**Revision 1.2** 

# Single S1662S/Dual S1662D Pentium Pro 440FX PCI-ISA System Board User's Manual





# **Table Of Contents**

1. Introduction	
1.1 Overview	3
1.2 Hardware Specifications	4
1.3 Software Specifications	. 5
1.4 Environment	. 5
2. Board Installation	. 6
2.1 Unpacking	. 6
2.2 Installation	. 6
3. S1662 On Board Resource Settings	. 7
3.1 S1662 Board Layout & Jumper Locations	. 7
3.2 Quick Reference for Jumpers	
3.3 CMOS RTC	11
3.4 Speaker Connector	11
3.5 Turbo Switch	. 11
3.6 Turbo LED Connect	11
3.7 Reset Connector	. 12
3.8 Flash EPROM Jumpers	. 12
3.9 CMOS & Password Reset	
3.10 DRAM Installation	13
3.11 CPU Installation	. 15
3.12 VRM Installation	16
3.13 Peripheral Device Installation	16
3.14 Connecting The Power Supply	17
4. BIOS Configuration	
4.1 Entering Setup	
4.2 Control Keys	20
4.3 Getting Help	
4.4 The Main Menu	
4.5 Standard CMOS Setup Menu	23
4.6 BIOS Features Setup	
4.7 Chipset Features Setup	
4.7.1 Power Management Setup	
4.8 PCI Slot Configuration	32
4.9 Integrated Peripherals	
4.10 Load Setup Defaults	35
4.11 IDE HDD Auto Detection	. 37
4.12 Save & Exit Setup	37
5. Flash Writer Utility	
5.1 The Flash Memory Writer Utility Screen	
6. System Resources	
6.1 Timer & DMA Channel Map	
6.2 Interrupt Map	



#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 Overview

The S1662 is a quality, high performance single/dual processor mainboard based on the powerful Intel Pentium Pro microprocessors. This mainboard is designed around the latest and fastest Intel 440FX chipset and can support CPU speeds of 150MHz through 200MHz.

The S1662 supports EDO memory, Burst EDO, ECC and memory parity checking. The S1662's PCI Local Bus provides high performance capabilities that are ideal for a wide range of demanding applications such as: CAD, CAM, CAE, networking, multi-user environments, database management, desktop publishing, image processing and 3D animation.

This integrated system board achieves the highest reliability and is based on a "Baby AT" form factor. Some of the features included are: on-board dual channel PCI IDE, on-board floppy controller, on-board high speed I/O, Universal Serial Bus and on-board PS/2 mouse connector.

Flexibility and expandibility have been designed into the S1662. With I/O and drive controller support built on-board, the five PCI and three ISA (One ISA and one PCI as a shared slot) slots are free for add-on expansion cards. With eight SIMM sockets, the S1662 can provide a very flexible memory configuration of 8MB to 1024MB of RAM. With the S1662D's support for dual Pentium Pro processors, you can start a system with just one CPU, and later add another, when more processing power is required.

Remember to take a look at Tyan Computers web site located at http://www.tyan.com. Here you can find information on all of Tyan's products along with FAQ's, distributors list, drivers and CMOS setting explanations.





# 1.2 Hardware Specifications/Features

•CPU Intel Pentium Pro 150 thru 200 MHz (Socket 8)

(Single or Dual CPU configuration)

◆Coprocessor On-chip floating point unit

◆Speed 60/66 MHz system bus

30/33 MHz PCI bus

7.5/8.33 MHz ISA bus speed

◆DRAM 4 double banks of 72 pin SIMM sockets

Supports 5V or 3.3V memory

Supports BEDO(Burst Extended Data Out)
Supports EDO(Extended Data Out) DRAMs
Supports ECC(Error Correcting Code)w/ parity

Supports Fast Page Mode DRAMs Supports 8MB to 1024MB of DRAMs

◆L2 Cache 256/512KB 2nd level cache in CPU

◆EIDE Controller Primary and secondary PCI EIDE channels on

board for support of up to four EIDE Mode  $\boldsymbol{0}$ 

through Mode 4 drives

Supports DMA(Bus Master) mode 1 and 2. ( Bus Master driver on web at www.tyan.com)

◆Enhanced I/O Multi-mode bi-directional parallel port that

supports standard, EPP and ECP modes.

Supports 16550 compatible UARTS for on-board

high speed serial ports.

Support for an IrDA compliant InfraRed inter-

face.

On-board floppy controller.

On-board Univeral Serial Bus controller.

◆Mouse On-board PS/2 mouse connector.

◆I/O Bus Slots 5 Master/Slave PCI-Bus

3 ISA Bus (One ISA and one PCI shared slot)





◆BIOS Award or AMI BIOS

AT CMOS setup, BIOS/CHIPSET setup,

and hard disk utility included.

Support for easy BIOS upgrades with flash

EEPROM chip.

◆O.S. Operates with MS-DOS, Windows 3.x, Windows

for Work Groups 3.x, Windows 95, Windows NT, OS/2, Novell Netware, Novell UnixWare 1.1 and

SCO Unix.

#### 1.3 Environment

Ambient Temperature 0 to +50 C (operating)Relative Humidity 0 to +85% (operating)Altitude 0 to 10,000 feet (operating)

Vibration 0 to 1,000 Hz Voltage 4.9 to 5.2 V

Information presented in this publication has been carefully checked for reliability; however, no responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies. The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.

#### **Trademarks**

Award BIOS/Flash are trademarks of Award Software International Inc. AMI BIOS is a trademarks of American Megatrends Inc. IBM,PC,AT,PS/2 are trademarks of IBM Corporation INTEL,Pentium Pro are trademarks of Intel Corporation. Copyright© 1996 TYAN Computer Corp. S1662, Titan Pro AT.



# 2. Board Installation

# 2.1 Unpacking

The mainboard package contains the following:

- ◆S1662 Mainboard
- ◆One IDE 40 pin cable
- ◆Two serial cables
- ◆One parallel cable
- ◆One 34 pin floppy cable
- ◆User's Manual
- ◆Optional PS/2 mouse cable
- ◆Optional VRM(Voltage Regulator Module)

The mainboard contains sensitive electric components which can be easily damaged by static electricity, so the mainboard should be left in its original packaging until it is ready to be installed.

With the power supply plugged in and turned off touch an unpainted area of the system chassis imedietly before handling the mainboard or any component. Doing so discharges the static charge your body may have built.

After opening the mainboard carton, extract the system board holding it by its edges ,and place it only on a grounded anti-static surface, component side up. Inspect the board for damage. Press down on all of the socket IC's to make sure that they are properly seated. Do this only with the board placed on an anti-static mat. Do not touch the bottom of the board.

# DO NOT APPLY POWER TO THE BOARD IF IT HAS BEEN DAMAGED!

#### 2.2 Installation

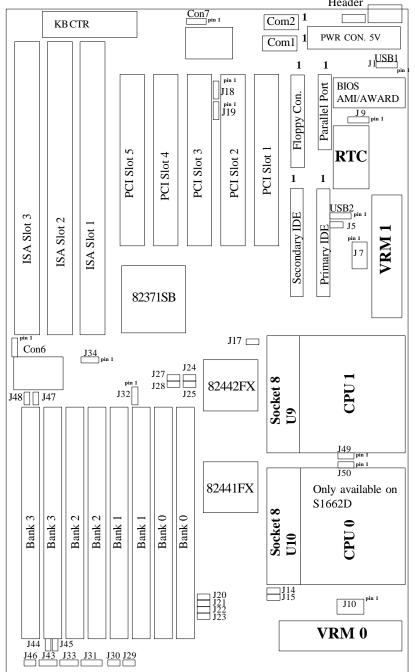
You are now ready to install your mainboard. The mounting hole pattern of the S1662 matches the "Baby AT" system board spec. It is assumed that the chassis is for a standard IBM XT/AT form factor.







PS/2 Keyboard Mouse CON Header



# 3.2 Quick Reference for Jumpers CPU Speed: J32, J27, J24, J28 and J25

CPU Speed	J32	J27	J24	J28	J25	J15	J14
150MHz	3-4	off	on	on	on	on	off
166MHz	1-2	off	on	on	on	off	on
180MHz	3-4	on	off	on	on	on	off
200MHz	1-2	on	off	on	on	off	on

# Host Bus Speed/PCI Bus Speed: J32

Host Speed	PCI Speed	J32	J15	J14
60MHz	30MHz	3-4	on	off
66.67MHz	33.33MHz	1-2	off	on

# CPU Clock Multiplier: J27, J24, J28 and J25

Multiplier	J27	J24	J28	J25
X2	on	on	on	on
X2.5	off	on	on	on
X3	on	off	on	on
X3.5	off	off	on	on
X4	on	on	off	on

# CMOS Resest/Password Reset: J5(Default off)

If you forget your CMOS password or need to reset the CMOS registers, just power off the system and close jumper J5for five seconds. Then open jumper J5 and power on the system. This will set the CMOS and password back to the system default.

# DRAM Voltage: J20, J21, J22, J23, J44, J45, J47, and J48.

Default is 5V(Some EDO memory is 3.3V)

		,				,	/	
Voltage	J20	J21	J22	J23	J44	J45	J47	J48
3.3V	on	on	on	on	off	off	off	off
5V	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on

Warning, damage to system can result if set incorrectly!





	J49	J50
U10 socket as Primary/Dual/Single CPU	1-2	2-3Default
U9socket as a Single CPU system	2-3	1-2

**Speaker Connector: J33** 

Pinou	t Assignments
1	Speaker out
2	Ground
3	Ground
4	+ 5V

**Keylock Connector: J31** 

Pins 1 to 3 for power LED.

Pinout Assignments

1 Led Output

2 No Connect

3 Ground

4 Keylock

5 Ground

Pins 4 and 5 for Keylock

Turbo Switch: J30 (Non-Turbo Mode Not Supported)

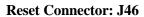
# HDD LED: J43

Pinou	t Assignments
1	Cathode
2	Anode
3	Cathode
4	Anode

Pins 1 and 2 are for primary IDE channel. Pins 3 and 4 are for secondary IDE channel.







Pinou	ıt Assignment
1	Power Good
2	Ground

# **Turbo LED Connector: J29**

Pinout Assignment		
1	Cathode	
2	Anode	

# Flash EEPROM: J9(Default 5V)

This jumper should be left at the factory default.

Voltage	J9	
5V	1-2	(default)
12V	2-3	

# **InfraRed Interface: Con6 and Con7**

Pinout	Assignment
1	Signal In
2	Gound
3	Signal Out
4	VCC

# Super I/O Type: J34

Type	J34
665IR	1-2
669IR	2-3

This setting depends on what type of SMC I/O chip is installed on the board. This jumper is set at the factory and should not be changed.



#### I/O Selection: J19 & J18

	J19	J18	
For COM 1 and 2	1-2	1-2	Default
For InfraRed	2-3	2-3	

#### 3.3 CMOS RTC

CMOS RTC includes an internal battery and Real Time Clock circuit. It provides the date and the time for the system. Normally the life span of a RTC internal battery is 10 years. When replacing, you should use the same model.

#### 3.4 Speaker Connector Installation

S1662 provides a 4-Pin header (J33) to connect the speaker. The polarity can go either way.

#### 3.5 Turbo Switch

The front panel on your case may have a turbo switch to control system speed when slower program execution is required for software developed in the old XT days.

The Intel 440FX chipset doesn't support a de-turbo mode, but the S1662 has a connector (J30) for the cable that may come with the case.

#### 3.6 Turbo LED Connector Installation

The TURBO LED on the front case panel can indicate the current speed status of the system. The TURBO LED connector should be installed to J29 in the correct direction.



#### 3.7 Hardware Reset Switch Connector Installation

The RESET switch on your cases' display panel provides users with the HARDWARE RESET function which is the same as power on/off. The system will do a cold start after the RESET switch is pushed by the user. The RESET switch is a 2 pin connector and should be installed on jumper J46.

#### 3.8 Flash EEPROM-Jumper J9

The S1662 uses flash memory to store BIOS data. It can be updated as new versions of the BIOS becomes available. The flash utility will guide you through the process step by step. If your system is functioning properly, you may want to forego updating your BIOS in the event the new one causes problems with your existing hardware and software.

J9 determines which type of EEPROM is used. This jumper has been set to match the on board BIOS chip. The factory default for the S1662 is on pins 1-2.

#### Refer to chapter 5 for Flash EEPROM upgrade procedures.

#### 3.9 Hardware CMOS & Password Reset

(The following steps are valid provided the board has a DS12887A RTC)

If you have been locked out of your system because you forgot your password or set the CMOS incorrectly, follow the instructions below.

- a. Power off the system
- b. Short jumper J5.
- c. Wait for 5 seconds then remove the jumper from J5.
- d.Then power on the system again.

By doing the above procedures, your password will be erased and the CMOS will be reset to the BIOS defaults.



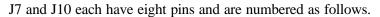
#### 3.10 DRAM Installation

The S1662 uses a 64-bit data path from memory to CPU and can accommodate up to 1024 MB of RAM. The mainboard supports standard, EDO (Extended Data Out) ECC(Error Correcting Code) and BEDO(Burst EDO)72 pin SIMMS . All installed memory will be automatically detected so there is no need to set jumpers.

- •SIMM modules must be installed in pairs.
- •Each pair of SIMMs must be of the same size and type.
- ◆The mainboard supports 1, 2, 4, 8,16, 32MBx32(x36) SIMMS.
- •The table on the following page shows some of the available memory configurations.

# Voltage ID for Older Pentium Pro CPU's: J7 and J10

Most Pentium Pro CPU's will program the VRM to output the correct voltage it requires, so these jumper are not important and should be left open. Some early versions of the Pentium Pro cannot program the VRM so you have to set these jumper manually.



5 6 7 8



1 2 3 4

2.1V Default	off off	off off	off off	on off
2.2V	off	off	on	off
2.3V	off	off	on	on
2.4V	off	on	off	off
2.5V	off	on	off	on
2.6V	off	on	on	off
2.7V	off	on	on	on
2.8V	on	off	off	off
2.9V	on	off	off	on
3.0V	on	off	on	off
3.1V	on	off	on	on
3.2V	on	on	off	off
3.3V	on	on	off	on
3.4V	on	on	on	off
3.5V	on	on	on	on
Pin#	48	3-7	2-6	1-5

# **Memory Table**

Bank 0	Bank 1	Bank 2	Bank 3	Total		
4MB x2	4MB x2 none		4MB x2 none n		none	8MB
8MB x2	none	none	none	16MB		
4MB x2	4MB x2	none	none	16MB		
8MB x2	8MB x2	none	none	32MB		
4MB x2	4MB x2	4MB x2	4MB x2	32MB		
16MB x2	none	none	none	32MB		
16MB x2	16MB x2	none	none	64MB		
32MB x2	none	none	none	64MB		
64MB x2	none	none	none	128MB		
16MB x2	16MB x2	16MB x2	16MB x2	128MB		
32MB x2	32MB x2	none	none	128MB		
32MB x2	32MB x2	32MB x2	none	192MB		
32MB x2	32MB x2	32MB x2	32MB x2	256MB		
64MB x2	64MB x2	none	none	256MB		
128MB x2	none	none	none	256MB		
64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	none	384MB		
64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	512MB		
128MB x2	128MB x2	none	none	512MB		
128MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	640MB		
128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	none	768MB		
128MB x2	128MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	768MB		
128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	32MB x2	832MB		
128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	64MB x2	896MB		
128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	128MB x2	1024MB		





#### 3.11 CPU Installation

Many types of Pentium Pro (150 thru 200 MHz) CPUs can be used on the S1662. Please refer to the previous pages for the correct CPU jumper settings for your board.

- The CPU is a sensitive electronic component and it can be easily damaged by static electricity. Do not touch the CPU pins with your fingers.
- When installing the CPU into the socket, match the CPU pins to the socket pins.
- Before the CPU is installed, the mainboard must be placed on a flat plane in order to avoid being broken by the pressure of CPU insertion.
- A cooling fan and heat sink assembly is required to protect the CPU from being damaged.
- 1. Make sure the ZIF socket lever is up. To raise the lever, pull it out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go. The top plate will slide back.
- 2. Align the CPU and socket Pin 1 corners. The pins on the bottom of the CPU should align with the rows of holes in the socket.
- 3. Insert the CPU in the socket. It should insert easily. If it does not, adjust the position of the lever a little.
- 4. Press the lever down. The top plate will slide forward. You will feel some resistance as the pressure starts to secure the CPU in the socket. This is normal and will not damage the CPU. When the CPU is installed, the lever should snap into place at the side of the socket in the down position..





#### 3.12 VRM Installation

The VRM is required for the Pentium Pro to work. The CPU will program the VRM for the correct voltage needed. No jumper settings are needed, just install the VRM into the VRM socket nearest the CPU that is being installed. The VRM can only fit in the socket one way so there is no danger of installing it incorrectly. Not all VRM's will work in the S1662. Make sure you purchased a qualified VRM.

- VRM socket 0 is for CPU socket 0.
- ◆ VRM socket 1 is for CPU socket 1.

# 3.13 Peripheral Device Installation

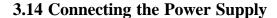
After all the jumpers on the mainboard have been set, then it can be mounted into the case. Then proceed to install the display card and any other peripheral devices.

If a PCI-Bus interface card is to be installed in the system, any one of the five PCI-Bus slots can support either a Master or a Slave device.

After installing the peripheral controllers, the user should check everything again, and prepare to power-on the system.







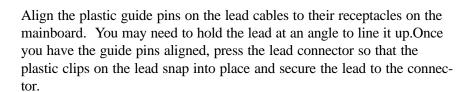
The system power supply connectors on the mainboard is for a 5 volt power supply. Incorrect installation of the power supply could result in serious damage to the system board and connected peripherals.

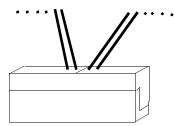
Pin 1		
	Good I	Power Signal
	VCC	
	+12V	5 volt
	-12V	power
	GND	connector
	GND	pinout
	GND	
	GND	
	-5V	
	VCC	
	VCC	
	VCC	

To connect the leads from either voltage power supply, you should first make sure the power supply is unplugged. Most power supplies have two leads. Each lead has six wires, two of which are black.

Orient the connectors so the black wires are in the middle of the 5V power supply.

Caution: Some power supplies also include "3V" connectors. The connection wires normally have two colors with 3 black wires on one side. Please be very careful. Don't to use the wrong connector.





Connecting 5V power supply





# 4. BIOS Configuration

Award's BIOS has a built in setup program that allows the user to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in the battery-backed CMOS SRAM. Entering incorrect information or forgetting your password can lock you out of your system. (refer to 3.9 for resetting of CMOS)

#### 4.1. Entering Setup

Power ON the computer and press <Del> immediately and you will enter Setup. The other way to enter setup is to power on the computer, when the below message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the post (Power On Self Test), press <Del> key or simultaneously press <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Esc> keys.

# \* TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF then ON or by pressing "Reset" on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Del> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time, the system will not boot and an error message will appear on the screen. You will be asked to,

# \* PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL TO ENTER SETUP.

Figure 4.1 will appear on the sceen. The Main Menu allows you to select from the 8 setup functions and 2 exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter each sub-menu.





# 4.2. Control Keys

PgUp key	Increases the numeric value or make changes
PgDn key	Decreases the numeric value or make changes
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup menu
	and Option Page Setup Menu
F2 key	Change color from a total of 16 colors
F3 key	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
F4 key	Reserved
F5 key	Restore the previous CMOS value, only for Option
	Page Setup Menu
F6 key	Load defaults
F8 key	Reserved
F9 key	Reserved
F10 key	Save all CMOS changes, only for Main Menu





# 4.3. Getting Help

#### 4.3.1. Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

# 4.3.2. Setup Page menu/Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted items. To exit the Help Window, press <Esc>.

# 4.4. The Main Menu

Once you enter the Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 4.4) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from the eight setup functions and 2 exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

Figure 4.4: Main Menu

ROM ISA BIOS (2A59CT51) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERAL		
BIOS FEATURED SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD		
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD		
POWER MANAGEMENT	IDE HDD AUTO DETECT		
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE AND EXIT		
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING		
ESC : Save & Exit Setup	$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$ :Select Item		
F10 : Quit	(Shift)F2 :Change Color		
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type,			



#### Standard CMOS setup

This setup page includes all the items in a standard compatible BIOS.

#### • BIOS features setup

This setup page includes all of the enhanced features of Award's BIOS.

#### Chipset features setup

This setup page includes all the items of the 430HX chipset features.

# • Power Management setup

Change, set, or disable system power management options

# ◆ PNP/PCI Configuration

This setup page allows you to modify the configuration of PCI slot parameters.

#### Load setup defaults

BIOS defaults indicate the most appropriate values of each system parameter for your system.

#### Supervisor/User Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup.

# • Integrated Peripherals

This option lets the you enable or disable on board FDD, HDD, and I/O options.

#### • IDE HDD auto detection

Automatically configure hard disk parameters.

#### Save and exit setup

Save changes to CMOS and exit setup

# • Exit without saving

Abandon all CMOS changes and exit setup.





# 4.5. Standard CMOS Setup Menu

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu (Figure 4.5) are divided into 9 categories. Each category includes one or more setup items. Use the arrows to highlight the item and use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want for each item.

Figure 4.5: Standard CMOS Setup Menu

rigure 4.3. Standard Civios Setup ivie				
ROM ISA BIOS (2A59CT51)				
STANDARD CMOS	S SETUP			
AWARD SOFTWA	RE, INC.			
Date (mm:dd:yy) : Tue, Dec 7 1995				
Time (hh:mm:ss): 18:01:38				
Type Size CYLS. HEADS	. PRECOMP. L	ANDZONE	SECTORS	
Primary Master: none 0mb 0 0	0	0	0	
Primary Slave: none 0mb 0 0	0	0	0	
Secondary Master: none 0mb 0 0	0	0	0	
Secondary Slave: none 0mb 0 0	0	0	0	
Drive A: 1.44 M, 3.5 in.	Race Mem	orv. /	540 K	
Drive B: 1.2 M, 5.25 in.	Drive B: 1.2 M, 5.25 in.  Base Memory: 640 K Extended Memory: 7168 K			
Expanded Memory: 0 K				
Video : EGA/VGA Other Memory: 384 K				
Halt On: All errors	Total Mem	ory: 8	3192 K	

ESC: Quit  $\uparrow \Rightarrow \downarrow \leftarrow$  : Select Item PU/PD/+/-: Modify F1: Help (Shift)F2: Change Color F3: Toggle Calendar

#### • Date

The date format is <month>, <day>, <year>. Press <F3> to show the calendar.

# • Time

The time format is <hours>, <minutes>, <seconds>. The time is calculated based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

Day	The day, from Sun to Sat, Determined by the BIOS date,
	month and year entries.
Date	The date, from 1 to 31 (or maximum allowed in a month)
Month	The month, Jan to Dec.
Year	The year, from 1900 to 2099





#### ◆ Primary/Secondary Drive type

This category identifies the types of hard disk drives that have been installed in the computer. There are 46 predefined types and a user definable type.

Press PgUp or PgDn to select a numbered hard disk type or type a number and press <Enter>. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk type is not listed, you can Type User to define your own drive manually.

If you select Type User, you will be asked to enter the following info. Enter the parameters directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. The hard disk information should be provided in the documentation from the hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS	number of cylinders
HEADS	number of heads
PRECOMP	written precom
LANDZONE	landing zone
SECTORS	number of sectors
Mode Normal	Access mode for IDE drives under 528MB
Mode LBA	Access mode for EIDE drives over 528MB
Mode Large	Access mode for IDE drives over 528MB that don't
	support LBA

If a SCSI hard disk has been installed or you have a CD-ROM/Tape drive connected to an IDE channel, select NONE and press<Enter>.

#### Drive A type/Drive B type

This category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or B, that have been installed in your computer.

None			No fl	орру	drive installed
360K,	5.25	in.	5-1/4	inch	PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
1.2M,5.	25	in.	5-1/4	inch	AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
720K,	3.5	in.	3-1/2	inch	double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
1.44M,	3.5	in.	3-1/2	inch	double-sided drive; 1.44 megabyte capacity
2.88M,	3.5	in.	3-1/2	inch	double-sided drive; 2.88 megabyte capacity





#### • Video

This category detects the type of graphics adapter used for the primary display system. It must match your video display card and monitor. Although secondary monitors are supported, you do not have to select that type in setup.

EGA/VGA	Enhanced Graphics Adapter/Video Graphics Array. For VGA,SVGA, or PGA monitor adapters.
CGA 40	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 40 column mode.
CGA 80	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 80 column mode.
Mono	Monochrome adapter, includes hi-res monochrome.

#### • Halt On

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

All errors	Whenever the BIOS has detected a non-fatal error, the system will be stopped and you will be promted.
No errors	The system boot will not be stopped for any errors that
	are detected.
All, but Keyboard	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error;it
	will stop for all other errors.
All, but Diskette	The system boot will not stop for disk errors; it will
	stop for all other errors.
All, but Disk/Key	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or disk
	error; it will stop for all other errors.

#### Memory

The category is for display-only and it is determined by POST Power On Self Test of the BIOS.

#### Base Memory

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system. The value of the base memory is typically 640K.

#### Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1MB in the CPU's memory address map.





# **Expanded Memory**

Expanded Memory (EMS) defines a 64 K page frame in the area between 640K and 1Mb containing four 16K pages that are windows into the EMS memory. Programs issue requests to the EMS manager to switch the page to any part of EMS memory. Extended memory can be converted to emulate EMS by using a memory manager such as EMM386 that ships with Windows and DOS.

# Other Memory

This refers to memory located in the 640K to 1024K ad dress space. This memory can be used for different applications. DOS uses this area to load device drivers to keep as much conventional memory free for application programs as possible.

#### 4.6. BIOS FEATURES SETUP

# ROM ISA BIOS BIOS FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Virus Warning CPU Internal Cache External Cache Boot Sequence Swap Floppy Drive Boot Up Floppy Seek Boot Up NumLock Status Memory Parity Check Gate A20 Option Typematic Rate Setting Typematic Rate (Chars/sec) Typematic Delay (msec)	:Enabled :Enabled :Enabled :A,C :Disabled :Enabled :On :Enabled :Fast :Disabled :6	Video BIOS Shadow :Enabled C8000-CBFFF Shadow :Disabled CC000-CFFFF Shadow :Disabled D0000-D3FFF Shadow :Disabled D4000-D7FFF Shadow :Disabled D8000-DBFFF Shadow :Disabled DC000-DFFFF Shadow :Disabled ESC :Quit ↑ ↓ → ← :Select Item
Security Option PS/2 mouse function PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	:Setup :Disabled :Disabled	F1 :Help PU/PD/+/- :Modify F5 :Old Values (Shift)F2 :Color F6 :Load BIOS Defaults F7 :Load Setup Defaults





# Virus warning

This category flashes on screen. During and after the system boot up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and the following error message will appear. In the meantime, you can run an anti-virus program to locate the problem. Default value is Enabled.

Enabled	Activate automatically when the	system boots	up causing	a warning
	message to appear when anyth	ing attemps to	access the	boot sector
	or hard disk partition table.			
Disable	No warning message to appear	when anything	g attemps to	access the
	boot sector or hard disk partition	n table.		

#### • CPU Internal Cache/External Cache

These two categories speed up the memory access. However, it depends on the CPU/Chipset design. Default value is Enabled.

Enabled	Enables	the	cache
Disabled	Disables	the	cache

# • Boot Sequence

This category determines which drive the computer searches first for the disk operating system (i.e. DOS). Default value is A,C.

	System											
C,A	System	will	first	search	for	hard	disk	drive	then	floppy	disk	drive

# • Swap Floppy Drive

Default value is Disabled

Enabled Flop	оу А	&	В	will	be	swapped	under	DOS			
Disable Floor	ov A	ጺ	B	will	he	normal	definition	1			





#### • Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, the BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 720K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks. Default value is Enabled

Enabled	BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determined if it is 40 or 80
	tracks. Note that the BIOS cannot tell from 720k, 1.2M or 1.44M
	drive type as they are all 80 tracks
Disabled	BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track
	number. Note that there will not be any warning messages if the
	drive installed is 360K

# • Boot Up NumLock Status

Default value is On

On	Keypad	is	number keys
Off	Keypad i	is	arrow keys

#### • Memory Parity Check

The default value is disabled

#### • Gate A20 Option

Gate A20 controls the ability to access memory addresses above 1 MB by enabling (Fast) or disabling (Normal) access to the processor. Default value is Fast

# • Typematic Rate Setting, Typematic Rate (char/sec), and Typematic Delay.

Typematic Rate Setting enables or disables the following two options. The Typematic Rate (6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, or 30 characters per second) and Typematic Rate Delay (250, 500, 750, or 1000 milliseconds) controls the speed at which the keystroke is repeated. The selected character is displayed when a key is held down after a delay set by the Typematic Rate Delay. It then repeats at a rate set by the Typematic Rate.





# • Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the system setup, or just setup. Default value is Setup

System	The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the
	correct password is not entered at the prompt
Setup	The system will boot, but access to setup will be denied if the
	password is not entered at the prompt

#### **PS/2 Mouse Function**

Enables or disables PS/2 mouse function. Default is Disabled.

#### **PCI/VGA Palette Snooping**

The purpose of this option is to allow multiple VGA devices on different busses in a system to have data written from CPU to each set of palette registers of every video device. Default is disabled.

#### Video BIOS Shadow

It determines whether Video BIOS will be copied to RAM, however, it is an optional chipset design. Default is Enabled.

# 4.7 Chipset Features Setup

This screen controls the settings for the board's chip set. The controls for this screen are the same as the previous screen. They should not be changed unless you are familiar with the chipset.

#### **The Chipset Features Screen**

ROM ISA BIOS CHIPSET SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

		<del>i</del>
Auto Configuration DRAM Speed Selection DRAM RAS# Precharge Time MA Additional Wait State	:Enable :70ns :4 :Enable	8 bit I/O Recovery Time :1 16 bit I/O Recovery Time :1 Memory Hole at 15-16M :Disable
RAS# to CAS# Delay DRAM Read Burst(B/E/F) DRAM Write Burst(B/E/F) ISA Bus Clock :PCI DRAM Refresh Queue DRAM RAS# Only Refresh ECC Checking/Generation Fast DRAM Refresh Read-Around-Write PCI Burst Write Combine	:Enable :x1/2/3 :x2/2/3 CLK/4 :Disable :Disable :Disable :Disable :Disable :Disable	More Information on these settings can be found at Tyan's web site. http://www.tyan.com
PCI to DRAM Pipline CPU to PCI Write Post CPU to PCI IDE Post System Cacheable Video Cacheable	:Disable :Disable :Disable :Enable :Enabled	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$







#### ROM ISA BIOS POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC

Power Management	:Disabled	IRQ3 (Com2)	:Off
PM Control By APM	:No	IRQ4 (Com1)	:Off
Video Off Method	:Blank Screen	IRQ5 (LPT2)	:Off
		IRQ6 (Floppy Disk)	:Off
Doze Mode	:Disabled	IRQ7 (LPT1)	:Off
Standby Mode	:Disabled	IRQ8 (RTC Timer)	:Off
Suspend Mode	:Disabled	IRQ9 (IRQ2 Redir)	:Off
HDD Power Down	:Disabled	IRQ10 (Reserved)	:Off
		IRQ11 (Reserved)	:Off
IRQ3 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ12 (PS/2 Mouse)	:Off
IRQ4 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ13 (Coprocessor)	:Off
IRQ8 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ14 (Hard Disk)	:Off
IRQ12 (Wake-Up Event)	:Off	IRQ15 (Reserved)	:Off
_			

#### **◆ Power Management**

Options are disabled, user defined, Min saving, and Max saving.

#### **◆PM** Control by APM(Advanced Power Management)

Options are "Yes" and "No". When set for "No", system BIOS will ignore APM when power managing the system. If set on "Yes" the system BIOS will wait for APM's prompt before it enters any PM mode, e.g. Doze, Standby or Suspend.

#### **◆Video Off Method**

The "Blank Screen" option will let the system BIOS blanks the screen when disabling video. V/H SYNC+Blank will let the BIOS turn off the V-SYNC and H-SYNC signals from the VGA card to the monitor.





# ◆ Doze Mode

Defines the continous idle time before the system enters Doze mode.

# **◆Standby Mode**

Defines the continous idle time before the system enters Standby mode.

# **◆Power Down Activities**

Defines the the activities that can cause the PM timers to reload. (Breaking out of PM Mode)







# ROM ISA BIOS PCI/PNP Configuration AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Resource Controlled Reset Configuration	•	PCI IRQ Activated By: Level PCI IDE IRQ Map To: Auto
IRQ3 assigned to IRQ4 assigned to IRQ5 assigned to IRQ7 assigned to IRQ9 assigned to IRQ10 assigned to IRQ11 assigned to	:legacy ISA :legacy ISA :PCI/PnP :legacy ISA :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP	Primary IDE INT#: A Secondary IDE INT#: B
IRQ12 assigned to IRQ14 assigned to IRQ15 assigned to DMA0 assigned to DMA1 assigned to DMA3 assigned to DMA5 assigned to DMA6 assigned to DMA6 assigned to DMA7 assigned to	:PCI/PnP :legacy ISA :legacy ISA :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP	ESC: Quit

• PCI Slot 1/Slot 2/Slot 3/Slot 4/Slot 5 INT#

• For Default Setting.

	Connect to PCI System INT#
PCI Slot1 INTA	INTA
PCI Slot1 INTB	INTB
PCI Slot1 INTC	INTC
PCI Slot1 INTD	INTD
PCI Slot2 INTA	INTB
PCI Slot2 INTB	INTC
PCI Slot2 INTC	INTD
PCI Slot2 INTD	INTA
PCI Slot3 INTA	INTC
PCI Slot3 INTB	INTD
PCI Slot3 INTC	INTA
PCI Slot3 INTD	INTB
PCI Slot4 INTA	INTD
PCI Slot4 INTB	INTA
PCI Slot4 INTC	INTB
PCI Slot4 INTD	INTC
PCI Slot5 INTA	INTA
PCI Slot5 INTB	INTB
PCI Slot5 INTC	INTC
PCI Slot5 INTD	INTD





# • Resources Controlled By

The Award Plug and Play BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. If you seelect Auto, all the interrupt request and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

#### \*IRQ n assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

#### Legacy ISA

Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification.

#### PCI/ISA PnP

Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for the PCI or ISA bus architecture.

#### **•**PCI IRQ Activated By:

Select the PCI IRQ Active scheme either LEVEL or EDGE. *Default value is LEVEL*.

# **•PCI IDE IRQ Map To:**

Select the IDE IRQ Map to ISA IRQ#.

#### **◆Primary IDE INT#**

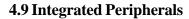
Select the PCI INT# that the Primary IDE controller will use. *Default value is A.* 

#### **◆Secondary IDE INT#**

Select the PCI INT# that the Secondary IDE controller will use. *Default value is B* 







Integrated	d Peripherals
Award So	oftware, Inc.
IDE HDD Block Mode IDE Primary Master PIO IDE Primary Slave PIO IDE Secondary Master PIO IDE Secondary Slave PIO On-Chip Primary PCI-IDE On-Chip Secondary PCI-IDE PCI Slot IDE 2nd Channel	:Auto :Auto :Auto :Enable
On-Board FDC Controller On-Board Serial Port 1 On-Board Serial Port 2 On-Board Parallel Port Parallel Port Mode	:Enable :Com1/3F8 :Com2/2F8 :378/IRQ7 :Normal

The Settings in the Integrated Peripherals lets the user enable or disable on-board device. You can also configure the I/O and IRQ settings of the on-board serial and parallel ports.







# ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP		PASSWORD SETTING		
BIOS FEATURES SETUP		IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION		
CHIPSET F	Load Setup Defaults (Y/N)? N			
PCI SLOT			T SAVING	
LOAD SET	UP DEFAULTS			
ESC : Save & Exit Setup		$\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$	:Select Item :Change Color	
F10 : Quit		(Shift)F2	:Change Color	
Load SETUP Defaults except standard CMOS SETUP				

# • Load SETUP defaults

To load SETUP default values to CMOS SRAM, enter "Y". If not, enter "N"  $\,$ 

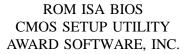
• If any problem has occurred, loading the SETUP DEFAULTS is recommended.

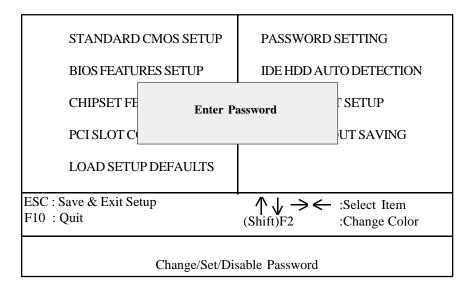
# 4.10. PASSWORD SETTING

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

# **ENTER PASSWORD**







Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear the previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also just press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable the password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter a password. A message will confirm that the password has been disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

#### PASSWORD DISABLED

If you select System at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter setup. If you select Setup at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter setup.







ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

CYLS. HEAD PRECOMP LANZONE SECTORS

Drive C: (202 Mb) 989 12 65535 989 35

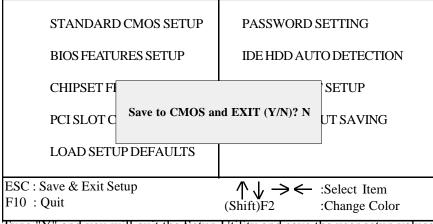
Do you want to accept this as drive C (Y/N)?

Esc:Skip

Type "Y" to accept the H.D.D parameter reported by BIOS. Type "N" to keep the old H.D.D parameter info.

#### 4.12. SAVE & EXIT SETUP

ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.



Type "Y" and you will quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup values to RTC CMOS SRAM. Type "N" to return to Setup Utility.



# 5.0 Flash Writer Utility

You can upgrade the BIOS of your mainboard by using a "Flash Memory Writer" (FMW) utility. This utility can be downloaded from the factory's BBS (Consult your system vendor for the phone #). The system BIOS is stored on a 'flash' EPROM chip on the mainboard which can be erased and reprogrammed by the FMW. The following three files make up the FMW.

AWDFLASH.EXE -The Flash Memory Writer utility for

Award to Award upgrade.

AMIFLASH.COM -The Flash Memory Writer utility for

AMI to AMI upgrade.

README -A text file of instructions

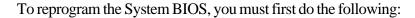
\*S62AWXX.BIN -XX-A 2-digit version number.

Flash memory writer records (or 'programs') a new BIOS onto the flash memory chip. You cannot upgrade an Award BIOS to a AMI BIOS or a AMI BIOS to an Award BIOS.





<sup>\*</sup>This file name is subject to change and can have either a "bin" or a "rom" extension.



1. Check jumper J9(default pins 1-2)

The S1662 uses a 5V Flash EPROM so jumper J9 should be left in the default postion on pins 1 and 2. These jumpers should never be moved.

2. Make sure the CPU is running in 'real mode'.

FMW will not run if the CPU is operating in a protected or virtual mode. This means that you can not run it with Windows running or with any memory manager software. You must disable any memory manager first. The easiest way to do this is to:

- a. Boot your system from a bootable floppy disk with no CONFIG.SYS or AUTOEXEC.BAT files, and then run Flash Memory Writer from a backup copy of your support disk. You can make your back-up floppy bootable when you format it, and use one disk for both purposes.
- b. If you are using MS-DOS 6.x, you can use the feature that allows you to bypass the CONFIG.SYS and AUTOEXEC.BAT file. You do this while pressing <F5> while the "Starting MS-DOS..." line is on the screen.

There are other ways to accomplish the same result. The main point is to make sure no memory managers are running. If you are not sure, try running FMW. If it runs, then you have succeeded. If it displays a warning message about the CPU mode, you will have to try again.





Once you have satisfied the two requirements mentioned above, you can run FMW. You can copy the contents of the "Flash" directory to your hard drive, or you can run the utility from a backup of the support floppy disk. Make sure the new BIOS file is in the same directory as the FMW utility.

To run FMW, change to the "Flash" directory if you are not already in it. Type "Awdflash" at the DOS command line and press the <Enter> key. The following screen will appear.

# **5.1** The Flash Memory Writer Utility Screen (Award)

FLASH MEMORY WRITER V3.0 Copyright (C) 1993, AWARD Software Inc.,		
For FX/HX-2A59CT51 D	Date:4/13/95	
File Name to Program:		
Error Message:		

Type in the whole file name, e.g. A62AW10.BIN and confirm that you want to program the BIOS. The utility will then 'Blank', 'Erase', and then 'Program' the flash memory on the mainboard with the new BIOS file. You should choose "yes" to save the original system BIOS to a floppy diskette before you program the new BIOS. This leaves you with a backup of your original BIOS in case you need to reinstall it. This option is highly recommended. If you can not successfully program the BIOS file for whatever reason, re-install you original BIOS from the backup file.

**Warning:** If you do not successfully install a complete BIOS file in the flash memory on the Mainboard, your system may not be able to boot. If this happens, it will require service by your system vendor. Follow the requirements and instructions in this section precisely to aviod inconvenience.



# 6.0 System Resource

#### 6.1. TIMER & DMA CHANNEL MAP

TIMER MAP: TIMER Channel-0 system timer interrupt

TIMER Channel-1 DRAM REFRESH request TIMER Channel-2 SPEAKER tone generator

DMA CHANNELS: DMA Channel-0 Available

DMA Channel-1 Available

DMA Channel-2 FLOPPY DISK adapter

DMA Channel-3 Available

DMA Channel-4 Cascade for DMA controller 1

DMA Channel-5 Available DMA Channel-6 Available DMA Channel-7 Available

#### **6.2 INTERRUPT MAP**

NMI: Parity check error

IRQ (H/W) 0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER-0

1 KEYBOARD output buffer full

2 Cascade for IRQ 9-15

3 SERIAL port 2

4 SERIAL port 1

5 PARALLEL port 2

6 FLOPPY DISK adapter

7 PARALLEL port 1

8 RTC clock

9 Available

10 Available

11 Available

12 PS/2 Mouse

13 MATH co-processor

14 Primary IDE

15 Secondary IDE

