PCM-4898

NS Geode GXLV Media PC board with LCD, Audio, TV-Output, LAN, LVDS, 4 COM's, and 4 bitsD I/O

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Packing List

Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials are included:

- 1PCM-4898 All-in-one Media GXLV CPU Card
- 1 Quick Installation Guide
- 1 Supporting CD-ROM that contains the following:
 - •User's Manual (this manual in PDF file)
 - •VGA drivers and utilities
 - •Audio dirvers and utilities
 - •Latest BIOS (as of the CD-ROM was made)
- 1 hard disk drive (IDE) interface cable (44 pins)
- 1 floppy disk drive interface cable (34 pins)
- 1 Composite output for S-Video connector cable (4 pins)

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distributor or sales representative immediately.

FCC STATEMENT

THIS DEVICE COMPLIES WITH PART 15 FCC RULES. OPERA-TION IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TWO CONDITIONS: (1) THIS DEVICE MAY NOT CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE. (2) THIS DEVICE MUST ACCEPT ANY INTERFERENCE RE-CEIVED INCLUDING INTERFERENCE THAT MAY CAUSE UNDESIRED OPERATION.

THIS EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN TESTED AND FOUND TO COMPLY WITH THE LIMITS FOR A CLASS "A" DIGITAL DEVICE, PURSUANT TO PART 15 OF THE FCC RULES. THESE LIMITS ARE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE REASONABLE PROTECTION AGAINTST HARMFUL INTERFERENCE WHEN THE EQUIPMENT IS OPERATED IN A COMMERCIAL ENVI-RONMENT. THIS EQUIPMENT GENERATES, USES, AND CAN RADIATE RADIO FREQENCY ENERGY AND, IF NOT IN-STATLLED AND USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INSTRUC-TION MANUAL, MAY CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE TO RADIO COMMUNICATIONS. OPERATION OF THIS EQUIP-MENT IN A RESIDENTIAL AREA IS LIKELY TO CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE IN WHICH CASE THE USER WILL BE REQUIRED TO CORRECT THE INTERFERENCE AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.

Notice

Dear Customer,

Thank you for purchasing the PCM-4898 board. This user's manual is designed to assist you in use of our product, please read it thoroughly before you install and use the board. The product that you have purchased comes with a two year limited warranty, however AAEON will not be responsible for misuse of the product. Therefore, we strongly urge you to read the manual before using the product.

To receive the lastest version of the user manual, please visit our Web site at:

http://www.aaeon.com

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CHAPTER

General Information

This chapter gives background information on the PCM-4898.

Sections include:

- Card specifications
- Card layout and dimensions

The PCM-4898 is an enhanced, all-in-one single board 486 compuer with an on-board Ethernet interface, local-bus SVGA controller. The PCM-4898 offers all the functions of an AT-compatible industrial computer on a single board, but it fits in the space of a 5¼" floppy drive (only 5.75" x 8"). For maximum performance, the PCM-4898 also supports 2nd level cache sizes from 128 KB to 512 KB (32 KB x 8, 64 KB x 8, or 128 KB x 8).

On-board features include four serial ports (RS-232 and RS-232/ 422/485), one parallel port, an enhanced IDE hard-drive controller (for up to two drives), a floppy-drive controller and a keyboard/PS/ 2 mouse interface. The PCM-4898 is also fitted with a composite video output connector allowing for easy access to your television. The board's watchdog timer can automatically reset the system or generate an interrupt if it stops due to a program bug or EMI problem.

The PCM-4898 also complies with the "Green Function" standard and supports three types of power saving features: Doze mode, Standby mode, and Suspend mode.

All display and Ethernet configuration is done through software. A single Flash chip holds the system BIOS, VGA BIOS and the network boot ROM function. This minimizes the number of chips and eases configuration. You can change the display BIOS or install a boot ROM simply by programming the Flash chip.

LVDS Introduction

Low Voltage Differential Signaling is a low noise, low power, low amplitude method for high-speed (gigabits per second) data transmission over copper wire.

LVDS differs from normal input/output (I/O) in a few ways: Normal digital I/O works with 5 volts as a high (binary 1) and 0 volts as a low (binary 0). When you use a differential, you add a third option (-5 volts), which provides an extra level with which to encode and results in a higher maximum data tranferrate.

A higher data transfer rate means fewer wires are required, as in UW (Ultra Wide) and UW-2/3 SCSI harddrive, which use only 68 wires. These devices require a high transfer rate over short distances. Using standard I/ O transfer, SCSI hard drives would require a lot more than 68 wires.

Low voltage means that the standard 5 volts is replaced by either 3.3 volts or 1.5 volts.

LVDS uses a dual wire system, running 180 degrees of each other. This enables noise to travel at the same level, which in turn can get filtered more easily and effectively.

With standard I/O signaling, data storage is contingent upon the actual voltage level. Voltage level can be affected by wire length (longer wires increase resistance, which lowers voltage). But with LVDS, data storage is distinguished only by positive and negative voltage values, not the voltage level. Therefore, data can travel over greater lengths of wire while maintaining a clear and consistent data stream.

Ethernet Introduction

Ethernet is the most popular type of local area network, which sends its communications through radio frequency signals carried by a coaxial cable.Each computer checks to see if another computer is transmitting and waits its turn to transmit. If two computers accidentally transmit at the same time and their messages collide, they wait and send again in turn. Software protocols used by Ethernet systems vary, but include Novell Netware and TCP/IP.

A local-area network (LAN) protocol developed by Xerox Corporation in cooperation with DEC and Intel in 1976. Ethernet uses a bus or star topology and supports data transfer rates of 10 Mbps.

A newer version of Ethernet, called *100Base-T* (or *Fast Ethernet*), supports data transfer rates of 100 Mbps. And the newest version, *Gigabit Ethernet* supports data rates of 1 gigabit (1,000 megabits) per second.

Features

- Supports NS Media GXLV MMX CPU up to 266 MHz
- Supports CRT and 18-bit TFT panels
- Supports TV output (NTSC/PAL)
- Integrated AC-97 2.0 (meets PC98 ™ Basic Auto spec.) sound Blaster compatible legacy audio
- DiskOnChip (SSD) up to 288MB
- LVDS interface onboard
- Supports 100Base-T Fast Ethernet

Specifications

CPU type: NS Geode GXLV MMX enhanced Media integrated processor

BIOS: Award 256KB FLASH BIOS

Chipset: Cx5530

I/O Chipset: NS97317/ITE IT8661

Memory: Up to 128MB. One 168-Pin DIMM socket on board.

Enhanced IDE device interface: Supports up to two hard disk drives. BIOS auto-detect. Supports PIO mode 4 and Bus Master. Also supports Multi-word DMA and Ultra DMA/33

Floppy disk drive interface: Supports up to two floppy disk drives, 5.25" (360KB and 1.2MB) and/or 3.5" (720KB, 1.44MB and 2.88MB) Parallel port: Configured to LPT1, LPT2, LPT3 or disabled. Supports SPP, ECP, and EPP.

Serial ports: Three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485 serial ports. Ports can be configured as COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4 or disabled individually.(16C550 equivalent)

IR interface: Supports one IrDA Tx / Rx header

Keyboard/mouse connector: Dual 6-pin mini DIN connector supports PC/ AT keyboard and PS/2 mouse.

USB connector: Dual USB ports on board.

Battery: Lithium battery for data retention of up to 6 years

LVDS Chipset: Thine. THC63LVDM63A Interface: 20-Pin header for LVDS functions connector **Watchdog timer:** Can generate a system reset, IRQ15. Supports Win98, Win31, Software selectable time-out interval (1~255 sec, 1 sec/step)

DMA channel: 7

Interrupt level: 15TV output

Power management: Supports ATX power supply. Supports PC97, modem ring-in functions. I/O peripheral devices support power saving and doze/standby/suspend modes. APM 1.2 compliant.

Flat panel/CRT interface

Chipset: NS Cx5530

Display memory: Share memory up to 4MB

Display type: Supports non-interlace CRT and up to 18-bit TFT LCD displays Can display both CRT and Flat Panel simultaneously. Resolution: Up to 1280 x 768 @ 64K colors

Chipset: Chrontel 7003 digital PC to TV encoder, supports both PAL and NTSC.

Interface: On board RCA jack supports NTSC / PAL composite output.

Audio Interface

Chipset: NS Cx5530 Compatible with SoundBlaster, SoundBlaster Pro, and Windows Sound System.

Ethernet Interface

Chipset: Intel 82559ER **Interface:** One standard RJ-45 connector on board supports 100 Base-T fast Ethernet.

Digital I/O interface

On board 8-pin 2.0mm pin header supports 4-bit input/output TTL individually.

SSD interface

One 32-pin DIP socket supports M-systems DiskOnChip 2000 series, memory capacity from 4MB To 288MB.

Expansion Slots

PISA slot: One PISA slot on board for expansion

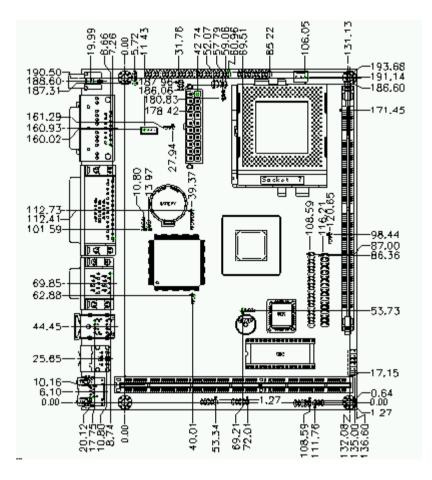
Mechanical and environment

Power supply : ATX Type

Operating temperature: 32 to 140 °F (0 to 60°C)

Board Size: 200mm(L) x 160mm(W)

Weight: 1.2lb. (0.5Kg)



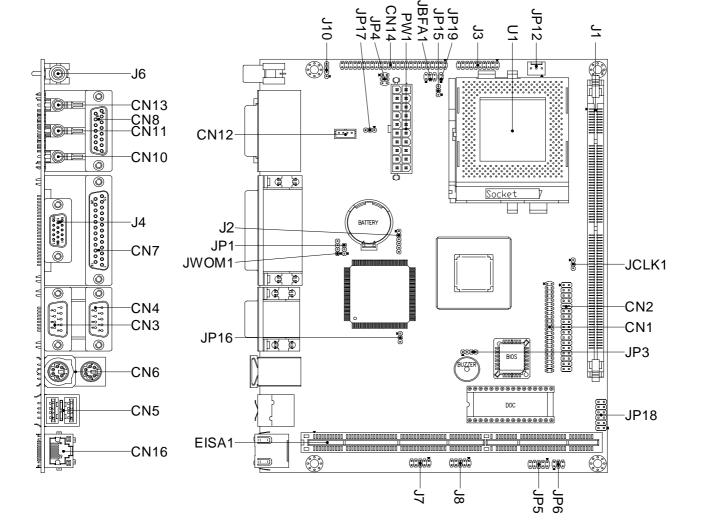
Installation

This chapter tells how to set up the PCM-4898 hardware, including instructions on setting jumpers and connecting peripherals, switches and indicators. Be sure to read all the safety precautions before you begin the installation procedure.

Name	Function
PW1	ATX Power Connector
J2	IrDA Connector
J3	LVDS Connector
J7 & J8	COM 3 (J7) & COM 4 (J8) Serial Ports
J10	Composite Output For S-Terminal Connector
JCLK1	PCI Clock Frequency Select
JBFA1	CPU Ratio Connector
JP1	Clear CMOS Selection
JP3	Speaker/Buzzer
JP4	LCD Driving Voltage Setting
JP5	Digital I/O Connector
JP6	DiskOnChip(DOC) Address Selection
JP12	CPU Fan Connector
JP15	CPU Core Voltage Select
JP16	COM 2 RS-232/422/485 Selection
JP18	External Signal Connector
JP19	LCD Backlight Power Connector

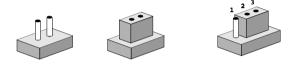
Connectors

CN2	Floppy Drive Connector
CN3 & CN4	COM 1 (CN3) & COM 2 (CN4) Serial Pports
CN5	USB Dual Port Connector
CN6	Keyboard and Mouse Connector
CN7 & J4	Parallel Port (CN7) & VGA Connector (J4)
CN8	Game Port (D-SUB-15P)
CN13, 10, 11	Audio Connectors
CN14	LCD Panel Connector
CN16	LAN RJ-45 Connector
J1	SDRAM
J4	D-SUB
J6	RCA Jack Composite TV Output



Setting jumpers

You configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To "close" a jumper you connect the pins with the clip. To "open" a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or 2 and 3.



Open Closed Closed 2-3 The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as follows:

0 0	••	
Open	Closed	Closed 2-3

A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

Generally, you simply need a jumper to make most connections.

Safety precautions



Always completely disconnect the power cord from your chassis whenever you are working on it. Do not make connections while the power is on because sensitive electronic components can be damaged by the sudden rush of power. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.

Caution!



Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the CPU card. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

Removing the CPU

The PCM-4898 all-in-one CPU module supports most 486 CPUs. The system's performance depends on the CPU you choose. You can install or upgrade the CPU in the board's PGA socket by following the procedures outlined below. If your system has an existing CPU, you need to remove it before installing the new CPU.

Removing a CPU

- 1. Disconnect power from the chassis, and unplug all connections to the CPU card. Then, remove the CPU card from the chassis by following the instructions in the user's manual for your chassis.
- Lift the CPU out of the PGA socket. The old chip may be difficult to remove. You may find spray chip lubricant, designed for pin-grid-array (PGA) devices, and a chip puller helpful. These are available at electronics hobbyists' supply stores.

Installing A CPU

To install the CPU, follow the instructions that came with it. If no documentation was provided, the general procedures for installing a CPU are outlined below:

- 1. Lubricate the pins on the CPU with lubricant for PGA devices. This makes the CPU slide in much easier and greatly reduces the chance of damaging the pins and other components.
- 2. Carefully align the CPU so that it is parallel to the socket. Make sure that the notch on the corner of the CPU matches the notch on the inside of the socket.
- 3. Gently push the CPU into the socket. There will probably be a small gap between the CPU and the socket even when it is fully seated. DO NOT USE EXCESSIVE FORCE!

When you install a new CPU, you may have to adjust other settings on the board, such as CPU type, CPU clock, and PCI speed, to accommodate it. Make sure that the settings are correct for your CPU. **Improper settings may damage the CPU**.

System Memory

The left edge of the PCM-4898B contains a socket for 168-pin dual inline memory module (DIMM). The socket uses 3.3 V unbuffered synchronous DRAM (SDRAM). DIMM is available in capacities of 16, 32, 64, 128, or 256 MB. The socket can be filled in the DIMM of any size, giving your PCM-4898B single board computer between 16 and 258 MB of memory.

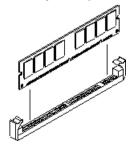
Supplementary information about DIMM

Your PCM-4898B can accept both regular and PC-100 SDRAM DIMM Module(with or without parity). However. The PCM-4898B can only accept PC-100 SDRAM Module.

Single-sided modules are typically 16 or 128MB; double-sided modules are usually 32 or 256 MB.

Memory Installation Procedures

To install SDRAM, first make sure the two handles of the SDRAM socket are in the "open" position. i.e. The handles remain outward. Slowly slide the SDRAM module along the plastic guides on both ends of the socket. Then press the SDRAM module right down into the socket, until you hear a click. This is when the two handles have automatically locked the memory module into the correct position of the SDRAM socket. (See Figure below) To take away the memory module, just push both handles outward, and the memory module will be ejected by the mechanism in the socket.



ATX Power Connector (PW1)

On board power input uses a 20-pin standard ATX connector, the pin definition show as below:

ATX Power Connector (PW1)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+3.3V	11	+3.3V
2	+3.3V	12	-12V
3	GND	13	GND
4	+5V	14	POWER ON
5	GND	15	GND
6	+5V	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	POWER OK	18	-5V
9	+5VSB	19	+5V
10	+12V	20	+5V

LVDS Connector (J3)

PCM-4898 supports one 20-Pin header for LVDS functions connector. For further details regarding LVDS refer to page 3. See pin definition below.

LVDS Connector (J3)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	TX 1 +	11	TX 2 +	
2	TX 1 -	12	TX 2 -	
3	GND	13	GND	
4	GND	14	GND	
5	TXCLK +	15	TX 0 +	
6	TXCLK -	16	TX 0 -	
7	GND	17	GND	
8	PPVCC	18	GND	
9	PPVCC	19	GND	
10	PPVCC	20	GND	

IrDA Connector (J2)

The IrDA connector (J2) can be configured to support wireless infrared modules. With this module and application software such as laplink or Win95, Direct Cable connection can transfer files between laptops, notebooks, PDA and printers. This connector supports HPSIR (115.2Kbps, 2 menters), (ASK-IR (56Kbps) and fast IR (4Mbps, 2meters).

Install infrared module onto IrDA connector and enabled infrared function from BIOS setup, make sure to have correct orientation when you plug onto IRDA connector(J2).

connector (J2)	
Signal	
VCC	
N/C	
IRRXD	
GND	
IRTXD	
N/C	
	Signal VCC N/C IRRXD GND IRTXD

Composite video output connector (J6)

The PCM-4898 has a RCA Jack for composite video signal output to TV.

COM3 (J7) & COM4 (J8) Serial ports

The PCM-4898 offers four serial ports, Three R-S-232 and one R-S-232/422/485, those ports allow you to connect them to serial devices (mouse, printers, etc.).

СОМЗ І	RS-232 (J7)		
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	SDCDB3X	2	SRXDB3
3	STXDB3	4	SDTRB3X
5	GND	6	SDSRB3X
7	SRTSB3X	8	SCTSB3X
9	SRIB3X	10	GND
COM4	RS-232 (J8)		
in	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	SDCDB4X	2	SRXDB4
3	STXDB4	4	SDTRB4X
5	GND	6	SDSRB4X
7	SRTSB4X	8	SCTSB4X
9	SRIB4X	10	GND
0	OT THE INC		•

Composite output for S-terminal connector (J10)

PCM-4898 supports both RCA and S-terminal signals. The four pins on (J10) are designated for S-terminal signals because unlike the RCA signals, S-terminal signals are not supported on board.

Pin	Signal	
1	LUMF	
2	GND	
3	CHROMF	
4	GND	

PCI Clock Frequency Select (JCLK1)

PCI Clock Frequency Select (JCLK1)	
*33MHZ Frequency	30MHZ Frequency
	1 2 3 □ ●─●
* default	

CPU Ratio Connector (JBFA1)

CPU Ratio Connector (J	BFA1)	
4x	5x	*6x
1 3 5	1 3 5 ■ ○ ○	$\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 3 & 5\\ \Box & \bullet & \bigcirc\end{array}$
		o ↓ o
2 4 6	2 4 6	2 4 6
7x	8x	9x
1 3 5 □ ○ ●	1 3 5 □ ○ ○	1 3 5 ■ ○ ●
00 🖕	000	
2 4 6	2 4 6	2 4 6
10x	Reserved	
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ \blacksquare & \blacksquare & \bigcirc \\ \blacksquare & \blacksquare & \bigcirc \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 3 & 5\\ \Box & \Phi & \Phi\\ \bigcirc & \bullet & \bullet\end{array}$	
● ● () <u>2 4 6</u> * defende	2 4 6	

* default

*CPU Clock frequency setting are automatically set by manufacturer.

Clear CMOS selection (JP1)

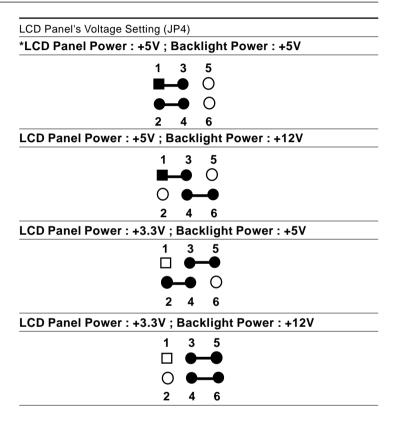
Users can use JP1 to clear the CMOS data if necessary. To reset the CMOS data, set J1 to 2-3 closed for just a few seconds, and then move the jumper back to 1-2 closed.

Clear CMOS selection (JP1)	
*Protect	Clear CMOS
* default	

Speaker/Buzzer (JP3)

Speaker/Buzzer (JP3)	
*On board buzzer	External speaker
1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4
*default	

LCD Voltage Setting (JP4)



*default

Digital I/O Connector (JP5)

Digital I/O Connector (JP5)					
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	DATA_IN_0	2	DATA_IN_1		
3	DATA_IN_2	4	DATA_IN_3		
5	DATA_OUT_0	6	DATA_OUT_1		
7	DATA_OUT_2	8	DATA_OUT_3		
9	VCC	10	GND		

DiskOnChip(DOC) Address selection (JP6)

The DiskOnChip 2000 occupies an 8 Kbyte window in the upper memory address range of C800 to D400. You should ensure this does not conflict with any other device's memory address. JP6 controls the memory address of the Flash Disk.

DiskOnChip(DOC) Addres	s selection (JP6)
*D400H	DC00H
1 3 5	1 3 5
	$\Box \phi O$
$\bullet \bullet \circ$	$\circ \bullet \circ$
2 4 6	2 4 6
CE00H	D000H
1 3 5	1 3 5
	$\Box \circ \P$
$\circ \bullet \bullet$	$\circ \circ \bullet$
2 4 6	2 4 6
E000H	DOC Disable
1 3 5	1 3 5
	₽ ₽ ₽
$\circ \circ \circ$	$\bullet \bullet \bullet$
246	2 4 6
D800H	С800Н
1 3 5	1 3 5
	$\mathbf{P} \circ \mathbf{P}$
\bullet \circ \circ	$\bullet \circ \bullet$
2 4 6	2 4 6

* Default.

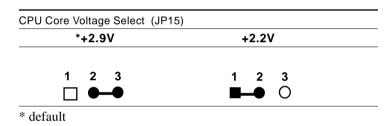
These addresses might conflict with the ROM BIOS of other peripheral boards, Please select the appropriate memory address to avoid memory conflicts.

CPU Fan Connector (JP12)

On board offfer a 3-pin wafer for the extenal fan power connection

CPU fan power connector (JP 12)				
Pin	Signal			
1	N/C			
2	+12V			
3	Fan speed sense			

CPU Core Voltage Select (JP15)



COM2 RS-232/422/485 Selection (JP16)

The PCM-4898 COM2 serial port can be selected as RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485 by setting JP16.

COM2 R-S232/422/	485 selection (JP16)	
RS-485	RS-422	*RS-232
1 2 3 ■ ● ○	1 2 3 □ ●●	1 2 3 □ ○ ○

* default

External Signals Connector (JP18)

Function Select (JP18)				
1 🗌 🔿 2	Power Button			
3 0 0 4	Reset Switch			
5 0 0 6	Suspend Switch			
7 0 0 8	Hard Disk LED			
9 🔿 🔿 10	Power LED			
11 () () 12	Suspend LED			

LCD Backlight Power Connector (JP19)

LCD Backlight Power Connector (JP19)				
Pin	Signal			
1	BLKVCC			
2	GND			

Floppy	Drive	Connector	(CN2)
--------	-------	-----------	-------

Floppy	drive connector (CN2)	
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	DENSITY SELECT
3	GND	4	N/C
5	GND	6	DRIVE TYPE
7	GND	8	INDEX
9	GND	10	MOTOR 0
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT 1
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT 2
15	GND	16	MOTOR 1
17	GND	18	DIRECTION
19	GND	20	STEP
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE
25	GND	26	TRACK 0
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT
29	GND	30	READ DATA
31	GND	32	HEAD DELECT
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE

COM1 (CN3) & COM2 (CN4) Serial Ports [Dual D-SUB-15P]

On board offer four set serial ports for serial devices connection. Two of them are the D-Sub type, pin definition show as below, for another two, please refer to page 4.

COM1	RS-232 (CN3) [Down]		
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	SDCDB1X	6	SDSRB1X	
2	SRXDB1	7	SRTSB1X	
3	STXDB1	8	SCTSB1X	
4	SDTRB1X	9	SRIB1X	
5	GND	10	GND	
<u></u>	RS-232 (CN4) [Up]			
	(3-232 (CN4) [OP]			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	SDCDB2X	6	SDSRB2X	
2	SRXDB2	7	SRTSB2X	
3	STXDB2	8	SCTSB2X	
4	SDTRB2X	9	SRIB2X	
5	GND	10	GND	

USB Dual Port Connector (CN5)

On board provides two USB interface, which give complete plug and play, hot attached/detach for up to 127 external devices. The USB interface comply with USB specification Rev. 1.0, and can be disable in the system BIOS setup.

USB connector (CN5)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	Vcc	5	Vcc	
2	USBD1-	6	USBD0-	
3	USBD1+	7	USBD0+	
4	GND	8	GND	

Keyboard and Mouse Connector (CN6)

On board provides two connectors which supports both a keyboard and a PS/2 style mouse. In most cases, especially in embedded applications, a keyboard is not used. The standard PC/AT BIOS will report an error or fail during power on self test after a reset if the keyboard is not present. The on board BIOS Advanced setup menu allows you to select "Present" or "Absent" under the "System Keyboard" section. This allows no-keyboard operation in embedded system application without the system halting under POST.

Keyboard and mouse connector (CN6)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	KB DATA	7	MS DATA	
2	MS DATA	8	N/C	
3	GND	9	GND	
4	VCC	10	VCC	
5	KB CLOCK	11	MS CLOCK	
6	MS CLOCK	12	N/C	

Parallel Port (CN7) and VGA Connector (J4)

Normally, the parallel port is used to connect the board to a printer. The PCM-4898 includes as onboard parallel port with D-Sub type, and the port is designated as LPT1 and can be disable or change to LPT2 or LPT3 in the system BIOS setup.

Parall	Parallel port (CN7)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	/STB	2	D0	
3	D1	4	D2	
5	D3	6	D4	
7	D5	8	D6	
9	D7	10	/ACK	
11	BUSY	12	PE	
13	SLCT	14	/AUTOFD	
15	/ERR	16	/INIT	
17	/SLCTINI	18	GND	
19	GND	20	GND	
21	GND	22	GND	
23	GND	24	GND	
25	GND	26	GND	

VGA display connector (J4)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	RED	9	VCC
2	GREEN	10	CHASSIS GND
3	BLUE	11	N/C
4	N/C	12	DDDA
5	CHASSIS GND	13	H-SYNC

Game Port (CN8,D-SUB-15P) & Audio Connectors (CN13,10,11)

Game port connector (CN8) [Up]			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	VCC	9	VCC
2	JOYF0	10	JOYF2
3	JOYRC0	11	JOYRC2
4	GND	12	MIDIOUT
5	GND	13	JOYRC3
6	JOYRC1	14	JOYF3
7	JOYF1	15	MIDIIN
8	VCC		

CN13:LINE-OUT

CN10:LINE-IN

CN11: MIC

LCD Panel Connector (CN14)

LCD pa	inel connector (CN1	4)	
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+12 V	2	+12 V
3	GND	4	GND
5	LCDVCC	6	LCDVCC
7	ENAVEE	8	GND
9	GND	10	GND
11	P0	12	P1
13	P2	14	P3
15	P4	16	P5
17	GND	18	GND
19	P6	20	P7
21	P8	22	P9
23	P10	24	P11
25	GND	26	GND
27	P12	28	P13
29	P14	30	P15
31	P16	32	P17
33	GND	34	GND
35	SHF CLK	36	FLM(V SYS)
37	М	38	LP (H SYS)
39	GND	40	ENABKL
41	GND	42	N/C
43	LCDVCC	44	LCDVCC
45	GND	46	GND
47	GND	48	GND
49	GND	50	GND

LAN RJ-45 Connector (CN16)

On board supports one standard RJ-45 connector for enthernet connection. The RJ-45 connector has two LED indicators. Both LED displays indicate the speed of information being processed, however the Lan speed does vary.

* The on board Intel 82559XX fast ethernet controller supports 10Mb/s and 100Mb/s N-way auto-negotiation operation.

Green LED: 100M LAN speed,

Yellow LED: 10M LAN speed

RJ-45 Ethernet connector (CN16)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	TX+	5	N/C	
2	TX-	6	RX-	
3	RX+	7	N/C	
4	N/C	8	N/C	

Primary IDE Hard Drive Connector (CN1)

Primary IDE hard drive connector (CN1)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	IDE RESET	2	GND
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15
19	GND	20	N/C
21	IDEPDREQR	22	GND
23	IO WRITE	24	GND
25	IO READ	26	GND
27	IO CHANNEL READY	28	GND
29	IDEPDACKX	30	GND
31	IRQ14	32	IOCS16
33	ADDR 1	34	N/C
35	ADDR 0	36	ADDR 2
37	HARD DISK SELECT 0	38	HARD DISK SELECT 1
39	IDE ACTIVE	40	MGND
41	VCC	42	VCC
43	GND	44	N/C
-			

СНАРТЕК

Award BIOS Setup

This chapter describes how to configure the BIOS for the PCM-4898.

Starting setup

The Award BIOS is started immediately when you first turn on the computer. The BIOS reads, system configuration information in CMOS RAM and begins the process of checking out the system and configuring it through the power-on self test (POST).

When these preliminaries are finished, the BIOS seeks an operating system on one of the data storage devices (hard drive, floppy drive, etc.). The BIOS launches and hands controls over to the operating system.

During POST, you can start the Setup program in one of two ways: 1.By pressing Del immediately after switching the system on. 2.By pressing Del or pressing Ctrl-Alt-Esc when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during POST:

TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup. Restart the system again by turning it OFF then ON or press the RESET button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing Ctr-Alt-Del. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message appears and you are again asked to

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, DEL TO ENTER SETUP

Setup keys

These keys helps you navigate in Setup:

Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item in the left hand
Right arrow	Move to the item in the right hand
Esc	Main Menu: Quit and not save changes into CMOS RAM
	Other pages: Exit current page and return to Main Menu
PgDn/+	Increase the numeric value or make changes
PgDn/-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2	Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift- F2 to select color backward
F3	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
F4	Reserved
F5	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F6	Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F7	Load the default
F8	Reserved
F9	Reserved
F10	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

Getting help

Press F1 to pop up a small help window. On screen information describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press Esc or the F1 key again.

In Case of Problems

If, after making and saving system changes with Setup, you discover that your computer no longer is able to boot. **Award BIOS** supports an override to the CMOS settings that resets your system to its default configuration.

You can invoke this override by immediately pressing Insert; when you restart your computer. You can restart by either using the ON/OFF switch, the RESET button or by pressing Ctrl-Alt-Delete.

The best advice is to alter only settings that you thoroughly understand. In particular, do not change settings in the Chipset screen without a good reason. The Chipset defaults have been carefully chosen by Award Software or your system manufacturer for the best performance and reliability. Even a seemingly small change to the Chipset setup may cause the system to become unstable.

Main setup Menu

STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIDS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PMP/PCE COMPISURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOAD BIDDS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color

Standard CMOS	Options in the original PC AT compatible BIOS.
BIOS Features	Award Software enhanced BIOS options.
Chipset Features	Options specific to your system chipset.
Power	Advanced Power Management (APM) Management options.
PnP/PCI Configuration	Plug and Play standard and PCI Local Bus configuration options.
Integrated Peripherals	I/O subsystems that depend on the inte- grated peripherals controller in your system.
Supervisor/User Password Setting	Change, set, or disable a password. In BIOS versions that allow separate user and supervisor passwords, only the supervisor password permits access to Setup. The user password generally allows only power-on access.
IDE HDD Auto Detection	Automatically detect and configure IDE hard disk parameters.

Load BIOS for the Defaults	BIOS defaults are factory settings most stable,
minimal-performance syste operations.	em
Load Setup for Defaults mance system operations.	Setup defaults are factory settings optimal-perfor-
Save & Exit CMOS exit Setup.	Save settings in nonvolatile Setup RAM and
Exit Without Setup.	Abandon all changes and exit Save

Standard CMOS setup

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (24434AKB) ONOS SETUP UTDLITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.		
STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUR	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER, PASSWORD	
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION	
PMP/PCE CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS		
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	- + : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color	

When you choose the STANDARD CMOS SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

	5	TAILAR	A BIOS DONDS S FTWARE,))		
Date (nn:dd:yy) : Time (nh:mm:ss) :	red : Nav 17 : 16	12 19 148	9				
prive c : 0 (Drive D : 0 ((Mb) (Mb)	CYLS.	HEADS D D	PRECOMP	LANDZONE 0 0		NORMAL NORMAL
Drive A : None Drive B : None Video : EGA/VGA Hait On : All Erro	rs						
ESC : Quit F1 : Help	ʇ:	Ft)F2	Select Change	ltem Color	PU/PD/4	/- : Modi	fy

This standard setup menu allows users to configure system components such as the date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive, display, and memory. Online help for each field can be accessed by pressing F1.

Date and Time Configuration

The BIOS determines the day of the week from the other date information. This field is for information only.

Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field (date, month, year). Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

The time format is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00 hours. Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field. Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

HARD DISKS

The BIOS supports up to four IDE drives. This section does not show information about other IDE devices, such as a CD-ROM drive, or about other hard drive types, such as SCSI drives.

NOTE: We recommend that you select type AUTO for all drives.

The BIOS can automatically detect the specifications and optimal operating mode of almost all IDE hard drives. When you select type AUTO for a hard drive, the BIOS detects its specifications during POST, every time the system boots.

If you do not want to select drive type AUTO, other methods of selecting the drive type are available:

- 1.Match the specifications of your installed IDE hard drive(s) with the preprogrammed values for drive types 1 through 45.
- 2.Select USER and enter values into each drive parameter field.
- 3.Use the IDE HDD AUTO DECTECTION function in Setup.

Here is a brief explanation of drive specifications:

- •**Type:** The BIOS contains a table of pre-defined drive types. Each defined drive type has a specified number of cylinders, number of heads, write precompensation factor, landing zone, and number of sectors. Drives whose specifications do not accommodate any pre-defined type are classified as type USER.
- •Size: Disk drive capacity (approximate). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.
- Cyls: Number of cylinders
- Head: Number of heads
- Precomp: Write precompensation cylinder
- Landz: Landing zone
- Sector: Number of sectors
- Mode: Auto, Normal, Large, or LBA
 - Auto: The BIOS automatically determines the optimal mode.
 - Normal: Maximum number of cylinders, heads, and sectors supported are 1024, 16, and 63.
 - Large: For drives that do not support LBA and have more than 1024 cylinders.

- LBA (Logical Block Addressing): During drive access, the IDE controller transforms the data address described by sector, head, and cylinder number into a physical block address, significantly improving data transfer rates. For drives with greater than 1024 cylinders.

Drive A Drive B

Select the correct specifications for the diskette drive(s) installed in the computer.

None	No diskette drive installed
None	NO diskelle unve installed
360K, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
1.2M, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
720K, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 mega byte capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 mega byte capacity

Halt On

During the power-on-self-test (POST), the computer stops if the BIOS detects a hardware error. You can tell the BIOS to ignore certain errors during POST and continue the boot-up process. These are the selections:

- No errors: POST does not stop for any errors.
- All errors If: the BIOS detects any non-fatal error, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.
- All, But Keyboard: POST does not stop for a keyboard error, but stops for all other errors
- All, But Diskette: POST does not stop for diskette drive errors, but stops for all other errors.
- All, But Disk/Key: POST does not stop for a keyboard or disk error, but stops for all other errors.

Memory

You cannot change any values in the Memory fields; they are only for your information. The fields show the total installed random access memory (RAM) and amounts allocated to base memory, extended memory, and other (high) memory. RAM is counted in kilobytes (KB: approximately one thousand bytes) and megabytes (MB: approximately one million bytes).

RAM is the computer's working memory, where the computer stores programs and data currently being used, so they are accessible to the CPU. Modern personal computers may contain up to 64 MB, 128 MB, or more.

Base Memory

Typically 640 KB. Also called conventional memory. The DOS operating system and conventional applications use this area.

•Extended Memory

Above the 1-MB boundary. Early IBM personal computers could not use memory above 1 MB, but current PCs and their software can use extended memory.

•Other Memory

Between 640 KB and 1 MB; often called High memory. DOS may load, terminate-and-stay-resident (TSR) programs, such as device drivers, in this area, to free as much conventional memory as possible for applications. Lines in your CONFIG.SYS file that start with LOADHIGH, load programs into high memory.

BIOS features setup

STANDARD CROS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
8305 FEATURES SETUR	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PMP/PCE CONFEGURATEON	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOAD BOOS DEFAULTS	EXET WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
Esc : Ouit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color

By choosing the BIOS FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

BUM PCL/ISA BODS (20434489) BODS FEATURES SETUP Anared Softmare, Inc.		
Uirus Narning CFU Internal Cache Quick Power On Solf Test Buet Sequence Swap Flappy Drive Buet Up Flappy Seek Buet Up Humlock Status Buet Up System Speed Sate A20 Option Memory Parity Check Typematic Nate Setting Typematic Bate (Chars/Sec) Typematic Bate (Chars/Sec) Securite Option	Disabled Off Low Normal Disabled Disabled 6 250	Video BDDS Shadaw : Disabled CCODU-COFFF Shadaw : Disabled CCODU-CFFFF Shadaw : Disabled BOODU-D3FFFF Shadaw : Disabled BOODU-D3FFFF Shadaw : Disabled BOODU-D1FFFF Shadaw : Disabled CODU-DFFFF Shadaw : Disabled Cyrix 6x86/WEI CPUTD: Enabled
PEL/JOR Palette Sucop OS Select For BRMM > 6440 Report No FBD For WEN 95		ESC : Quit Tire : Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Hodify F5 : Old Walnes (Shift)F2 : Color F6 : Lood BINS Defaults F7 : Lood Setup Defaults

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

Virus Warning

When enabled, you receive a warning message if a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive. You should then run an antivirus program. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive.

NOTE: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache/External Cache

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type on up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU.

The External Cache field may not appear if your system does not have external cache memory.

Quick Power On Self Test

Select Enabled to reduce the amount of time required to run the power-on-self-test (POST). A quick POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you normally disable quick POST. Better to find a problem during POST than lose data during your work.

Boot Sequence

The original IBM PCs loaded the DOS operating system from drive A (floppy disk), so IBM PC-compatible systems are designed to search for an operating system first on drive A, and then on drive C (hard disk). However, the BIOS now offers many boot sequence options.

Swap Floppy Drive

This field is effective only in systems with two floppy drives. Selecting enabled assigns physical drive B to logical drive A, and physical drive A to logical drive B.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

When Enabled, the BIOS tests (seeks) floppy drives to determine whether they have 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360-KB floppy drives have 40 tracks; drives with 720 KB, 1.2 MB, and 1.44 MB capacity all have 80 tracks. Because very few modern PCs have 40-track floppy drives, we recommend that you set this field to Disabled to save time.

Boot Up NumLock Status

Toggle between On or Off to control the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. When toggled On, the numeric keypad generates numbers instead of controlling cursor operations.

Gate A20 Option

Gate A20 refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1 MB (extended memory). When set to Fast, the system chipset controls Gate A20. When set to Normal, a pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20. Setting Gate A20 to Fast improves system speed, particularly with OS/2 and Windows.

Security Option

If you have set a password, select whether the password is required every time the System boots, or only when you enter Setup.

Shadow

Software that resides in a read-only memory (ROM) chip on a device is called firmware. The AwardBIOS permits shadowing of firmware such as the system BIOS, video BIOS, and similar operating instructions that come with some expansion peripherals, such as, for example, a SCSI adaptor.

Shadowing copies firmware from ROM into system RAM, where the CPU can read it through the 16-bit or 32-bit DRAM bus. Firmware not shadowed must be read by the system through the 8bit X-bus. Shadowing improves the performance of the system BIOS and similar ROM firmware for expansion peripherals, but it also reduces the amount of high memory (640 KB to 1 MB) available for loading device drivers, etc.

Enable shadowing into each section of memory separately. Many system designers hardwire shadowing of the system BIOS and eliminate a System BIOS Shadow option.

Video BIOS shadows into memory area C0000-C7FFF. The remaining areas shown on the BIOS Features Setup screen may be occupied by other expansion card firmware. If an expansion peripheral in your system contains ROM-based firmware, you need to know the address range the ROM occupies to shadow it into the correct area of RAM.

Cyrix 6x86/MII CPU-ID

CPU identification is the personal identity or fingerprint of your CPU. Every computer or CPU driven device has this fuction. This information provides the end user with the type and speed of the CPU. The CPU identification is shown on screen everytime you boot your computer.

• Enable CPU-ID will allow you the end user to view your CPU identification number everytime you boot your computer.

• Disable CPU-ID will not allow you the end user to view your CPU identification number when you boot your computer, however this allows your computer the ability to boot faster because the computer has one less task to run.

CHIPSET features setup

STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSMORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOAD BIDS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
sc : quit 10 : Save & Exit Setup	[]

By choosing the CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

ROM PCI/ISA 6308 (24434AK6) CHIPSET FEATURES SETUR AAARD SOFTWARE, INC.		
SORAM CAS latency Time : AUTO SORAM Clock Watio Div By : 4		
16-bit I/O Recovery (CLK): 1 8-bit I/O Recovery (CLK): 1		
USB Controller : Disabled		
	ESC: Quit 11++: Select Item FL: Http: FU/FD/4/-: Modify FS: Old Values (Shift)F2: Color F6: Load ESCS Defaults F7: Load Setup Defaults	

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as SDRAM. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

Because of the complexity and technical nature of some of the options, not all of the options are described here.

SDRAM CAS Latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, you can control the number of CLKs between when the SDRAMs sample a read command and when the contoller samples read data from the SDRAMs. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer.

8/16 Bit I/O Recovery Time

The I/O recovery mechanism adds bus clock cycles between PCIoriginated I/O cycles to the ISA bus. This delay takes place because the PCI bus is so much faster than the ISA bus.

These two fields let you add recovery time (in bus clock cycles) for 16-bit and 8-bit I/O.

Power management setup

STANDARD CNOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WETHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(shift)F2 : Change Color

By choosing the POWER MANAGEMENT option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

	RUN PCI/ISA Poner Namasi Anard Suffr	
HDD Pover Down HDDEN Use IBQ	: User Define : Disabled : Disabled : NN : 12.5 %	1011 (ReyBeard) : NFF 1013 (CDH 2) : NFF 1014 (CDH 1) : NFF 1015 (CFT 2) : NFF 1015 (CFT 1) : NFF 1017 (CFT 1) : NFF 1017 (CFT 1) : NFF 1019 (INQ2 Redir) : NFF 10110 (Reserved) : NFF 10111 (Reserved) : NFF 10112 (PS-2 Meace) : NFF 10114 (Reserved) : NFF 10115 (Reserved) : NFF 100114 (Iard Disk) : NFF 100115 (Reserved) : NFF 100115 : Nelp : Nelp 100115 : Nelp : Nelp

Power Management

This option allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving for Doze, Standby, and Suspend modes.

This table describes each power management mode:

Max Saving	Maximum power savings. Only Available for SL CPUs. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode.
User Define	Set each mode individually. Select time-out periods in the section for each mode, below.
Min Saving	Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is1 hour in each mode (except the hard drive).

Doze Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock throttles to a small percentage of its duty cycle — between 10 percent and 25 percent for most chipsets. All other devices still operate at full speed.

Standby mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock stops, the board drive enters an idle state, and the L2 cache enters a power-save mode. All other devices still operate at full speed.

HDD Power Down

After the selected period of drive inactivity, any system IDE devices compatible with the ATA-2 specification or later power manage themselves, putting themselves into an idle state after the specified timeout and then waking themselves up when accessed.

MODEM Use IRQ

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system.

Throttle Duty Cycle

When the system enters Doze mode, the CPU clock runs only part of the time. You may select the percent of time that the clock runs.

PNP/PCI configuration setup

NOM PCI/ISA BIDS (2A434AAB) OMOS SETUP UTILITY ANARD SOFTWARE, INC.		
STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION	
PHP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WETHOUT SAVENS	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS		
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(shift)F2 : Change Color	

By choosing the PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

ROM PCI/ISA EDOS (24434AKE) PNP/PCI COMPIGURATION AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.		
PWP OS Installed : Mo Resources Controlled By : Auto Reset Configuration Data : Disabled	PCI IRQ Actived By : Edge ESC : Quit 11 : Select Itee F1 : Help FU/PQ/4/- : Modify F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color F6 : Load 8105 Defaults F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

PNP OS Installed

Select Yes if the system operating environment is Plug-and-Play aware (e.g., Windows 95).

Resources Controlled By

The Plug and Play AwardBIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play-compatible devices. If you select Auto, all the interrupt request (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

PCI IRQ Activated by

Leave the IRQ trigger set at Level unless the PCI device assigned to the interrupt specifies Edge-triggered interrupts.

Load BIOS defaults/Load setup defaults

LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS loads the default system values directly from ROM. The BIOS DEFAULTS provides the most stable settings, though they do not provide optimal performance. LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS, on the other hand, provides for maximum system performance. If the stored record created by the setup utility becomes corrupted (and therefore unusable), BIOS defaults will load automatically when you turn the PCM-4897 on.

ROM PCL/ISA EDOS (2A194A/8) CHOS SETUP UTILITY RARE SOFTWARE, INC.		
STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
POWER, MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION	
PHP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP	
LOAD BOOS DEFAULTS	EKIT WITHOUT SAVING	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS		
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(shift)F2 : Change Color	

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (ZAMIMAKE) OMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.		
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
POVER WANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP	
LOAD BIDS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS		
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	[]++ : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color	

Integrated peripherals setup

ROM PCI/ICA BIDG (2A414AKB) OMOS SULVE UTILITY ANARD SOFTWARE, INC.	
STANDARD CMC6 SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIDS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PMP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOAD BIDS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
ESC : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color

By choosing the INTEGRATD PERIPHERALS option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (204340K9) Integrated peripherals Anard Softnare, inc.		
IDE HOO Block Mode Primary IDE Channel	: Disabled : Disabled	Build in CPU Audio : Disabled
IDE Primary Naster UDMA IDE Primary Slave UDMA RBC input clock Unboard FIC Controller Inboard Serial Part 1 Unboard Serial Part 2 UR2 Mode Unboard Parallel Part Parallel Port Mode ECF Mode Use DMA Unboard Serial Part 3 Unboard Serial Part 4		Video Memory Size : 1.0 H TV Output Hode : MISC Flat Panel Status : Disabled Flat Panel Desolution : 640x400 Panel Clock Freq. : 60 Hz Onboard Lan Disable : Yes

IDE HDD Block Mode

Select Enabled only if your hard drives support block mode.

IDE PIO Modes (Primary Master/Slave)

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of up to four IDE devices that the internal PCI IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

IDE Primary Master/Slave UDMA

UDMA (Ultra DMA) is a DMA data transfer protocol that utilizes ATA commands and the ATA bus to allow DMA commands to transfer data at a maximum burst rate of 33 MB/s. When you select Auto in the four IDE UDMA fields (for each of up to four IDE devices that the internal PCI IDE interface supports), the system automatically determines the optimal data transfer rate for each IDE device.

RING POWER ON Controller Onboard FDC Controller

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.

Onboard Serial Ports (1, 2, 3, 4)

Normally, the main board's I/O chips will occupy a certain portion of memory space. For each I/O device the computer provides an I/O address. The more devices attached the more address needed to organize the memory storage areas. If all the I/O devices were run through the same address, your devices would come to a near halt. By providing the end user with four serial ports this allows devices to run more efficiently if needed.

Selections of logical COM port addresses are as follows. (3F8H, 3E8H, 2F8H, 2E8H)

ECP Mode Use DMA Select a DMA channel for the port.

Multiple Monitor Support Choose priority of the VGA function from PCI slot or onboard.

Video Memory size Share memory from DIMM, from 1.5MB to 4MB.

TV Output mode Support NTSC or PAL system.

Flat Panel Resolution Onboard support TFT LCD as below.

640x480

800x600

1024x768

Supervisor/User password setting

You can set either SUPERVISOR or USER PASSWORD, or both of them. The difference between the two is that the supervisor password allows unrestricted access to enter and change the options of the setup menus, while the user password only allows entry to the program, but not modify options.

STANDARD CMC6 SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIDS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSAGRD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER. PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PMP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP
LOAD BIDS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
Esc : quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color

STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIDS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
PONER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOND BIDS DEFAULTS	EXET WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
: : Quit 3 : Save & Exit Setup	1 - + : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color

When you select this function, a message appears at the center of the screen:

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press Enter. Typing a password clears any previously entered password from CMOS memory.

Now the message changes:

CONFIRM PASSWORD:

Again, type the password and press Enter.

To abort the process at any time, press Esc.

In the Security Option item in the BIOS Features Setup screen, select System or Setup:

- **System** Enter a password each time the system boots and when ever you enter Setup.
- **Setup** Enter a password when ever you enter Setup.

NOTE: To clear the password, simply press Enter when asked to enter a password. Then the password function is disabled.

IDE HDD auto detection

The IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION utility can automatically detect the IDE hard disk installed in your system. You can use it to selfdetect and/or correct the hard disk type configuration. You need to repeat the setup for each of the IDE combinations:

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (24434400) OMOS SETUP UTILITY ANARO SOFTWARE, INC.		
STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIDS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
POWER PANAGEMENT SETUP	ICE HED AUTO DETECTION	
PMP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP	
LOAD BIDS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS		
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	+ + : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color	

Save & exit setup

If you select this option and press <ENTER>, the values entered in the setup utility will be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.

Exit without saving

If you select this option and press <ENTER>, the values entered in the setup utility will be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.

ROM PCI/ISA EDOS (24434ARE) ONOS SETUP UTILITY AMARD SOFTWARE, INC.		
STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD	
POWER, MANAGERENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION	
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS		
Esc : Quit Fl0 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color	

DRIVERS INSTALLATION

AUDIO

This PCM-4898 is equipped with an audio interface that records and playback CD-quality audio. This chapter provides instructions for installing the software drivers on the included CDROM.

ETHERNET

Intel 82559 Ethernet Mux Driver for VxWorks *5.3.1/5.4 Installation

Software drivers

This chapter describes the operation and installation of the display drivers supplied on the *Supporting CD-ROM* that are shipped with your product.

The onboard VGA adapter is based on the Cx5530 VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller. This controller offers a large set of extended functions and higher resolutions. If you intend to use your VGA adapter in standard VGA modes only, you do not need to install any of these drivers. Since your VGA adapter is fully compatible, it does not require any special drivers to operate in standard modes.

The purpose of the enclosed software drivers is to take advantage of the extended features of the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller.

Hardware configuration

Some of the high-resolution drivers provided in this package will work only in certain system configurations. If a driver does not display correctly, try the following:

- 1. Change the display controller to CRT-only mode, rather than flat panel or simultaneous display mode. Some high-resolution drivers will display correctly only in CRT mode.
- 2. If a high-resolution mode is not supported on your system, try using a lower-resolution mode. For example, 1024 x 768 mode will not work on some systems, but 800 x 600 mode is supported on most.

Necessary prerequisites

The instructions in this manual assume that you understand elementary concepts of MS-DOS and the IBM Personal Computer. Before you attempt to install any driver from the *Supporting CD-ROM*, you should:

- Know how to copy files from a CD-ROM to a directory on the hard disk
- Understand the MS-DOS directory structure

If you are uncertain about any of these concepts, please refer to the DOS or OS/2 user reference guides for more information *before* you proceed with the installation.

Before you begin

Make sure you know the version of the application for which you are installing drivers. The *Supporting CD-ROM* contain drivers for several versions of certain applications. For your driver to operate properly, you must install the driver for your version of the application program.

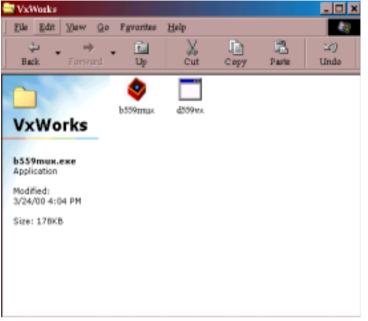
Installing VGA and Audio Driver

PCM-4898 has a built in CX 5530 chipset that offers VGA and Audio interface. The installation for VGA and Audio are automatic. Simply, install the provided CD into the CD-ROM drive and select, **my computer**. Click on the CD-ROM drive in the opened window. Find the VGA and Audio file named **Cyrix Media GX Certified Win9x Driver 4.0**, and double click on the file. The file will open up and offer a **set up wizard**. Follow the instructions and click on the corresponding buttons and the VGA and Audio features will self install. Shutdown afterwards to ensure proper installation.

Installing Lan Driver

First you must unzip the Lan Intel 82559ER file on the CD-ROM. If the file is already unzipped, proceed with the installtion. There are two main files needed for installation **b559mux and d559vx**. Choose and click on **my computer**, from there select your CD-ROM drive. Find the two file names from above and select **enter**. The following three pages show installation directions. Follow the same steps for both files and your LAN driver will have been installed. Shut down afterwards to ensure proper installation.

Ethernet Installation



After installing the provided CD in the CD-ROM player this widow will appear. Double click on the *b559mus* icon to proceed with the installation. The file name for ethernet installation is 82559ER, in the 82559erdrivers16.zip.

Ethernet Installation

Intel(R) 82559 Etherno	t MUX Driver for VxWorks* 5.3.	1/5.4 - Installatio
	Please enter the folder where the files If the folder does not exist, you will be Installation Folder	
		Br <u>o</u> wse
InstallShield		
	< <u>B</u> ack. Finish	Cancel

This window is asking for a folder location on your computer to save this new *Ethernet download*. In this situation the preselected folder is the C:folder. If you choose to change the folder location simple double click the *Browse* icon and make your selection. To proceed with the installation, simply double click on the *Finish* icon.



This is the final step in the Ethernet installation. Simply double click on the *YES* icon to finalize the installation.

Driver installation

- Install Windows^Õ NT 4.0 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Start buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into the CD-ROM drive. In the *Select Device* window, click on **Have Disk**, select "**Browse**" and find the NT 4.0 driver from:

"cd-rom" : the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

and then click OK. The name of the *CCryix Xpress GRAPHICS(TM)* driver will appear highlighted in the Modules list box. Select Gx5530 and Click **OK**. Click **OK** to start the driver installation.

- Once the installation is complete, the *Change Display Type* window will reappear. Click on close to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Click on Apply. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect.
- 4. There are five files (gx.dll, gx.sys, gx.inf, gx.vid, license.pdf) in the

Windows NT 4.0 system.

Driver installation

Must Disable the MPU-401 function first, In your BIOS

- Install Windows^Õ NT 4.0 as you normally would for a Audio driver display. Click the Start button, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the multimedia and double click on the icon. In the Multimedia window, click the device button, then click the add button in the device window. Select the unlisted or updated driver, then click on the OK button. The next window will ask for a specific drive location and file name. The audio driver will be found in the CD-ROM player under the Audio section. After you have found the location of your audio drive, click OK.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM dirve. In the *Select Device* window, click on **Have Disk**, select "**Browse**" and find the NT 4.0 driver from:

 $cd\-rom: \CD ROM\mbox{model name}\dirver\audio driver\win98 nt\windows.nt\nt40\Oemsetup.inf$

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

Once you have found the audio driver, click **OK**. Next an add unlisted or updated driver window will appear, there will be a message reading National Xpress Audio (TM) Driver, click **OK**.

AN I/O window will appear next asking for the address number, type in **220** and click on the continue **button**. The very next window is the Xpress Audio Configuration window. In the bottom of the page there is a MPU 401 I/O Address, select the **disable** function and click **OK**.

The audio driver has been installed please restart your system.

Driver installation

- Install Windows^o NT 4.0 as you normally would for a Lan driver display. Click the Start buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Network and double click on the icon. In the Network window, click the Yes, want to install button. Then a wired to network window will appearclick the Next button. A select from list window will then appear click on the choose from disk option. Once the address has been found on the CD-ROM address click OK.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM drive. The file name can be found under the Driver section on the CD-ROM.

"cd-rom" : the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

and then click OK.

In the next widow INTEL (R) GD82559ER Evaluation Adapter will appear, click **OK.**

The next window will be asking for Network Protocal information select the desired options and click, **next**.

3. Once the installation is complete, check under the Network windows in the control panel option to verify your LAN driver has been installed.

Programming the Watchdog Timer

The PCM-4898 is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for whatever reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial standalone, or unmanned, environments.

Programming the watchdog timer

Watchdog timer

The watchdog timer uses a EPLD (erasable programmable logical device) to program the WatchDog function. The time range is from 1 second to 255 seconds. When timer times out, a system reset will happen.

Configuration register

The watchdog timer of PCM-4898 is located in a IC on the board. If you want to use it, you have to know how to reset the timer. The procedure is as follows.

Use the debug (DOS command) under DOS

-O 444 0 ==> set watchdog reset function

It means that it will reset after it counts 5 seconds

-O 443 FF	==> set the maximum, 255 seconds

-O 4432 ==> it will occur IRQ15 pulse

It means that it will have a IRQ 15 pulse after 255 seconds

The IRQ (interrupt request) value is an assigned location where the computer can expect a particular device to interrupt it when the device sends the computer signals about its operation. For example, when a printer has finished printing, it sends an interrupt signal to the computer. The signal momentarily interrupts the computer so that it can decide what processing to do next. Since multiple signals to the computer on the same interrupt line might not be understood by the computer, a unique value must be specified for each device and its path to the computer.