

TYAN S1572 ATX Pentium Class 75 thru 200MHz 430TX PCI-ISA System Board User's Manual

Notice for the USA Compliance Information Statement

(Declaration of Comformity Procedure) DoC

FCC Part 15: This Device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and

- 2) this device must accept any interference received
- including interference that may cause undesired operation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try one or more of the following measures:
- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that of the receiver connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Notice for Canada

This apparatus complies with the Class "B" limits for radio interference as specified in the Canadian Department of Communications Radio Interference Regulations.

Cet appareil est conforme aux normes de CLASSE "B" d'interference radio tel que spec' cifie' par le Ministe're Canadien des Communications dans les re'glements d'interfe'rence radio.

Notice for Europe (CE Mark)

This product is in conformity to the Council Directive 89/336/EEC, 92/31/EEC (EMC)





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1. Introduction

1.1 Overview

The S1572 is a quality, high performance mainboard designed for Intel Pentium microprocessors. This mainboard utilizes the Intel 430TX chipset and can support CPU speeds of 75MHz through 200MHz. The S1572 will also support the CyrixM1/6x86 CPU's and the Intel multimedia Pentium with MMX processor, both the P55C and P54CTB Overdrive versions.

The S1572's PCI Local Bus provides high performance capabilities that are ideal for a wide range of demanding applications such as: CAD, CAM, CAE, networking, multi-user environments, database management, desktop publishing, image processing and 3D animation.

This integrated system board achieves high reliability with numerous features and yet is small enough to be supported in a "ATX" form-factor. Some of the features included are: on-board dual channel PCI PIO, DMA IDE and UltraDMA/33, on-board floppy controller, on-board high speed I/O, and support for pipeline-burst SRAM.

Flexibility and expandibility have been designed into the S1572. With I/O and drive controller support built on-board, the five PCI and three ISA (One ISA and one PCI as a shared slot) slots are free for numerous add-on expansion cards.

Remember to take a look at Tyan Computers web site located at http://www.tyan.com. Here you can find information on all of Tyan's products along with FAQ's, distributors list, drivers and CMOS setting explanations. If you have a tech support question please contact us at www.tyan.com.

Notice

This board uses the Intel 430TX chipset. According to Intel, the USB function in this chipset is not guaranteed. Compatibility tests cannot be conducted for USB at this time due to no availability of Operating System support for these devices. Please log on to the Tyan web page for the latest infomation.

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1.2 Hardware Specifications/Features

◆CPU	Intel Pentium 75 MHz thru 200 MHz (Socket 7) Intel Pentium P55C/P54CTB Overdrive (MMX) Cyrix/IBM/SGS M1/6x86 P120+, P150+, P166+, and AMD K5 PR90 through PR166.
• Speed	50/60/66 MHz system bus 25/30/33 MHz PCI bus
◆DRAM	3 banks of 72 pin SIMM and 2 DIMM sockets Supports 5V or 3.3V memory Supports EDO(Extended Data Out) DRAMs Supports SDRAM(Synchronous DRAM) Supports Fast Page Mode DRAMs Supports 8MB to 256MB of DRAMs
◆L2 Cache	512KB on board 2nd level cache memory Supports pipeline-burst SRAM
◆EIDE Controller	Primary and secondary PCI EIDE channels on board for support of up to four EIDE Mode 0 through Mode 4 drives. Supports DMA(Bus Master) mode 1 and 2. (Bus Master driver on web at www.tyan.com) Supports "UltraDMA/33" Synchronous mode.
◆Enhanced I/O	Multi-mode bi-directional parallel port that supports standard, EPP and ECP modes. Supports 16550 compatible UARTS for on-board high speed serial ports. Support for an IrDA compliant Infra Red inter- face. On-board floppy controller On-board Universal Serial Ports (2)
◆I/O Bus Slots	5 Master/Slave PCI-Bus3 ISA Bus One ISA and one PCI shared slot
◆Mouse	On-board PS/2 mouse connector.

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1.3 Software Specifications

◆BIOS	Award or AMI BIOS AT CMOS setup, BIOS/CHIPSET setup, and hard disk utility included.
	Support for easy BIOS upgrades with flash EPROM chip.
•O.S.	Operates with MS-DOS, Windows 3.x, Windows
	for Work Group 3.x, Windows 95, Windows NT
	OS/2, Novell Netware, and SCO Unix.
	Tyan is also a Solaris certified manufacturer.3

1.4 Environment

Ambient Temperature	0 to +50 C (operating)
Relative Humidity	0 to $+85\%$ (operating)
Altitude	0 to 10,000 feet (operating)
Vibration	0 to 1,000 Hz
Voltage	4.9 to 5.2 V

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2. Board Installation

2.1 Unpacking

The mainboard package should contain the following:

- \$\$1572 Mainboard
- •One IDE 40 pin cable
- •One 34 pin floppy cable
- User's Manual

The mainboard contains sensitive electric components which can be easily damaged by static electricity, so the mainboard should be left in its original packaging until it is ready to be installed.

With the power supply plugged in and turned off, touch an unpainted area of the system chassis immediately before handling the mainboard or any component. Doing so discharges the static charge your body may have built.

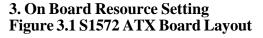
After opening the mainboard carton, extract the system board holding it by its edges ,and place it only on a grounded anti-static surface, component side up. Inspect the board for damage. Press down on any of the socket IC's if it appears they are not properly seated. Do this only with the board placed on an anti-static mat. Do not touch the bottom of the board.

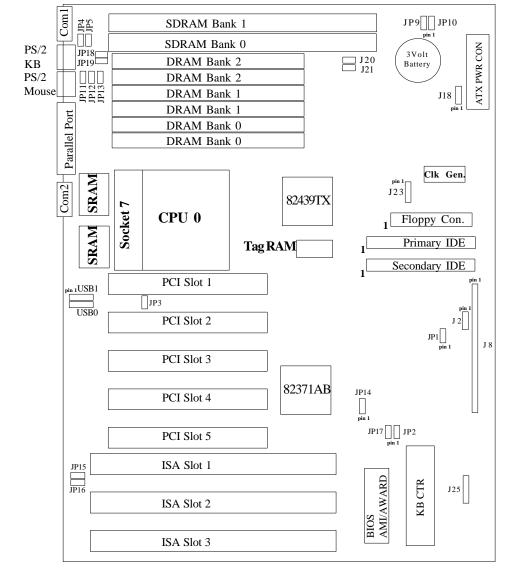
DO NOT APPLY POWER TO THE BOARD IF IT HAS BEEN DAMAGED!

2.2 Installation

You are now ready to install your mainboard. The mounting hole pattern of the S1572 matches the ATX system board spec. It is assumed that the chassis is for a standard ATX mainboard form factor.







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3.2 Jumper Settings

JP4	JP5	JP23	CPU Speed
off	off	1-2,3-4	75MHz
off	off	3-4	90MHz
off	off	1-2	100MHz
on	off	3-4	120MHz
on	off	1-2	133MHz
on	on	3-4	150MHz
on	on	1-2	166MHz
off	on	3-4	180MHz
off	on	1-2	200MHz

CPU Speed Settings for Pentium P54C and P55C:

CPU Speed Settings for Cyrix/SGS/IBM 6x86/M1/AMD:

JP4	JP5	JP6	CPU Speed/ID
on	off	1-2,3-4	100MHz/P120+
on	off	3-4	120MHz/P150+
on	off	1-2	133MHz/P166+
	1		

DIMM Memory Voltage Select: 3V is Default

DIMM VCC	3 V	5V
JP9	1-2	2-3
JP10	1-2	2-3

Heatsink Fan Power: J18

GND
+12V
GND



BIOS Voltage Select: JP2 (Default is 5V)

	BIOS 5V	BIOS 12V
JP2	1-2	2-3

J8 Jumper Block:

Desc.	PIN#
Soft Power	1-2
Ext SMI	3-4
IR1	8-11
Pri HDD LED	13-14
Sec HDD LED	15-16
PWR LED	18-20
Reset SW	22-23
Speaker	24-27

CPU Select: Default P54C, P55C(MMX), & Cyrix

These jumpers need not be changed. The system will auto-detect your CPU type.

	P54C, P55C(MMX)
JP11	Cyrix
JP11 JP12	Off Off
JP13	On

CMOS Reset: JP1(Default Battery On)

Battery On	CMOS Reset
1-2	2-3

To reset CMOS, jumper JP1 on pins 2-3 for two seconds, then jumper it back to pins 1-2.

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Reset Connector: J8 pin 22-23

Pinc	ut Assignment
22	Power Good
23	Ground

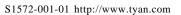
Flash EPROM: JP2

This jumper should be left at the factory default.

JP2	1-2

Keylock Connector: J25

t Assignments
Led
No Connect
Ground
Keylock
Ground



I			I		

I/O Port Setting: J15 and J16

	J15	J16
For Serial Port	1-2	1-2
For IR Port	2-3	2-3

Speaker Connector: J8 pins 24-27

Pino	ut Assignments
1	Speaker out
2	Ground
3	NC
4	+ 5V

HDD LED: J8 pins 13-14 and pins 15-16

Pinou	t Assignments
13	Anode
14	Cathode
15	Anode
16	Cathode

Infra Red Interface: J8 pins 8-11 and J2

Pinout	Assignments
1(8)	Signal In
2(9)	Gnd
3(10)	Signal Out
4(11)	VCC



3.3 CMOS RTC

CMOS RTC includes an internal battery and Real Time Clock circuit. It provides the date and the time for the system. Normally the life span of a RTC internal battery is 10 years. This function is built onto the Intel TX chipset and cannot be field upgraded.

3.4 Speaker Connector Installation

S1572 provides a 4-Pin header to connect the speaker. The speaker is connected to pins 24-27 of J8.

3.7 Hardware Reset Switch Connector Installation

The RESET switch on your cases' display panel provides users with the HARDWARE RESET function which is the same as power on/off. The system will do a cold start after the RESET switch is pushed by the user. The RESET switch is a 2 pin connector and should be installed on pins 22 and 23 on J8.

3.8 Flash EPROM-Jumper JP2

The S1572 uses flash memory to store BIOS programs. It can be updated as new versions of the BIOS becomes available. The flash utility will guide you through the process step by step.

JP2 determines which type of EPROM is used. This jumper has been set to match the on board BIOS chip. The factory default for the S1572 is on pins 1-2. Depending on the type of EPROM used, some boards will have JP2 on pins 2-3.



Refer to chapter 5 for Flash EPROM upgrade procedures.

3.9 Hardware CMOS & Password Reset

If you have been locked out of your system because you forgot your password or set the CMOS incorrectly, follow the instructions below.

- a. Power off the system
- b. Jumper JP1 to pins 2 and 3.
- d. Wait for 2 seconds then return the jumper to pins 1 and 2.
- e. Power on the system again.

By doing the above procedures, your password will be erased and the CMOS will be reset to the BIOS default.

3.10 DRAM Installation

The S1572 uses a 64-bit data path from memory to CPU and can accommodate up to 256MB of RAM. The mainboard supports Fast Page Mode, and EDO (Extended Data Out) 72 pin SIMMs. SDRAM(Synchronous) are also supported in the DIMM slots. DIMM's must be of the unbuffered variety. All installed memory will be automatically detected so there is no need to set jumpers.

- •SIMM modules must be installed in pairs.
- •Each pair of SIMMs must be of the same size and type.
- •The mainboard supports 1, 2, 4, 8 and 16MBx32 SIMMs.
- •SIMM bank 0, 1 and 2 can use either double or single sided SIMMs.
- •Two SIMMs or One unbuffered DIMM must be installed for the system to POST.
- •SDRAM DIMMs can be installed one at a time.
- •The mainboard supports 1, 2 and 4Mx 64 DIMM modules.
- •SIMM bank 0 and DIMM bank 0 cannot be used at the same time. SIMM bank 1 and DIMM bank 1 cannot be used at the same time. You can use SIMM bank 0 with DIMM bank 1. You can use SIMM bank 1 with DIMM bank 0.
- If you use 4Mx64 DIMMs you cannot use DRAM bank 2.
- •We do not recommend using DRAM bank 2 along with DIMMs.
- The following table shows some of the available memory configurations.

DRAM Bank 0	DRAM Bank 1	DRAM Bank 2	SDRAM Bank 0	SDRAM Bank 1	Total
4MB x2	none	none	none	none	8MB
none	none	none	8MB x1	none	8MB
none	none	none	16MB x1	none	16MB
8MB x2	none	none	none	none	16MB
4MB x2	4MB x2	4MB x2	none	none	24MB
16MB x2	none	none	none	none	32MB
none	8MB x2	none	16MB x1	none	32MB
32MB x2	none	none	none	none	64MB
none	none	none	none	64MB x1	64MB
none	none	none	32MB x1	64MB x1	96MB
none	none	none	64MB x1	64MB x1	128MB
64MB x2	none	none	none	64MB x1	192MB
64MB x2	64MB x2	64MB x2	none	none	256MB

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3.11 CPU Installation

Several types of CPUs (75 thru 200MHz) can be used on S1572. Please refer to section 3.2 for the correct CPU jumper settings for your board.

- The CPU is a sensitive electronic component and it can be easily damaged by static electricity. Do not touch the CPU pins with your fingers.
- When installing the CPU into the socket, match the CPU pins to the socket pins.
- Before the CPU is installed, the mainboard must be placed on a flat plane. You should be able to insert the CPU with minimal pressure. Do not push down hard, use firm pressure.
- A cooling fan and heat sink assembly is required to protect the CPU from being damaged.
- 1. Make sure the ZIF socket lever is up. To raise the lever, pull it out to the side a little and raise it as far as it will go. The top plate will slide back.
- 2. Align the CPU and socket Pin 1 corners. The pins on the bottom should align with the rows of holes in the socket.
- 3. Insert the CPU in the socket. It should insert easily. If it does not, adjust the position of the lever a little.
- 4. Press the lever down. The top plate will slide forward. You will feel some resistance as the pressure starts to secure the CPU in the socket. This is normal and will not damage the CPU. The lever should snap into place at the side of the socket.



3.12 Upgrading Cache Memory

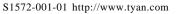
The S1572's 512kb of on-board pipelined burst SRAM and cannot be field upgraded. The TX chipset can cache a maximium of 64MB of RAM.

3.13 Peripheral Device Installation

After all the jumpers on the mainboard have been set, then it can be mounted into the case. Proceed to install the display card and any other peripheral devices.

If a PCI-Bus interface card is to be installed in the system, any one of the five PCI-Bus slots can support either a Master or a Slave device.

After installing the peripheral controllers, the user should check everything again, and prepare to power on the system.





4. BIOS Configuration

Award's BIOS has a built in setup program that allows the user to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in the battery-backed CMOS NVRAM. Entering incorrect information or forgetting your password can lock you out of your system.(refer to 3.9 for resetting of CMOS)

4.1. Entering Setup

Power ON the computer and press immediately and you will enter Setup. The other way to enter setup is to power on the computer, when the below message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test), press key or simultaneously press <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Esc> keys.

* TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF then ON or by pressing "Reset" on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time, the system will not boot and an error message will appear on the screen. You will be asked to;

* PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL TO ENTER SETUP.

Figure 4.1 will appear on the sceen. The Main Menu allows you to select from the 8 setup functions and 2 exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter each sub-menu.



4.2. Control Keys

PgUp key	Increases the numeric value or make changes
PgDn key	Decreases the numeric value or make changes
F1 key	General help, only for Status Page Setup menu
	and Option Page Setup Menu
F2 key	Change color from a total of 16 colors
F3 key	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
F4 key	Reserved
F5 key	Restore the previous CMOS value, only for Option
	Page Setup Menu
F6 key	Load defaults
F8 key	Reserved
F9 key	Reserved
F10 key	Save all CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

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4.3. Getting Help

4.3.1. Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

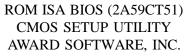
4.3.2. Setup Page menu/Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted items. To exit the Help Window, press <Esc>.

4.4. The Main Menu

Once you enter the Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 4.1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from the eight setup functions and 2 exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

Figure 4.1: Main Menu



Time, Date, Hard Disk Type,				
ESC : Save & Exit Setup F10 : Quit	$ \begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ (Shift)F2 \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} : Select Item \\ : Change Color \end{array} $			
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE AND EXIT			
POWER MANAGEMENT	IDE HDD AUTO DETECT			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS			

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Standard CMOS setup

This setup page includes all the items in a standard compatible BIOS.

• BIOS features setup

This setup page includes all of the enhanced features of Award's BIOS.

Chipset features setup

This setup page includes all the items of the 430TX chipset features.

Power Management setup

Change, set, or disable system power management options.

PNP/PCI Configuration

This setup page allows you to modify the configuration of PCI slot parameters.

Load setup defaults

BIOS defaults indicate the most appropriate values of each system parameter for your system.

Supervisor/User Password

Change, set, or disable password. It allows you to limit access to the system and Setup.

Integrated Peripherals

This option lets you enable or disable on board FDD, HDD, and I/O options.

• IDE HDD auto detection

Automatically configure hard disk parameters.

• Save and exit setup

Save changes to CMOS and exit setup.

• Exit without saving

Abandon all CMOS changes and exit setup.

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4.5. Standard CMOS Setup Menu

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu (Figure 4.2) are divided into 9 categories. Each category includes one or more setup items. Use the arrows to highlight the item and use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want for each item.

Figure 4.2: Standard CMOS Setup Menu

R	OM IS	SA BI	OS (2A	59CT51)				
S	TANE	DARD	CMOS	SETUP				
A	AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.							
Date (mm:dd:vv) : Tue	Date (mm:dd:yy) : Tue, Dec 7 1995							
Time (hh:mm:ss) : $18 : 01 : 38$								
()	Type Size CYLS. HEADS. PRECOMP. LANDZONE SECTORS							
51				PRECOMP.	LANDZON	E SECTORS		
Primary Master : none	e Omb	0	0	0	0	0		
Primary Slave: none	e Omb	0	0	0	0	0		
Secondary Master: none	0mb	0	0	0	0	0		
Secondary Slave: none	0mb	0	0	0	0	0		
Drive A : 1.44 M, 3.5 in				Base Me		640 K		
Drive B : 1.2 M, 5.25 in.					-			
,					d Memory:			
Video : EGA/VGA				Expande	ed Memory:	0 K		
VILLEO . EUA/VUA				Other M	emory:	384 K		
Halt On : All errors								
Halt OIL: All errors				Total Me	emory:	8192 K		
ESC: Quit	^ →	┙←	: Select	Item F	PU/PD/+/-:	Modify		
F1: Help	-	• •	inge Coloi		F3: Toggle (2		
ii. nonp	(Shint)	12. Ch	inge Coloi		J. LOggie	Jachual		

• Date

The date format is <month>, <day>, <year>. Press <F3> to show the calendar.

• Time

The time format is <hours>, <minutes>, <seconds>. The time is calculated based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

Day	The day, from Sun to Sat, Determined by the BIOS date,
	month and year entries.
Date	The date, from 1 to 31 (or maximum allowed in a month)
Month	The month, Jan to Dec.
Year	The year, from 1900 to 2099
1	



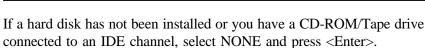
• Primary/Secondary Drive Type

This category identifies the types of hard disk drives that have been installed in the computer. There are 46 predefined types and a user definable type.

Press PgUp or PgDn to select a numbered hard disk type or type a number and press <Enter>. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk type is not listed, you can Type User to define your own drive manually.

If you select Type User, you will be asked to enter the following info. Enter the paramters directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. The hard disk information should be provided in the documentation from the hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

CYLS	number of cylinders
HEADS	number of heads
PRECOMP	written precom
LANDZONE	landing zone
SECTORS	number of sectors



• Drive A type/Drive B type

This category identifies the types of floppy disk drive A or B, that have been installed in your computer.

None	No floppy drive installed
360K, 5.25 in.	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
1.2M,5.25 in.	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
720K, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 megabyte capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 megabyte capacity



Video

This category detects the type of graphics adapter used for the primary display system. It must match your video display card and monitor. Although secondary monitors are supported, you do not have to select that type in setup.

EGA/VGA	Enhanced Graphics Adapter/Video Graphics Array. For VGA,SVGA, or PGA monitor adapters.
CGA 40	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 40 column mode.
CGA 80	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 80 column mode.
Mono	Monochrome adapter, includes hi-res monochrome.

• Halt On

The category determines whether the computer will stop if an error is detected during power up.

No errors	Whenever the BIOS has detected a non-fatal error, the system will be stopped and you will be promted.
All errors	The system boot will not be stopped for any errors that are detected.
All, but Keyboard	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error; it will stop for all other errors.
All, but Diskette	The system boot will not stop for disk errors; it will stop for all other errors.
All, but Disk/Key	The system boot will not stop for a keyboard or disk error; it will stop for all other errors.

• Memory

The category is for display-only and it is determined by POST (Power On Self Test) of the BIOS.

Base Memory

The POST of the BIOS will determine the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system. The value of the base memory is typically 640K.

Extended Memory

The BIOS determines how much extended memory is present during the POST. This is the amount of memory located above 1MB in the CPU's memory address map.



Expanded Memory

Expanded Memory (EMS) defines a 64K page frame in the area between 640K and 1Mb containing four 16K pages that are windows into the EMS memory. Programs issue requests to the EMS manager to switch the page to any part of EMS memory. Extended memory can be converted to emulate EMS by using a memory manager such as EMM386 that ships with Windows and DOS.

Other Memory

This refers to memory located in the 640K to 1024K address space. This memory can be used for different applications. DOS uses this area to load device drivers to keep as much conventional memory free for application programs as possible.

4.6. BIOS FEATURES SETUP

ROM ISA BIOS BIOS FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Virus Warning CPU Internal Cache External Cache Boot Sequence Swap Floppy Drive Boot Up Floppy Seek Boot Up NumLock Status Typematic Rate Setting Typematic Rate (Chars/sec) Typematic Delay (msec)	:Enabled :Enabled :A,C :Disabled :Enabled :On :Disabled :6 :250	Video BIOS Shadow:EnabledC8000-CBFFF Shadow:DisabledCC000-CFFFF Shadow:DisabledD0000-D3FFF Shadow:DisabledD4000-D7FFF Shadow:DisabledD8000-DBFFF Shadow:DisabledDC000-DFFFF Shadow:DisabledDC000-DFFFF Shadow:Disabled
Security Option PS/2 Mouse Function PCI/VGA Palette Snooping OS select for DRAM >64M		ESC :Quit $\uparrow \downarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow$:Select Item F1 :Help PU/PD/+/- :Modify F5 :Old Values (Shift)F2 :Color F6 :Load BIOS Defaults F7 :Load Setup Defaults

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• Virus warning

This category flashes on screen. During and after the system boot up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and the following error message will appear. In the meantime, you can run an anti-virus program to locate the problem. Default value is Enabled.

"Attempting to write to boot sector, continue? Y/N"

Enabled	Activate	autom	atically	wher	n the	system	boots	up causi	ing a	a warni	ing
	message	to a	ppear	when	anythi	ng atte	mps to	access	the	boot s	ector
	or hard	disk	partitior	n tabl	e.						
Disable	No warn	ing m	nessage	to to	appear	when	anything	attemps	s to	access	the
	boot sec	tor or	hard	disk	partitior	n table.					

• CPU Internal Cache/External Cache

These two categories speed up the memory access. However, it depends on the CPU/Chipset design. Default value is Enabled.

Enabled			
Disabled	Disables	the	cache



• Boot Sequence

This category determines which drive the computer searches first for the disk operating system (i.e. DOS). Default value is A,C.

	System											
C,A	System	will	first	search	for	hard	disk	drive	then	floppy	disk	drive

• Swap Floppy Drive

Default value is Disabled

EnabledF	loppy	А	&	В	will	be	e swapped under DOS
Disable F	loppy	А	&	В	will	be	e normal definition.



• Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, the BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 720K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks. Default value is Enabled

Enabled	BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80
	tracks. Note that the BIOS cannot tell from 720k, 1.2M or 1.44M
	drive type as they are all 80 tracks
Disabled	BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track
	number. Note that there will not be any warning messages if the
	drive installed is 360K

Boot Up NumLock Status

Default value is On

On	Keypad is	number keys
Off	Keypad is	arrow keys

• Gate A20 Option

Gate A20 controls the ability to access memory addresses above 1 MB by enabling (Fast) or disabling (Normal) access to the processor. Default value is Fast

• Typematic Rate Setting, Typematic Rate (char/sec), and Typematic Delay.

Typematic Rate Setting enables or disables the following two options. TheTypematic Rate (6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, or 30 characters per second) and Typematic Rate Delay (250, 500, 750, or 1000 milliseconds) control the speed at which the keystroke is repeated. The selected character is displayed when a key is held down after a delay set by the Typematic Rate Delay. It then repeats at a rate set by the Typematic Rate.



Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the system setup, or just setup. Default value is Setup

System	The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the
	correct password is not entered at the prompt
Setup	The system will boot, but access to setup will be denied if the
	password is not entered at the prompt

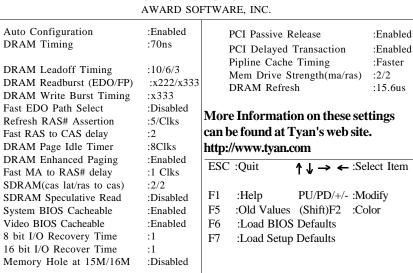
• Video BIOS Shadow

It determines whether Video BIOS will be copied to RAM, however, it is an optional chipset design. Default is Enabled.

4.7 Chipset Features Setup

This screen controls the settings for the board's chip set. The controls for this screen are the same as the previous screen.

The Chipset Features Screen



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4.7.1 Power Management Setup

ROM ISA BIOS POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC

Power Management PM Control By APM Video Off Method Video Off After Doze Mode Standby Mode Suspend Mode HDD Power Down Throttle Duty Cycle ZZ Active Monitor IRQ8 Clock Event	:Disabled :No :Blank Screen :N/A :Disabled :Disabled :Disabled :62.5% :Disable :Disable	Reload Global Timer Ev IRQ (3-7, 9-15), NMI Primary IDE 0 Primary IDE 1 Secondary IDE 0 Secondary IDE 1 Floppy Disk Serial Port Parallel Port	vents Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable Disable

• Power Management

Options are disabled, user defined, Min saving, and Max saving.

•PM Control by APM

Options are "Yes" and "No". When set for "No", system BIOS will ignore APM when power managing the system. If set on "Yes" the system BIOS will wait for APM's prompt before it enters any PM mode, e.g. Doze, Standby or Suspend.

Video Off Method

The "Blank Screen" option will let the system BIOS blanks the screen when disabling video. V/H SYNC+Blank will let the BIOS turn off the V-SYNC and H-SYNC signals from the VGA card to the monitor.



• Doze Mode

Defines the continous idle time before the system enters Doze mode.

Standby Mode

Defines the continous idle time before the system enters Standby mode.

•Reload Global Timer Events

Defines the the activities that can cause the PM timers to reload. (Breaking out of PM Mode)



4.8 PCI Slot Configuration

ROM ISA BIOS PCI SLOT CONFIGURATION AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Resource Controlled Reset Configuration	2	PCI IRQ Activated By: Level PCI IDE IRQ Map To: Auto Primary IDE INT#: A
IRQ3 assigned to IRQ4 assigned to IRQ5 assigned to IRQ7 assigned to IRQ9 assigned to IRQ10 assigned to IRQ11 assigned to	:legacy ISA :legacy ISA :PCI/PnP :legacy ISA :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP	Secondary IDE INT#: B
IRQ12 assigned to IRQ14 assigned to IRQ15 assigned to DMA0 assigned to DMA1 assigned to DMA3 assigned to DMA5 assigned to DMA6 assigned to DMA7 assigned to	:PCI/PnP :legacy ISA :legacy ISA :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP :PCI/PnP	ESC: Quit $\blacklozenge \lor \multimap \leftarrow$:Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- :Modify F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 :Color F6 : Load BIOS Defaults F7 : Load Setup Defaults

PCI Slot 1/Slot 2/Slot 3/Slot 4/Slot 5 INT# For Default Setting.

• For Delault Set	ung.
	Connect to PCI System INT#
PCI Slot1 INTA	INTA
PCI Slot1 INTB	INTB
PCI Slot1 INTC	INTC
PCI Slot1 INTD	INTD
PCI Slot2 INTA	INTB
PCI Slot2 INTB	INTC
PCI Slot2 INTC	INTD
PCI Slot2 INTD	INTA
PCI Slot3 INTA	INTC
PCI Slot3 INTB	INTD
PCI Slot3 INTC	INTA
PCI Slot3 INTD	INTB
PCI Slot4 INTA	INTD
PCI Slot4 INTB	INTA
PCI Slot4 INTC	INTB
PCI Slot4 INTD	INTC
PCI Slot5 INTA	INTA
PCI Slot5 INTB	INTB
PCI Slot5 INTC	INTC
PCI Slot5 INTD	INTD



Resources Controlled By

The Award Plug and Play BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. If you select Auto, all the interrupt request and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

•IRQ n assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

Legacy ISA

Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification.

PCI/ISA PnP

Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for the PCI or ISA bus architecture.

•PCI IRQ Activated By:

Select the PCI IRQ Active scheme either LEVEL or EDGE. *Default value is LEVEL*.

•PCI IDE IRQ Map To:

Select the IDE IRQ Map to ISA IRQ#.

Primary IDE INT#

Select the PCI INT# that the Primary IDE controller will use. *Default value is A*.

•Secondary IDE INT#

Select the PCI INT# that the Secondary IDE controller will use. *Default value is B*



4.9 Integrated Peripherals

0	l Peripherals	
Award So	ftware, Inc.	
IDE HDD Block Mode	:Enabled	
IDE Primary Master PIO	:Auto	
IDE Primary Slave PIO	:Auto	
IDE Secondary Master PIO	:Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	:Auto	
IDE Primary Master UDMA	:Auto	
IDE Primary Slave UDMA	:Auto	
IDE Secondary Master UDMA	:Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	:Auto	
On-Chip Primary PCI-IDE	:Enable	
On-Chip Secondary PCI-IDE	:Enable	
USB Keyboard Support	:Disable	
USB Latency Time (PCI CLK):32	
On-Board FDC Controller	:Enable	
On-Board UART 1	:Com1/3F8	
On-Board UART 2	:Com2/2F8	
On-Board UART 2	:Standard	
On-Board Parallel Port	:378/IRQ7	
Parallel Port Mode	:Normal	

The Settings in the Integrated Peripherals section lets the user enable or disable on-board devices. You can also configure the I/O and IRQ settings of the on-board serial and parallel ports.



4.10. LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS

ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	PASSWORD SETTING
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
CHIPSET F Load Setup Defa	SETUP aults (Y/N)? N
PCI SLOT	T SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
ESC : Save & Exit Setup F10 : Quit	

Load SETUP Defaults except standard CMOS SETUP

• Load SETUP defaults

To load SETUP default values to CMOS NVRAM, enter "Y". If not, enter "N"

• If any problem has occurred, loading the SETUP DEFAULTS is recommended.

4.11. PASSWORD SETTING

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password. ENTER PASSWORD



ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP		PASSWORD SETTING	
BIOS FEATUR	ES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	
CHIPSET FE	Enter Pa	assword	SETUP
PCI SLOT C			UT SAVING
LOAD SETUP	DEFAULTS		
ESC : Save & Exit Setup F10 : Quit		$\bigwedge_{\text{(Shift)F2}} \rightarrow \checkmark$:Select Item :Change Color
Change/Set/Disable Password			

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear the previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also just press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable the password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter a password. A message will confirm that the password has been disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED

If you select System at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system is rebooted or any time you try to enter setup. If you select Setup at Security Option of BIOS Features Setup Menu, you will be prompted only when you try to enter setup.



4.12. IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

		CYLS.	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANZONE	SECTORS
Drive C:	(202 Mb)	989	12	65535	989	35
	Do you wa	nt to accept Esc	this as dri ::Skip	ve C (Y/N)	?	

Type "Y" to accept the H.D.D parameter reported by BIOS. Type "N" to keep the old H.D.D parameter info.

4.13. SAVE & EXIT SETUP



ROM ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	PASSWORD SETTING	
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	
CHIPSET FI	SETUP	
PCI SLOT C Save to CMOS ar	d EXIT (Y/N)? N UT SAVING	
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS		
ESC : Save & Exit Setup F10 : Quit		
Time, Date, Har	d Disk Type,	

Type "Y" and you will quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup values to RTC CMOS NVRAM. Type "N" to return to Setup Utility.

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5.0 Flash Writer Utility

You can upgrade the BIOS of your mainboard by using a "Flash Memory Writer" (FMW) utility. This utility can be downloaded from the factory's BBS(Consult your system vendor for the phone #). The system BIOS is stored on a 'flash' EPROM ROM chip on the mainboard which can be erased and reprogrammed by the FMW. The following three files make up the FMW.

AWDFLASH.EXE AMIFLASH.COM	 The Flash Memory Writer utility for Award to Award upgrade. The Flash Memory Writer utility for AMI to AMI upgrade.
README	-A text file of instructions
*S72AWXX.BIN	-XX-A 2-digit version number.

The Flash memory writer records (or 'programs') a new BIOS onto the flash memory chip. You cannot upgrade an Award BIOS to a AMI BIOS or a AMI BIOS to an Award BIOS.

*This file name is subject to change and can have either a "bin" or a "rom" extention.

Note

You should ALWAYS clear your CMOS after flashing a BIOS. This will clear out any stray settings from your old BIOS which may have been carried over from the flashing process. Most problems encountered after flashing a BIOS will be solved by this simple procedure.



To reprogram the System BIOS, you must first do the following:

1. Check jumper JP2.(Default pins 1-2)

The S1572 uses a 5V Flash EPROM so jumper JP2 should be left in the default postion on pins 1 and 2. This jumper should never be moved.

2. Make sure the CPU is running in 'real mode'.

FMW will not run if the CPU is operating in a protected or virtual mode. This means that you can not run it with Windows running or with any memory manager software. You must disable any memory manager first. The easiest way to do this is to:

a. Boot your system from a bootable floppy disk with no CONFIG.SYS or AUTOEXEC.BAT files, and then run Flash Memory Writer from a backup copy of your support disk. You can make your back-up floppy bootable when you format it, and use one disk for both purposes.

b. If you are using MS-DOS 6.x, you can use the feature that allows you to bypass the CONFIG.SYS and AUTOEXEC.BAT file. You do this while pressing <F5> while the "Starting MS-DOS..." line is on the screen.

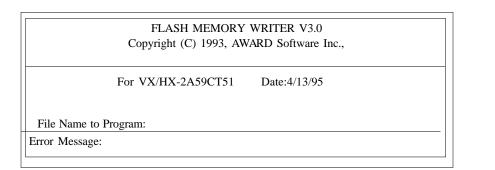
There are other ways to accomplish the same result. The main point is to make sure no memory managers are running. If you are not sure, try running FMW. If it runs, then you have succeeded. If it displays a warning message about the CPU mode, you will have to try again.



Once you have satisfied the two requirements mentioned above, you can run FMW. You can copy the contents of the "Flash" directory to your hard drive, or you can run the utility from a backup of the support floppy disk. Make sure the new BIOS file is in the same directory as the FMW utility.

To run FMW, change to the "Flash" directory if you are not already in it. Type "Awdflash" at the DOS command line and press the <Enter> key. The following screen will appear.

5.1 The Flash Memory Writer Utility Screen (Award)



Type in the whole file name, e.g. A61AW10.BIN and confirm that you want to program the BIOS. The utility will then 'Blank', 'Erase', and then 'Program' the flash memory on the mainboard with the new BIOS file. You should choose "yes" to save the original system BIOS to a floppy diskette before you program the new BIOS. This leaves you with a backup of your original BIOS in case you need to reinstall it. This option is highly recommended. If you can not successfully program the BIOS file for whatever reason, re-install you original BIOS from the backup file. Always reset the CMOS with jumper JP1 after flashing to a new BIOS.

Warning: If you do not successfully install a complete BIOS file in the flash memory on the Mainboard, your system may not be able to boot. If this happens, it will require service by your system vendor. Follow the requirements and instructions in this section precisely to avoid inconvenience.



6.0 System Resource6.1. TIMER & DMA CHANNEL MAP

TIMER MAP:	TIMER Channel-0 system timer interrupt
	TIMER Channel-1 DRAM REFRESH request
	TIMER Channel-2 SPEAKER tone generator

DMA CHANNELS: DMA Channel-0 Available DMA Channel-1 Available DMA Channel-2 FLOPPY DISK adapter DMA Channel-3 Available DMA Channel-4 Cascade for DMA controller 1 DMA Channel-5 Available DMA Channel-6 Available DMA Channel-7 Available

6.2 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI: Parity check error



IRQ (H/W) 0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER-0 1 KEYBOARD output buffer full 2 Cascade for IRQ 9-15 3 SERIAL port 2 4 SERIAL port 1 5 PARALLEL port 2 6 FLOPPY DISK adapter 7 PARALLEL port 1 8 RTC clock 9 Available 10 Available 11 Available 12 PS/2 Mouse 13 MATH co-processor 14 Primary IDE 15 Secondary IDE