

Revision 1.2

TYAN S1668
Dual Pentium Pro ATX
440FX PCI-ISA System Board
User's Manual



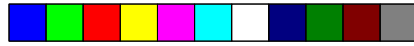
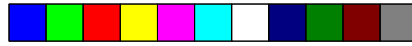


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1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

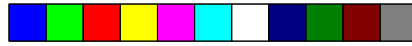
The S1668 is a quality, high performance dual processor mainboard based on the powerful Intel Pentium Pro microprocessors. This mainboard is designed around the latest and fastest Intel 440FX chipset and can support CPU speeds of 150MHz through 200MHz.

The S1668 supports EDO memory, Burst EDO, ECC and memory parity checking. The S1668's PCI Local Bus provides high performance capabilities that are ideal for a wide range of demanding applications such as: CAD, CAM, CAE, networking, multi-user environments, database management, desktop publishing, image processing and 3D animation.

This integrated system board achieves the highest reliability and features the industry standard "ATX" form factor. Some of the features included are: on-board dual channel PCI IDE, on-board floppy controller, on-board high speed I/O, Universal Serial Bus and on-board PS/2 mouse connector.

Flexibility and expandability have been designed into the S1668. With I/O and drive controller support built on-board, the five PCI and three ISA (One ISA and one PCI as a shared slot) slots are free for add-on expansion cards. With eight SIMM sockets, the S1668 can provide a very flexible memory configuration of 8MB to 1024MB of RAM. With the S1668's support for dual Pentium Pro processors, you can start a system with just one CPU, and later add another, when more processing power is required.

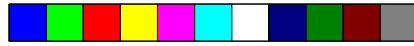
Remember to take a look at Tyan Computers web site located at <http://www.tyan.com>. Here you can find information on all of Tyan's products along with FAQ's, distributors list, drivers and CMOS setting explanations.



1.2 Hardware Specifications/Features

- ◆CPU Intel Pentium Pro 150 thru 200 MHz (Socket 8)
(Single or Dual CPU configuration)
- ◆Coprocesor On-chip floating point unit
- ◆Speed 60/66 MHz system bus
30/33 MHz PCI bus
7.5/8.33 MHz ISA bus speed
- ◆DRAM 4 double banks of 72 pin SIMM sockets
Supports 5V or 3.3V memory
Supports BEDO(Burst Extended Data Out)
Supports EDO(Extended Data Out) DRAMs
Supports ECC(Error Correcting Code)w/ parity
Supports Fast Page Mode DRAMs
Supports 8MB to 1024MB of DRAMs
- ◆L2 Cache 256/512KB 2nd level cache in CPU
- ◆EIDE Controller Primary and secondary PCI EIDE channels on board for support of up to four EIDE Mode 0 through Mode 4 drives.Supports DMA mode 1 and 2.
- ◆Enhanced I/O Multi-mode bi-directional parallel port that supports standard, EPP and ECP modes.
Supports 16550 compatible UARTS for on-board high speed serial ports.
Support for an IrDA compliant InfraRed interface.
On-board floppy controller.
On-board USB(Universal Serial Port).
- ◆Mouse On-board PS/2 mouse connector.
- ◆I/O Bus Slots 5 Master/Slave PCI-Bus
3 ISA Bus (One ISA and one PCI shared slot)





1.3 Software Specifications

- ◆BIOS Award or AMI BIOS
AT CMOS setup, BIOS/CHIPSET setup,
and hard disk utility included.
Support for easy BIOS upgrades with flash
EEPROM chip.

- ◆O.S. Operates with MS-DOS, Windows 3.x, Windows
for Work Groups 3.x, Windows 95, Windows NT,
OS/2, Novell Netware, Novell UnixWare 1.1 and
SCO Unix.

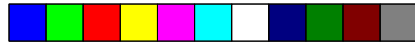
1.3 Environment

Ambient Temperature	0 to +50 C (operating)
Relative Humidity	0 to +85% (operating)
Altitude	0 to 10,000 feet (operating)
Vibration	0 to 1,000 Hz
Voltage	4.9 to 5.2 V

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2. Board Installation

2.1 Unpacking

The mainboard package should contain the following:

- ◆S1668 Mainboard
- ◆One IDE 40 pin cable
- ◆One 34 pin floppy cable
- ◆User's Manual
- ◆Optional VRM(Voltage Regulator Module)

The mainboard contains sensitive electric components which can be easily damaged by static electricity, so the mainboard should be left in its original packaging until it is ready to be installed.

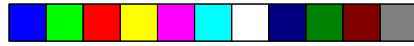
With the power supply plugged in and turned off touch an unpainted area of the system chassis immediately before handling the mainboard or any component. Doing so discharges the static charge your body may have built.

After opening the mainboard carton, extract the system board holding it by its edges ,and place it only on a grounded anti-static surface, component side up. Inspect the board for damage. Press down on all of the socket IC's to make sure that they are properly seated. Do this only with the board placed on an anti-static mat. Do not touch the bottom of the board.

DO NOT APPLY POWER TO THE BOARD IF IT HAS BEEN DAMAGED!

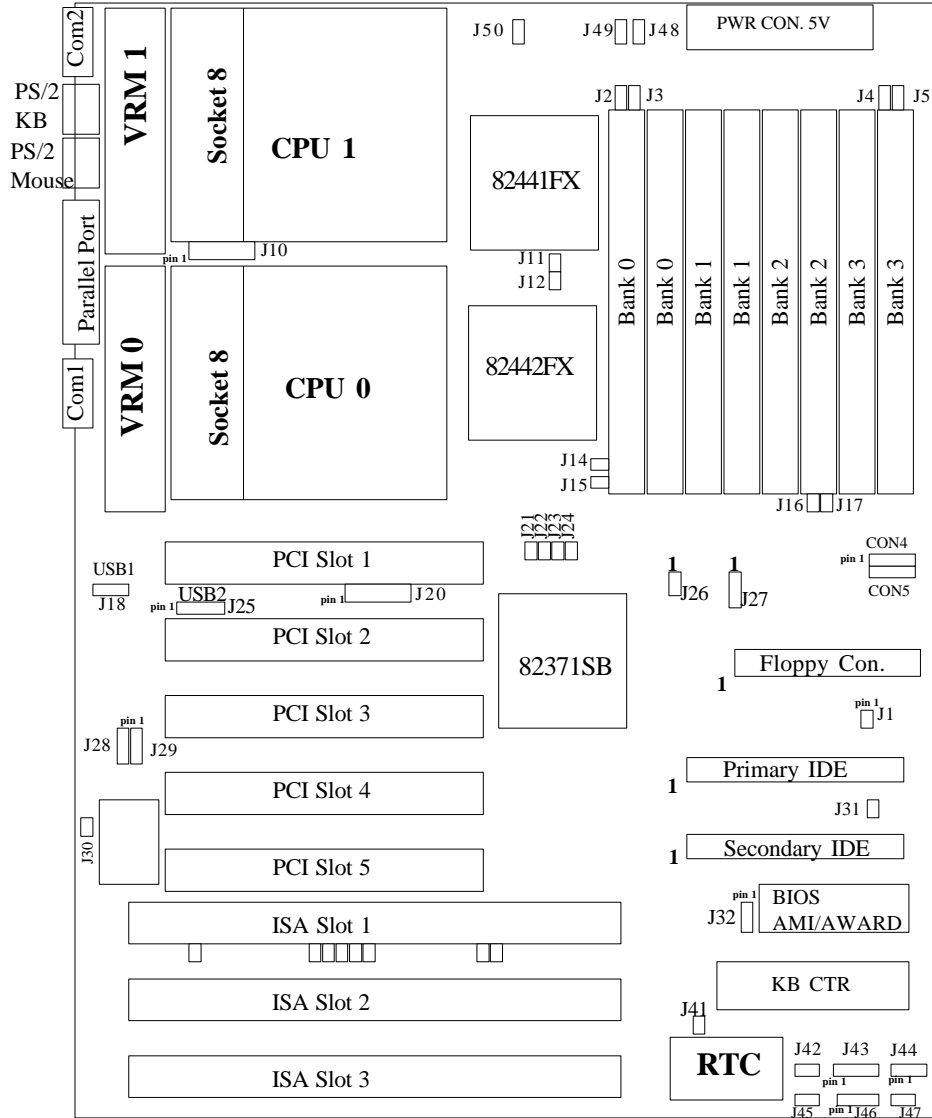
2.2 Installation

You are now ready to install your mainboard. The mounting hole pattern of the S1668 matches the ATX system board spec. It is assumed that the chassis is for a standard ATX mainboard form factor.



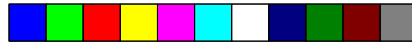
3. On Board Resource Setting

Figure 3.1 S1668 ATX Board Layout



Factory Default(do not change) Rev02 PCB

J31 off
 J48 off
 J49 off



3.2 Jumper Settings:

CPU Speed: J27, J21, J22, J23, and J24

CPU Speed	J27	J21	J22	J23	J24	J11	J12
150MHz	3-4	off	on	on	on	on	off
166MHz	1-2	off	on	on	on	off	on
180MHz	3-4	on	off	on	on	on	off
200MHz	1-2	on	off	on	on	off	on

Host Bus Speed/PCI Bus Speed: J27

Host Speed	PCI Speed	J27	J11	J12
60MHz	30MHz	3-4	on	off
66.67MHz	33.33MHz	1-2	off	on

CPU Clock Multiplier: J21, J22, J23 and J24

Multiplier	J21	J22	J23	J24
X2	off	off	off	off
X2.5	off	on	on	on
X3	on	off	on	on
X3.5	off	off	on	on
X4	on	on	off	on

CMOS Resest/Password Reset: J41(Default off)

If you forget your CMOS password or need to reset the CMOS registers, just power off the system and close jumper J41 for five seconds. Then open jumper J41 and power on the system. This will set the CMOS and password back to the system default.

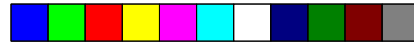
DRAM Voltage: J2, J3, J14, J15, J4, J5, J16 and J17(Default 5V)

(Some EDO memory is 3.3V)

Voltage	J2	J3	J14	J15	J4	J5	J16	J17
3.3V	on	on	on	on	off	off	off	off
5V	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on

Warning, damage to system can result if set incorrectly!





I/O Selection: J28 & J29

	J28	J29	
For COM 1 and 2	1-2	1-2	Default
For InfraRed	2-3	2-3	

Speaker Connector: J43

Pinout Assignments	
1	Speaker out
2	Ground
3	Ground
4	+ 5V

Keylock Connector: J44

Pins 1 to 3 for power LED.

Pins 4 and 5 for Keylock

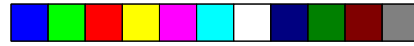
Pinout Assignments	
1	Led Output
2	No Connect
3	Ground
4	Keylock
5	Ground

Turbo Switch: J47 (Non-Turbo Mode Not Supported)

HDD LED: J46

Pinout Assignments	
1	Cathode
2	Anode
3	Cathode
4	Anode

Pins 1 and 2 are for primary IDE channel.
Pins 3 and 4 are for secondary IDE channel.



Reset Connector: J45

Pinout Assignment	
1	Power Good
2	Ground

Turbo LED Connector: J42

Pinout Assignment	
1	Cathode
2	Anode

Flash EEPROM: J32(Default 5V)

This jumper should be left at the factory default.

Voltage	J32
5V	1-2 (default)
12V	2-3

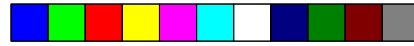
InfraRed Interface: Con4 and Con5

Pinout	Assignment
1	Signal In
2	Gnd
3	Signal Out
4	VCC

Super I/O Type: J26

Type	J26
665IR	1-2
669IR	2-3

This setting depends on what type of SMC I/O chip is installed on the board. This jumper is set at the factory and should not be changed.



Soft Power On Switch: J1

Pinout Assignment	
1	Soft Power On
2	Ground

CPU FAN Power: J49 and J50

Pinout Assignment	
1	12Volts
2	Ground

3.3 CMOS RTC

CMOS RTC includes an internal battery and Real Time Clock circuit. It provides the date and the time for the system. Normally the life span of a RTC internal battery is 10 years. When replacing, you should use the same model.

3.4 Speaker Connector Installation

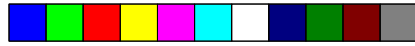
S1668 provides a 4-Pin header (J43) to connect the speaker. The polarity can go either way.

3.5 Turbo Switch

The front panel on your case may have a turbo switch to control system speed when slower program execution is required for software developed in the old XT days. The Intel 44FX chipset doesn't support a de-turbo mode, but the S1668 has a connector (J47) for the cable that may come with the case.

3.6 Turbo LED Connector Installation

The TURBO LED on the front case panel can indicate the current speed status of the system. The TURBO LED connector should be installed to J42 in the correct direction.



3.7 Hardware Reset Switch Connector Installation

The RESET switch on your cases' display panel provides users with the HARDWARE RESET function which is the same as power on/off. The system will do a cold start after the RESET switch is pushed by the user. The RESET switch is a 2 pin connector and should be installed on jumper J45.

3.8 Flash EEPROM-Jumper J32

The S1668 uses flash memory to store BIOS data. It can be updated as new versions of the BIOS becomes available. The flash utility will guide you through the process step by step. If your system is functioning properly, you may want to forego updating your BIOS in the event the new one causes problems with your existing hardware and software.

J32 determines which type of EPROM is used. This jumper has been set to match the on board BIOS chip. The factory default for the S1668 is on pins 1-2.

Refer to chapter 6 for Flash EEPROM upgrade procedures.

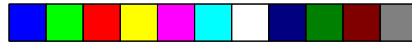
3.9 Hardware CMOS & Password Reset

(The following steps are valid provided the board has a DS12887A RTC)

If you have been locked out of your system because you forgot your password or set the CMOS incorrectly, follow the instructions below.

- a. Power off the system
- b. Short jumper J41.
- c. Wait for 5 seconds then remove the jumper from J41.
- d. Then power on the system again.

By doing the above procedures, your password will be erased and the CMOS will be reset to the BIOS defaults.



3.10 DRAM Installation

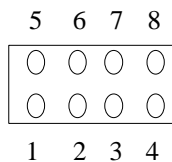
The S1668 uses a 64-bit data path from memory to CPU and can accommodate up to 1024 MB of RAM. The mainboard supports standard, EDO (Extended Data Out) and ECC(Error Correcting Code) 72 pin SIMMS . All installed memory will be automatically detected so there is no need to set jumpers.

- ◆SIMM modules must be installed in pairs.
- ◆Each pair of SIMMs must be of the same size and type.
- ◆The mainboard supports 1, 2, 4, 8, 16x32 or 32MBx32 SIMMS.
- ◆The table on the following page shows some of the available memory configurations.

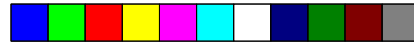
Voltage ID for Older Pentium Pro CPU's: J10 and J20

Most Pentium Pro CPU's will program the VRM to output the correct voltage it requires, so these jumper are not important and should be left open. Some early versions of the Pentium Pro cannot program the VRM so you have to set these jumper manually.

J10 and J20 each have eight pins and are numbered as follows.

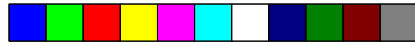


Pin #	4-8	3-7	2-6	1-5
3.5V	on	on	on	on
3.4V	on	on	on	off
3.3V	on	on	off	on
3.2V	on	on	off	off
3.1V	on	off	on	on
3.0V	on	off	on	off
2.9V	on	off	off	on
2.8V	on	off	off	off
2.7V	off	on	on	on
2.6V	off	on	on	off
2.5V	off	on	off	on
2.4V	off	on	off	off
2.3V	off	off	on	on
2.2V	off	off	on	off
2.1V	off	off	off	on
Default	off	off	off	off



Memory Table

Bank 0	Bank 1	Bank 2	Bank 3	Total
4MB x2	none	none	none	8MB
8MB x2	none	none	none	16MB
4MB x2	4MB x2	none	none	16MB
8MB x2	8MB x2	none	none	32MB
4MB x2	4MB x2	4MB x2	4MB x2	32MB
16MB x2	none	none	none	32MB
16MB x2	16MB x2	none	none	64MB
32MB x2	none	none	none	64MB
64MB x2	none	none	none	128MB
16MB x2	16MB x2	16MB x2	16MB x2	128MB
32MB x2	32MB x2	none	none	128MB
32MB x2	32MB x2	32MB x2	none	192MB
32MB x2	32MB x2	32MB x2	32MB x2	256MB
64MB x2	64MB x2	none	none	256MB
128MB x2	none	none	none	256MB
64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	none	384MB
64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	512MB
128MB x2	128MB x2	none	none	512MB
128MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	640MB
128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	none	768MB
128MB x2	128MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	768MB
128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	32MB x2	832MB
128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	64MB x2	896MB
128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	1024MB

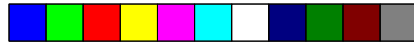


3.11 CPU Installation

Many types of Pentium Pro (150 thru 200 MHz) CPUs can be used on the S1668. Please refer to the previous pages for the correct CPU jumper settings for your board.

- ◆ The CPU is a sensitive electronic component and it can be easily damaged by static electricity. Do not touch the CPU pins with your fingers.
- ◆ When installing the CPU into the socket, match the CPU pins to the socket pins.
- ◆ Before the CPU is installed, the mainboard must be placed on a flat plane in order to avoid being broken by the pressure of CPU insertion.
- ◆ **A cooling fan and heat sink assembly is required to protect the CPU from being damaged.**

1. Make sure the ZIF socket lever is up. To raise the lever, pull it out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go. The top plate will slide back.
2. Align the CPU and socket Pin 1 corners. The pins on the bottom of the CPU should align with the rows of holes in the socket.
3. Insert the CPU in the socket. It should insert easily. If it does not, adjust the position of the lever a little.
4. Press the lever down. The top plate will slide forward. You will feel some resistance as the pressure starts to secure the CPU in the socket. This is normal and will not damage the CPU. When the CPU is installed, the lever should snap into place at the side of the socket in the down position.



3.12 VRM Installation

The VRM is required for the Pentium Pro to work. The CPU will program the VRM for the correct voltage needed. No jumper settings are needed, just install the VRM into the VRM socket nearest the CPU that is being installed. The VRM can only fit in the socket one way so there is no danger of installing it incorrectly. Not all VRM's will work in the S1668. Make sure you purchased a qualified VRM.

- ◆ VRM socket 0 is for CPU socket 0.
- ◆ VRM socket 1 is for CPU socket 1.

3.13 Peripheral Device Installation

After all the jumpers on the mainboard have been set, then it can be mounted into the case. Then proceed to install the display card and any other peripheral devices.

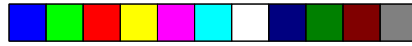
If a PCI-Bus interface card is to be installed in the system, any one of the four PCI-Bus slots can support either a Master or a Slave device.

After installing the peripheral controller, the user should check everything again, and prepare to power-on the system.

3.14 Connecting the Power Supply & On/Off Switch

The system power supply connectors on the mainboard is for a standard ATX power supply. It can only be plugged in one way and should install in easily.

ATX cases have an on/off switch that can be used to turn on or off the ATX powersupply without having to use the switch that is on the back of the powersupply. Use jumper J1 is for the on/off button from the system case.



4. BIOS Configuration

Award's BIOS has a built in setup program that allows the user to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in the battery-backed CMOS SRAM. **Entering incorrect information or forgetting your password can lock you out of your system.(refer to 3.15 for resetting of CMOS)**

4.1. Entering Setup

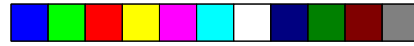
Power ON the computer and press immediately and you will enter Setup. The other way to enter setup is to power on the computer, when the below message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the post (Power On Self Test), press key or simultaneously press <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Esc> keys.

* TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF then ON or by pressing "Reset" on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time, the system will not boot and an error message will appear on the screen. You will be asked to,

* PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL TO ENTER SETUP.

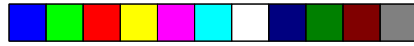
Figure 4.1 will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from the 8 setup functions and 2 exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter each sub-menu.



4.2. Control Keys

PgUp key	Increases the numeric value or make changes
PgDn key	Decreases the numeric value or make changes
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2 key	Change color from a total of 16 colors
F3 key	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
F4 key	Reserved
F5 key	Restore the previous CMOS value, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F6 key	Load defaults
F8 key	Reserved
F9 key	Reserved
F10 key	Save all CMOS changes, only for Main Menu





4.3. Getting Help

4.3.1. Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

4.3.2. Setup Page menu/Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted items. To exit the Help Window, press <Esc>.

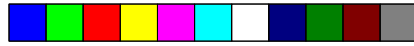
4.4. The Main Menu

Once you enter the Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 4.4) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from the eight setup functions and 2 exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

Figure 4.4: Main Menu

ROM ISA BIOS (2A59CT51)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERAL
BIOS FEATURED SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT	IDE HDD AUTO DETECT
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE AND EXIT
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
ESC : Save & Exit Setup	↑ ↓ → ← :Select Item
F10 : Quit	(Shift)F2 :Change Color
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type,.....	



- ◆ **Standard CMOS setup**

This setup page includes all the items in a standard compatible BIOS.

- ◆ **BIOS features setup**

This setup page includes all of the enhanced features of Award's BIOS.

- ◆ **Chipset features setup**

This setup page includes all the items of the 430HX chipset features.

- ◆ **Power Management setup**

Change, set, or disable system power management options

- ◆ **PNP/PCI Configuration**

This setup page allows you to modify the configuration of PCI slot parameters.

- ◆ **Load setup defaults**

BIOS defaults indicate the most appropriate values of each system parameter for your system.

- ◆ **Supervisor/User Password**

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup.

- ◆ **Integrated Peripherals**

This option lets the you enable or disable on board FDD, HDD, and I/O options.

- ◆ **IDE HDD auto detection**

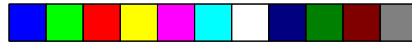
Automatically configure hard disk parameters.

- ◆ **Save and exit setup**

Save changes to CMOS and exit setup

- ◆ **Exit without saving**

Abandon all CMOS changes and exit setup.



4.5. Standard CMOS Setup Menu

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu (Figure 4.5) are divided into 9 categories. Each category includes one or more setup items. Use the arrows to highlight the item and use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want for each item.

Figure 4.5: Standard CMOS Setup Menu

ROM ISA BIOS (2A59CT51)																	
STANDARD CMOS SETUP																	
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.																	
Date (mm:dd:yy) : Tue, Dec 7 1995																	
Time (hh:mm:ss) : 18 : 01 : 38																	
	Type	Size	CYLS.	HEADS.	PRECOMP.	LANDZONE	SECTORS										
Primary Master :	none	0mb	0	0	0	0	0										
Primary Slave:	none	0mb	0	0	0	0	0										
Secondary Master:	none	0mb	0	0	0	0	0										
Secondary Slave:	none	0mb	0	0	0	0	0										
Drive A : 1.44 M, 3.5 in.				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Base Memory:</td> <td>640 K</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Extended Memory:</td> <td>7168 K</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Expanded Memory:</td> <td>0 K</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other Memory:</td> <td>384 K</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Memory:</td> <td>8192 K</td> </tr> </table>				Base Memory:	640 K	Extended Memory:	7168 K	Expanded Memory:	0 K	Other Memory:	384 K	Total Memory:	8192 K
Base Memory:	640 K																
Extended Memory:	7168 K																
Expanded Memory:	0 K																
Other Memory:	384 K																
Total Memory:	8192 K																
Drive B : 1.2 M, 5.25 in.																	
Video : EGA/VGA																	
Halt On : All errors																	
ESC: Quit		↑ → ↓ ← : Select Item		PU/PD/+/-: Modify													
F1: Help		(Shift)F2: Change Color		F3: Toggle Calendar													

◆ Date

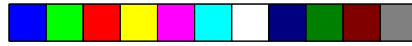
The date format is <month>, <day>, <year>. Press <F3> to show the calendar.

◆ Time

The time format is <hours>, <minutes>, <seconds>. The time is calculated based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

Day	The day, from Sun to Sat, Determined by the BIOS date, month and year entries.
Date	The date, from 1 to 31 (or maximum allowed in a month)
Month	The month, Jan to Dec.
Year	The year, from 1900 to 2099





◆ **Primary/Secondary Drive type**

This category identifies the types of hard disk drives that have been installed in the computer. There are 46 predefined types and a user definable type.

Press PgUp or PgDn to select a numbered hard disk type or type a number and press <Enter>. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk type is not listed, you can Type User to define your own drive manually.

If you select Type User, you will be asked to enter the following info. Enter the parameters directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. The hard disk information should be provided in the documentation from the hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS	number of cylinders
HEADS	number of heads
PRECOMP	written precom
LANDZONE	landing zone
SECTORS	number of sectors
Mode Normal	Access mode for IDE drives under 528MB
Mode LBA	Access mode for EIDE drives over 528MB
Mode Large	Access mode for IDE drives over 528MB that don't support LBA

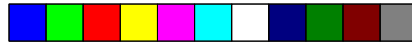
If a SCSI hard disk has been installed or you have a CD-ROM/Tape drive connected to an IDE channel, select NONE and press<Enter>.

◆ **Drive A type/Drive B type**

This category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or B, that have been installed in your computer.

None	No floppy drive installed
360K, 5.25 in.	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
1.2M,5.25 in.	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
720K, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 megabyte capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 megabyte capacity





◆ **Video**

This category detects the type of graphics adapter used for the primary display system. It must match your video display card and monitor. Although secondary monitors are supported, you do not have to select that type in setup.

EGA/VGA	Enhanced Graphics Adapter/Video Graphics Array. For VGA,SVGA, or PGA monitor adapters.
CGA 40	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 40 column mode.
CGA 80	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 80 column mode.
Mono	Monochrome adapter, includes hi-res monochrome.

◆ **Halt On**

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

All errors	Whenever the BIOS has detected a non-fatal error, the system will be stopped and you will be prompted.
No errors	The system boot will not be stopped for any errors that are detected.
All, but Keyboard	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error;it will stop for all other errors.
All, but Diskette	The system boot will not stop for disk errors; it will stop for all other errors.
All, but Disk/Key	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or disk error; it will stop for all other errors.

◆ **Memory**

The category is for display-only and it is determined by POST Power On Self Test of the BIOS.

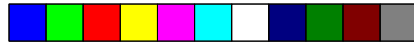
Base Memory

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system. The value of the base memory is typically 640K.

Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1MB in the CPU's memory address map.





Expanded Memory

Expanded Memory (EMS) defines a 64 K page frame in the area between 640K and 1Mb containing four 16K pages that are windows into the EMS memory. Programs issue requests to the EMS manager to switch the page to any part of EMS memory. Extended memory can be converted to emulate EMS by using a memory manager such as EMM386 that ships with Windows and DOS.

Other Memory

This refers to memory located in the 640K to 1024K address space. This memory can be used for different applications. DOS uses this area to load device drivers to keep as much conventional memory free for application programs as possible.

4.6. BIOS FEATURES SETUP

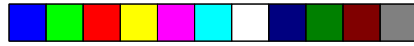


ROM ISA BIOS BIOS FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.



Virus Warning	:Enabled	Video BIOS Shadow	:Enabled
CPU Internal Cache	:Enabled	C8000-CBFFF Shadow	:Disabled
External Cache	:Enabled	CC000-CFFFF Shadow	:Disabled
Boot Sequence	:A,C	D0000-D3FFF Shadow	:Disabled
Swap Floppy Drive	:Disabled	D4000-D7FFF Shadow	:Disabled
Boot Up Floppy Seek	:Enabled	D8000-DBFFF Shadow	:Disabled
Boot Up NumLock Status	:On	DC000-DFFFF Shadow	:Disabled
Memory Parity Check	:Enabled		
Gate A20 Option	:Fast		
Typematic Rate Setting	:Disabled		
Typematic Rate (Chars/sec)	:6		
Typematic Delay (msec)	:250		
Security Option	:Setup		
PS/2 mouse function	:Disabled		
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	:Disabled		
		ESC :Quit ↑ ↓ → ← :Select Item	
		F1 :Help PU/PD/+/- :Modify	
		F5 :Old Values (Shift)F2 :Color	
		F6 :Load BIOS Defaults	
		F7 :Load Setup Defaults	





◆ **Virus warning**

This category flashes on screen. During and after the system boot up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and the following error message will appear. In the meantime, you can run an anti-virus program to locate the problem. Default value is Enabled.

Enabled	Activate automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
Disable	No warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

◆ **CPU Internal Cache/External Cache**

These two categories speed up the memory access. However, it depends on the CPU/Chipset design. Default value is Enabled.

Enabled	Enables the cache
Disabled	Disables the cache

◆ **Boot Sequence**

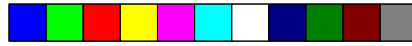
This category determines which drive the computer searches first for the disk operating system (i.e. DOS). Default value is A,C.

A,C	System will first search for floppy disk drive then hard disk drive.
C,A	System will first search for hard disk drive then floppy disk drive

◆ **Swap Floppy Drive**

Default value is Disabled

Enabled	Floppy A & B will be swapped under DOS
Disable	Floppy A & B will be normal definition.



◆ **Boot Up Floppy Seek**

During POST, the BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 720K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks. Default value is Enabled

Enabled	BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determined if it is 40 or 80 tracks. Note that the BIOS cannot tell from 720k, 1.2M or 1.44M drive type as they are all 80 tracks
Disabled	BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. Note that there will not be any warning messages if the drive installed is 360K

◆ **Boot Up NumLock Status**

Default value is On

On	Keypad is number keys
Off	Keypad is arrow keys

◆ **Memory Parity Check**

The default value is disabled

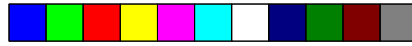
◆ **Gate A20 Option**

Gate A20 controls the ability to access memory addresses above 1 MB by enabling (Fast) or disabling (Normal) access to the processor.

Default value is Fast

◆ **Typematic Rate Setting, Typematic Rate (char/sec), and Typematic Delay.**

Typematic Rate Setting enables or disables the following two options. TheTypematic Rate (6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, or 30 characters per second) and Typematic Rate Delay (250, 500, 750, or 1000 milliseconds) controls the speed at which the keystroke is repeated. The selected character is displayed when a key is held down after a delay set by the Typematic Rate Delay. It then repeats at a rate set by the Typematic Rate.



◆ Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the system setup, or just setup. Default value is Setup

System	The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt
Setup	The system will boot, but access to setup will be denied if the password is not entered at the prompt

◆ PS/2 Mouse Function

Enables or disables PS/2 mouse function. Default is Disabled.

◆ PCI/VGA Palette Snooping

The purpose of this option is to allow multiple VGA devices on different busses in a system to have data written from CPU to each set of palette registers of every video device. Default is disabled.

◆ Video BIOS Shadow

It determines whether Video BIOS will be copied to RAM, however, it is an optional chipset design. Default is Enabled.

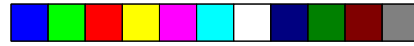
4.7 Chipset Features Setup

This screen controls the settings for the board's chip set. The controls for this screen are the same as the previous screen. They should not be changed unless you are familiar with the chipset.

The Chipset Features Screen

ROM ISA BIOS
 CHIPSET SETUP UTILITY
 AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Auto Configuration	:Enable	8 bit I/O Recovery Time	:1
DRAM Speed Selection	:70ns	16 bit I/O Recovery Time	:1
DRAM RAS# Precharge Time	:4	Memory Hole at 15-16M	:Disable
MA Additional Wait State	:Enable	More Information on these settings can be found at Tyan's web site. http://www.tyan.com	
RAS# to CAS# Delay	:Enable		
DRAM Read Burst(B/E/F)	:x1/2/3		
DRAM Write Burst(B/E/F)	:x2/2/3		
ISA Bus Clock	:PCICLK/4		
DRAM Refresh Queue	:Disable		
DRAM RAS# Only Refresh	:Disable		
ECC Checking/Generation	:Disable		
Fast DRAM Refresh	:Disable		
Read-Around-Write	:Disable		
PCI Burst Write Combine	:Disable		
PCI to DRAM Pipeline	:Disable		
CPU to PCI Write Post	:Disable		
CPU to PCI IDE Post	:Disable		
System Cacheable	:Enable		
Video Cacheable	:Enabled		
		ESC :Quit	↑↓ → ← :Select Item
		F1 :Help	PU/PD/+/- :Modify
		F5 :Old Values (Shift)F2	:Color
		F6 :Load BIOS Defaults	
		F7 :Load Setup Defaults	



4.7.1 Power Management Setup

ROM ISA BIOS
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC

Power Management	:Disabled	IRQ3 (Com2)	:Off
PM Control By APM	:No	IRQ4 (Com1)	:Off
Video Off Method	:Blank Screen	IRQ5 (LPT2)	:Off
Doze Mode	:Disabled	IRQ6 (Floppy Disk)	:Off
Standby Mode	:Disabled	IRQ7 (LPT1)	:Off
Suspend Mode	:Disabled	IRQ8 (RTC Timer)	:Off
HDD Power Down	:Disabled	IRQ9 (IRQ2 Redir)	:Off
IRQ3 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ10 (Reserved)	:Off
IRQ4 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ11 (Reserved)	:Off
IRQ8 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ12 (PS/2 Mouse)	:Off
IRQ12 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ13 (Coprocessor)	:Off
		IRQ14 (Hard Disk)	:Off
		IRQ15 (Reserved)	:Off

◆ Power Management

Options are disabled, user defined, Min saving, and Max saving.

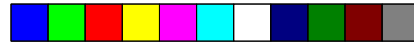
◆ PM Control by APM(Advanced Power Management)

Options are "Yes" and "No". When set for "No", system BIOS will ignore APM when power managing the system. If set on "Yes" the system BIOS will wait for APM's prompt before it enters any PM mode, e.g. Doze, Standby or Suspend.

◆ Video Off Method

The "Blank Screen" option will let the system BIOS blanks the screen when disabling video. V/H SYNC+Blank will let the BIOS turn off the V-SYNC and H-SYNC signals from the VGA card to the monitor.





◆ **Doze Mode**

Defines the continuous idle time before the system enters Doze mode.

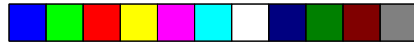
◆ **Standby Mode**

Defines the continuous idle time before the system enters Standby mode.

◆ **Power Down Activities**

Defines the activities that can cause the PM timers to reload. (Breaking out of PM Mode)





4.8 PCI Slot Configuration

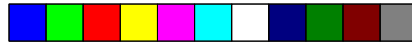
ROM ISA BIOS PCI/PnP Configuration AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Resource Controlled by :Manual Reset Configuration :Disabled	PCI IRQ Activated By: Level PCI IDE IRQ Map To: Auto Primary IDE INT#: A Secondary IDE INT#: B
IRQ3 assigned to :legacy ISA IRQ4 assigned to :legacy ISA IRQ5 assigned to :PCI/PnP IRQ7 assigned to :legacy ISA IRQ9 assigned to :PCI/PnP IRQ10 assigned to :PCI/PnP IRQ11 assigned to :PCI/PnP IRQ12 assigned to :PCI/PnP IRQ14 assigned to :legacy ISA IRQ15 assigned to :legacy ISA DMA0 assigned to :PCI/PnP DMA1 assigned to :PCI/PnP DMA3 assigned to :PCI/PnP DMA5 assigned to :PCI/PnP DMA6 assigned to :PCI/PnP DMA7 assigned to :PCI/PnP	ESC: Quit ↑ ↓ → ← :Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- :Modify F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 :Color F6 : Load BIOS Defaults F7 : Load Setup Defaults

- ◆ PCI Slot 1/Slot 2/Slot 3/Slot 4/Slot 5 INT#
- ◆ For Default Setting.

Connect to PCI System INT#	
PCI Slot1 INTA	INTA
PCI Slot1 INTB	INTB
PCI Slot1 INTC	INTC
PCI Slot1 INTD	INTD
PCI Slot2 INTA	INTB
PCI Slot2 INTB	INTC
PCI Slot2 INTC	INTD
PCI Slot2 INTD	INTA
PCI Slot3 INTA	INTC
PCI Slot3 INTB	INTD
PCI Slot3 INTC	INTA
PCI Slot3 INTD	INTB
PCI Slot4 INTA	INTD
PCI Slot4 INTB	INTA
PCI Slot4 INTC	INTB
PCI Slot4 INTD	INTC
PCI Slot5 INTA	INTA
PCI Slot5 INTB	INTB
PCI Slot5 INTC	INTC
PCI Slot5 INTD	INTD





◆ **Resources Controlled By**

The Award Plug and Play BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. If you select Auto, all the interrupt request and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

◆ **IRQ n assigned to**

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

Legacy ISA

Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification.

PCI/ISA PnP

Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for the PCI or ISA bus architecture.

◆ **PCI IRQ Activated By:**

Select the PCI IRQ Active scheme either LEVEL or EDGE.

Default value is LEVEL.

◆ **PCI IDE IRQ Map To:**

Select the IDE IRQ Map to ISA IRQ#.

◆ **Primary IDE INT#**

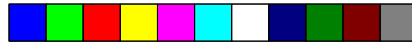
Select the PCI INT# that the Primary IDE controller will use.

Default value is A.

◆ **Secondary IDE INT#**

Select the PCI INT# that the Secondary IDE controller will use.

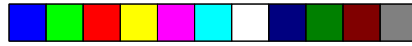
Default value is B



4.9 Integrated Peripherals

Integrated Peripherals Award Software, Inc.	
IDE HDD Block Mode	:Enabled
IDE Primary Master PIO	:Auto
IDE Primary Slave PIO	:Auto
IDE Secondary Master PIO	:Auto
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	:Auto
On-Chip Primary PCI-IDE	:Enable
On-Chip Secondary PCI-IDE	:Enable
PCI Slot IDE 2nd Channel	:Enable
On-Board FDC Controller	:Enable
On-Board Serial Port 1	:Com1/3F8
On-Board Serial Port 2	:Com2/2F8
On-Board Parallel Port	:378/IRQ7
Parallel Port Mode	:Normal

The Settings in the Integrated Peripherals lets the user enable or disable on-board device. You can also configure the I/O and IRQ settings of the on-board serial and parallel ports.



4.10. LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS

ROM ISA BIOS
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	PASSWORD SETTING
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
CHIPSET F	SETUP
PCI SLOT	T SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
<p>ESC : Save & Exit Setup F10 : Quit</p> <p>↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color</p>	
Load SETUP Defaults except standard CMOS SETUP	

◆ Load SETUP defaults

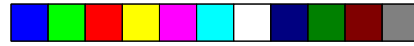
To load SETUP default values to CMOS SRAM, enter "Y". If not, enter "N"

◆ If any problem has occurred, loading the SETUP DEFAULTS is recommended.

4.10. PASSWORD SETTING

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD



ROM ISA BIOS
 CMOS SETUP UTILITY
 AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	PASSWORD SETTING
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
CHIPSET FE	SETUP
PCI SLOT C	UT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
<div style="border: 1px solid black; background-color: #cccccc; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Enter Password</div>	
ESC : Save & Exit Setup F10 : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← :Select Item (Shift)F2 :Change Color
Change/Set/Disable Password	

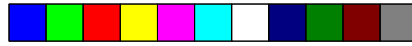
Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear the previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also just press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable the password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter a password. A message will confirm that the password has been disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED

If you select System at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter setup. If you select Setup at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter setup.





4.11. IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

ROM ISA BIOS
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

		CYLS.	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANZONE	SECTORS
Drive C:	(202 Mb)	989	12	65535	989	35

Do you want to accept this as drive C (Y/N)?

Esc:Skip

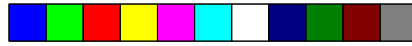
Type "Y" to accept the H.D.D parameter reported by BIOS. Type "N" to keep the old H.D.D parameter info.

4.12. SAVE & EXIT SETUP

ROM ISA BIOS
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	PASSWORD SETTING
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
CHIPSET FIRMWARE SETUP	LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
PCI SLOT CONFIGURATION	UT SAVING
Save to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? N	
ESC : Save & Exit Setup F10 : Quit	
↑ ↓ → ← :Select Item (Shift)F2 :Change Color	

Type "Y" and you will quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup values to RTC CMOS SRAM. Type "N" to return to Setup Utility.



5.0 Flash Writer Utility

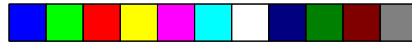
You can upgrade the BIOS of your mainboard by using a "Flash Memory Writer"(FMW) utility. This utility can be downloaded from the factory's BBS(Consult your system vendor for the phone #). The system BIOS is stored on a 'flash' EPROM chip on the mainboard which can be erased and reprogrammed by the FMW.

The following three files make up the FMW.

AWDFLASH.EXE	-The Flash Memory Writer utility for Award to Award upgrade.
AMIFLASH.COM	-The Flash Memory Writer utility for AMI to AMI upgrade.
README	-A text file of instructions
*S62AWXX.BIN	-XX-A 2-digit version number.

Flash memory writer records (or 'programs') a new BIOS onto the flash memory chip. You cannot upgrade an Award BIOS to a AMI BIOS or a AMI BIOS to an Award BIOS.

*This file name is subject to change and can have either a "bin" or a "rom" extension.



To reprogram the System BIOS, you must first do the following:

1. Check jumper J32

The S1668 uses a 5V Flash EPROM so jumper J32 should be left in the default position on pins 1 and 2. This jumper should never be moved.

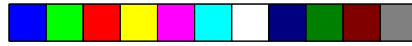
2. Make sure the CPU is running in 'real mode'.

FMW will not run if the CPU is operating in a protected or virtual mode. This means that you can not run it with Windows running or with any memory manager software. You must disable any memory manager first. The easiest way to do this is to:

- a. Boot your system from a bootable floppy disk with no CONFIG.SYS or AUTOEXEC.BAT files, and then run Flash Memory Writer from a backup copy of your support disk. You can make your back-up floppy bootable when you format it, and use one disk for both purposes.

- b. If you are using MS-DOS 6.x, you can use the feature that allows you to bypass the CONFIG.SYS and AUTOEXEC.BAT file. You do this while pressing <F5> while the "Starting MS-DOS..." line is on the screen.

There are other ways to accomplish the same result. The main point is to make sure no memory managers are running. If you are not sure, try running FMW. If it runs, then you have succeeded. If it displays a warning message about the CPU mode, you will have to try again.



Once you have satisfied the two requirements mentioned above, you can run FMW. You can copy the contents of the “Flash” directory to your hard drive, or you can run the utility from a backup of the support floppy disk. Make sure the new BIOS file is in the same directory as the FMW utility.

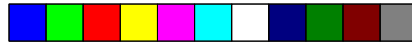
To run FMW, change to the “Flash” directory if you are not already in it. Type “Awdflash” at the DOS command line and press the <Enter> key. The following screen will appear.

5.1 The Flash Memory Writer Utility Screen (Award)

FLASH MEMORY WRITER V3.0 Copyright (C) 1993, AWARD Software Inc.,	
For FX/HX-2A59CT51	Date:4/13/95
File Name to Program:	
Error Message:	

Type in the whole file name, e.g. A62AW10.BIN and confirm that you want to program the BIOS. The utility will then ‘Blank’, ‘Erase’, and then ‘Program’ the flash memory on the mainboard with the new BIOS file. You should choose “yes” to save the original system BIOS to a floppy diskette before you program the new BIOS. This leaves you with a backup of your original BIOS in case you need to re-install it. This option is highly recommended. If you can not successfully program the BIOS file for whatever reason, re-install you original BIOS from the backup file.

Warning: If you do not successfully install a complete BIOS file in the flash memory on the Mainboard, your system may not be able to boot. If this happens, it will require service by your system vendor. Follow the requirements and instructions in this section precisely to avoid inconvenience.



6.0 System Resources

6.1. TIMER & DMA CHANNEL MAP

TIMER MAP: TIMER Channel-0 system timer interrupt
 TIMER Channel-1 DRAM REFRESH request
 TIMER Channel-2 SPEAKER tone generator

DMA CHANNELS: DMA Channel-0 Available
 DMA Channel-1 Available
 DMA Channel-2 FLOPPY DISK adapter
 DMA Channel-3 Available
 DMA Channel-4 Cascade for DMA controller 1
 DMA Channel-5 Available
 DMA Channel-6 Available
 DMA Channel-7 Available

6.2 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI: Parity check error

IRQ (H/W) 0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER-0
 1 KEYBOARD output buffer full
 2 Cascade for IRQ 9-15
 3 SERIAL port 2
 4 SERIAL port 1
 5 PARALLEL port 2
 6 FLOPPY DISK adapter
 7 PARALLEL port 1
 8 RTC clock
 9 Available
 10 Available
 11 Available
 12 Available
 13 MATH co-processor
 14 Primary IDE Channel
 15 Secondary IDE Channel