3.5 in. None Disabled			
Video Halt On	EGA/VGA All Errors			
Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	640K 30720K 31744K			
↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC:Exit F1:General Help F7: Optimized Defaults		

This screen allows you to modify the basic CMOS settings.

After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] key to return to the Main Menu.

3-2.1 Date & Time

	Display	Setting	Please Note
Date	mm/dd/yyyy	Type the current date	You can also the
			PUp/PDn keys to toggle
Time	hh:mm:ss	Type the current time	24-hour clock format
			3:15 PM is displayed as
			15:15:00



3-2.2 Hard Disks Type & Mode

Choose the type and mode for the hard disks that you have already installed.

Primary	Setting	Description	Note
(Secondary)			
Master & Slave			
IDE HDD Auto-	Press	To auto-detect the HDD's size,	
Detection	Enter	headon this channel	
IDE Primary	Auto	BIOS detects hard disk type	Default
Slave		automatically.	
(User Type)	User	User defines the type of hard disk.	
	None		
Access Mode	Auto	BIOS detects hard disk mode	Default
		automatically.	
	Normal	Normal IDE hard disk	<528MB
	LBA	Enhanced IDE hard disk	>528MB
	Large	Large IDE hard disk (for certain	
		hard disk)	



Note: If you have any questions on your hard disk type or mode, ask your hard disk provider or previous user for details.

3-2.3 Floppy Drives

Floppy Drives	Setting	Description	Note
Drives A & B	360KB, 5.25 in.		
	1.2MB, 5.25 in.		
	720KB, 3.5 in.		
	1.44MB, 3.5 in.		Default
	2.88MB, 3.5 in.		
	None	Not installed	
Floppy 3-Mode	Disabled		Default
Support	Drive A	Supports 3-mode	Special disk drive
	Drive B	floppy diskette:	commonly used in
	Both	740KB/1.2MB/	Japan
	Dom	1.44MB on selected	•
		disk drive.	



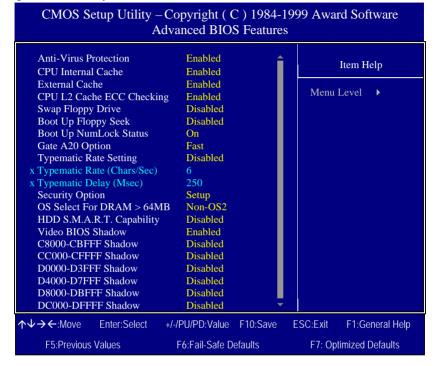
3-2.4 Others Optional

	Setting	Description	Note
Video	EGA/VGA	Select the video mode.	Default
	CGA 40		
	CGA 80		
	MONO		
	(Monochrome)		
Halt On	ALL Errors	When the BIOS detects system	Default
	No Errors	errors, this function will stop the	
	All, But Keyboard	system. Select which type of	
	All, But Diskette	error will cause the system halt.	
	All, But Disk/Key		



3-3 ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES

Select the [Advanced BIOS Features] option from the Main Menu and press [Enter] key.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] key and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.



3-3.1 Virus Warning

	Setting	Description	Note
Anti - Virus	Disabled	If set to enabled, the Paragon	
Protection	Enabled	Anti-Virus. Function will scan	Default
		your boot drive for boot	
		virusses. If a boot virus is	
		detected, the BIOS will display	
		a warning message.	

3-3.2 Cache Memory Options

	<i>j</i> - j		
	Setting	Description	Note
CPU Internal Cache	Disabled		
	Enabled	Enables the CPU's internal cache.	Default
External Cache	Disabled		
	Enabled	Enables the CPU's	Default
		external cache.	

3-3.3 L2 Cache Memory

	Setting	Description	Note
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	Disabled		
200 oncoming		This option activates the CPU L2 cache ECC checking function.	Default

3-3.4 Floppy Driver Settings

	Setting	Description	Note
Swap Floppy	Disabled		Default
Drive	Enabled	Changes the sequence of A and B drives.	



3-3.5 Boot Up Floppy Seek

	Setting	Description	Note	
Boot Up Floppy	Disabled	Seeks disk drives during boot up.	Default	
Seek		Disabling speeds boot up.		
	Enabled			

3-3.6 Boot Up NumLock Status

	о ото доог ор типпдоок отмане				
	Setting	Description	Note		
Boot Up	On	Puts numeric keypad in	Default		
NumLock		NumLock mode at boot-up.			
Status	Off	Puts numeric keypad in arrow key			
		mode at boot-up.			

3-3.7 Gate A20 Options

	Setting	Description	Note
Gate A20	Normal	Lets chipset control GateA20.	
Options	Fast	A pin in the keyboard controller	Default
		controls GateA20.	



3-3.8 Typematic Settings

Typematic Settings	Setting	Description	Note
Typematic Rate Setting	Disabled Enabled	Keystrokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected.	
The following [Typem only if [Typematic Rat		Γypematic Delay] fields are to [Enabled]	active
Typematic Rate	6 (Char/sec) 8 (Char/sec) 10 (Char/sec) 12 (Char/sec) 15 (Char/sec) 20 (Char/sec) 24 (Char/sec) 30 (Char/sec)	Choose the rate at which a character is repeated when holding down a key.	
Typematic Delay	250 (msec) 500 (msec) 750 (msec) 1000 (msec)	Choose how long after you press a key down the character begins repeating.	Default

3-3.9 Security Option

Use this feature to prevent unauthorized system boot-up or use of BIOS Setup. The following table describes the security settings.

	Setting	Description
Security Option	System	Each time the system is booted, the
		password prompt appears.
	Setup	If a password is set, the password prompt
		only appears when you attempt to enter the
		BIOS Setup program.



3-3.10 Other Control Options

Setting	Description	Note
	•	
OS2	When using an OS2 operating	
	system.	
Non-OS2	When using another,	Default
	non-OS2 operating system.	
D: 11 1		D. C. 1:
		Default
Enabled	•	
	supports the S.M.A.R.T. function.	
	Consult your HDD provider for	
	details.	
Disabled		
Enabled		Default
The BIOS is	s shadowed in a 16K segment if it	
is enabled a	nd if it has BIOS present.	
These 16 se	gments can be shadowed from	
can then exe		
	OS2 Non-OS2 Disabled Enabled Disabled Enabled The BIOS is enabled at These 16 se ROM to RA code from s	OS2 When using an OS2 operating system. Non-OS2 When using another, non-OS2 operating system. Disabled Enabled Enable this field when your HDD supports the S.M.A.R.T. function. Consult your HDD provider for details. Disabled

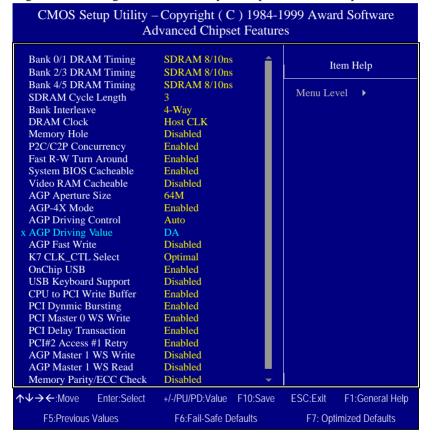


3-4 ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES



Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [Advanced Chipset Features] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer.



After you have completed the changes, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving. The following table describes each field in the Advanced Chipset Features Menu and how to configure each parameter.



3-4.1 CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

CHIPSET FEATURES	Setting	Description	Note
Bank 0/1, 2/3, 4/5 DRAM Timing	SDRAM 8/10ns Normal Medium Fast Turbo	This item allows you to select the value in this field, depending on whether the board has paged DRAMs or EDO (extended data output) DRAMs.	Default
SDRAM Cycle Length	2 3	When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the memory timing. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer.	Default
Bank Interleave	4Way Disabled 2Way	This item controls SDRAM bank interleave functionality. Setting to 4 way gives the best performance.	Default
DRAM Clock	Host Clock HCLK+33M HCLK-33M	This item allows you to control the DRAM speed.	Default
Memory Hole	Disabled Enabled	Some interface cards will map their ROM address to this area. If this occurs, select [Enabled] in this field.	Default
P2C/C2P Concurrency	Disabled Enabled	This item allows you to enable/disable the PCI to CPU, CPU to PCI concurrency	Default
Fast R-W Turn Around	Disabled Enabled	This item controls the DRAM timing. It allows you to enable/ disable the fast read/write turn around.	Default



CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP (Continued)

CHIPSET FEATURES	Setting	Description	Note
System BIOS Cacheable	Disabled Enabled	The ROM area F0000H-FFFFH is cacheable.	Default
Video RAM Cacheable	Disabled Enabled	The ROM area A0000-BFFFF is cacheable.	Default
AGP Aperture Size	64M 4M, 8M, 16M, 32M, 128M, 256M.	Select the size of Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) aperture. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation.	Default
AGP-4X Mode	Disabled Enabled	This item allows you to enable / disable the AGP-4X Mode.	Default
AGP Fast Write	Disabled Enabled	The VIA chipset will use fast write to AGP if this item is enabled. Not all AGP cards support fast write.	Default
K7 CLK_CTL Select	Optimal Default	The Clock Control register (Clk_Ctl) specifies how the processor will ramp up the processor clock during low power modes	Default
AGP Driving Value	Min=0000 ~ Max=00FF	This item allows you to adjust the AGP driving force.	



CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP (Continued)

CHIPSET FEATURES	Setting	Description	Note
OnChip USB	Disabled Enabled	This should be enabled if your system has a USB installed on the system board and you want to use it. Even when so equipped, if you add a higher performance controller, you will need to disable this feature.	Default
USB Keyboard Support	Disabled Enabled	Select <i>Enabled</i> if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard.	Default
CPU to PCI Write Buffer	Disabled Enabled	When this field is <i>Enabled</i> , writes from the CPU to the PCI bus are buffered, to compensate for the speed differences between the CPU and the PCI bus. When <i>Disabled</i> , the writes are not buffered and the CPU must wait until the write is complete before starting another write cycle.	Default
PCI Dynamic Bursting	Disabled Enabled	When <i>Enabled</i> , every write transaction goes to the write buffer. Burstable transactions then burst on the PCI bus and nonburstable transactions don't.	Default
PCI Master 0 WS Write	Disabled Enabled	When <i>Enabled</i> , writes to the PCI bus are executed with zero wait states.	Default



CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP (Continued)

CHIPSET	Setting	Description	Note
FEATURES			
PCI Delay Transaction	Disabled Enabled	The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay	Default
Transaction	Enabled	transactions cycles. Select <i>Enabled</i> to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.	Deraun
PCI#2 Access	Disabled	When disabled, PCI#2 will not be	
#1 Retry	Enabled	disconnected until access finishes (default). When enabled, PCI#2 will be disconnected if max retries are attempted without success.	Default
AGP Master 1	Disabled		Default
WS Write	Enabled	When <i>Enabled</i> , writes to the AGP(Accelerated Graphics Port) are executed with one wait states.	
AGP Master 1	Disabled		Default
WS Read	Enabled	When <i>Enabled</i> , read to the AGP (Accelerated Graphics Port) are executed with one wait states.	
Memory	Disabled		Default
Parity/ECC Check	Enabled	This item enabled when the system detects memory parity and Error Checking & Correcting.	



3-5 INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS



Caution: Change these settings only if you are already familiar with the Chipset.

The [INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS] option changes the values of the chipset registers. These registers control the system options in the computer. The following screen shows setup default settings.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software **Integrated Peripherals** OnChip IDE Channel0 Enabled Item Help OnChip IDE Channel1 Enabled IDE Prefetch Mode Enabled Menu Level Primary Master PIO Auto Primary Slave PIO Auto Secondary Master PIO Auto Secondary Slave PIO Auto Primary Master **UDMA** Auto Primary Slave **UDMA** Auto Secondary Master UDMA Auto Secondary Slave UDMA Auto Init Display First PCI Slot IDE HDD Block Mode Enabled Onboard FDD Controller Enabled Onboard Serial Port 1 Auto Onboard Serial Port 2. Auto **UART 2 Mode** Standard x IR Function Duplex Half x TX,RX inverting enable No, Yes Onboard Parallel Port 378/IRO7 Onboard Parallel Mode Normal ECP Mode Use DMA Parallel Port EPP Type Epp1.9 Onboard Legacy Audio Enabled Sound Blaster Disabled SB I/O Base Address 220H SB IRO Select IRO 5 SB DMA Select DMA₁ MPU-401 Disabled MPU-401 I/O Address 330-333H Game Port (200-207H) Enabled $\wedge \psi \rightarrow \leftarrow$:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults



The following tables describe each field in the INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS Menu and provide instructions on how to configure the IDE controls, FDC controls, and the onboard serial and parallel ports.

3-5.1 IDE Device Controls

IDE Controls	Setting	Description	Note
On-Chip PCI IDE > Channel 0	Disabled	Turn off the on-board IDE	
> Channel 1	Enabled	Use the on-board IDE	Default
IDE ➤ Primary Master PIO	mode 0-4	0 is the slowest speed 4 is the fastest speed	
 ➢ Primary Slave PIO ➢ Secondary Master PIO ➢ Secondary Slave PIO 	Auto	For better performance and stability, we suggest you use the Auto setting to set the HDD control timing.	Default
IDE	Disabled		
>Primary Master UDMA >Primary Slave UDMA >Secondary Master UDMA >Secondary Slave UDMA	Auto	Select Auto to enable Ultra DMA Mode support.	Default

3-5.2 Keyboard Controls

Keyboard Controls	Setting	Description	Note
Init Display First	PCI Slot	Choose which card – AGP	Default
int Display 1 list		Display card or PCI VGA card –	Deruurt
		to initialize first.	

3-5.3 IDE HDD Block Mode

	Setting	Description	Note
IDE HDD Block Mode	Disabled		
	Enabled	Invokes multi-sector transfer instead of one sector per transfer. Not all HDDs support this function.	Default



3-5.4 FDC Controls

FDC Controls	Setting	Description	Note
Onboard FDD	Disabled	Turn off the on-board	
controller	Disabled	floppy controller	
	Enabled	Use the on-board floppy	Default
		controller	

3-5.5 Onboard Serial Ports

Onboard Serial Ports	Setting	Description	Note
Onboard	Disabled		
Serial Port 1 / Serial Port 2	3F8/IRQ4	Choose serial port 1 & 2's I/O address.	Default (port 1)
	2F8/IRQ3	Do not set port 1 & 2 to the same address except for	Default (port 2)
	3E8/IRQ4	Disabled or Auto.	
	2E8/IRQ3		
	Auto		
UART 2 Mode	Standard HPSIR	The second serial port offers these InfraRed interface	Default
	ASKIR	modes.	
If [UART 2 Mode]] is set to [IrDA]	/[ASKIR]	
IR Function	Half	Choose [Half] or [Full]	Default
Duplex	Full	Duplex to set UART2 in half duplex mode or full duplex mode respectively. Refer to your IR device specifications to select the suitable mode.	
TX,RX inverting enable	No, Yes No, No/ Yes, No/ Yes, Yes.	This item allow you to enable the TX, RX inverting which depends on different H/W requirement. To avoid any error to your system, it is recommended to leave it to its defaults setting.	Default



3-5.6 Onboard Parallel Ports

Onboard Parallel	Setting	Description	Note
Ports			
Onboard Parallel	Disabled	Choose the printer I/O	
Port	378/IRQ7	address.	Default
	3BC/IRQ7		
	278/IRQ5		
Parallel Port Mode	Normal	The mode depends on your	Default
	EPP	external device that	
	ECP	connects to this port.	
	ECP+EPP		
If [Parallel Port Mode] is	s set to [ECP] mo	ode	
ECP Mode use	3	Choose DMA3	Default
DMA	1	Choose DMA1	
If [Parallel Port Mode] is	s set to [EPP] mo	ode	
Parallel Port EPP	EPP 1.9	Select EPP port type 1.9	
TYPE	EPP 1.7	Select EPP port type 1.7	Default

3-5.7 Onboard Legacy Audio

This field controls the onboard legacy audio.

	Setting	Description	Note
	D: 11 1		
Onboard		Set this item to Enabled if using	
Legacy Audio	Enabled	software (like DOS games) that needs a 'legacy' audio device.	Default
Sound Blaster		Set this item to enabled if your on- board audio-chip is sound Blaster compatible.	Default
SB I/O Base Address	220H	Select the base address for your sound Blaster (SB) compatible Audio IC.	Default
SB IRQ Select	IRQ 5	Select the IRQ your SB Audio IC uses.	Default
SB DMA Select	DMA1	Select the DMA channel your SB Audio IC uses.	Default



Onboard Legacy Audio (Continued)

This field controls the onboard legacy audio.

	Setting	Description	Note
MPU-401	Disabled	Set this item to enabled to make use	Default
	Enabled	of MIDI.	
MPU-401 I/O	330-333H	Select the I/O address for your MIDI	Default
Address	330-303H	functionality.	
	310-313H		
	320-323H		
Game Port	Disabled	Set this item to enabled to make use	
(200-207H)	Enabled	of the game port.	Default



3-6 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

The [POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP] configures the system's power saving functions.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software Power Management Setup

ACPI Function Power Management ACPI Suspend Type PM Control by APM Video Off Option Video Off Method MODE Use IRQ Soft-Off by PWRBTN Wake Up Events	Enabled Press Enter S1 (POS) Yes Suspend -> Off V/H SYNC+Blank 3 Instant-Off Press Enter	Item Help Menu Level ▶
↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software Wake Up Events

		_	
VGA	OFF	Item Help	
LPT & COM	LPT/COM	M. T. I.	
HDD & FDD	ON	Menu Level ▶	
PCI Master	OFF		
PowerOn by PCI Card	Disabled		
Modem Ring Resume	Disabled		
RTC Alarm Resume	Disabled		
Primary INTR IRQs Activity Monitoring	ON Press Enter		
↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save	ESC:Exit F1:General Help	
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults	



After you have completed the Power Management Setup, press [Esc] to return to the Main Menu.

3-6.1 Power Management Controls

Power Management Controls	Setting	Description			Note
ACPI Suspend Type	S1 (POS) S3 (STR)	The system will enter the S1 state during suspend. (Low latency wake up)			Default
Power Management		Lets you d			Default
S		Doze timer	Standby timer	Suspend timer	HDD power down
	Min Saving	1 Hour	1 Hour	1 Hour	15 Min
	Max Saving	1 Min	1 Min	1 Min	1 Min
PM Control	Yes	When enal	oled, an A	dvanced	Default
by APM	NO	Power Management device will be activated to enhance the Max. Power Saving mode and stop the CPU internal clock. If Advance Power Management (APM) is installed on your system, selecting Yes gives better power savings.			e
Video Off Option	Suspend> Off	When enabled, this feature allows the VGA adapter to			Default
	Always On All Modes > Off	operate in a power saving mode.			
Video Off Method	V/H Sync+Blank Blank screen DPMS	Selects the monitor is		y which the	Default



Power Management Controls (Continued)

Power Management Controls	Setting	Description	Note
MODEM Use IRQ	3 3-11, NA	Assigns an IRQ# to the modem device.	Default
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN	Instant-off Delay 4 Sec.	Turns off the system power 4 seconds after pushing the power button.	Default
Wake Up Events	Press Enter	Select items that will wake up your system when in one of sleep modes. Press enter to go the select item page.	

Wake Up Events	Setting	Description	Note
VGA	OFF ON	You can set the VGA to awaken the	Default
1 DT 0 CO15	L DEVGOLA	system.	
LPT & COM	NONE, LPT, COM	When <i>On of</i> LPT & COM, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices or IRQs wakes up the system.	Default
HDD & FDD	OFF		Default
	ON	When <i>On of HDD</i> & FDD, any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices wakes up the system.	
PCI Master	OFF		
	ON	When <i>On of PCI Master</i> , any activity from one of the listed system peripheral devices wakes up the system	Default



Wake Up Events	Setting	Description	Note
PowerOn by PCI Card	Disabled Enabled	If enabled any PCI interrupt will wake up the system.	Default
Modem Ring Resume	Disabled Enabled	An input signal on the serial Ring Indicator (RI) line (in other words, an incoming call on the modem) awakens the system from a soft off state.	Default
Resume by Alarm	Disabled Enabled	The system ignores the alarm. Set alarm to power on the system by the date (1-31) or time (hh:mm:ss). If the date is set to [0], the system will self-power on by alarm everyday at the set time.	Default
Primary INTR		When set to <i>On</i> , any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.	Default
IRQs Activity Monitoring (Press Enter)		IRQ3(COM2), IRQ4(COM1), IRQ5(LPT2), IRQ6(Floppy Disk), IRQ7(LPT1), IRQ12(PS/2 mouse), IRQ13(Coprocessor), IRQ14(HardDsik) IRQ9(IRQ2 Redir), IRQ10(Reserved), IRQ11(Reserved)	
	Disabled	IRQ8 (RTC Alarm), IRQ15 (Reserved)	



3-7 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP

This [PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP] configures the motherboard's PCI slots.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software PnP/PCI Configurations

PNP OS Installed Reset Configuration Data	NO Disabled	Item Help	
Resources Controlled By x IRQ Resources x DMA Resources	Auto (ESCD) Press Enter Press Enter	Menu Level ▶	
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	Disabled		
Assign IRQ For VGA	Enabled		
Assign IRQ For USB Assign IRQ For ACPI	Enabled IRQ9		
INT Pin 1 Assignment	Auto		
INT Pin 2 Assignment INT Pin 3 Assignment	Auto Auto		
INT Pin 4 Assignment	Auto		
↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select		ESC:Exit F1:General Help	
F5:Previous Values	F6:Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults	



Note: Starred (*) items will disappear when the [Resources Controlled By] option is set to [Auto].

After you have completed the PCI Slot Configuration, press [Esc] and follow the instructions on your screen to save your settings or exit without saving.



3-7.1 PNP/PCI Configuration Controls

PNP/PCI Controls	Setting	Description		Note	
PnP OS Installed	Yes		this field to [Yes] if you running PnP compatible.		
	No	doe	he OS you are running es not support PnP afiguration.	Default (If there is any doubt, set this field to [No])	
Reset Configuration	Disabled		tain PnP configuration a in BIOS.		Default
Data	Enabled		Reset PnP configuration data in BIOS.		
Resources Controlled By	Manual BIOS does not manage PCI/ISA PnP card IRQ assignment.				
	Requires to assign IRQ-# and DMA-# to PCI or ISA PnP manually. IRQ-3,4,5,7,9,10,11,12,14,15 assigned to: _ DMA-0,1,3,5,6,7 assigned to: _				
	Auto (ESCD)	The Plug-and-Play BIOS Recommended			Recommended
If [Resources Co	ntrolled By] is	set to [Manual]		
IRQ-# and DMA-# assigned to:			Choose IRQ-# and DMA-# assigned to PCI/ISA PnP card.	11	Q-3,4,5,7,9,10, 1,12,14,15 MA-0,1,3,5,6,7
	Legacy ISA	A	Choose IRQ-# and DMA-# assigned to Legacy ISA card.	IR 11	Q-3,4,5,7,9,10, 1,12,14,15 MA-0,1,3,5,6,7
Under this item the	licor con occ	ian	an IRO to a PCI slot. How	_	

Under this item the user can assign an IRQ to a PCI slot. However, there under some conditions the IRQ will not be assigned as selected under this item:

- 1. IRQs 0, 1, 2, 6, 8, 13 can NOT be assigned, because they are fixed.
- 2. IRQs 5, 9, 10, 11 are available
- 3. IRQs 3,4,7,12,14 and 15 will only be assigned if they are free. See the table below on how to free them:



PNP/PCI Configuration Setup (Continued)

PNP/PC	Ι	Setting	Desc	cription	Note	
Setup		Ü		•		
Interrupt How to set the BIOS to release the IRQ to the PnP Interrupt pool:						
Line	PnP / l	PCI configur	ation	Integrated Peripherals		
IRQ 15	IRQ 1	5: PCI/IS	A PnP	On-Chip Secondary PC	I IDE: disabled	
IRQ 14	IRQ 1	4: PCI/IS	A PnP	On-Chip Primary PCI II	DE: disabled	
				Interrupt 12 will be rele	ased by the PnP	
IRQ 12	IRQ 1	2: PCI/IS	A PnP	BIOS automatically if th	ne PS/2 Mouse Port	
				is not used.		
IRQ 7	IRQ 7	: PCI/IS	A PnP	Onboard parallel port:	disabled	
IRQ 4	IRQ 4	: PCI/IS	A PnP	Onboard Serial port 1:	disabled	
IRQ 3	IRQ 3	: PCI/IS	A PnP	Onboard Serial port 2:	disabled	
 4. Your OS may reassign another interrupt to a PCI slot after BIOS passes control to the OS, especially if you use Windows 95, 98 or NT. Assign IRQ Disabled BIOS won't assign IRQ for VGA/USB port. 					2700 passes control	
VGA/US	SB	Enabled	BIOS v	will assign IRQ for JSB port.	Default	
Assign I	RO	IRQ 9	If your	OS is ACPI	Default	
For ACI	_	IRQ10 IRQ11	compliant, an IRQ line can be selected here for the ACPI interrupt. It is best to assign an interrupt that is not shared with other devices.			
5. Your OS may reassign another interrupt to a PCI slot after BIOS passes control						
	to the OS, especially if you use Windows 95, 98 or NT.					
INT Pin Auto Set to Auto the BIOS will using IRQs Automatically. Assignment		Default				



3-7.2 MULTI I/O ADDRESSES

Default settings for multi-I/O addresses are as follows:

Port	I/O Address	IRQ	Status
LPT1	378H	7	ECP/EPP
COM1	3F8H	4	
COM2	2F8H	3	



Warning: If a default I/O address conflicts with other I/O cards such as sound card, you must change one of the I/O addresses to remedy to this address conflict. (I/O addresses can be adjusted from the BIOS Setup Utility)

3-8 PC HEALTH STATUS

This option sets the Motherboard's PC Health Status.

CMOS Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 1984-1999 Award Software PC Health Status

Current CPU		25 °C / 77 40 °C / 104			Item Help
Current CPU	JFAN1 Speed JFAN2 Speed		M	Menu	Level •
↑↓→←:Move	Enter:Select	+/-/PU/PD:Value	F10:Save	ESC:Exit	F1:General Help
F5:Previous Values		F6:Fail-Safe Defaults		F7: Optimized Defaults	



Note: Starred (*) items will disappear when the [Resources Controlled By] option is set to [Auto].



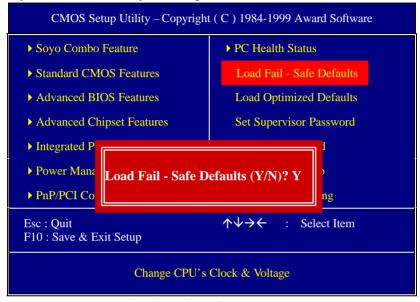
3-8.1 CPU Device Monitoring

o c.i oi o bevice memering							
CPU Device Monitoring	Setting	Description	Note				
Current CPU Temp.	°C/°F	Show the current status of CPU temperature.					
Current System Temp.	°C/°F	Show the current status of the system temperature.					
Current CPUFAN1/2 Speed	°C/°F	Show the current status of CPU Fan					
Vcore, 2.5V, 3.3V, +5V, +12V	V	Show the current voltage status.					



3-9 LOAD FAIL-SAFE DEFAULTS

Select the [Load Fail-Safe Defaults] option from the Main Menu to load the system values you have previously saved. This option is recommended if you need to reset the system setup and to retrieve the old values.



Type [Y] to use the Fail-Safe Defaults followed by [Enter] or otherwise [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.

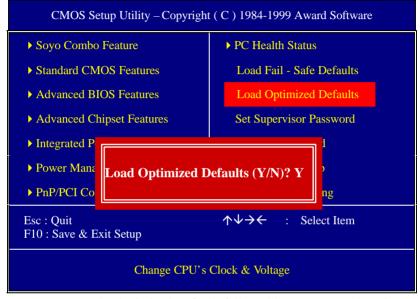


Warning: If you run into any problem after changing the BIOS configuration, please load the SETUP DEFAULTS for stable performance.



3-10 LOAD OPTIMIZED DEFAULTS

Select the [Load Optimized Defaults] option from the Main Menu to load the system values you have previously saved. This option is recommended if you need to reset the system setup and to retrieve the old values.



Type [Y] to use the Optimized Defaults followed by [Enter] or otherwise [N] to return to the Main Menu and keep current values.



Warning: If you run into any problem after changing the BIOS configuration, please load the Optimized Defaults for stable performance.



3-11 SUPERVISOR PASSWORD

Based on the setting you have made in the [Security Option] of the [BIOS FEATURES SETUP] section, the password prevents access to the system or the setup program by unauthorized users. Follow this procedure to set a new password or disable the password:

- 1. Choose [BIOS FEATURES SETUP] in the Main Menu and press [Enter]. Select the [Security Options] item and set the field to:
 - a. [System]: The password is required every time the system is booted. This means only a person who knows the password can use this computer.
 - b. [Setup]: The password is required only when you attempt to enter the BIOS Setup program.
- 2. Choose [SUPERVISOR PASSWORD] from the Main Menu and press [Enter]. The following prompt appear:

Enter Password:



Warning: If you forget or lose the password, the only way to access the system is to set jumper JP5 to clear the CMOS RAM. All setup information is lost and you must run the BIOS setup program again.



Note: If you do not wish to use the password function, press [Enter] directly and the following message appears:

Password Disabled!!

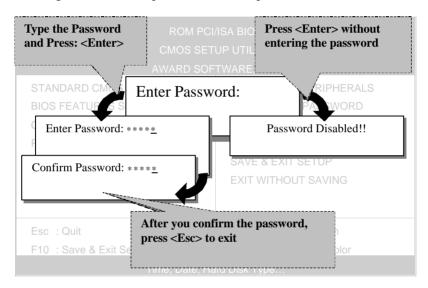


3. Enter your new password and press [Enter]. The following message appears, prompting to confirm the new password:

Confirm Password:

4. Re-enter your password and then press [Enter] to exit to the Main Menu.

This diagram outlines the password selection procedure:



3-12 USER PASSWORD

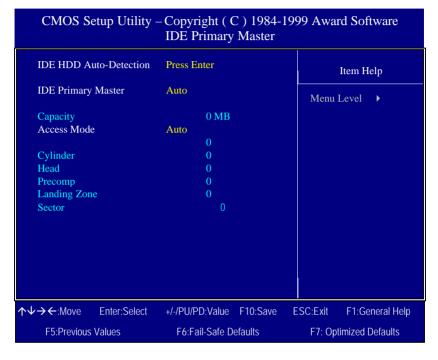
When the user password option is on, you are not allowed to change any setting in the [CMOS SETUP UTILITY] except for changing the user's password.

The password setting procedure is similar to that for the [SUPERVISOR PASSWORD] (Refer to section 3-9).



3-13 IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

This Main Menu function automatically detects the hard disk type and configures the [Standard CMOS Features] accordingly.





Note: This function is only valid for IDE type of hard disk drives.



Chapter 4

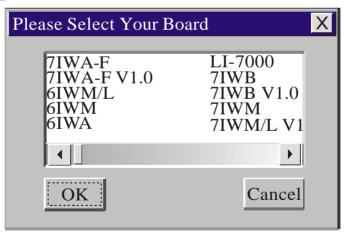
DRIVERS INSTALLATION

Your SY-K7VIA Motherboard comes with a CD-ROM labeled "SOYO CD." The SOYO CD contains the user's manual file for your new Motherboard, the drivers software available for installation, and a database in HTML format with information on SOYO Motherboards and other products.

Step 1. Insert the SOYO CD into the CD-ROM drive

The SOYO CD will auto-run, and the SOYO CD Start Up Menu will be as shown.

If you use Windows NT, the SOYO-CD will not detect your motherboard type. In that case the following dialog will pop up, please choose your motherboard and press OK. Now the SOYO-CD Start Up Menu will be shown.



(SOYO CD Start Up Program Menu)

If you use Windows 95 or 98, the SOYO CD Start Up Program automatically detects which SOYO Motherboard you own and displays the corresponding model name.





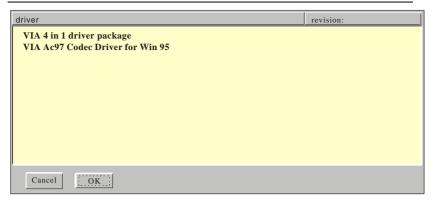
The user's manual files included on the SOYO CD are in PDF (Postscript Document) format. In order to read a PDF file, the appropriate Acrobat Reader software must be installed in your system.

Note: The Start Up program automatically detects if the Acrobat Reader utility is already present in your system, and otherwise prompts you on whether or not you want to install it. You must install the Acrobat Reader utility to be able to read the user's manual file. Follow the instructions on your screen during installation, then once the installation is completed, restart your system and re-run the SOYO CD.

Step 2. Install Drivers and Utilities

Click the *Install Drivers* button to display the list of drivers software that can be installed with your Motherboard. The Start Up program displays the drivers available for the particular model of Motherboard you own. We recommend that you only install those drivers.





(Driver Installation Menu)

A short description of all available drivers follows:

VIA 4in1 driver package

The 4 in 1 driver package includes all drivers your motherboard needs. After selecting this driver package, one driver will be installed automatically (the IRQ remapping utility), the other three are installed if selected. By default all three drivers are selected. A description of the 4 drivers follows:

-Bus Master PCI IDE Driver

This driver will speed up the data-transfer rate to and from the harddisk

-AGP VxD Driver

This driver must be installed in order to be able to make use of the on-board AGP Video functionality.

—VIA Chipset Functions Registry

This driver will make the necessary changes to the Windows registry, in order to make sure that Windows has no problems recognizing your VIA chipset.

—IRQ remapping utility (This driver is installed automatically)

This utility will remap the IRQ lines to make sure that everything functions properly under Windows.



VIA Ac97 Codec Driver for Win 95

You have to install the drivers before installing any application for the Ac97 codec. Please refer to the back of the manual for installation information for other operating systems.

Select which driver you want to install and click **OK**, or click **Cancel** to abort the driver installation and return to the main menu.

Step 3. Select which driver you want to install and click OK

- **Notice 1:** Once you have selected a driver, the system will automatically exit the SOYO CD to begin the driver installation program. When the installation is complete, most drivers require to restart your system before they can become active.
- **Notice 2:** You may click **Cancel** to abort the driver installation and return to the main menu

Step 4. Check the Latest Releases

Click the 'Check the latest Releases' button to go the SOYO Website to automatically find the latest BIOS, manual and driver releases for your motherboard. This button will only work if your computer is connected to the internet through a network or modem connection. Make sure to get your modem connection up before clicking this button.

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Chapter 5

VIA SOUNDCHIP DRIVERS INSTALLATION

Most of the drivers on this CD can be installed automatically. Run the SOYO-CD program and click the 'install drivers' button. Now a list of the available drivers will be displayed. Select a driver and click OK to install the driver. Some drivers will have to be installed by hand. See the explanation below.

VIA Soundchip drivers for Windows 95 & 98

For windows 95/98, after installation of windows go to 'my computer' and select 'properties'. Now the 'system properties' menu will be shown. Select 'hardware' tab, and click the 'device manager' button.

On the device manager a question mark will be shown under 'other devices' -> 'PCI multimedia audio device'.

Do not remove this entry!

To change the driver, click this entry and select properties -> driver -> update driver. Now an update menu will be shown. If windows asks you for the location of the driver, give it the following directory:

 $d:\driv-all\VIA\ Sound\win 9x$

After the installation is finished, windows 95/89 will properly recognize your VIA sound chip.

VIA Soundchip drivers for Windows 98SE

Windows will detect a multi-media device at start-up, follow the installation steps on the screen. When windows asks you for the location of the drivers, click 'browse' and go the following directory: d:\driv-all\VIA Sound\win98se (where d is your CD-ROM drive letter) Now click OK and the drivers will be installed properly.



VIA Soundchip drivers for Windows 2000

For windows 2000, after installation of windows go to 'my computer' and select 'properties'. Now the 'system properties' menu will be shown. Select 'hardware' tab, and click the 'device manager' button. On the device manager a question mark will be shown under 'multimedia audio controller'. Do not remove this entry!

To change the driver, click this entry and select properties -> driver -> update driver. Now an update menu will be shown. If windows asks you for the location of the driver, give it the following directory:

d:\driv-all\VIA Sound\win2000

After the installation is finished, windows 2000 will properly recognize your VIA sound chip.

VIA Soundchip drivers for Windows NT

Double click 'my computer', and choose 'control panel'. Select the multimedia icon and select the devices tab.

Now select 'Multimedia devices -> Audio devices ' and click the 'add' button below.

Choose 'unlisted or updated driver' and press OK.

Now give the following directory:

 $d:\driv-all\VIA\ Sound\winnt 4.0$

After the installation is finished, windows NT will properly recognize your VIA sound chip.

