EP-3VBA

ISA/PCI AGP Mainboard with Onboard PCI IDE and Super Multi-I/O

TRADEMARK

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> Manual Revision 2.0 April 26, 1999

Technical Support Services

If you need additional information, help during installation or normal use of this product, please contact your retailer. If your retailer can not help, you may E-Mail us with any questions at the following address tech@epox.com

Record your serial number before installing your EP-3VBA mainboard. (the serial number is located near the ISA slots at the edge of the board)

EPoX EP-3VBA serial number:

BIOS Upgrades

Please use either our Web Site or BBS for current BIOS Upgrades.

Internet Access

http://www.epox.com http://www.epox.com.tw sales@epox.com tech@epox.com

Modem Access

886-2-2247-2742 (Taiwan) 31-182-618451 (The Netherlands)

You can access this number via a Hayes-compatible modem with a 2,400 to 28,800 baud rate. The following setup format is required:

8 Data Bits, No Parity, 1 Stop Bit.

If your modem is unable to connect at higher baud rates, try connecting at 2,400 baud before contacting Technical Support.

Thank you for using EPoX mainboards!

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User Notice

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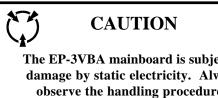
The product name and revision number are both printed on the mainboard itself.

Handling Procedures

Static electricity can severely damage your equipment. Handle the EP-3VBA and any other device in your system with care and avoid unneccessary contact with system components on the mainboard.

Always work on an antistatic surface to avoid possible damage to the motherboard from static discharge.

We assume no responsibility for any damage to the EP-3VBA mainboard that results from failure to follow installation instructions or failure to observe safety precautions.





The EP-3VBA mainboard is subject to damage by static electricity. Always observe the handling procedures.

Table of Contents

1-1 1-2 1-3
1-3 1-4
2-1
3-1
3-3 3-4 3-7 3-9
4-1 4-2 4-3 4-8 4-11 4-15 4-17 4-17 4-22

Change Supervisor or User Password	4-24
IDE HDD Auto Detection	4-25
HDD Low Level Format	4-27
Save & Exit Setup	4-27
Exit Without Saving	4-27

Section 5 Appendix

Appendix A

Memory Map	A-1
I/O Map	A-1
Timer & DMA Channels Map	
Interrupt Map	A-2
RTC & CMOS RAM Map	

Appendix B

POST Codes	A-4
Unexpected Errors	A-7

Appendix C

Load Setup Defaults		A-9
---------------------	--	-----

Appendix D

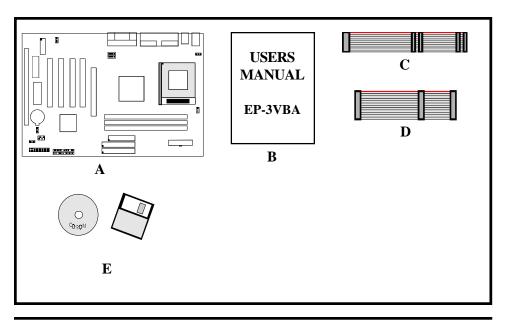
Sound Driver Quick Installation Guide	A-11
AGP Driver Quick Installation Guide	A-13

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Section 1 INTRODUCTION

Components Checklist

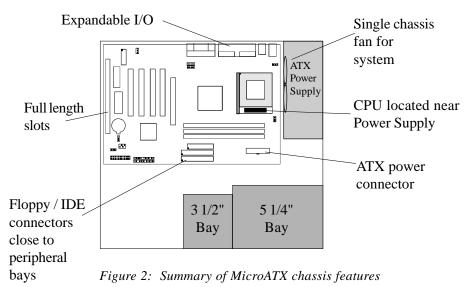
A. (1) EP-3VBA mainboard
B. (1) EP-3VBA user's manual
C. (1) Floppy ribbon cable
D. (1) Hard drive ribbon cables
E. (1) Driver and utility



EP-3VBA Form-Factor

The EP-3VBA is designed with ATX form factor - the new industry standard of chassis. MicroATX form factor is essentially a Baby-AT baseboard rotated 90 degrees within the chassis enclosure and a new mounting configuration for the power supply. With these changes the processor is relocated away from the expansion slots, allowing them all to hold full length add-in cards. ATX defines a double height aperture to the rear of the chassis which can be used to host a wide range of onboard I/O. Only the size and position of this aperture is defined, allowing PC manufacturers to add new I/O features (e.g.; TV input, TV output, joystick, modem, LAN, etc.) to systems. This will help systems integrators differentiate their products in the marketplace, and better meet your needs.

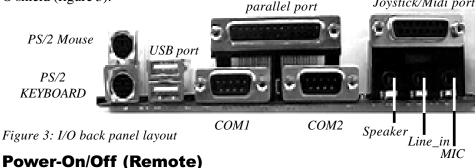
- By integrating more I/O down onto the board and better positioning the hard drive and floppy connectors material cost of cables and add-in cards is reduced.
- By reducing the number of cables and components in the system, manufacturing time and inventory holding costs are reduced and reliability will increase.
- By using an optimized power supply, it's possible to reduce cooling costs and lower acoustical noise. An ATX power supply, which has a side-mounted fan, allows direct cooling of the processor and add-in cards making a secondary fan or active heatsink unnecessary in most system applications.



Page 1-2

I/O Shield Connector

The EP-3VBA is equipped with an I/O back panel. Please use the appropriate I/ O shield (figure 3). *Joystick/Midi port*



The EP-3VBA has a single 20-pin connector for ATX power supplies. For ATX power supplies that support the **Remote On/Off** feature, this should be connected to the systems front panel for system Power On/Off button. The systems power On/Off button should be a momentary button that is normally open.

The EP-3VBA has been designed with "Soft Off" functions. You can turn Off the system from one of two sources: The first is the front panel Power On/Off button, and the other is the "Soft Off" function (coming from the EP-3VBA's onboard circuit controller) that can be controlled by the operating system. Windows 95 will control this when the user clicks that they are ready to Shutdown the system.

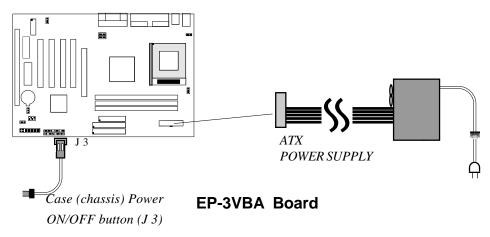


Figure 4: Simple ATX Power ON/OFF Controller

System Block Diagram

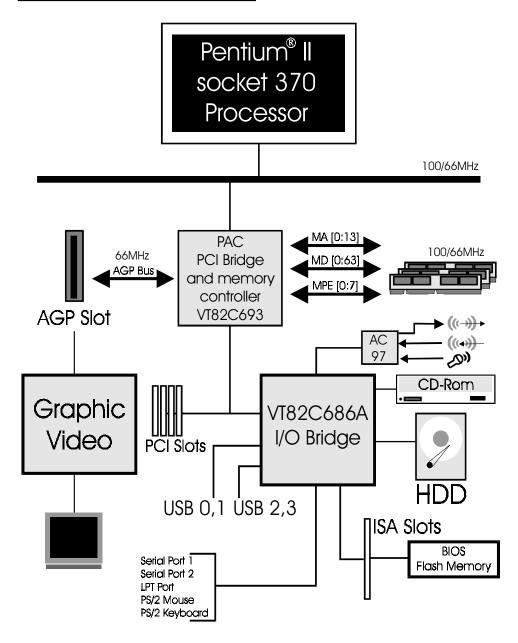


Figure 5: System Block Diagram

Section 2 FEATURES

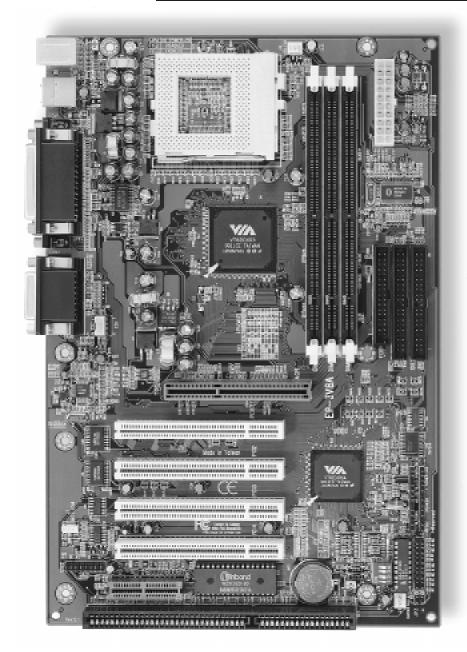
EP-3VBA Features:

- EP-3VBA is based on the Mendocino Processor operating at 300 ~ 466MHz on PGA370. The board is configured by an ESSJ (Easy-Setting-Single-Jumper) to match your CPU clock speed.
- Designed with VIA Apollo Pro+ PCIset.
- Supports up to 768MB of DRAM (minimum of 8 MB) on board (please see Section 3-2).
- EP-3VBA will support Error Checking and Correcting (ECC) when using parity SDRAM memory modules. This will detect multiple bit errors and correct 1-bit memory errors.
- Supports (1) 16 bit ISA slots, (4) 32 bit PCI slots, (1) AGP slot, (1) AMR slot and provides (2) independent high performance PCI IDE interfaces capable of supporting PIO Mode 3/4 and Ultra DMA 33/66 devices. The EP-3VBA supports (4) PCI Bus Master slots and a jumperless PCI INT# control scheme which reduces configuration confusion when plugging in PCI card(s).
- Supports ATAPI (e.g. CD-ROM) devices on both Primary and Secondary IDE interfaces.
- Designed with on chip Multi I/O: (1) floppy port, (1) parallel port (EPP, ECP), and (2) serial ports (16550 Fast UART). Note: Japanese "Floppy 3 mode" is also supported
- Features Award Plug & Play BIOS. With Flash Memory you can always upgrade to the current BIOS as they are released. (http://www.epox.com/ please visit our Technical Support section for the latest updates)
- EP-3VBA utilizes a Lithium battery which provides environmental protection and longer battery life.

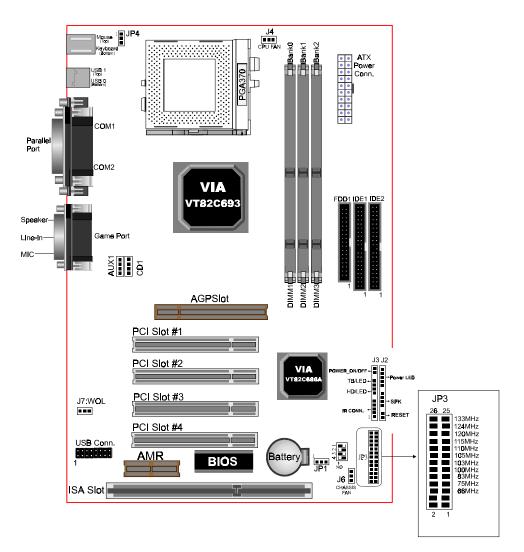
Features

- Supports the (4) Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports. The onboard VT82C686A chip provides the means for connecting PC peripherals such as; keyboards, joysticks, telephones, and modems.
- Built-in ATX 20-pin power supply connector.
- Software power-down when using Windows[®] 95/98.
- Supports ring-in feature (remote power-on through external modem, allows system to be turned on remotely.
- Resume by Alarm Allows your system to turn on at a preselected time.
- Power Loss Recovery In the event of a power outtage your system will automatically turn itself back on without user intervention.
- Supports CPU Hardware sleep and SMM (System Management Mode).
- Supports Keyboard power ON function (KBPO).
- Built-in WOL (Wake-up On Lan) Connector.
- Built-in AC97 PCI Audio.

Section 3 INSTALLATION



EP-3VBA Detailed Layout





Easy Installation Procedure

Easy Installation Procedure

The following must be completed before powering on your new system:

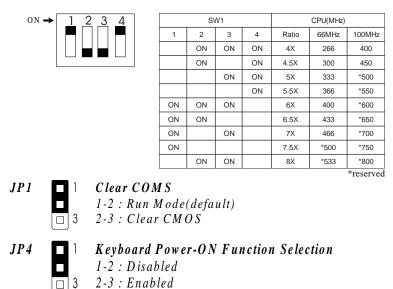
- 3-1. Configure DIP Switch and Jumper to match your hardware
- 3-2. System memory Configuration
- **3-3.** Device Connectors
- 3-4 External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions (KBPO)

Section 3-1 Configure DIP Switch

We design this motherboard with a DIP Switch to make your install fast and easy.

The following will describe all of the DIP Switch that you are required to set before moving on to step 3-2.

Note: The DIP Switch as depicted as shown (Figure 1) in their correct physical orientation.



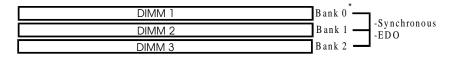
Section 3-2 System Memory Configuration

Memory Layout

The EP-3VBA supports (3) 168-pin DIMMs (Dual In-line Memory Module). The DIMMs can be either EDO (Enhanced Data Out) or SDRAM (Synchronized DRAM).

- DIMM SDRAM may be 83MHz (12ns), 100MHz (10ns) or 125MHz (8ns) bus speed.
- If you use both 50ns and 60ns memory you must configure your BIOS to read 60ns.
- When using Synchronous DRAM we recommend using the 4 clock variety over the 2 clock.

Figure 2 and Table 1 show several possible memory configurations using both SIMM and DIMM.



Total Memory	DIMM 1 (Bank 0)	DIMM 2 (Bank 1)	DIMM 3 (Bank 2)
= 256MB Maximum	EDO/SDRAM* 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	None	None
= 512MB Maximum	EDO/SDRAM* 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	EDO/SDRAM* 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	None
= 768MB Maximum	EDO/SDRAM* 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	EDO/SDRAM* 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1	EDO/SDRAM* 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, 256MB X 1

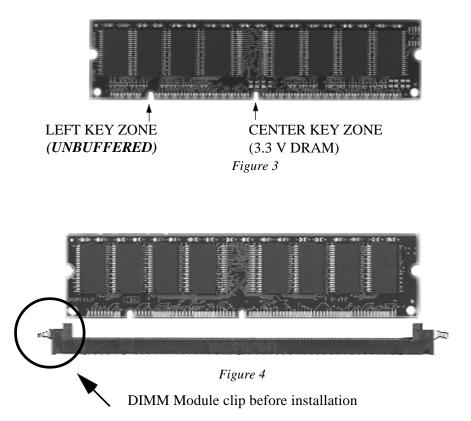
* SDRAM only supports 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256MB DIMM modules.

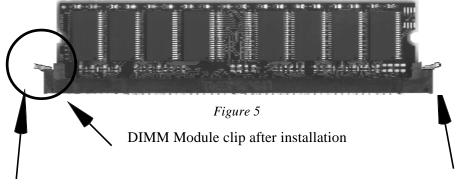
Table 1

DIMM Module Installation

Figure 3 displays the notch marks and what they should look like on your DIMM memory module.

DIMMs have 168-pins and two notches that will match with the onboard DIMM socket. DIMM modules are installed by placing the chip firmly into the socket at a 90 degree angle and pressing straight down (figure 4) until it fits tightly into the DIMM socket (figure 5).





To remove the DIMM module simply press down both of the white clips on either side and the module will be released from the socket.

Section 3-3 Device Connectors

Please install the motherboard into the chassis.

Now that your motherboard is installed you are ready to connect all your connections (figure 6).

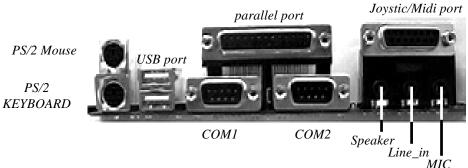
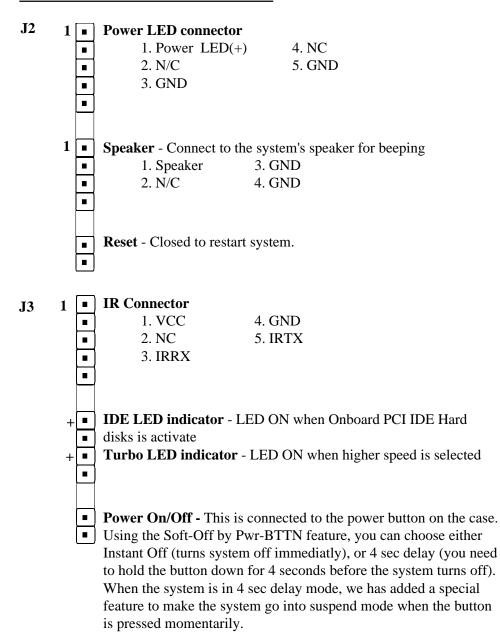


Figure 6

- J2: Chassis Panel Connector
 - Power LED, Speaker, Reset
- J3: Turbo LED, HDD LED, IR Conn., Sleep/Power_ON
- J4: CPU Fan Power
 - A plug-in for the CPU Fan Power
- J6: Chassis Fan PowerA plug-in for the chassis Fan Power
- J7: WOL Connector
- **IDE1:** Primary IDE
- **IDE2:** Secondary IDE
- FDD1: Floppy Controller Connector
- **PW1:** ATX Power Connector • 20-pin power connector
- **CD1:** CD Audio Connector
- AUX1: AUX Audio Connector

Device Connectors (continued)



Section 3-4 External Modem Ring-in Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions (KBPO)

On the basis of bounded functions in I/O chipset, the two serial ports are able to support the External Modem Ring-in Power ON function. Once users connect the external modem to COM1 or COM2, the EP-3VBA mainboard allows users to turn on their system through the remote and host's dial-up control.

Exclusive Keyboard Power ON Function

To innovate a unique feature to benefit users, we devoted the easiest and most convenient way to turn on your system based on the the ATX power supply.

How to work with it

Step 1: Please check JP4 at the position 2-3 after you finished the system installation.



- Keyboard Power-ON Function Selection 1-2: Disabled (Default)
 2-3: Enabled
- **Step 2:** You can enjoy the Keyboard Power ON function (KBPO) by *pressing any 2 key and BUTTON only to turn on your system.* Your system will be turned on automatically, after releasing the keys. To power off you system, you can use the Soft-OFF function under Windows 95.
 - *Notes:* Intel ATX version 2.0 specification has recommended you use the power supply with 0.72A(720mA) in 5.0VSB. With our EP-3VBA mainboard, *the* 5.0VSB standby power only has to be > = 0.2A(200mA) then you can enjoy this unique benefit. However, the ATX power supply which is < 0.2 (200mA) is still applicable to your system by placed JP4 at the position 1-2 to disable this feature.

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Section 4 **AWARD BIOS SETUP**

BIOS Instructions

Award's ROM BIOS provides a built-in Setup program which allows user to modify the basic system configuration and hardware parameters. The modified data will be stored in a battery-backed CMOS, so that data will be retained even when the power is turned off. In general, the information saved in the CMOS RAM will stay unchanged unless there is a configuration change in the system, such as hard drive replacement or a device is added.

It is possible for the CMOS battery to fail, this will cause data loss in the CMOS only. If this does happen you will need to reconfigure your BIOS settings.

To enter the Setup Program :

Power on the computer and press the key immediately, this will bring you into the BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY.

CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.				
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	SENSOR AND CPU SPEED SETUP			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD			
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION			
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP			
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS				
ESC : QUIT	$\uparrow \lor \rightarrow \leftarrow : \text{ SELECT ITEM}$			
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color			
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type				

ROM PCI / ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA)

Figure 1: CMOS Setup Utility

BIOS

The menu displays all the major selection items. Select the item you need to reconfigure. The selection is made by moving the cursor (press any direction key) to the item and pressing the 'Enter' key. An on-line help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as the cursor is moved to various items which provides a better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of the selected item will appear so that the user can modify associated configuration parameters.

4-1 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose "Standard CMOS Setup" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY Menu (Figure 2). The Standard CMOS Setup allows the user to configure system settings such as the current date and time, type of hard disk drive installed, floppy drive type, and display type. Memory size is auto-detected by the BIOS and displayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted (use direction keys to move the cursor and the <Enter> key to select), the entries in the field can be changed by pressing the <PgDn> or the <PgUp> key.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA)
STANDARD CMOS SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

HARD DISKS	TYPE	SIZE	CYLS	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANDZONE	SECTORS	MODE
Primary Master	: Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	Auto
Primary Slave	: Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	Auto
Secondary Master	r : Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	Auto
Secondary Slave	: Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	Auto
Drive A : 1.44	M, 3.5 in.		Г					
Drive B : None	2				Base Memory	:	640K	
					Extended Mer		392192K	
Video : EGA	A/VGA				Other Memor	y :	384K	
Halt On : All,	But Keyl	board						
					Total Memory	y :	393216K	

Figure 2: Standard CMOS Setup

Note: If the hard disk Primary Master/Slave and Secondary Master/ Slave are set to Auto, then the hard disk size and model will be auto-detected. Note: The "Halt On:" field is used to determine when to halt the system by the BIOS if an error occurs.

Note: Floppy 3 Mode support is a mode used to support a special 3.5" drive used in Japan. This is a 3.5" disk that stores only 1.2 MB, the default setting for this is disabled.

4-2 BIOS Features Setup

Selecting the "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" option in the CMOS SETUP UTIL-ITY menu allows users to change system related parameters in the displayed menu. This menu shows all of the manufacturer's default values for the EP-3VBA.

Pressing the [F1] key will display a help message for the selected item.

AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.				
Virus Warning	: Disabled	Video BIOS Shadow	: Enabled	
CPU Internal Cache	: Enabled	C8000-CBFFF Shadow	: Disabled	
External Cache	: Enabled	CC000-CFFFF Shadow	: Disabled	
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	: Disabled	D0000-D3FFF Shadow	: Disabled	
		D4000-D7FFF Shadow	: Disabled	
Quick Power On Self Test	: Enabled	D8000-DBFFF Shadow	: Disabled	
Boot Sequence	: A, C, SCSI	DC000-DFFFF Shadow	: Disabled	
Swap Floppy Drive	: Disabled			
Boot Up Floppy Seek	: Enabled			
Boot Up NumLock Status	: On			
IDE HDD Block Mode	: Enabled			
Gate A20 option	: Fast			
Memory Parity/ECC Check	: Disabled			
Typematic Rate Setting	: Disabled			
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	: 6	Esc : Quit	$\bigstar \Downarrow \Rightarrow \bigstar$: Select Item	
Type matic Delay (Msec)	: 250	F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : Modify	
Security Option	: Setup	F5 : Old Values	(Shift) F2 : Color	
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	: Disabled	F7 : Load Setup Defaults	(Sinit) 12 . Color	
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	: Non-OS2	17 . Load Setup Defaults		

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) BIOS FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Figure 3: BIOS Features Setup

Virus Warning:

During and after the system boots up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and an error message will appear.

You should then run an anti-virus program to locate the virus. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive. The default value is Disabled.

BIOS

- *Enabled*: Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector.
- *Disabled:* No warning message will appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector.
 - Note: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache:

This controls the status of the processor's internal cache area. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: This activates the processor's internal cache thereby increasing performance.

Disabled: This deactivates the processor's internal cache thereby lowering performance.

External (L2) Cache:

This controls the status of the external (L2) cache area. The default is Enanbled.

Enabled: This activates the motherboard's L2 cache thereby increasing performance.

Disabled: This deactivates the motherboard's L2 cache thereby lowering performance.

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking:

This controls the CPU's L2 cache to supports Error Checking and Correcting (ECC). The default is Disabled

Enabled: Enabled the CPU's L2 cache to Support ECC function. When enabled this item the performance should be impact 2% ~4%.
Disabled: Disabled the CPU's L2 cache to support ECC function.

Quick Power On Self Test:

This category speeds up the Power On Self Test (POST). The default is Enabled.

Enabled: This setting will shorten or skip of the items checked during POST. *Disabled*: Normal POST.

Boot Sequence:

This category determines which drive is searched first by the O/S (Operating System).

The default is A,C,SCSI.

The following is your list of options: [A, C, SCSI] - [C, A, SCSI] - [C, CD-ROM, A] - [CD-ROM, C, A] [D, A, CD-ROM], [E, A, CD-ROM] - [F, A, CD-ROM] - [SCSI, A, C] [SCSI C, A] - [C Only]

Swap Floppy Drive:

This will swap your physical drive letters A & B if you are using two floppy disks.

The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Floppy A & B will be swapped under the O/S. **Disabled**: Floppy A & B will be not swapped.

Boot Up Floppy Seek:

During Power-On-Self-Test (POST), BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1. 2MB and 1.44MB are all 80 tracks.

The default is Enabled.

- *Enabled*: The BIOS will search the floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks.
- *Disabled*: The BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number.

Note: BIOS can not tell the difference between 720K, 1.2MB and 1. 44MB drive types as they are all 80 tracks.

Boot Up NumLock Status:

This controls the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. The default is On.

On: The keypad acts as a 10-key pad.

Off: The keypad acts like the cursor keys.

BIOS

IDE HDD Block Mode:

IDE Block Mode allows the controller to access blocks of sectors rather than a single sector at a time.

The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Enabled IDE HDD Block Mode. Provides higher HDD transfer rates. Disabled: Disable IDE HDD Block Mode.

Gate A20 Option:

This refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1MB (extended memory).

The default is Fast.

Normal: The A20 signal is controlled by the keyboard controller or chipset hardware.

Fast: The A20 signal is controlled by Port 92 or chipset specific method.

Memory Parity/ECC Check:

If the DRAM chip in your system support parity/ECC check, select Enabled.

Typematic Rate Setting:

This determines the keystrokes repeat rate. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Allows typematic rate and typematic delay programming. *Disabled*: The typematic rate and typematic delay will be controlled by the keyboard controller in your system.

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec):

This is the number of characters that will be repeated by a keyboard press. The default is 6.

- 6: 6 characters per second.
 8: 8 characters per second.
 10: 10 characters per second.
 12: 12 characters per second.
 15: 15 characters per second.
 20: 20 characters per second.
- 24: 24 characters per second. 30: 30 characters per second.

Typematic Delay (msec):

This setting controls the time between the first and the second character displayed by typematic auto-repeat.

The default is 250.

: 250 msec. : 500 msec. : 750 msec. : 1000 msec.

Security Option:

This category allows you to limit access to the System and Setup, or just to Setup.

The default is Setup.

- *System:* The system will not boot and the access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
- Setup: The system will boot; but the access to Setup will be denied if the incorrect password is not entered at the prompt.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop:

This field controls the ability of a primary PCI VGA controller to share a common palette (When a snoop write cycles) with an ISA video card. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: If an ISA card is connected to a PCI VGA card via the VESA connector, and that ISA card connects to a VGA monitor, then that ISA card uses the RAMDAC of the PCI card.
Disabled: Disables the VGA card Palette Snoop function.

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB:

Some operating systems require special handling. Use this option only if your system has greater than 64MB of memory.

The default is Non-OS2.

OS2: Select this if you are running the OS/2 operating system with greater than 64MB of RAM.

Non-OS2: Select this for all other operating systems and configurations.

Video BIOS Shadow:

This option allows video BIOS to be copied into RAM. Video Shadowing will increase the video performance of your system. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Video shadow is enabled. *Disabled*: Video shadow is disabled.

C8000 - CBFFF Shadow: CC000 - CFFFF Shadow: D0000 - D3FFF Shadow: D4000 - D7FFF Shadow: D8000 - DBFFF Shadow: DC000 - DFFFF Shadow:

These categories determine whether ROMs from option cards will be copied into RAM. This will be in 16K byte or 32K byte units, and the size will depend on chipset of the option card.

Enabled: Optional shadow is enabled. *Disabled*: Optional shadow is disabled.

4-3 Chipset Features Setup

Choose the "CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu to display following menu.

Bank 0/1 DRAM Timing	: SDRAM Fast	OnChip USB	: Enabled
Bank 2/3 DRAM Timing	: SDRAM Fast	USB Keyboard Support	: Disabled
Bank 4/5 DRAM Timing	: SDRAM Fast	OnChip Sound	: Enabled
SDRAM Cycle length	: Auto	OnChip Modem	: Disabled
SDRAM Bank Interleave	: Disabled		
DRAM Page-Mode	: Enabled		
DRAM Fast Decoding	: Auto		
DRAM Read Option	: Fast		
Memory Hole	: Disabled		
Read Around write	: Disabled		
Concurrent PCI/Host	: Enabled		
System BIOS Cacheabe	: Disabled		
Video BIOS Cacheable	: Enabled		
Video RAM Cacheable	: Disabled		
AGP Aperture Size	: 64M	Esc : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
AGP - 2X Mode	: Enabled	F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : Modify
		F5 : Old Values	(Shift) F2 : Color
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Figure 4: Chipset Features Setup

Bank 0/1, 2/3, 4/5 DRAM Timing:

This value in this field is set by the system board manufacturer, depending on whether the board has paged DRAMs or EDO (extended data output) DRAMs.

The Choice: Bank 0/1, 2/3, 4/5.

SDRAM Cycle length:

This setting defines the CAS timing parameter of the SDRAM in terms of clocks.

The default is 3.

2: Provides faster memory performance.

3: Provides better memory compatibility.

SDRAM Bank Interleave:

The item allows you to set how many banks of SDRAM support in your mainboard.

The Choice: 2 Bank, 4 Bank, Disabled.

DRAM Page-Mode:

The item will active or inactive chipset page registers.

Enabled: Page-Mode Enabled. *Disabled*: No page registers update and non Page-Mode operation.

DRAM Fast Decoding:

The item will effective DRAM operation sequential.

DRAM Read Option:

The item will effective DRAM reading CMD sequential.

Memory Hole:

You can reserve this memory area for the use of ISA adaptor ROMs. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: This field enables the main memory (15~16MB) to remap to ISA BUS.

Disabled: Normal Setting.

Note: If this feature is enabled you will not be able to cache this memory segment.

BIOS

Read Around write:

DRAM optimization feature: If a memory read is addressed to a location whose latest write is being held in a buffer contents, and the read is not sent to the DRAM.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled

Concurrent PCI/Host:

When disabled, CPU bus will be occupied during the entire PCI operation period.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled

System BIOS Cacheable:

As with caching the Video BIOS above, enabling this selection allows accesses to the system BIOS ROM addressed at F0000H-FFFFFH to be cached, provided that the cache controller is enabled.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Video BIOS Cacheable:

When enabled. The Video BIOS cache will cause access to video BIOS addressed at C0000H to C7FFFH to be cached, if the cache controller is also enabled

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Video RAM Cacheable:

Select enabled allows caching of the video RAM, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

AGP Aperture Size:

The amount of system memory that the AGP card is allowed to share. The default is 64.

- 4: 4MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 8: 8MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 16: 16MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 32: 32MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 64: 64MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 128: 128MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 256: 256MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.

OnChip USB:

Select Enabled if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus(USB) controller and you have a USB peripheral.

USB Keyboard Support:

This controls the activation status of an optional USB keyboard that may be attached.

The default is disabled.

Enabled: Enable USB keyboard support. *Disabled*: Disable USB keyboard support.

OnChip Sound:

Turn on/off onchip sound device.

OnChip Modem:

Turn on/off onchip software modem device.

4-4 Power Management Setup

Choose the "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTIL-ITY to display the following screen. This menu allows the user to modify the power management parameters and IRQ signals. In general, these parameters should not be changed unless it's absolutely necessary.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A6LGPAA) POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

ACPI function Power Management PM Control by APM Video off After Video off Method MODEM Use IRQ Soft-off by PWRBTN PWRON After PW-Fail HDD Power Down Doze Mode Suspend Mode	: Enabled : User Define : Yes : Suspend : V/H SYNC+Blank : 3 : Delay 4 Sec : Former-Status : Disable : Disable : Disable	Primary INTR IRQ3 (COM 2) IRQ4 (COM 1) IRQ5 (LPT 2) IRQ6 (Floppy Disk) IRQ7 (LPT 1) IRQ8 (RTC Alarm) IRQ9 (IRQ2 Redir) IRQ10 (Reserved) IRQ11 (Reserved) IRQ12 (C5/2 Mouse) IRQ13 (Coprocessor)	: ON : Primary : Primary : Primary : Primary : Disabled : Secondary : Secondary : Secondary : Secondary : Primary : Primary
** PM Events ** VGA LPT & COM	: OFF : LPT/COM	IRQ14 (Hard Disk) IRQ15 (Reserved)	: Primary : Disabled
HDD & FDD DMA/master Modem Ring Resume RTC Alarm Resume	: NO : OFF : Disabled : Disabled	Esc : Quit F1 : Help F5 : Old Values F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Figure 5: Power Management Setup

You can only change the content of Doze Mode, Standby Mode, and Suspend Mode when the Power Management is set to 'User Define'.

Power Management:

Use this to select your Power Management selection. The default is User define.

Disabled:	The system operates in NORMAL conditions (Non-GREEN), and the Power Management function is disabled.
Max. saving:	Maximum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode.
Min. saving:	Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode.
User define:	Allows user to define PM Timers parameters to control power saving mode.

PM controlled APM:

This option shows weather or not you want the Power Management to be controlled the Advanced Power Management (APM). The default is Yes.

Yes: APM controls your PM No: APM does not control your PM

Video Off Method:

This option allows you to select how the video will be disabled by the power management.

The default is V/H Sync + Blank

V/H Sync + Blank:	System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS:	Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA). Use the software supplied for your video subsystem to select video power management values.
Blank Screen:	System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

MODEM Use IRQ:

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system. Default is IRQ 3.

 N/A: No IRQ is used.
 3: IRQ 3

 4: IRQ 4
 5: IRQ 5

 7: IRQ 7
 9: IRQ 9

 10: IRO 10
 11: IRO 11

The EP-3VBA supports HDD Power Down, Doze and Standby power saving functions when using the Intel Pentium II Processor.

The default is Disabled

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN:

Use this to select your soft-off function.

The default is Delay 4 sec.

Instant Off: Turns off instantly.

Delay 4 Second: Turns off after a 4 second delay. If momentary press of button, the system will go into Suspend Mode. Press again to take system out of Suspend Mode.

PWRON After PW-Fail:

The system will stay of or power on after a power interrupte. The default is Fomer-Status.

Fomer-Status: Stay off or power on depend on system safe shut-down or power fail.

ON: System always power on after a power interrupte.

OFF: System always stay off after a power interrupte.

HDD Power Down:

HDD Standby timer can be set from 1 to 15 minute(s).

Doze Mode:

The "Doze" mode timer starts to count when no "PM events" have occurred.

Suspend Mode:

This function works only when the Pentium II Processor is installed. The timer starts to count when "System Standby" mode timer is timed out and no "PM Events" are occurring. Valid range is from 1 minute up to 1 hour.

VGA:

When set to On (default), any event occurring at a VGA port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

LPT & COM:

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at a COM(serial)/LPT (printer) port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

HDD & FDD:

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at a hard or floppy drive port will awaken a system which has been powered down.

DMA/master:

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring to the DMA controller will awaken a system which has been powered down.

RTA Alarm Resume:

When set to *Enable rta alarm resume*, you could set the date (of month) and timer (hh:mm:ss), any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.

Modem Ring Resume:

When set to *Enabled*, any event occurring to the Modem Ring will awaken a system which has been powered down.

Primary INTR:

When set to *On* (default), any event occurring at will awaken a system which has been powered down.

4-5 PNP/PCI Configuration

The PNP/PCI configuration program is for the user to modify the PCI/ISA IRQ signals when various PCI/ISA cards are inserted in the PCI or ISA slots.

WARNING: Conflicting IRQ's may cause the system to not find certain devices.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

PNP OS Installed Resources Controlled By	: No : Manual	CPU to PCI Write Buffer PCI Dynamic Bursting	: Enabled : Enabled
Reset Configuration Data IRQ-3 Assigned to : IRQ-4 Assigned to :	: Disabled PCI/ISA PnP	PCI Master 0 WS Write PCI Delay Transaction PCI#2 Access #1 Retry AGP Master 1 WS Write	: Enabled : Disabled : Disabled : Enabled
IRQ-5 Assigned to : IRQ-7 Assigned to : IRQ-9 Assigned to :	PCI/ISA PnP	AGP Master 1 WS write AGP Master 1 WS Read Solt 1 Use IRO No.	: Enabled : Disabled
IRQ-10 Assigned to : IRQ-11 Assigned to : IRQ-12 Assigned to :	PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP	Solt 2 Use IRQ No. Solt 3 Use IRQ No. Solt 4 Use IRQ No.	: Auto : Auto : Auto : Auto
IRQ-14 Assigned to : IRQ-15 Assigned to : DMA-0 Assigned to : DMA-1 Assigned to :	PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP	Solt 5 Use IRQ No.	: Auto
DMA-1 Assigned to : DMA-5 Assigned to : DMA-6 Assigned to : DMA-7 Assigned to :	PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP PCI/ISA PnP	Esc : Quit F1 : Help F5 : Old Values F7 : Load Setup Defaults	 ↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item PU/PD/+/- : Modify (Shift) F2 : Color

Figure 6: PCI Configuration Setup

PNP OS Installed:

Do you have a PNP OS installed on your system. The default is No.

Yes: Select if you are using a PNP OS

No: Select if your OS does not support PNP.

Resources Controlled By:

Who controlled the system PNP/PCI resources. The default is Manual.

- Manual: PNP Card's resources will be controlled manually. You can set which IRQ-X and DMA-X are assigned to PCI/ISA PNP or Legacy ISA Cards.
- Auto: If your ISA card and PCI card are all PNP cards, BIOS will assign the interrupt resource automatically.

Reset Configuration Data:

This setting allows you to clear ESCD data.. The default is Disabled.

Disabled: Normal Setting.

Enabled: If you have plugged in some Legacy cards to the system and they were recorded into ESCD (Extended System Configuration Data), you can set this field to Enabled in order to clear ESCD.

CPU to PCI Write Buffer:

When enabled, up to four D words of data can be written to the PCI bus without interruting the CPU. When disabled, a write buffer is not used and the CPU read cycle will not be completed until the PCI bus signals that it is ready to receive the data.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Dynamic Bursting:

When Enabled, data transfers on the PCI bus, where possible, make use of the high-performance PCI bust protocol, in which graeater amounts of data are transferred at a single command.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Master 0 WS Write:

When Enabled, writes to the PCI bus are command with zero wait states.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Delay Transaction:

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

PCI #2 Access #1 Retry:

This item allows you enabled/disable the PCI #2 Access #1 Retry.

The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

4-6 Load Setup Defaults

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary only when the system CMOS data is corrupted.

4-7 Integrated Peripherals

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) INTEGRATEDPERIPHERALS AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.				
OnChip IDE Channel0 OnChip IDE Channel1 IDE Prefetch Mode Primary Master PIO Primary Slave PIO Secondary Slave PIO Secondary Slave PIO Primary Slave UDMA Secondary MasterUDMA Secondary Slave UDMA Init Display First Onboard FDD Controller	: Enabled : Enabled : Enabled : Auto : Enabled : Auto : Enabled	Onboard Parallel Port Onboard Parallel Mode ECP Mode Use DMA Parallel Port EPP Type Onboard Legacy Audio Sound Blaster SB I/O Base Address SB IRQ Select SB DMA Select MPU-401 MPU-401 I/O Address FM Port (388-38BH) Game Port (200-207H)	: 378/IRQ7 : ECP/EPP : 3 : EPP1.9 : Enabled : Disabled : 220H : IRQ 5 : DMA 1 : Disabled : 330-333H : Disabled : Enabled	
Onboard Serial Port 1 Onboard Serial Port 2 UART 2 Mode IR Function Duplex TX, RX inverting enable	: Auto : Auto : HPSIR : Half : No, Yes	Esc : Quit F1 : Help F5 : Old Values F7 : Load Setup Defaults	♦ ♦ ♦ € : Select Item PU/PD/+/- : Modify (Shift) F2 : Color	

Figure 8: Integrated Peripherals

Note: If you do not use the Onboard IDE connector, then you will need to set Onboard Primary PCI IDE: Disabled and Onboard Secondary PCI IDE: Disabled

Note: The Onboard PCI IDE cable should be equal to or less than 18 inches (45 cm.).

IDE Prefetch Mode:

Enable prefetching for IDE drive interfaces that support its faster drive accesses. If uou are getting disk drive errors, change the setting to omit the drive interface where the errors occur. Depending on the configuration of your IDE subsystem, this field may not appear, and it does not appear when the Internal PCI/IDE field, above, is Disabled. The Choice: Enabled, Disabled.

Onchip IDE Channel:

The default value is Enabled.

Enabled: Enables Onboard IDE primary port. *Disabled*: Disables Onboard IDE primary port.

Onchip IDE Channel:

The default is Enabled. *Enabled:* Enables Onboard IDE secondary port. *Disabled:* Disables Onboard IDE secondary port.

Primary Master PIO:

The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Master PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Primary Slave PIO:

The default is Auto.

Auto: BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Secondary Master PIO:

The default is Auto. *Auto:* BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Master PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Secondary Slave PIO:

The default is Auto. *Auto:* BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.

Mode 0~4: Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt mode.

Primary Master UDMA:

This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive.

EP-3VBA

The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting. *Disabled*: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Primary Slave UDMA:

This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive. The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting. *Disabled*: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Secondary Master UDMA:

This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive. The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting. *Disabled*: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Secondary Slave UDMA:

This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive. The default is Auto.

Auto: The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode.

Init Display First:

If two video cards are used (1 AGP and 1 PCI) this specifies which one will be the primary display adapter. The default is PCI Slot.

The default is PCI Slot.

PCI Slots: PCI video card will be primary adapter. **AGP:** AGP video card will be primary adapter.

Onboard FDD Controller:

This controls the state of the onboard floppy controller. The default value is Enabled.

Enabled: Enable the Onboard floppy drive interface controller. *Disabled*: Disable the Onboard floppy drive interface controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1:

This field allows the user to configure the 1st serial port. The default is Auto. AUTO: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is Auto adjusted COM1: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4. COM2: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3. COM3: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4. COM4: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3. Disabled: Disable Onboard Serial port 1.

Onboard Serial Port 2:

This field allows the user to configure the 2nd serial port. The default is Auto.

AUTO: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is Auto adjusted COM1: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4. COM2: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3. COM3: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4. COM4: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3. Disabled: Disable Onboard Serial port 2.

UART 2 Mode:

This item allows you to determine which Infra Red (IR) function of onboard I/O chip.

The Choice: Standard, ASKIR, HPSIR.

IR Function Duplex:

This item allows you to select the IR function when you select the UART2 Mode is ASKIR.

The Choice: Half, Full.

TX, RX inverting enable:

This item invert serial port 2 TX and RX output signal level.

No, No — TX, RX have no signal inverting.

No, Yes —— RX have signal inverting.

Yes, No — TX have signal inverting.

Yes, Yes — TX, RX have signal inverting.

Onboard Parallel port:

This field allows the user to configure the LPT port. The default is 378H / IRO7.

378H: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 378H and IRQ7. **278H**: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 278H and IRQ5.

3BCH: Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 3BCH and IRQ7. **Disabled**: Disable Onboard LPT port.

Onboard Parallel Mode:

This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode. The default is ECP+EPP.

Normal: Standard mode. IBM PC/AT Compatible bidirectional parallel port.
 EPP: Enhanced Parallel Port mode.
 ECP: Extended Capabilities Port mode.
 EPP+ECP: ECP Mode & EPP Mode.

ECP Mode USE DMA:

This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode. The default is DMA3.

DMA1: This field selects the routing of DMA1 for the ECP mode. **DMA3**: This field selects the routing of DMA3 for the ECP mode.

Parallel Port EPP Type:

This item allows you to determine the IR transfer mode of onboard I/O chip. The Choice: EPP1.9, EPP1.7.

Onboard Legacy Audio:

Legacy Audio enabled/disabled.

Sound Blaster:

Sound Blaster compatible device enabled/disabled.

SB I/O Base Address:

Sound Blaster I/O resource selection.

SB IRQ Select:

Legacy audio device IRQ selection.

SB DMA Select:

Sound Blaster DMA channel selection.

MPU-401:

MPU-401 function enabled/disabled.

MPU-401 I/O Address:

Built-in MPU-401 compatible MIDI I/O port selection: 300-303H 310-313H 320-323H 330-333H (default)

FM Port (388-38BH):

Frequency modulation port at I/O port 388-38BH enabled/disabled.

Game Port (200-207H):

Built-in joystick port support disabled/enabled(default).

4-8 SENSOR AND CPU SPEED SETUP

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) SENSOR AND CPU SPEED SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk Spread Spectrum CPU Host Clock (CPU/PCI) DRAM Clock Is CPU Fan In Suspend	: Enabled : Disabled : Default : Host Clock : Off	Current CPU Temp. Current System Temp. Current CPU Fan Speed Current Chassis Fan Speed Vcore : 1.87V 3.3V : 3.28V 12V : 11.88V	Vtt	: 31°C/87°F : 24°C/75°F : 0 RPM : 0 RPM : 1.52V : 5.02V
		F1 : Help P	$P \rightarrow \epsilon$ PU/PD/+/- Shift) F2	~

Figure 9: Sensor And CPU Speed Setup

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk:

When enabled the motherboard will automatically disable the clock source for a DIMM socket which does not have a module in it. Same applies for PCI slots. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Enables this option. *Disabled*: Disables this option.

Spread Spectrum :

The default is Disabled. *Enabled*: *Enables this option*. *Disabled*: *Disables this option*.

CPU Host Clock (CPU/PCI):

Allows the external clock to be modified depending upon what FSB has been selected. Should not be used to clock processor faster than it was designed for. (See page A-11).
The default is Default.
66MHz FSB options: Default, 66.8, 68.5, 75, and 83MHz.
100MHz FSB options: Default, 100, 103, 112, and 133MHz.

DRAM Clock Is:

The item will synchronize/asynchronize DRAM operation clock. *Host Clock:* DRAM has same working clock with CPU host bus. 2/3 Host: DRAM running with lower operation clock.

CPUFAN Off In Suspend:

This option is used to set if the CPU fans will turn off during suspend mode. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: The system will turn off the CPU fans during suspend mode. *Disabled*: The system will not turn off the CPU fan during suspend mode.

Current System Temp:

This is the Current temperature of the system.

Current CPU Temperature:

This is the current temperature of the CPU.

Current CPU FAN Speed:

The current CPU fan speed in RPMs.

Current Chassis FAN Speed:

The current chassis fan speed in RPMs.

CPU(V):

The voltage level of the CPU(Vio/Vcore). Vtt, +3.3V, +5V, +12V: The voltage level of the switch power supply.

4-9 Change Supervisor or User Password

To change the password, choose the "SUPERVISOR PASSWORD or USER PASSWORD" option from the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu and press [Enter].

NOTE: Either "Setup" or "System" must be selected in the "Security Option" of the BIOS FEATURES SETUP menu.

1. If CMOS is corrupted or the option was not used, a default password stored in the ROM will be used. The screen will display the following message:

Enter Password:

Press the [Enter] key to continue after the proper password is given.

2. If the CMOS is corrupted or the option was used earlier and the user wishes to change the default password, the SETUP UTILITY will display a message and ask for a confirmation.

Confirm Password:

3. After pressing the [Enter] key (ROM password if the option was not used) or current password (user-defined password), the user can change the password and store new one in CMOS RAM. A maximum of 8 characters can be entered.

4-10 IDE HDD Auto Detection

The "IDE HDD auto detection" utility is a very useful tool, especially when you do not know which kind of hard disk type you are using. You can use this utility to detect the correct disk type installed in the system automatically. But now you can set HARD DISK TYPE to Auto in the STANDARD CMOS SETUP. You don't need the "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" utility. The BIOS will Auto-detect the hard disk size and model on display during POST.

ROMPCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

		Select Seco	ondary Slave	Option (N=Skip)	Ν	
OPTI	ONSSIZE	CYLS	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANDZ S	SECTOR MODE
2 (Y)	4310	524	255	0	14847	63 LBA
1	4310	14848	9	65535	14847	63 NORMAL
3	4310	928	144	65535	14847	63 LARGE

Figure 10: IDE HDD Auto Detection

NOTE: HDD Modes

The Award BIOS supports 3 HDD modes : NORMAL, LBA & LARGE NOR-MAL mode

Generic access mode in which neither the BIOS nor the IDE controller will make any transformations during accessing.

The maximum number of cylinders, head & sectors for NORMAL mode are.

1024, 16 & 63	
no. Cylinder	(1024)
x no. Head	(16)
x no. Sector	(63)
<u>x no. per sector</u>	<u>(512)</u>
	528 Megabytes

If user set his HDD to NORMAL mode, the maximum accessible HDD size will be 528 Megabytes even though its physical size may be greater than that!

LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode: A new HDD accessing method to overcome the 528 Megabyte bottleneck. The number of cylinders, heads & sectors shown in setup may not be the number physically contained in the HDD. During HDD accessing, the IDE controller will transform the logical address described by sector, head & cylinder into its own physical address inside the HDD. The maximum HDD size supported by LBA mode is 8.4 GigaBytes which is obtained by the following formula:

no. Cylinder	(1024)
x no. Head	(255)
x no. Sector	(63)
<u>x bytes per sector</u>	<u>(512)</u>
	8.4 GigaBytes

LARGE mode: Extended HDD access mode supported by Award Software.

Some IDE HDDs contain more than 1024 cylinder without LBA support (in some cases, user do not want LBA). The Award BIOS provides another alternative to support these kinds of LARGE mode.

<u>CYLS</u>	HEADS	SECTOR	MODE
1120	16	59	NORMAL
560	32	59	LARGE

BIOS tricks DOS (or other OS) that the number of cylinders is less than 1024 by dividing it by 2. At the same time, the number of heads is multiplied by 2. A reverse transformation process will be made inside

INT 12h in order to access the right HDD address!

Maximum HDD size:

no. Cylinder	(1024)
x no. Head	(32)
x no. Sector	(63)
<u>x bytes per sector</u>	<u>(512)</u>
	1 GigaByte

Note: To support LBA or LARGE mode of HDDs, there must be some software involved. All the software is located in the Award HDD Service Routine (INT 13h). It may fail to access a HDD with LBA (LARGE) mode selected if you are running under an Operating System which replaces the whole INT 13h.

UNIX operating systems do not support either LBA or LARGE and must utilize the Standard mode. UNIX can support drives larger than 528MB.

4-11 HDD Low Level Format

Interleave: Select the interleave number of the hard disk drive you wish to perform a low level format on. You may select from 1 to 8. Check the documentation that came with the drive for the correct interleave number, or select 0 for automatic detection.

Auto scan bad track: This allows the utility to scan first then format by each track.

Start: Press<Y>to start low level format.

4-12 Save & Exit Setup

The "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option will bring you back to the boot up procedure with all the changes you just recorded in the CMOS RAM.

4-13 Exit Without Saving

The "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" option will bring you back to normal boot up procedure without saving any data into CMOS RAM.

All old data in the CMOS will not be destroyed.

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Appendix A:

A-1 MEMORY MAP

Address Range	Size	Description
[00000-7FFFF]	512K	Conventional memory
[80000-9FBFF]	127K	Extended Conventional memory
[9FC00-9FFFF]	1K	Extended BIOS data area if PS/2 mouse is
installed		
[A0000-C7FFF]	160K	Available for Hi DOS memory
[C8000-DFFFF]	96K	Available for Hi DOS memory and adapter
ROMs		
[E0000-EEFFF]	60K	Available for UMB
[EF000-EFFFF]	4K	Video service routine for Monochrome & CGA
		adaptor
[F0000-F7FFF]	32K	BIOS CMOS setup utility
[F8000-FCFFF]	20K	BIOS runtime service routine (2)
[FD000-FDFFF]	4K	Plug and Play ESCD data area
[FE000-FFFFF]	8K	BIOS runtime service routine (1)

A-2 I/O MAP

[000-01F]	DMA controller.(Master)
[020-021]	INTERRUPT CONTROLLER.(Master)
[022-023]	CHIPSET control registers. I/O ports.
[040-05F]	TIMER control registers.
[060-06F]	KEYBOARD interface controller.(8042)
[070-07F]	RTC ports & CMOS I/O ports.
[080-09F]	DMA register.
[0A0-0BF]	INTERRUPT controller.(Slave)
[0C0-0DF]	DMA controller.(Slave)
[0F0-0FF]	MATH COPROCESSOR.
[1F0-1F8]	HARD DISK controller.
[278-27F]	PARALLEL port 2.
[2B0-2DF]	GRAPHICS adapter controller.
[2F8-2FF]	SERIAL port 2.
[360-36F]	NETWORK ports.
[378-37F]	PARALLEL port 1.

[3B0-3BF]	MONOCHROME & PARALLEL port adapter.
[3C0-3CF]	EGA adapter.
[3D0-3DF]	CGA adapter.
[3F0-3F7]	FLOPPY DISK controller.
[3F8-3FF]	SERIAL port 1.

A-3 TIMER & DMA CHANNELS MAP

TIMER MAP:	
TIMER Channel 0	System timer interrupt.
TIMER Channel 1	DRAM REFRESH request.
TIMER Channel 2	SPEAKER tone generator.
DMA CHANNELS:	
DMA Channel 0	Available.
DMA Channel 1	Onboard ECP (Option).
DMA Channel 2	FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).
DMA Channel 3	Onboard ECP (default).
DMA Channel 4	Cascade for DMA controller 1.
DMA Channel 5	Available.
DMA Channel 6	Available.
DMA Channel 7	Available

A-4 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI : Parity check error.

IRQ (H/W):

- 0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER 0.
- 1 KEYBOARD output buffer full.
- 2 Cascade for IRQ 8-15.
- 3 SERIAL port 2.
- 4 SERIAL port 1.
- 5 PARALLEL port 2.
- 6 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).
- 7 PARALLEL port 1.
- 8 RTC clock.
- 9 Available.
- 10 Available.
- 11 Available.

- 12 PS/2 Mouse.
- 13 MATH coprocessor.
- 14 Onboard HARD DISK (IDE1) channel.
- 15 Onboard HARD DISK (IDE1) channel.

A-5 RTC & CMOS RAM MAP

RTC & CMOS:

- 00 Seconds.
- 01 Second alarm.
- 02 Minutes.
- 03 Minutes alarm.
- 04 Hours.
- 05 Hours alarm.
- 06 Day of week.
- 07 Day of month.
- 08 Month.
- 09 Year.
- 0A Status register A.
- 0B Status register B.
- 0C Status register C.
- 0D Status register D.
- 0E Diagnostic status byte.
- 0F Shutdown byte.
- 10 FLOPPY DISK drive type byte.
- 11 Reserve.
- 12 HARD DISK type byte.
- 13 Reserve.
- 14 Equipment type.
- 15 Base memory low byte.
- 16 Base memory high byte.
- 17 Extension memory low byte.
- 18 Extension memory high byte.
- 19-2d
- 2E-2F
- 30 Reserved for extension memory low byte.
- 31 Reserved for extension memory high byte.
- 32 DATE CENTURY byte.
- 33 INFORMATION FLAG.

Appendix B:

B-1 POST CODES

ISA POST codes are typically output to I/O port address 80h.		
POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION	
01-02	Reserved.	
C0	Turn off OEM specific cache, shadow.	
03	1. Initialize EISA registers (EISA BIOS only).	
	2. Initialize all the standard devices with default values	
	Standard devices includes.	
	- DMA controller (8237).	
	- Programmable Interrupt Controller (8259).	
	- Programmable Interval Timer (8254).	
	- RTC chip.	
04	Reserved	
05	1. Keyboard Controller Self-Test.	
06	2. Enable Keyboard Interface.	
07	Reserved.	
08	Verifies CMOS's basic R/W functionality.	
C1	Auto-detection of onboard DRAM & Cache.	
C5	Copy the BIOS from ROM into E0000-FFFFF shadow RAM so	
	that POST will go faster.	
08	Test the first 256K DRAM.	
09	OEM specific cache initialization. (if needed)	
0A	1. Initialize the first 32 interrupt vectors with corresponding	
	Interrupt handlers. Initialize INT numbers from 33-120 with	
	Dummy (Spurious) Interrupt Handler.	
	2. Issue CPUID instruction to identify CPU type.	
0.0	3. Early Power Management initialization. (OEM specific)	
0B	 Verify the RTC time is valid or not. Detect he block of the state of t	
	2. Detect bad battery.	
	3. Read CMOS data into BIOS stack area.	
	4. PnP initializations including. (PnP BIOS only)	
	- Assign CSN to PnP ISA card.	
	- Create resource map from ESCD.	
	5. Assign IO & Memory for PCI devices. (PCI BIOS only)	

0C	Initialization of the BIOS Data Area. (40:ON - 40:FF)	
0D	1. Program some of the Chipset's value according to Setup. (Early Setup Value Program)	
	2. Measure CPU speed for display & decide the system clock	
	speed.	
	 Video initialization including Monochrome, CGA, EGA/VGA. If no display device found, the speaker will beep. 	
0E	1. Test video RAM. (If Monochrome display device found)	
	2. Show messages including.	
	- Award Logo, Copyright string, BIOS Data code & Part No.	
	- OEM specific sign on messages.	
	- Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS ONLY)	
	- CPU brand, type & speed.	
	- Test system BIOS checksum. (Non-Compress Version only)	
0F	DMA channel 0 test.	
10	DMA channel 1 test.	
11	DMA page registers test.	
12-13	Reserved.	
14	Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter 2.	
15	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1.	
16	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2.	
17	Reserved.	
19	Test 8259 functionality.	
1A-1D	Reserved.	
1E	If EISA NVM checksum is good, execute EISA initialization. (EISA BIOS only)	
1F-29	Reserved.	
30	Detect Base Memory & Extended Memory Size.	
31	1. Test Base Memory from 256K to 640K.	
	2. Test Extended Memory from 1M to the top of memory.	
32	1. Display the Award Plug & Play BIOS Extension message. (PnP BIOS only)	
	2. Program all onboard super I/O chips (if any) including COM	
33-3B	ports, LPT ports, FDD port according to setup value. Reserved.	
35-3B 3C	Set flag to allow users to enter CMOS Setup Utility.	
3D	1. Initialize Keyboard.	
	2. Install PS2 mouse	

3E	Try to turn on Level 2 cache.	
	Note: Some chipset may need to turn on the L2 cache in this	
	stage. But usually, the cache is turn on later in POST 61h.	
3F-40	Reserved.	
BF	 Program the rest of the Chipset's value according to Setup. (Later Setup Value Program) 	
41	2. If auto-configuration is enabled, program the chipset with pre-defined Values.	
42	Initialize floppy disk drive controller.	
43	Initialize Hard drive controller.	
45	If it is a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports.	
44	Reserved.	
45	Initialize math coprocessor.	
46-4D	Reserved.	
4E	If there is any error detected (such as video, kb), show all error messages on the screen & wait for user to press <f1> key.</f1>	
4F	1. If password is needed, ask for password.	
	2. Clear the Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS only)	
50	Write all CMOS values currently in the BIOS stack area back into the CMOS.	
51	Reserved.	
52	1. Initialize all ISA ROMs.	
52	 Later PCI initializations. (PCI BIOS only) 	
	 assign IRQ to PCI devices. 	
	- initialize all PCI ROMs.	
	3. PnP Initialzations. (PnP BIOS only)	
	- assign IO, Memory, IRQ & DMA to PnP ISA devices.	
	 initialize all PnP ISA ROMs. 	
	 4. Program shadows RAM according to Setup settings. 	
	 Frogram parity according to Setup setting. 	
	 Frogram party according to setup setup. Power Management Initialization. 	
	- Enable/Disable global PM.	
	- APM interface initialization.	
53	1. If it is NOT a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports.	
55	 Initialize time value in BIOS data area by translate the RTC 	
	time value into a timer tick value.	
60	Setup Virus Protection. (Boot Sector Protection) functionality according to Setup setting.	

EP-3VBA	Appendix
61	1. Try to turn on Level 2 cache.
	Note: If L2 cache is already turned on in POST 3D, this part will be skipped.
	2. Set the boot up speed according to Setup setting.
	3. Last chance for Chipset initialization.
	4. Last chance for Power Management initialization. (Green` BIOS only)
	5. Show the system configuration table.
62	1. Setup daylight saving according to Setup value.
	2. Program the NUM Lock, typematic rate & typematic speed according to Setup setting.
63	1. If there is any changes in the hardware configuration, update the ESCD information. (PnP BIOS only)
	2. Clear memory that have been used.
	3. Boot system via INT 19H.
FF	System Booting. This means that the BIOS already pass the control right to the operating system.

B-2 Unexpected Errors:

POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION
B0	If interrupt occurs in protected mode.
B1	Unclaimed NMI occurs.0

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Appendix C

NOTE:

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary when you accept this mainboard, or the system CMOS data is corrupted.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A6LGPAA) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION			
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	HDD LOW LEVEL FORMAT			
PNP/PCI CONFIGURA	Load SETUP Default (Y/N)? Y			
INTEGRATED PERIPH	SAVING			
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS				
ESC: QUIT $\uparrow \checkmark \Rightarrow$:SELECT ITEM				
F10:Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 :Change Color			
Load Setup Defaults Except Standard COMS SETUP				

LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS

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Appendix D

D-1 Sound Driver Quick Installation Guide

Install windows 95/98 Sound Driver

**Installation Notes:

You must already have Windows 95/98 install on your computer.

- 1. Login windows 95/98, then click "My Computer" icon, "Control Panel" icon, and "System" icon.
- Before the Driver install into windows 95/98, you will find a yellow question mark still exits the "Other Devices" of the "Device Manager" show in Figure 1-1 below.

System Properties ? 🗙
General Device Manager Hardware Profiles Performance
♥ View devices by type ♥ View devices by connection
 Image: Provide a state of the state of the
Properties Refresh Remove Print
OK Cancel

Figure 1

Appendix

- 3. Please remove the yellow question mark then click "refresh", windows will detect it's presence and display the following dialog.
- 4. Click "Next" button, it will find Floppy A:
- 5. Click "Other Locations;K"button
- 6. Key-in the driver location (ex. D:\Audio\Win9x) then click "OK" button (You can use the "Browse" button to find the driver location; if you don't know where the driver is)
- 7. Click "Finish" button
- 8. The click "OK" button
- Re-key in the driver location to the "Copy files from:"(refer step 4) click "ok", the you will be complete to install driver. Remember to restart your computer to take it into effect, show in figure 1-2 below.

System Properties
General Device Manager Hardware Profiles Performance
View devices by type C View devices by connection
Display adapters
E Contoires
Honitors
ter
Bernetters
⊕
VIA AC97 PCI AUDIO Device (WDM Driver)
VIA Gameport Joystick
VIA Sound System
Teres System devices Teres Universal serial bus controller
🗄 🚭 Universal serial bus controller
Properties Refresh Remove Print
OK Cancel

Figure 2

D-2 AGP Driver Quick Installation Guide

Install windows 95/98/NT V4.0 Driver

**Installation Notes:

- 1. Before installing Windows 95 Driver, please do install Windows 95 OSR2.0 "USB SUPP.EXE" first (upgrades OS up to OSR2.1 level).
- 2. The Operation System(OS) and DirectX 5.0 or 6.0 must be installed into the system prior to installation.
- 3. Before installing Windows NT 4.0 Driver, please install "Microsoft service pack 3 or 4" First.
- 1. After Windows 9x or Windows NT V4.0 was loaded, click on "My computer" icon, "control panel" icon, and then the "Display" icon.
- You should now be in the "Display Properties" Windows, select the " Settings" tab, and click on the "Advanced Properties" button; or click on the "Browse" button(win98).
- 3. In the "Advanced Display Properties" Window, select the "Adapter" tab, and click "change..." button.
- 4. From the new window, click on the "Have Disk" button.
- You should now be in the "Install From Disk" window. The Driver are located in the "...\Video\Win9x\" or "...\Video\WINNT\", click "ok" to continue the Install.
- 6. Restart the computer to enable the AGP driver when you complete the Installation.