PR-693M

A Socket 370 Processor based AGP Mainboard (133/100/66MHz)
Supports PC-133 SDRAM Modules

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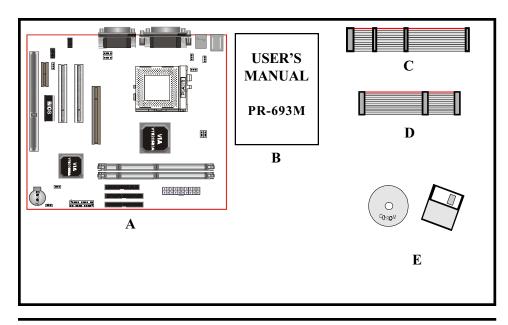
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Section 1 INTRODUCTION

Components Checklist

- A. (1) PR-693M mainboard
- B. (1) PR-693M user's manual
- C. (1) Floppy drive ribbon cable
- D. (1) ATA66 Hard drive ribbon cable
- \checkmark E. (1) Driver and utility

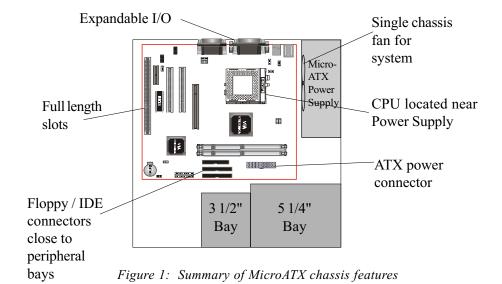


Introduction PR-693M

PR-693M Form-Factor

The PR-693M is designed with Micro-ATX form factor - the new industry standard of chassis. The Micro-ATX form factor is essentially a Baby-AT baseboard rotated 90 degrees within the chassis enclosure and a new mounting configuration for the power supply. With these changes the processor is relocated away from the expansion slots, allowing them all to hold full length add-in cards. Micro-ATX defines a double height aperture to the rear of the chassis which can be used to host a wide range of onboard I/O. Only the size and position of this aperture is defined, allowing PC manufacturers to add new I/O features (e.g.; TV input, TV output, modem, LAN, etc.) to systems. This will help systems integrators differentiate their products in the marketplace, and better meet your needs.

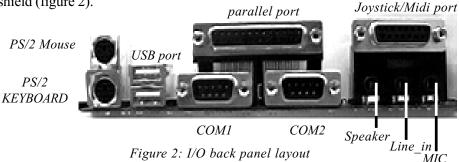
- Smaller size promotes a smaller system size.
- I/O shield does not need to be retooled in an ATX 2.01 or later. The mainboard should be used in an ATX 2.01 (or later) compliant case.
- A smaller power supply cam be used. High integration on mainboard reduces the system costs.



PR-693M Introduction

I/O Shield Connector

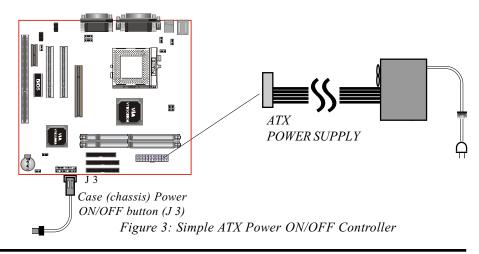
The PR-693M is equipped with an I/O back panel. Please use the appropriate I/O shield (figure 2).



Power-On/Off (Remote)

The PR-693M has a single 20-pin connector for ATX power supplies. For ATX power supplies that support the **Remote On/Off** feature, this should be connected to the systems front panel for system Power On/Off button. The systems power On/Off button should be a momentary button that is normally open.

The PR-693M has been designed with "Soft Off" functions. You can turn Off the system from one of two sources: The first is the front panel Power On/Off button, and the other is the "Soft Off" function (coming from the PR-693M's onboard circuit controller) that can be controlled by the operating system such as Windows 95/98 or Windows 2000.



Introduction PR-693M

System Block Diagram

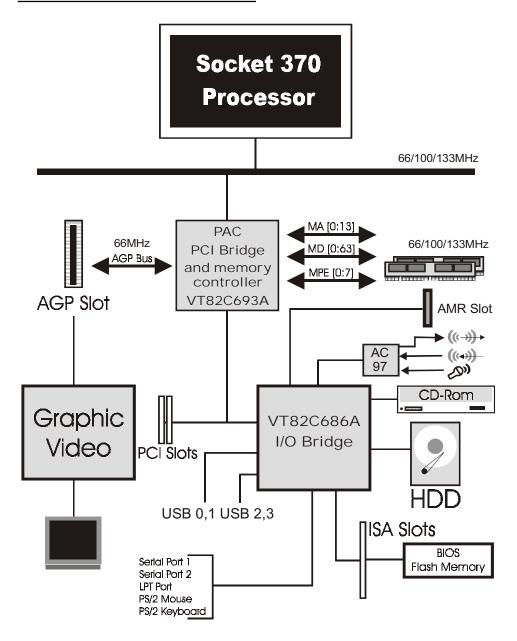


Figure 4: System Block Diagram

PR-693M Features

Section 2 FEATURES

PR-693M Features:

- PR-693M is based on the Socket 370 Processors including PPGA & FC-PGA operating at 433 ~ 800MHz.
- Designed with VIA Apollo Pro 133 PCIset.
- Supports up to 512MB of DRAM (minimum of 32 MB) on board (please see Section 3-3).
- PR-693M will support Error Checking and Correcting (ECC) when using parity SDRAM memory modules. This will detect multiple bit errors and correct 1-bit memory errors.
- Supports (1) 16 bit ISA slots, (2) 32 bit PCI slots, (1) AGP slot, (1) AMR slot and provides (2) independent high performance PCI IDE interfaces capable of supporting PIO Mode 3/4 and Ultra DMA 33/66 devices. The PR-693M supports (2) PCI Bus Master slots and a jumperless PCI INT# control scheme which reduces configuration confusion when plugging in PCI card(s).
- Supports ATAPI (e.g. CD-ROM) devices on both Primary and Secondary IDE interfaces.
- Designed with on chip Multi I/O: (1) floppy port, (1) parallel port (EPP, ECP), and (2) serial ports (16550 Fast UART).

 Note: Japanese "Floppy 3 mode" is also supported
- Features Award Plug & Play BIOS. With Flash Memory you can always upgrade to the current BIOS as they are released.
- PR-693M utilizes a Lithium battery which provides environmental protection and longer battery life.
- Supports the (4) Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports, 2 ports onboard and another 2 ports for option. The onboard VT82C686A chip provides the means for connecting PC peripherals such as; keyboards, joysticks, telephones, and modems.

Features PR-693M

- Built-in ATX 20-pin power supply connector.
- Software power-down when using Windows® 95/98 or Windows® 2000.
- Supports ring-in feature (remote power-on through external modem, allows system to be turned on remotely).
- Resume by Alarm Allows your system to turn on at a preselected time.
- Power Loss Recovery In the event of a power outage your system will automatically turn itself back on without user intervention.
- Supports CPU Hardware sleep and SMM (System Management Mode).
- Supports Keyboard Power On Function (KBPO).
- Supports Front Panel Audio Connector.
- Built-in WOL (Wake-up On Lan) Connector.
- Built-in AC97 PCI Audio.

PR-693M Installation

Section 3 INSTALLATION

PR-693M Detailed Layout

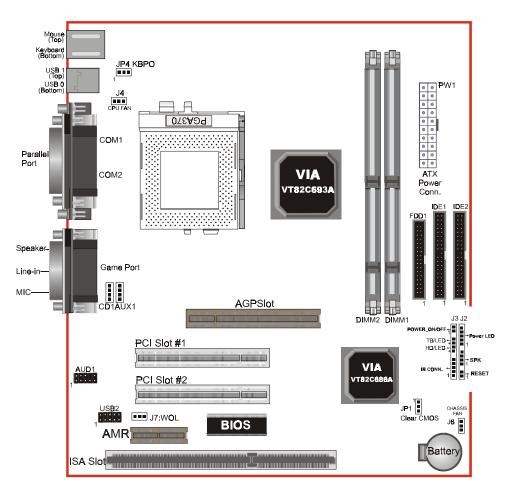


Figure 1

Installation PR-693M

Easy Installation Procedure

The following must be completed before powering on your new system:

- 3-1. CPU Insertion
- 3-2. Jumper Settings
- 3-3. System memory Configuration
- 3-4. Device Connectors
- 3-5. External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Function (KBPO)

Section 3-1 CPU Insertion

CPU Insertion: (use CuMineTM for reference)

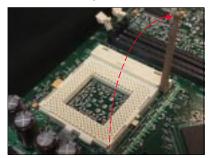


Figure 2

Step 1

Open the socket by raising the actuation lever.



Figure 3

Step 2

Insert the processor.

Ensure proper pin 1 orientation by aligning the FC-PGA corner marking with the socket corner closest to the actuation arm tip. The pin field is keyed to prevent misoriented insertion.

Don't force processor into socket. If it does not go in easily, check for mis-orientation and debris.

Make sure the processor is fully inserted into the socket on all sides.

PR-693M Installation



Figure 4

Step 3 Close the socket by lowering and locking the actuation lever.

Note: Intel's reference design thermal solution is an active heatsink; an extruded aluminum heatsink based and a fan attached to the top on the fin array. (See Figure 5)

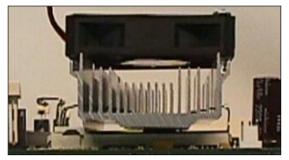


Figure 5

Installation

Keyboard Power-ON Function JP4 = 1-2 Disabled (Default) = 2-3 Enabled PR-693M

PR-693M Installation

Section 3-3 System Memory Configuration

Memory Layout

The PR-693M supports (2) 168-pin DIMMs (Dual In-line Memory Module). The DIMMs is only for SDRAM (Synchronous DRAM).

- DIMM SDRAM may be 83MHz (12ns), 100MHz (10ns) or 125MHz (8ns) bus speed.
- If you use both 50ns and 60ns memory you must configure your BIOS to read 60ns.
- When using Synchronous DRAM we recommend using the 4 clock variety over the 2 clock.

Figure 6 and Table 1 show several possible memory configurations.

DI	MM 1	Bank 0/1—	-Synchronous
DI	MM 2	Bank 2/3	DRAM

Figure 6

Total Memory	DIMM 1 (Bank 0/1)	DIMM 2 (Bank 2/3)	
= 256MB Maximum	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	None	
= 512MB Maximum	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	SDRAM* 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	

Table 1

- * SDRAM only supports 32, 64, 128, 256MB DIMM modules.
- * We recommend to use PC100 Memory Module for bus speed between 66MHz and 100MHz and PC133 Memory for bus speed over 100MHz.
- * Using non-compliant memory with higher bus speed (over clocking) may severely compromise the integrity of the system.

Installation PR-693M

DIMM Module Installation

Figure 7 displays the notch marks and what they should look like on your DIMM memory module.

DIMMs have 168-pins and two notches that will match with the onboard DIMM socket. DIMM modules are installed by placing the chip firmly into the socket at a 90 degree angle and pressing straight down (figure 8) until it fits tightly into the DIMM socket (figure 9).

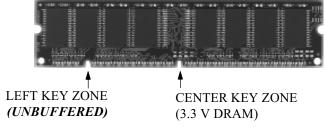
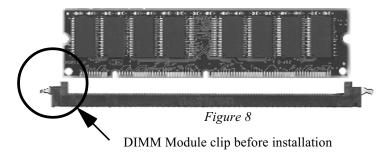
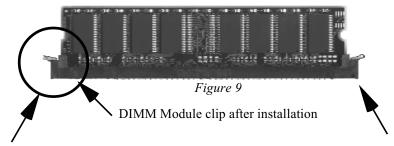


Figure 7



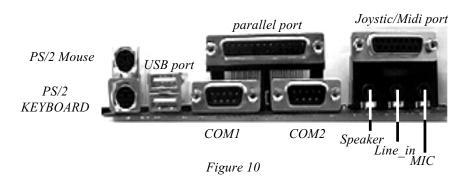


To remove the DIMM module simply press down both of the white clips on either side and the module will be released from the socket.

PR-693M Installation

Section 3-4 Device Connectors

Now that your motherboard is installed you are ready to connect all your connections (figure 10).



J2,J3: Chassis Panel Connector

• Power LED, Speaker, Reset, Turbo LED, HDD LED, IR Conn., Sleep/ Power ON

J4: CPU Fan Power

• A plug-in for the CPU Fan Power

J6: Chassis Fan Power

• A plug-in for the chassis Fan Power

J7: WOL (Wake On Lan) Connector

IDE1: Primary IDE Connector (White Color)

IDE2: Secondary IDE Connector (Black Color)

FDD1: Floppy Controller Connector (Black Color)

PW1: ATX Power Connector

• 20-pin power connector

CD1: CD Audio IN Connector

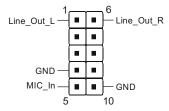
• Pin1(CD IN Left), Pin2/Pin3(CD Reference), Pin4(CD IN Right)

AUX1: Auxiliary Line IN Connector

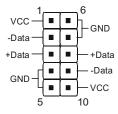
• Pin1(Left Line_IN), Pin2/Pin3(GND), Pin4(Right Line-IN)

Installation PR-693M

AUD1: Front Panel Audio Connector



USB2: USB port header pins for adding two additional USB ports.



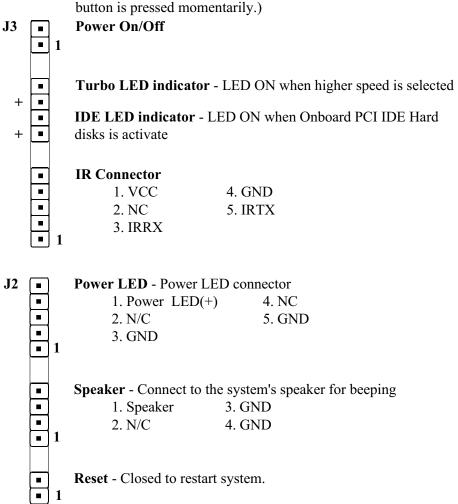
USB port header pin descriptions.

PIN#	Wire color	Signal Name	Comment
1	Red	Vcc	Cable Power
2	White	-Data	Data
3	Green	+Data	Data
4	Black	Ground	Cable Ground
5	Black	Ground	Case Ground
6	Black	Ground	Case Ground
7	Black	Ground	Cable Ground
8	Green	+Data	Data
9	White	-Data	Data
10	Red	Vcc	Cable Power

PR-693M Installation

Device Connectors (continued)

(This is connected to the power button on the case. Using the Soft-Off by Pwr-BTTN feature, you can choose either Instant Off (turns system off immediatly), or 4 sec delay (you need to hold the button down for 4 seconds before the system turns off). When the system is in 4 sec delay mode, there is a special feature to make the system to go into suspend mode when the button is pressed momentarily.)



Installation PR-693M

Section 3-5 External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions (KBPO)

On the basis of bounded functions in I/O chipset, the two serial ports are able to support the External Modem Ring-in Power ON function. Once users connect the external modem to COM1 or COM2, the Cu-133A mainboard allows users to turn on their system through the remote and host's dial-up control.

Exclusive Keyboard Power ON Function

To innovate a unique feature to benefit users, we devoted the easiest and most convenient way to turn on your system based on the the ATX power supply.

How to work with it

Step 1: Please check JP4 at the position 2-3 after you finished the system installation.

JP4 Keyboard Power-ON Function
JP4 = 1-2 Disabled (Default)
= 2-3 Enabled

Step 2: You can enjoy the Keyboard Power ON function (KBPO) by *pressing any key and BUTTON only to turn on your system*. Your system will be turned on automatically, after releasing the keys. To power off you system, you can use the Soft-OFF function under Windows® 95/98 or Windows® 2000.

Notes: Intel ATX version 2.0 specification has recommended you use the power supply with 0.72A(720mA) in 5.0VSB. With our Cu-133A mainboard, the 5.0VSB standby power only has to be > = 0.2A (200mA) then you can enjoy this unique benefit. However, the ATX power supply which is < 0.2 (200mA) is still applicable to your system by placed JP4 at the position 1-2 to disable this feature.

Section 4 AWARD BIOS SETUP

BIOS Instructions

Award's ROM BIOS provides a built-in Setup program which allows user to modify the basic system configuration and hardware parameters. The modified data will be stored in a battery-backed CMOS, so that data will be retained even when the power is turned off. In general, the information saved in the CMOS RAM will stay unchanged unless there is a configuration change in the system, such as hard drive replacement or a device is added.

It is possible for the CMOS battery to fail, this will cause data loss in the CMOS only. If this does happen you will need to reconfigure your BIOS settings.

To enter the Setup Program:

Power on the computer and press the key immediately, this will bring you into the BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY.

ROM PCI / ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	SENSOR AND CPU SPEED SETUP			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD			
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION			
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP			
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS				
ESC : QUIT	↑ ♦ → ← : SELECT ITEM			
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color			
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type				

Figure 1: CMOS Setup Utility

The menu displays all the major selection items. Select the item you need to reconfigure. The selection is made by moving the cursor (press any direction key) to the item and pressing the 'Enter' key. An on-line help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as the cursor is moved to various items which provides a better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of the selected item will appear so that the user can modify associated configuration parameters.

4-1 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose "Standard CMOS Setup" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY Menu (Figure 2). The Standard CMOS Setup allows the user to configure system settings such as the current date and time, type of hard disk drive installed, floppy drive type, and display type. Memory size is auto-detected by the BIOS and displayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted (use direction keys to move the cursor and the <Enter> key to select), the entries in the field can be changed by pressing the <PgDn> or the <PgUp> key.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) STANDARD CMOS SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

HARD DISKS TYPE	SIZE	CYLS	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANDZONE	SECTORS	MODE
Primary Master : Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	Auto
Primary Slave : Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	Auto
Secondary Master: Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	Auto
Secondary Slave : Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	Auto
Drive A : 1.44M, 3.5 i	n.	Г					
Drive B : None				Base Memory Extended Me	•	640K 392192K	
Video : EGA/VGA Halt On : All, But Ke	wyla o o ud			Other Memor	•	392192K 384K	
nait Oil : All, But Ke	yboard			Total Memor	v :	393216K	

Figure 2: Standard CMOS Setup

Note: If the hard disk Primary Master/Slave and Secondary Master/ Slave are set to Auto, then the hard disk size and model will be auto-detected.

Note: The "Halt On:" field is used to determine when to halt the system by the BIOS if an error occurs.

Note: Floppy 3 Mode support is a mode used to support a special 3.5" drive used in Japan. This is a 3.5" disk that stores only 1.2 MB, the default setting for this is disabled.

4-2 BIOS Features Setup

Selecting the "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" option in the CMOS SETUP UTIL-ITY menu allows users to change system related parameters in the displayed menu. This menu shows all of the manufacturer's default values for the PR-693M.

Pressing the [F1] key will display a help message for the selected item.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) BIOS FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Virus Warning CPU Internal Cache	: Disabled : Enabled	Video BIOS Shadow C8000-CBFFF Shadow	: Enabled : Disabled
External Cache	: Enabled	CC000-CFFFF Shadow	: Disabled
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	: Disabled	D0000-D3FFF Shadow	: Disabled
		D4000-D7FFF Shadow	: Disabled
Quick Power On Self Test	: Enabled	D8000-DBFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Boot Sequence	: A, C, SCSI	DC000-DFFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Swap Floppy Drive	: Disabled		
Boot Up Floppy Seek	: Enabled		
Boot Up NumLock Status	: On		
IDE HDD Block Mode	: Enabled		
Gate A20 option	: Fast		
Memory Parity/ECC Check	: Disabled		
Typematic Rate Setting	: Disabled		
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	: 6	Esc : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
Type matic Delay (Msec)	: 250	F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : Modify
Security Option	: Setup	F5 : Old Values	(Shift) F2 : Color
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	: Disabled	F7 : Load Setup Defaults	(51111) 12 . COIOI
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	: Non-OS2	17 . Load Scrup Delauits	

Figure 3: BIOS Features Setup

Virus Warning:

During and after the system boots up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and an error message will appear.

You should then run an anti-virus program to locate the virus. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive. The default value is Disabled.

Enabled: Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector.

Disabled: No warning message will appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector.

Note: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache:

This controls the status of the processor's internal cache area. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: This activates the processor's internal cache thereby increasing performance.

Disabled: This deactivates the processor's internal cache thereby lowering performance.

External (L2) Cache:

This controls the status of the external (L2) cache area.

The default is Enanbled.

Enabled: This activates the CPU's L2 cache thereby increasing performance.

Disabled: This deactivates the CPU's L2 cache thereby lowering performance.

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking:

This controls the CPU's L2 cache to supports Error Checking and Correcting (ECC). The default is Disabled

Enabled: Enabled the CPU's L2 cache to Support ECC function. When enabled this item the performance should be impact 2% ~4%.

Disabled: Disabled the CPU's L2 cache to support ECC function.

Quick Power On Self Test:

This category speeds up the Power On Self Test (POST).

The default is Enabled.

Enabled: This setting will shorten or skip of the items checked during POST.

Disabled: Normal POST.

Boot Sequence:

This category determines which drive is searched first by the O/S (Operating System).

The default is A,C,SCSI.

The following is your list of options:

```
[A, C, SCSI] - [C, A, SCSI] - [C, CD-ROM, A] - [CD-ROM, C, A] [D, A, CD-ROM], [E, A, CD-ROM] - [F, A, CD-ROM] - [SCSI, A, C] [SCSI C, A] - [C Only]
```

Swap Floppy Drive:

This will swap your physical drive letters A & B if you are using two floppy disks.

The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Floppy A & B will be swapped under the O/S.

Disabled: Floppy A & B will be not swapped.

Boot Up Floppy Seek:

During Power-On-Self-Test (POST), BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1. 2MB and 1.44MB are all 80 tracks.

The default is Enabled.

Enabled: The BIOS will search the floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks.

Disabled: The BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number.

Note: BIOS can not tell the difference between 720K, 1.2MB and 1. 44MB drive types as they are all 80 tracks.

Boot Up NumLock Status:

This controls the state of the NumLock key when the system boots.

The default is On.

On: The keypad acts as a 10-key pad.

Off: The keypad acts like the cursor keys.

IDE HDD Block Mode:

IDE Block Mode allows the controller to access blocks of sectors rather than a single sector at a time.

The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Enabled IDE HDD Block Mode. Provides higher HDD

transfer rates.

Disabled: Disable IDE HDD Block Mode.

Gate A20 Option:

This refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1MB (extended memory).

The default is Fast.

Normal: The A20 signal is controlled by the keyboard controller or chipset hardware.

Fast: The A20 signal is controlled by Port 92 or chipset specific method.

Memory Parity/ECC Check:

If the DRAM chip in your system support parity/ECC check, select Enabled.

Typematic Rate Setting:

This determines the keystrokes repeat rate.

The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Allows typematic rate and typematic delay programming.

Disabled: The typematic rate and typematic delay will be controlled by the keyboard controller in your system.

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec):

This is the number of characters that will be repeated by a keyboard press. The default is 6.

6: 6 characters per second. **8**: 8 characters per second.

10: 10 characters per second. 12: 12 characters per second.

15: 15 characters per second. 20: 20 characters per second.

24: 24 characters per second. 30: 30 characters per second.

Typematic Delay (msec):

This setting controls the time between the first and the second character displayed by typematic auto-repeat.

The default is 250.

250: 250 msec. **500**: 500 msec. **750**: 750 msec. **1000**: 1000 msec.

Security Option:

This category allows you to limit access to the System and Setup, or just to Setup.

The default is Setup.

System: The system will not boot and the access to Setup will be denied if

the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

Setup: The system will boot; but the access to Setup will be denied if the

incorrect password is not entered at the prompt.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop:

This field controls the ability of a primary PCI VGA controller to share a common palette (When a snoop write cycles) with an ISA video card. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: If an ISA card is connected to a PCI VGA card via the VESA

connector, and that ISA card connects to a VGA monitor, then that

ISA card uses the RAMDAC of the PCI card.

Disabled: Disables the VGA card Palette Snoop function.

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB:

Some operating systems require special handling. Use this option only if your system has greater than 64MB of memory.

The default is Non-OS2.

OS2: Select this if you are running the OS/2 operating system with greater than 64MB of RAM.

Non-OS2: Select this for all other operating systems and configurations.

Video BIOS Shadow:

This option allows video BIOS to be copied into RAM. Video Shadowing will increase the video performance of your system.

The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Video shadow is enabled. **Disabled**: Video shadow is disabled.

C8000 - CBFFF Shadow: CC000 - CFFFF Shadow: D0000 - D3FFF Shadow: D4000 - D7FFF Shadow: D8000 - DBFFF Shadow: DC000 - DFFFF Shadow:

These categories determine whether ROMs from option cards will be copied into RAM. This will be in 16K byte or 32K byte units, and the size will depend on chipset of the option card.

Enabled: Optional shadow is enabled. **Disabled**: Optional shadow is disabled.

4-3 Chipset Features Setup

Choose the "CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu to display following menu.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Davida O/1 DD AM Timina	. CDD AM E4	OChi LICD	. F., . h l . d
Bank 0/1 DRAM Timing	: SDRAM Fast	OnChip USB	: Enabled
Bank 2/3 DRAM Timing	: SDRAM Fast	USB Keyboard Support	: Disabled
Bank 4/5 DRAM Timing	: SDRAM Fast	OnChip Sound	: Enabled
SDRAM Cycle length	: Auto	OnChip Modem	: Disabled
SDRAM Bank Interleave	: Disabled		
DRAM Page-Mode	: Enabled		
DRAM Fast Decoding	: Auto		
DRAM Read Option	: Fast		
Memory Hole	: Disabled		
Read Around write	: Disabled		
Concurrent PCI/Host	: Enabled		
System BIOS Cacheabe	: Disabled		
Video BIOS Cacheable	: Enabled		
Video RAM Cacheable	: Disabled		
AGP Aperture Size	: 64M	Esc : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
AGP - 2X Mode	: Enabled	F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : Modify
		F5 : Old Values	(Shift) F2 : Color
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Figure 4: Chipset Features Setup

Bank 0/1, 2/3, 4/5 DRAM Timing:

This value in this field is set by the system board manufacturer, depending on whether the board has paged DRAMs or EDO (extended data output) DRAMs.

The Choice: Bank 0/1, 2/3, 4/5.

SDRAM Cycle length:

This setting defines the CAS timing parameter of the SDRAM in terms of clocks.

The default is 3.

- 2: Provides faster memory performance.
- 3: Provides better memory compatibility.

SDRAM Bank Interleave:

The item allows you to set how many banks of SDRAM support in your mainboard.

The Choice: 2 Bank, 4 Bank, Disabled.

DRAM Page-Mode:

The item will active or inactive chipset page registers.

Enabled: Page-Mode Enabled.

Disabled: No page registers update and non Page-Mode operation.

DRAM Fast Decoding:

The item will effective DRAM operation sequential.

DRAM Read Option:

The item will effective DRAM reading CMD sequential.

Memory Hole:

You can reserve this memory area for the use of ISA adaptor ROMs.

The default is Disabled.

Enabled: This field enables the main memory (15~16MB) to remap to ISA

BUS.

Disabled: Normal Setting.

Note: If this feature is enabled you will not be able to cache this memory segment.

Read Around write:

DRAM optimization feature: If a memory read is addressed to a location whose latest write is being held in a buffer contents, and the read is not sent to the DRAM.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled

Concurrent PCI/Host:

When disabled, CPU bus will be occupied during the entire PCI operation period.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled

System BIOS Cacheable:

As with caching the Video BIOS above, enabling this selection allows accesses to the system BIOS ROM addressed at F0000H-FFFFH to be cached, provided that the cache controller is enabled.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Video BIOS Cacheable:

When enabled. The Video BIOS cache will cause access to video BIOS addressed at C0000H to C7FFFH to be cached, if the cache controller is also enabled

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Video RAM Cacheable:

Select enabled allows caching of the video RAM, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP Aperture Size:

The amount of system memory that the AGP card is allowed to share.

The default is 64.

- 4: 4MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 8: 8MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 16: 16MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 32: 32MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 64: 64MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 128: 128MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

OnChip USB:

Select Enabled if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus(USB) controller and you have a USB peripheral.

USB Keyboard Support:

This controls the activation status of an optional USB keyboard that may be attached.

The default is disabled.

Enabled: Enable USB keyboard support. **Disabled**: Disable USB keyboard support.

OnChip Sound:

Turn on/off onchip sound device.

OnChip Modem:

Turn on/off onchip software modem device.

4-4 Power Management Setup

Choose the "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTIL-ITY to display the following screen. This menu allows the user to modify the power management parameters and IRQ signals. In general, these parameters should not be changed unless it's absolutely necessary.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA) POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

```
Primary INTR
ACPI function
                               : Enabled
                                                                                     \cdot ON
                                                    IRQ3
                                                             (COM 2)
                                                                                     : Primary
Power Management
                               : User Define
                                                    IRQ4
                                                             (COM 1)
                                                                                     : Primary
PM Control by APM
                                                    IRQ5
                                                             (LPT 2)
                                                                                     : Primary
Video off After
                               : Suspend
                                                    IRQ6
                                                             (Floppy Disk)
(LPT 1)
Video off Method
                              : V/H SYNC+Blank
                                                                                     : Primary
                                                    IRÔ7
                                                                                     : Primary
MODEM Use IRQ
                                                    IRQ8
                                                             (RTC Alarm)
Soft-off by PWRBTN
                               : Delay 4 Sec
                                                                                     : Disabled
                                                    IRQ9
                                                             (IRQ2 Redir)
                                                                                     : Secondary
PWRON After PW-Fail
                               : Former-Status
HDD Power Down
                                                    IRQ10
                                                             (Reserved)
                                                                                     : Secondary
                               : Disable
                                                    IRQ11
Doze Mode
                               : Disable
                                                             (Reserved)
                                                                                     : Secondary
                               : Disable
                                                    IRQ12
                                                             (PS/2 Mouse)
                                                                                     : Primary
Suspend Mode
                                                    IRQ13
                                                             (Coprocessor)
                                                                                     : Primary
           ** PM Events **
                                                    IRQ14
                                                             (Hard Disk)
                                                                                     : Primary
                               : OFF
VGA
                                                    IRQ15
                                                             (Reserved)
                                                                                     : Disabled
LPT & COM
                               : LPT/COM
HDD & FDD
                               : NO
                                                  Esc: Quit
                                                                             ↑ • • : Select Item
DMA/master
                               : OFF
                                                  F1 : Help
                                                                              PU/PD/+/- : Modify
Modem Ring Resume
                               : Disabled
                                                  F5 : Old Values
                                                                              (Shift) F2 : Color
RTC Alarm Resume
                               : Disabled
                                                  F7 : Load Setup Defaults
```

Figure 5: Power Management Setup

You can only change the content of Doze Mode, Standby Mode, and Suspend Mode when the Power Management is set to 'User Define'.

Power Management:

Use this to select your Power Management selection.

The default is User define.

Disabled: The system operates in NORMAL conditions (Non-GREEN),

and the Power Management function is disabled.

Max. saving: Maximum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 minute in

each mode.

Min. saving: Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in

each mode.

User define: Allows user to define PM Timers parameters to control

power saving mode.

PM controlled APM:

This option shows weather or not you want the Power Management to be controlled the Advanced Power Management (APM).

The default is Yes.

Yes: APM controls your PM

No: APM does not control your PM

Video Off Method:

This option allows you to select how the video will be disabled by the power management.

The default is V/H Sync + Blank

V/H Sync + Blank: System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization

ports and writes blanks to the video buffer.

DPMS: Select this option if your monitor supports the Display

Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA). Use the software supplied for your video subsystem to select

video power management values.

Blank Screen: System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

MODEM Use IRQ:

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system.

Default is IRQ 3.

N/A: No IRQ is used. 3: IRQ 3 4: IRQ 4 5: IRQ 5 7: IRQ 7 9: IRQ 9 10: IRQ 10 11: IRQ 11

The PR-693M supports HDD Power Down, Doze and Standby power saving functions when using the Intel Pentium II Processor.

The default is Disabled

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN:

Use this to select your soft-off function.

The default is Delay 4 sec.

Instant Off: Turns off instantly.

Delay 4 Second: Turns off after a 4 second delay. If momentary press of

button, the system will go into Suspend Mode. Press again

to take system out of Suspend Mode.

PWRON After PW-Fail:

The system will stay of or power on after a power interrupte.

The default is Fomer-Status.

Fomer-Status: Stay off or power on depend on system safe shut-down or power fail.

ON: System always power on after a power interrupte. **OFF**: System always stay off after a power interrupte.

HDD Power Down:

HDD Standby timer can be set from 1 to 15 minute(s).

Doze Mode:

The "Doze" mode timer starts to count when no "PM events" have occurred.

Suspend Mode:

This function works only when the Pentium II Processor is installed. The timer starts to count when "System Standby" mode timer is timed out and no "PM Events" are occurring. Valid range is from 1 minute up to 1 hour.

VGA:

When set to On (default), any event occurring at a VGA port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

LPT & COM:

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at a COM(serial)/LPT (printer) port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

HDD & FDD:

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at a hard or floppy drive port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

DMA/master:

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring to the DMA controller will awaken a system which has been powered down.

RTC Alarm Resume:

When set to *Enable rtc alarm resume*, you could set the date (of month) and timer (hh:mm:ss), any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.

Modem Ring Resume:

When set to *Enabled*, any event occurring to the Modem Ring will awaken a system which has been powered down.

Primary INTR:

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.

4-5 PNP/PCI Configuration

The PNP/PCI configuration program is for the user to modify the PCI/ISA IRQ signals when various PCI/ISA cards are inserted in the PCI or ISA slots.

WARNING: Conflicting IRQ's may cause the system to not find certain devices.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

PNP OS Installed		: No	CPU to PCI Write Buffer	: Enabled
Resources Controlled By		: Manual	PCI Dynamic Bursting	: Enabled
Reset Configuration Data		: Disabled	PCI Master 0 WS Write	: Enabled
IRQ-3 Assigned to IRQ-4 Assigned to IRQ-5 Assigned to IRQ-7 Assigned to	:	PCI/ISA PnP	PCI Delay Transaction PCI#2 Access #1 Retry AGP Master 1 WS Write AGP Master 1 WS Read	: Disabled : Disabled : Enabled : Disabled
IRQ-9 Assigned to IRQ-10 Assigned to IRQ-11 Assigned to IRQ-12 Assigned to IRQ-14 Assigned to IRQ-15 Assigned to DMA-0 Assigned to	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP	Solt 1 Use IRQ No. Solt 2 Use IRQ No. Solt 3 Use IRQ No. Solt 4 Use IRQ No. Solt 5 Use IRQ No.	: Auto : Auto : Auto : Auto : Auto
DMA-1 Assigned to DMA-3 Assigned to DMA-5 Assigned to DMA-6 Assigned to DMA-7 Assigned to	: : :	PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP	Esc: Quit F1: Help F5: Old Values F7: Load Setup Defaults	↑ ♦ ♦ : Select Item PU/PD/+/- : Modify (Shift) F2 : Color

Figure 6: PCI Configuration Setup

PNP OS Installed:

Do you have a PNP OS installed on your system. The default is No.

Yes: Select if you are using a PNP OS

No: Select if your OS does not support PNP.

Resources Controlled By:

Who controlled the system PNP/PCI resources.

The default is Manual.

Manual: PNP Card's resources will be controlled manually. You can set

which IRQ-X and DMA-X are assigned to PCI/ISA PNP or Legacy

ISA Cards.

Auto: If your ISA card and PCI card are all PNP cards, BIOS will assign

the interrupt resource automatically.

Reset Configuration Data:

This setting allows you to clear ESCD data..

The default is Disabled.

Disabled: Normal Setting.

Enabled: If you have plugged in some Legacy cards to the system and they

were recorded into ESCD (Extended System Configuration Data),

you can set this field to Enabled in order to clear ESCD.

CPU to PCI Write Buffer:

When enabled, up to four D words of data can be written to the PCI bus without interruting the CPU. When disabled, a write buffer is not used and the CPU read cycle will not be completed until the PCI bus signals that it is ready to receive the data

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Dynamic Bursting:

When Enabled, data transfers on the PCI bus, where possible, make use of the high-performance PCI bust protocol, in which graeater amounts of data are transferred at a single command.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Master 0 WS Write:

When Enabled, writes to the PCI bus are command with zero wait states.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Delay Transaction:

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI #2 Access #1 Retry:

This item allows you enabled/disable the PCI #2 Access #1 Retry.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PR-693M BIOS

4-6 Load Setup Defaults

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary only when the system CMOS data is corrupted.

4-7 Integrated Peripherals

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) INTEGRATEDPERIPHERALS AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

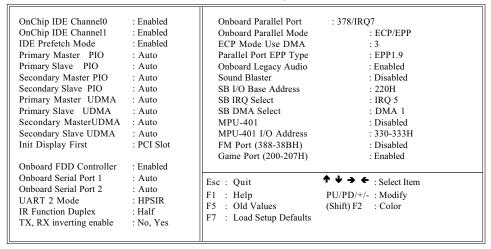


Figure 8: Integrated Peripherals

Note: If you do not use the Onboard IDE connector, then you will need to set Onboard Primary PCI IDE: Disabled and Onboard Secondary

PCI IDE: Disabled

Note: The Onboard PCI IDE cable should be equal to or less than 18

inches (45 cm.).

IDE Prefetch Mode:

Enable prefetching for IDE drive interfaces that support its faster drive accesses. If uou are getting disk drive errors, change the setting to omit the drive interface where the errors occur. Depending on the configuration of your IDE subsystem, this field may not appear, and it does not appear when the Internal PCI/IDE field, above, is Disabled.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

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Onchip IDE Channel:

The default value is Enabled.

Enabled: Enables Onboard IDE primary port.

Disabled: Disables Onboard IDE primary port.

Onchip IDE Channel:

The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Enables Onboard IDE secondary port.

Disabled: Disables Onboard IDE secondary port.

Primary Master PIO:

The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Master PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Primary Slave PIO:

The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Secondary Master PIO:

The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Master PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Secondary Slave PIO:

The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Primary Master UDMA:

This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive.

The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

PR-693M BIOS

Primary Slave UDMA:

This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive.

The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Secondary Master UDMA:

This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive.

The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Secondary Slave UDMA:

This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive.

The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Init Display First:

If two video cards are used (1 AGP and 1 PCI) this specifies which one will be the primary display adapter.

The default is PCI Slot.

PCI Slots: PCI video card will be primary adapter.

AGP: AGP video card will be primary adapter.

Onboard FDD Controller:

This controls the state of the onboard floppy controller. The default value is Enabled.

Enabled: Enable the Onboard floppy drive interface controller.

Disabled: Disable the Onboard floppy drive interface controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1:

This field allows the user to configure the 1st serial port.

The default is Auto.

AUTO: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is Auto adjusted

COM1: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4.

COM2: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3.

COM3: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4.

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COM4: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3. **Disabled**: Disable Onboard Serial port 1.

Onboard Serial Port 2:

This field allows the user to configure the 2nd serial port.

The default is Auto.

AUTO: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is Auto adjusted **COM1**: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4.

COM2: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3.

COM3: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4. **COM4**: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3.

Disabled: Disable Onboard Serial port 2.

UART 2 Mode:

This item allows you to determine which Infra Red (IR) function of onboard I/O chip.

The Choice: Standard, ASKIR, HPSIR.

IR Function Duplex:

This item allows you to select the IR function when you select the UART2 Mode is ASKIR.

The Choice: Half, Full.

TX, RX inverting enable:

This item invert serial port 2 TX and RX output signal level.

No, No — TX, RX have no signal inverting.

No, Yes —— RX have signal inverting.

Yes, No —— TX have signal inverting.

Yes, Yes — TX, RX have signal inverting.

Onboard Parallel port:

This field allows the user to configure the LPT port.

The default is 378H / IRQ7.

378H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 378H and IRQ7.

278H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 278H and IRQ5.

3BCH: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 3BCH and IRQ7.

Disabled: Disable Onboard LPT port.

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Onboard Parallel Mode:

This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode.

The default is ECP+EPP.

Normal: Standard mode. IBM PC/AT Compatible bidirectional parallel port.

EPP: Enhanced Parallel Port mode. ECP: Extended Capabilities Port mode. EPP+ECP: ECP Mode & EPP Mode.

ECP Mode USE DMA:

This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode.

The default is DMA3.

DMA1: This field selects the routing of DMA1 for the ECP mode. **DMA3**: This field selects the routing of DMA3 for the ECP mode.

Parallel Port EPP Type:

This item allows you to determine the IR transfer mode of onboard I/O chip. The Choice: EPP1.9. EPP1.7.

Onboard Legacy Audio:

Legacy Audio enabled/disabled.

Sound Blaster:

Sound Blaster compatible device enabled/disabled.

SB I/O Base Address:

Sound Blaster I/O resource selection.

SB IRQ Select:

Legacy audio device IRQ selection.

SB DMA Select:

Sound Blaster DMA channel selection.

MPU-401:

MPU-401 function enabled/disabled.

MPU-401 I/O Address:

Built-in MPU-401 compatible MIDI I/O port selection:

300-303H 310-313H 320-323H 330-333H (default) BIOS PR-693M

FM Port (388-38BH):

Frequency modulation port at I/O port 388-38BH enabled/disabled.

Game Port (200-207H):

Built-in joystick port support disabled/enabled(default).

4-8 SENSOR AND CPU SPEED SETUP

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) SENSOR AND CPU SPEED SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

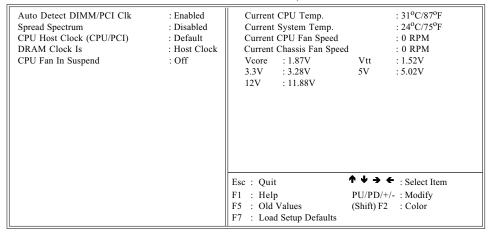


Figure 9: Sensor And CPU Speed Setup

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk:

When enabled the motherboard will automatically disable the clock source for a DIMM socket which does not have a module in it. Same applies for PCI slots. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Enables this option. **Disabled**: Disables this option.

Spread Spectrum:

The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Enables this option. **Disabled**: Disables this option.

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CPU Host Clock (CPU/PCI):

Allows the external clock to be modified depending upon what FSB has been selected. Should not be used to clock processor faster than it was designed for. (See page A-11).

The default is Default.

66MHz FSB options: Default, 66.8, 68.5, 75, and 83MHz. **100MHz FSB options:** Default, 100, 103, 112, and 133MHz.

DRAM Clock Is:

The item will synchronize/asynchronize DRAM operation clock.

Host Clock: DRAM has same working clock with CPU host bus.

2/3 Host: DRAM running with lower operation clock.

CPUFAN Off In Suspend:

This option is used to set if the CPU fans will turn off during suspend mode. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: The system will turn off the CPU fans during suspend mode.

Disabled: The system will not turn off the CPU fan during suspend mode.

Current System Temp:

This is the Current temperature of the system.

Current CPU Temperature:

This is the current temperature of the CPU.

Current CPU FAN Speed:

The current CPU fan speed in RPMs.

Current Chassis FAN Speed:

The current chassis fan speed in RPMs.

CPU(V):

The voltage level of the CPU(Vio/Vcore).

Vtt, +3.3V, +5V, +12V: The voltage level of the switch power supply.

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4-9 Change Supervisor or User Password

To change the password, choose the "SUPERVISOR PASSWORD or USER PASSWORD" option from the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu and press [Enter].

NOTE: Either "Setup" or "System" must be selected in the "Security Option" of the BIOS FEATURES SETUP menu.

1. If CMOS is corrupted or the option was not used, a default password stored in the ROM will be used. The screen will display the following message:

Enter Password:

Press the [Enter] key to continue after the proper password is given.

2. If the CMOS is corrupted or the option was used earlier and the user wishes to change the default password, the SETUP UTILITY will display a message and ask for a confirmation.

Confirm Password:

3. After pressing the [Enter] key (ROM password if the option was not used) or current password (user-defined password), the user can change the password and store new one in CMOS RAM. A maximum of 8 characters can be entered.

PR-693M BIOS

4-10 IDE HDD Auto Detection

The "IDE HDD auto detection" utility is a very useful tool, especially when you do not know which kind of hard disk type you are using. You can use this utility to detect the correct disk type installed in the system automatically. But now you can set HARD DISK TYPE to Auto in the STANDARD CMOS SETUP. You don't need the "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" utility. The BIOS will Autodetect the hard disk size and model on display during POST.

ROMPCI/ISABIOS(2A6LGPAA) CMOS SETUPUTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

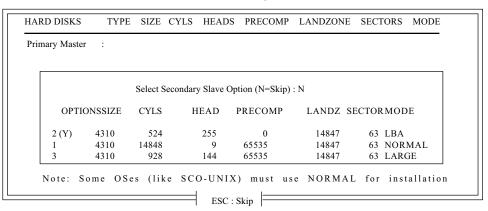


Figure 10: IDE HDD Auto Detection

NOTE: HDD Modes

The Award BIOS supports 3 HDD modes : NORMAL, LBA & LARGE NORMAL mode

Generic access mode in which neither the BIOS nor the IDE controller will make any transformations during accessing.

The maximum number of cylinders, head & sectors for NORMAL mode are.

1024, 16 & 63	
no. Cylinder	(1024)
x no. Head	(16)
x no. Sector	(63)
x no. per sector	(512)
	528 Megabytes

BIOS PR-693M

If user set his HDD to NORMAL mode, the maximum accessible HDD size will be 528 Megabytes even though its physical size may be greater than that!

LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode: A new HDD accessing method to overcome the 528 Megabyte bottleneck. The number of cylinders, heads & sectors shown in setup may not be the number physically contained in the HDD. During HDD accessing, the IDE controller will transform the logical address described by sector, head & cylinder into its own physical address inside the HDD. The maximum HDD size supported by LBA mode is 8.4 GigaBytes which is obtained by the following formula:

no. Cylinder	(1024)
x no. Head	(255)
x no. Sector	(63)
x bytes per sector	(512)
	8.4 GigaBytes

LARGE mode: Extended HDD access mode supported by Award Software.

Some IDE HDDs contain more than 1024 cylinder without LBA support (in some cases, user do not want LBA). The Award BIOS provides another alternative to support these kinds of LARGE mode.

<u>CYLS</u>	HEADS	SECTOR	MODE
1120	16	59	NORMAL
560	32	59	LARGE

BIOS tricks DOS (or other OS) that the number of cylinders is less than 1024 by dividing it by 2. At the same time, the number of heads is multiplied by 2. A reverse transformation process will be made inside

INT 12h in order to access the right HDD address!

Maximum HDD size:

no. Cylinder	(1024)
x no. Head	(32)
x no. Sector	(63)
x bytes per sector	<u>(512)</u>
	1 GigaByte

Note: To support LBA or LARGE mode of HDDs, there must be some software involved. All the software is located in the Award HDD

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BIOS

Service Routine (INT 13h). It may fail to access a HDD with LBA (LARGE) mode selected if you are running under an Operating System which replaces the whole INT 13h.

UNIX operating systems do not support either LBA or LARGE and must utilize the Standard mode. UNIX can support drives larger than 528MB.

4-11 Save & Exit Setup

The "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option will bring you back to the boot up procedure with all the changes you just recorded in the CMOS RAM.

4-12 Exit Without Saving

The "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" option will bring you back to normal boot up procedure without saving any data into CMOS RAM.

All old data in the CMOS will not be destroyed.

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Appendix A

A-1 MEMORY MAP

Address Range	Size	Description
[00000-7FFFF]	512K	Conventional memory
[80000-9FBFF]	127K	Extended Conventional memory
[9FC00-9FFFF]	1K	Extended BIOS data area if PS/2 mouse is installed
[A0000-C7FFF]	160K	Available for Hi DOS memory
[C8000-DFFFF]	96K	Available for Hi DOS memory and adapter ROMs
[E0000-EEFFF]	60K	Available for UMB
[EF000-EFFFF]	4K	Video service routine for Monochrome & CGA adaptor
[F0000-F7FFF]	32K	BIOS CMOS setup utility
[F8000-FCFFF]	20K	BIOS runtime service routine (2)
[FD000-FDFFF]	4K	Plug and Play ESCD data area
[FE000-FFFFF]	8K	BIOS runtime service routine (1)

A-2 I/O MAP

[000-01F]	DMA controller.(Master)
[020-021]	INTERRUPT CONTROLLER.(Master)
[022-023]	CHIPSET control registers. I/O ports.
[040-05F]	TIMER control registers.
[060-06F]	KEYBOARD interface controller.(8042)
[070-07F]	RTC ports & CMOS I/O ports.
[080-09F]	DMA register.
[0A0-0BF]	INTERRUPT controller.(Slave)
[0C0-0DF]	DMA controller.(Slave)
[0F0-0FF]	MATH COPROCESSOR.
[1F0-1F8]	HARD DISK controller.
[278-27F]	PARALLEL port 2.
[2B0-2DF]	GRAPHICS adapter controller.
[2F8-2FF]	SERIAL port 2.
[360-36F]	NETWORK ports.
[378-37F]	PARALLEL port 1.

[3B0-3BF] MONOCHROME & PARALLEL port adapter.

[3C0-3CF] EGA adapter. CGA adapter. [3D0-3DF]

[3F0-3F7] FLOPPY DISK controller.

[3F8-3FF] SERIAL port 1.

A-3 TIMER & DMA CHANNELS MAP

TIMER MAP:

TIMER Channel 0 System timer interrupt.

TIMER Channel 1 DRAM REFRESH request.

SPEAKER tone generator. TIMER Channel 2

DMA CHANNELS:

DMA Channel 0 Available.

DMA Channel 1 Onboard ECP (Option).

DMA Channel 2 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).

Onboard ECP (default). DMA Channel 3

Cascade for DMA controller 1. DMA Channel 4

DMA Channel 5 Available.

DMA Channel 6 Available.

DMA Channel 7 Available

A-4 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI:

Parity check error.

IRQ (H/W):

System TIMER interrupt from TIMER 0. 0

1 KEYBOARD output buffer full.

2 Cascade for IRO 8-15.

3 SERIAL port 2.

SERIAL port 1. 4

PARALLEL port 2. 5

6 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).

PARALLEL port 1. 7

RTC clock.

9 Available.

10 Available.

11 Available.

8

- 12 PS/2 Mouse.
- 13 MATH coprocessor.
- Onboard HARD DISK (IDE1) channel.
- Onboard HARD DISK (IDE1) channel.

A-5 RTC & CMOS RAM MAP

RTC & CMOS:

- 00 Seconds.
- 01 Second alarm.
- 02 Minutes.
- 03 Minutes alarm.
- 04 Hours.
- 05 Hours alarm.
- Day of week.
- Day of month.
- 08 Month.
- 09 Year.
- 0A Status register A.
- 0B Status register B.
- 0C Status register C.
- 0D Status register D.
- 0E Diagnostic status byte.
- 0F Shutdown byte.
- 10 FLOPPY DISK drive type byte.
- 11 Reserve.
- 12 HARD DISK type byte.
- 13 Reserve.
- 14 Equipment type.
- Base memory low byte.
- Base memory high byte.
- 17 Extension memory low byte.
- 18 Extension memory high byte.
- 19-2d
- 2E-2F
- Reserved for extension memory low byte.
- Reserved for extension memory high byte.
- 32 DATE CENTURY byte.
- 33 INFORMATION FLAG.

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Appendix B

B-1 POST CODES

POST (hev)

ISA POST codes are typically output to I/O port address 80h.

DESCRIPTION

POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION
01-02	Reserved.
C0	Turn off OEM specific cache, shadow.
03	1. Initialize EISA registers (EISA BIOS only).
	2. Initialize all the standard devices with default values
	Standard devices includes.
	- DMA controller (8237).
	- Programmable Interrupt Controller (8259).
	- Programmable Interval Timer (8254).
	- RTC chip.
04	Reserved
05	1. Keyboard Controller Self-Test.
06	2. Enable Keyboard Interface.
07	Reserved.
08	Verifies CMOS's basic R/W functionality.
C1	Auto-detection of onboard DRAM & Cache.
C5	Copy the BIOS from ROM into E0000-FFFFF shadow RAM so
	that POST will go faster.
08	Test the first 256K DRAM.
09	OEM specific cache initialization. (if needed)
0A	1. Initialize the first 32 interrupt vectors with corresponding Interrupt handlers. Initialize INT numbers from 33-120 with
	Dummy (Spurious) Interrupt Handler.
	2. Issue CPUID instruction to identify CPU type.
	3. Early Power Management initialization. (OEM specific)
0B	1. Verify the RTC time is valid or not.
	2. Detect bad battery.
	3. Read CMOS data into BIOS stack area.
	4. PnP initializations including. (PnP BIOS only)
	- Assign CSN to PnP ISA card.
	- Create resource map from ESCD.
	5. Assign IO & Memory for PCI devices. (PCI BIOS only)

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0C	Initialization of the BIOS Data Area. (40:ON - 40:FF)
0D	1. Program some of the Chipset's value according to Setup.
	(Early Setup Value Program)
	Measure CPU speed for display & decide the system clock speed.
	3. Video initialization including Monochrome, CGA, EGA/VGA. If no display device found, the speaker will beep.
0E	1. Test video RAM. (If Monochrome display device found)
	2. Show messages including.
	- Award Logo, Copyright string, BIOS Data code & Part No.
	- OEM specific sign on messages.
	- Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS ONLY)
	- CPU brand, type & speed.
	- Test system BIOS checksum. (Non-Compress Version only)
0F	DMA channel 0 test.
10	DMA channel 1 test.
11	DMA page registers test.
12-13	Reserved.
14	Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter 2.
15	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1.
16	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2.
17	Reserved.
19	Test 8259 functionality.
1A-1D	Reserved.
1E	If EISA NVM checksum is good, execute EISA initialization.
1E 20	(EISA BIOS only)
1F-29	Reserved.
30	Detect Base Memory & Extended Memory Size.
31	1. Test Base Memory from 256K to 640K.
32	 Test Extended Memory from 1M to the top of memory. Display the Award Plug & Play BIOS Extension message.
32	(PnP BIOS only)
	2. Program all onboard super I/O chips (if any) including COM ports, LPT ports, FDD port according to setup value.
33-3B	Reserved.
3C	Set flag to allow users to enter CMOS Setup Utility.
3D	Initialize Keyboard.
	2. Install PS2 mouse.

3E	Try to turn on Level 2 cache.
02	Note: Some chipset may need to turn on the L2 cache in this
	stage. But usually, the cache is turn on later in POST 61h.
3F-40	Reserved.
BF	1. Program the rest of the Chipset's value according to Setup.
4.1	(Later Setup Value Program)
41	2. If auto-configuration is enabled, program the chipset with pre-defined Values.
42	Initialize floppy disk drive controller.
43	Initialize Hard drive controller.
45	If it is a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports.
44	Reserved.
45	Initialize math coprocessor.
46-4D	Reserved.
4E	If there is any error detected (such as video, kb), show all error
	messages on the screen & wait for user to press <f1> key.</f1>
4F	1. If password is needed, ask for password.
	2. Clear the Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS only)
50	Write all CMOS values currently in the BIOS stack area back
	into the CMOS.
51	Reserved.
52	1. Initialize all ISA ROMs.
	2. Later PCI initializations. (PCI BIOS only)
	- assign IRQ to PCI devices.
	- initialize all PCI ROMs.
	3. PnP Initialzations. (PnP BIOS only)
	- assign IO, Memory, IRQ & DMA to PnP ISA devices.
	- initialize all PnP ISA ROMs.
	4. Program shadows RAM according to Setup settings.
	5. Program parity according to Setup setting.
	6. Power Management Initialization.
	- Enable/Disable global PM.
	- APM interface initialization.
53	1. If it is NOT a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports.
	2. Initialize time value in BIOS data area by translate the RTC time value into a timer tick value.
60	Setup Virus Protection. (Boot Sector Protection) functionality
	according to Setup setting.
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61	1. Try to turn on Level 2 cache.
	Note: If L2 cache is already turned on in POST 3D, this part will be skipped.
	**
	2. Set the boot up speed according to Setup setting.
	3. Last chance for Chipset initialization.
	4. Last chance for Power Management initialization. (Green` BIOS only)
	• /
	5. Show the system configuration table.
62	 Setup daylight saving according to Setup value.
	2. Program the NUM Lock, typematic rate & typematic speed
	according to Setup setting.
63	1. If there is any changes in the hardware configuration, update
	the ESCD information. (PnP BIOS only)
	2. Clear memory that have been used.
	3. Boot system via INT 19H.
FF	•
гг	System Booting. This means that the BIOS already pass the
	control right to the operating system.

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B-2 Unexpected Errors:

Appendix

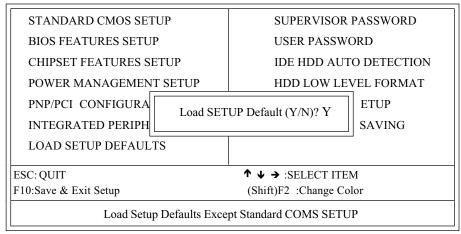
POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION
B0	If interrupt occurs in protected mode.
B1	Unclaimed NMI occurs.0

Appendix C

NOTE:

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary when you accept this mainboard, or the system CMOS data is corrupted.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.



LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS

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Appendix D

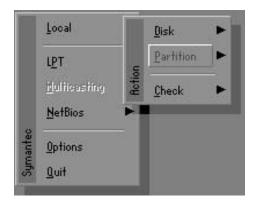
D-1 GHOST 5.1 Quick User's Guide

Installation is very easy. You only need to copy the **Ghost5** folder or **Ghost.exe** to your hard disk.

The current market version is for single **Client**, so the LPT and NetBios portions will not be explained further.

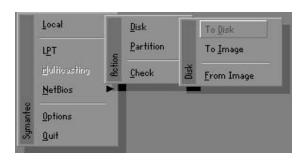
Description of Menus

Ghost clones and backs up Disk and Partition.



In which **Disk** indicates hard disk options **Partition** indicates partition options **Check** indicates check options

Disk



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There are 3 hard disk functions:

- 1. Disk To Disk (disk cloning)
- 2. Disk To Image (disk backup)
- 3. Disk From Image (restore backup)

Important!

- 1. To use this function, the system must have at least 2 disks. Press the **Tab** key to move the cursor.
- 2. When restoring to a destination disk, all data in that disk will be completely destroyed.

Disk To Disk (Disk Cloning)

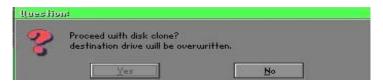
- 1. Select the location of the **Source drive**.
- 2. Select the location of the **Destination drive**.



3. When cloning a disk or restoring the backup, set the required partition size as shown in the following figure.



4. Click OK to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.

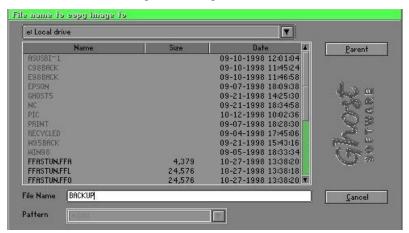


Disk To Image (Disk Backup)

1. Select the location of the Source drive.



2. Select the location for storing the backup file.



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3. Click **OK** to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.

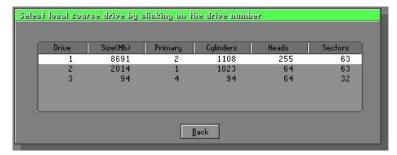


Disk From Image (Restore Backup)

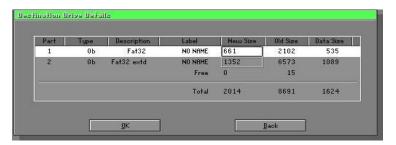
1. Select the Restore file.



2. Select the **Destination drive** of the disk to be restored.



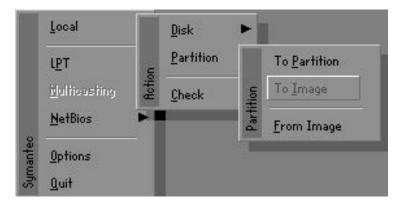
3. When restoring disk backup, set the required partition size as shown in the following figure.



4. Click **OK** to display the following confirmation screen. Select **Yes** to start.



Partition



Appendix PR-693M

There are 3 partition functions:

- 1. Partition To Partition (partition cloning)
- 2. Partition To Image (partition backup)
- 3. Partition From Image (restore partition)

Partition To Partition (Partition Cloning)

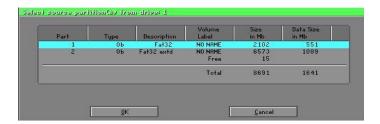
The basic unit for partition cloning is a partition. Refer to disk cloning for the operation method.

Partition To Image (Partition Backup)

1. Select the disk to be backed up.



2. Select the first partition to be backed up. This is usually where the operating system and programs are stored.



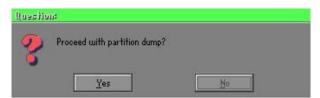
3. Select the path and file name for storing the backup file.



- 4. Is the file compressed? There are 3 options:
 - (1) No: do not compress data during backup
 - (2) Fast: Small volume compression
 - (3) High: high ratio compression. File can be compressed to its minimum, but this requires longer execution time.



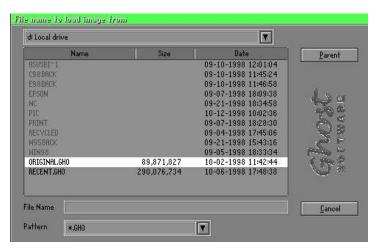
5. During confirmation, select Yes to start performing backup.



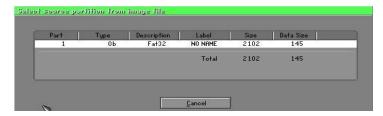
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Partition From Image (Restore Partition)

1. Select the backup file to be restored.



2. Select the source partition.



3. Select the disk to be restored.



4. Select the partition to be restored.



5. Select Yes to start restoring.



Check

This function checks the hard disk or backup file for backup or restoration error due to FAT or track error.