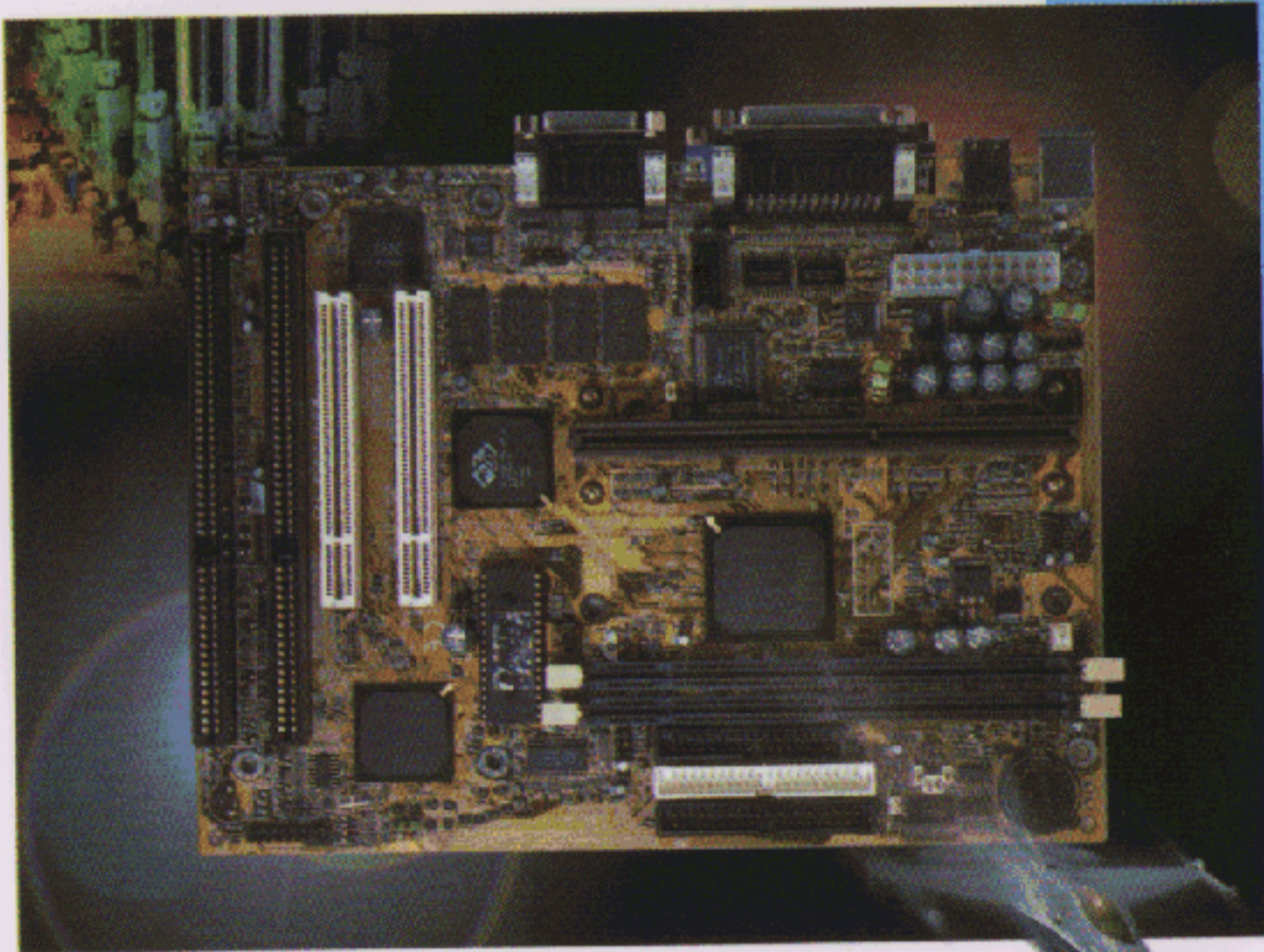


MS - 6140

MICRO ATX EX7 Mainboard
Designed for Pentium® II Processor



User's Manual

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Manual Rev: 1.0A
Release Date: August 1998



FCC-B Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

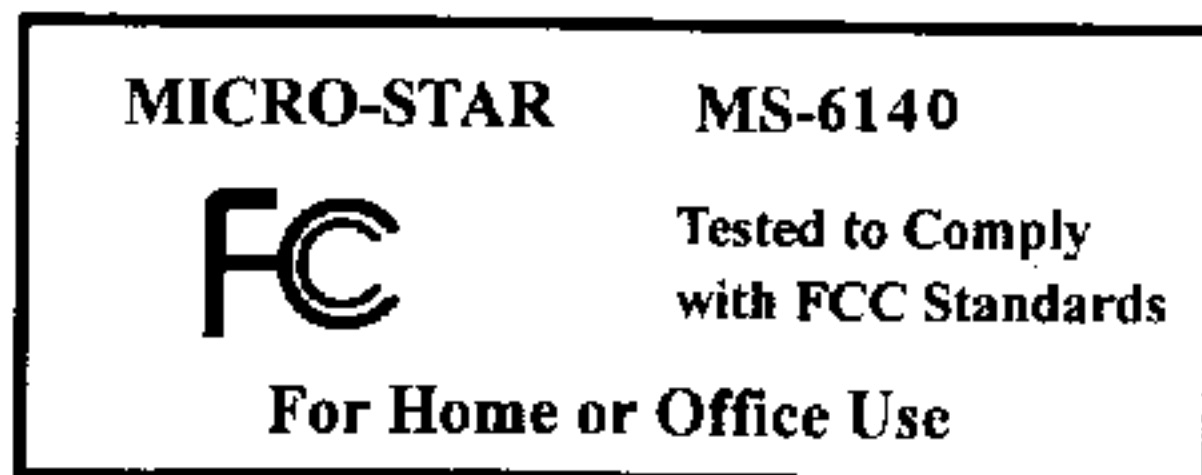
Notice 1

The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Notice 2

Shielded interface cables and A.C. power cord, if any, must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

**VOIR LA NOTICE D'INSTALLATION AVANT DE RACCORDER
AU RESEAU.**



Edition

August 1998

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Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

The MICRO ATX EX7 mainboard is a high-performance personal computer mainboard based on the Intel® Pentium® II processor. This mainboard combines leading edge AGP ATI® 3D RAGE PRO technology in graphics and YAMAHA® YMF740 PCI technology in audio. The Intel® Pentium® II processor supports MMX™(Multimedia Extension) technology.

The mainboard uses the highly integrated Intel® 82440EX chipset to support the PCI/ISA and Green standards, and to provide the Host/AGP bridge. The 82371EB chipset integrates all system control functions such as ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface). The ACPI provides more Energy Saving Features for the OSPM(OS Direct Power Management) function. The Intel® 82371EB chipset also improves the IDE transfer rate by supporting Ultra DMA/33 IDE that transfers data at the rate of 33MB/s.

The mainboard also supports the System Hardware Monitor Controller as an optional function. This function includes: CPU /power supply/chassis fan revolution detect, CPU/system voltage monitor, and system temperature monitor.

1.1 Mainboard Features

CPU

- Slot 1 for Intel® Pentium® II/Celeron™ processor.
- Supports 233MHz, 266MHz, 300MHz, and 333MHz.

Chipset

- Intel® 82440EX chipset.

Clock Generator

- 66.6MHz clock is supported.

Main Memory

- Supports four memory banks using two 168-pin unbuffered DIMM sockets .
- Supports a maximum memory size of 256MB for EDO/SDRAM.
- Supports 3.3v Extended Data Output (EDO) and SDRAM DIMM.

Slots

- Two 32-bit Master PCI Bus slots and two 16-bit ISA bus slots (wherein one is shared).
- Supports 3.3v/5v PCI bus Interface.

On-Board IDE

- An IDE controller on the Intel® 82371EB PCI Chipset provides IDE HDD/CD-ROM with PIO, Bus Master and Ultra DMA/33 operation modes.
- Can connect up to four IDE devices.

On-Board Peripherals

- On-Board Peripherals include:
 - 1 floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88Mbytes.
 - 1 serial port (COMA) + 1 serial connector (COMB)
 - 1 parallel port supports SPP/EPP/ECP mode
 - 2 USB ports
 - 1 IrDA connector for SIR.

VGA

- ATI® 3D RAGE PRO
 - Running on AGP BUS.
 - Onboard 8MB SDRAM.
 - 3D Acceleration.

Sound

- YAMAHA® YMF740
 - PCI 2.1 compliant
 - AC97/98 specification compliant
 - 3D audio effects.
 - 32-voice XG wavetable synthesizer
 - Direct Sound Hardware Accelerator
 - Direct Music Hardware Accelerator
 - Full-Duplex stereo

BIOS

- The mainboard BIOS provides “Plug & Play” BIOS which detects the peripheral devices and expansion cards of the board automatically.
- The mainboard provides a Desktop Management Interface(DMI) function which records your mainboard specifications.

Dimension

- MICRO ATX Form Factor : 24.4cm(L) x 19cm(W) x 4 layers PCB

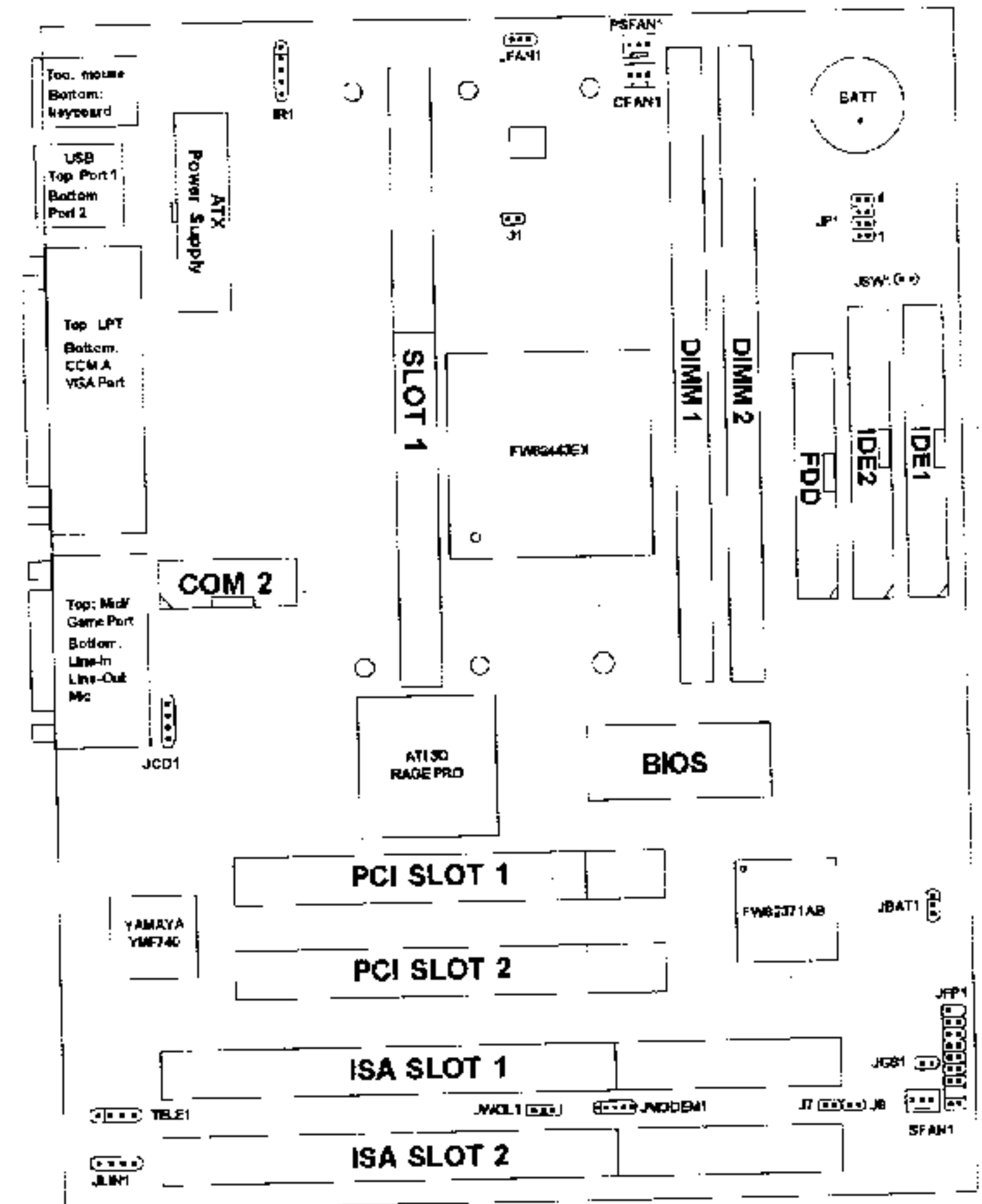
Mounting

- 6 mounting holes.

System Hardware Monitor(optional)

- CPU/Power Supply/Chassis Fan Revolution Detect
- CPU Fan Control (the fan will automatically stop when the system enters suspend mode)
- System Voltage Detect
- Display Actual Current Voltage

1.2 Mainboard Layout



MS-6140

Chapter 2

HARDWARE INSTALLATION

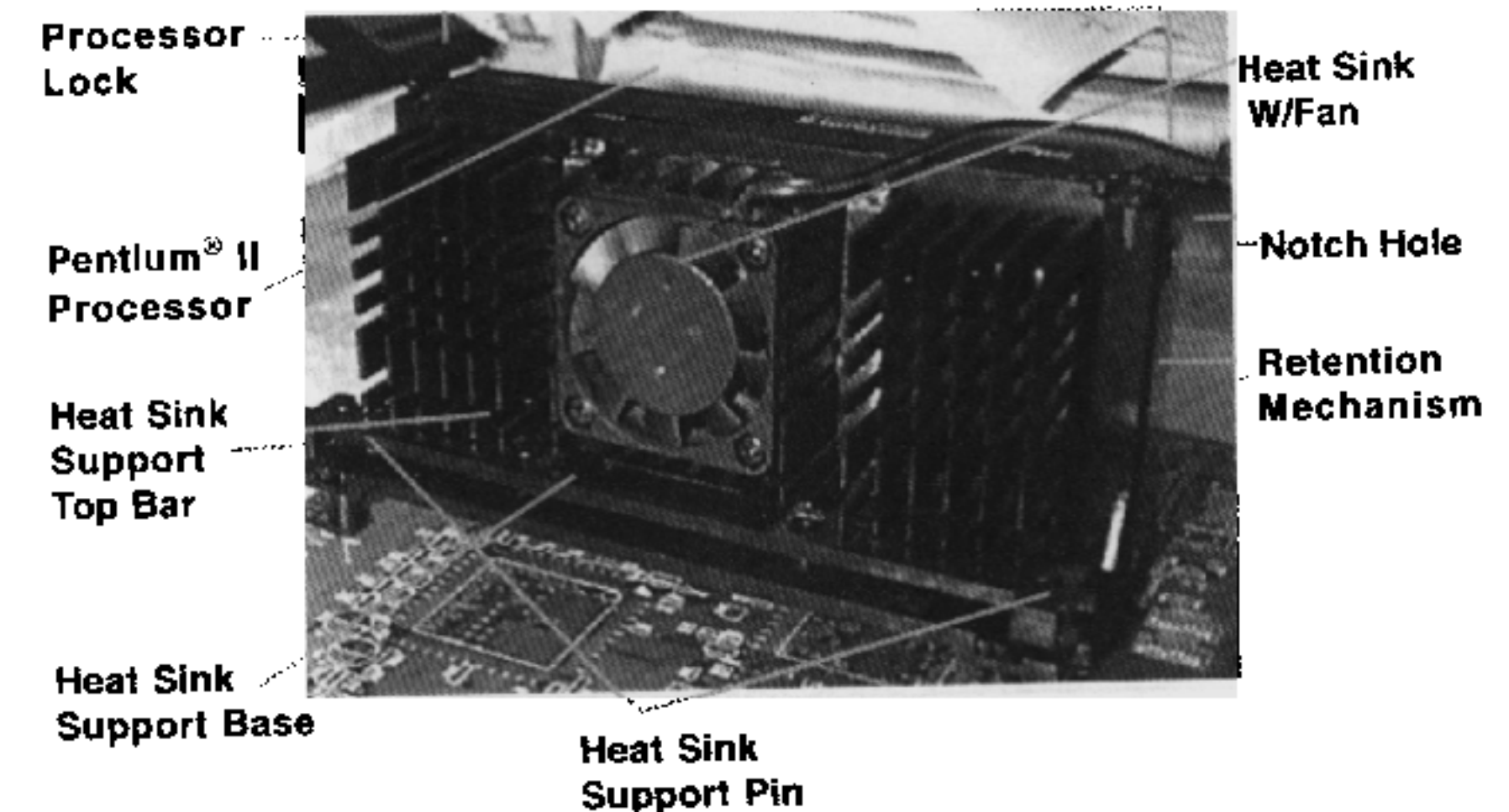
2.1 Central Processing Unit: CPU

The mainboard operates with Intel® Pentium® II processor. The mainboard uses a CPU Slot called Slot 1 for easy CPU installation and a jumper switch (JP1) to set the proper speed for the CPU. The CPU should always have a Heat Sink and a cooling fan attached to prevent overheating.

2.1-1 CPU Installation Procedures

Different kinds of Pentium® II processor that is currently used: the OEM version, the Boxed version, and Celeron™. OEM Pentium® II Processor has no Heat Sink, Fan and Heat Sink Support, the Boxed Pentium® II Processor is provided with Heat Sink w/ fan and Heat Sink Support, while the Celeron™ processor is a plain processor card without cover or heatsink..

A. OEM Pentium® II Processor Installation Procedures



Required Things:

- Pentium® II processor** - Processor.
- *Retention Mechanism(RM)** - Plastic Guide that holds the S.E.C. Cartridge in the Slot 1 connector.
- *Retention Mechanism Attach Mount(RMAM)** - Bolt/Bridge assemblies inserted up through the bottom of the motherboard. RM secures to RMAM (2 RMAM required per RM).
- *Heat Sink Support Base (HSSBASE)** - Plastic support bar mounted to the mainboard under the ATX heatsink. (One leg is always bigger than the other one)

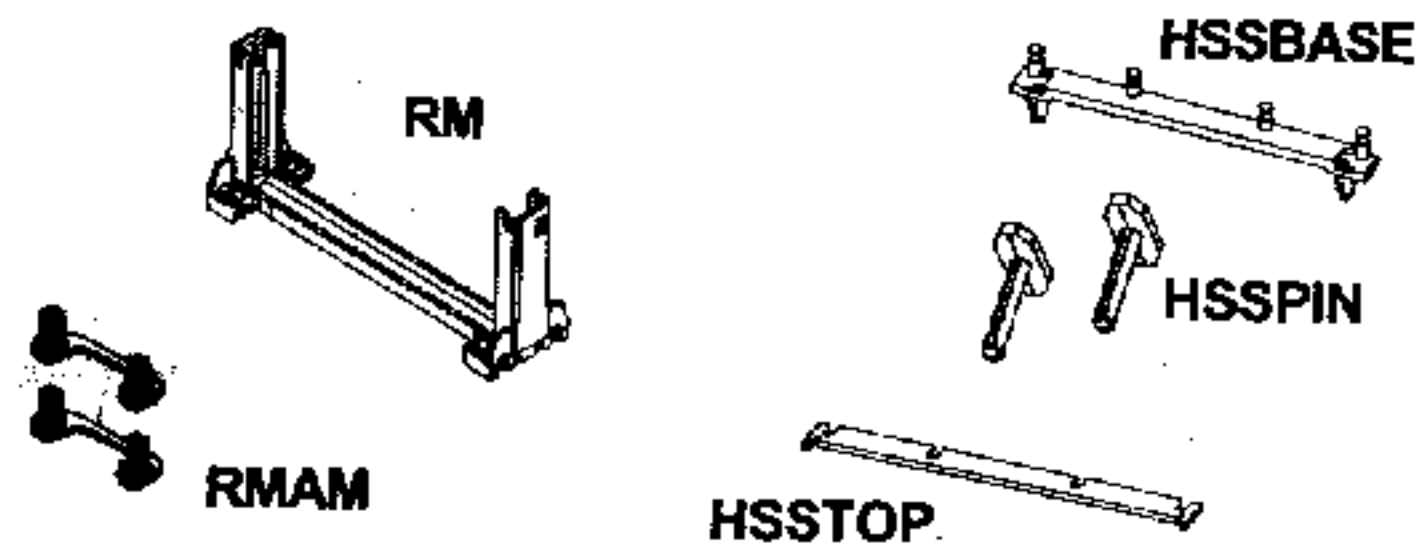
*Heat Sink Support Pin (HSSPIN) - Plastic pins inserted through the HSSBASE to secure it to the mainboard (2 required per Assembly).

*Heat Sink Support Top Bar (HSSTOP) - Plastic bar that clips onto the HSSBASE through the fins on the ATX heatsink.

**Heat Sink w/ fan - Heat Sink that can be attached to the Pentium® II processor with metal clip.

Note: * Provided by MSI mainboard.

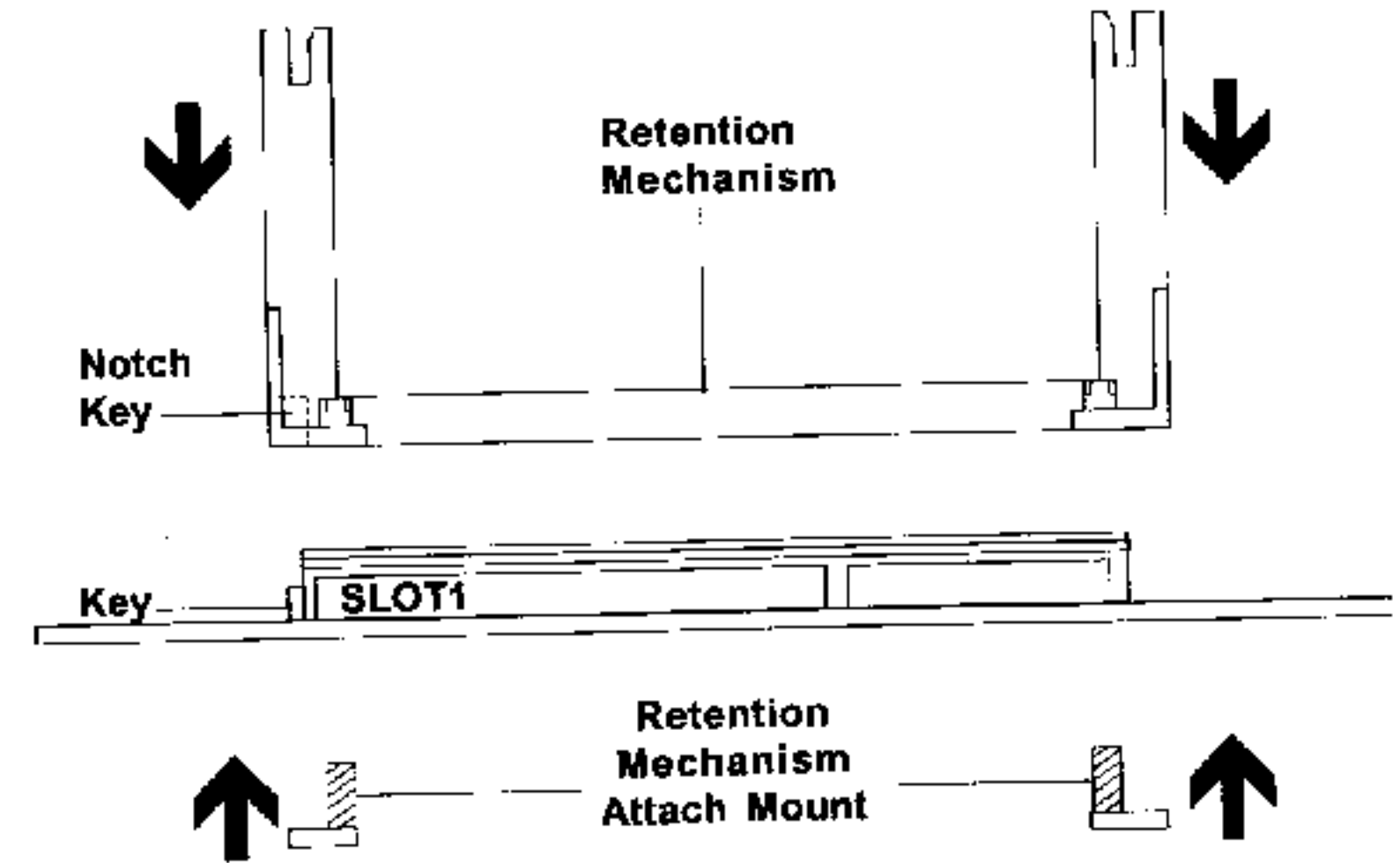
** Provided by Special request.



Step 1: Insert the Retention Mechanism Attach Mount at the bottom of the mainboard.

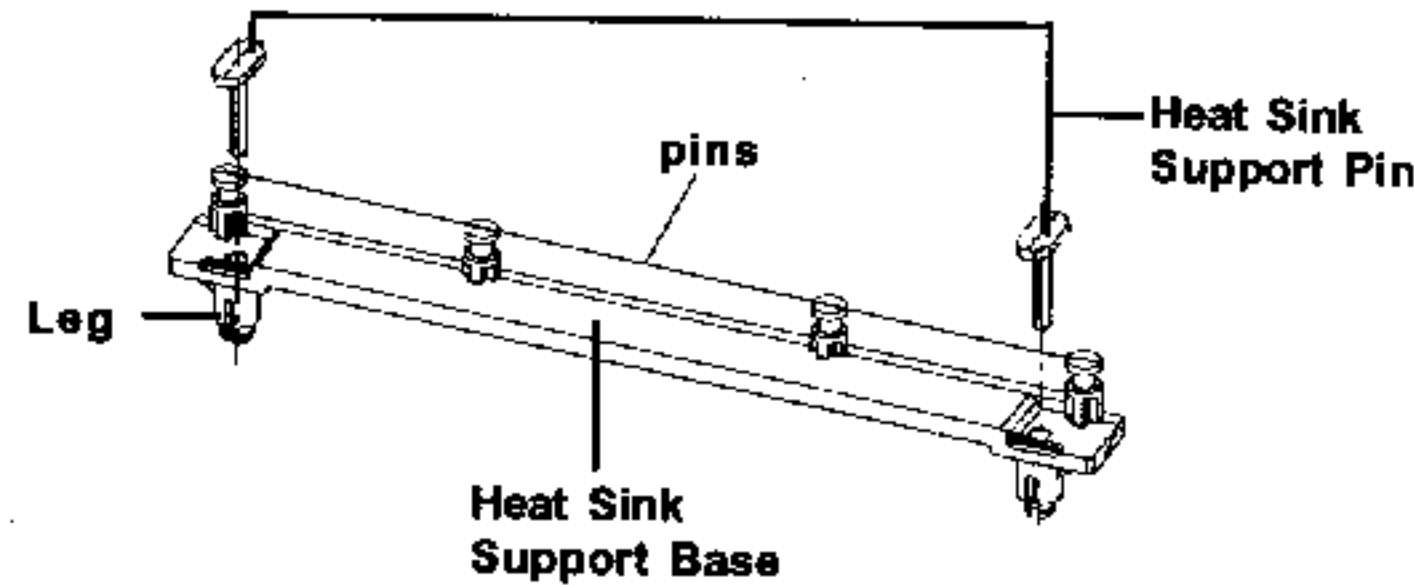
Step 2: Install the Retention Mechanism.

Look for the key on Slot 1, and match it with the Notch Key on the Retention Mechanism for proper direction. Then, attach the Retention Mechanism to the Retention Mechanism Attach Mount. Use a Screwdriver to secure the Retention Mechanism.



Step 3: Install the Heat Sink Support Base.

Look for the Two holes across Slot 1, and match it with the Two legs of the Heat Sink Support Base for the proper direction. Take note that one hole/leg is bigger than the other. The Four top pins of the Heat Sink Support Base should also be oriented towards Slot 1.



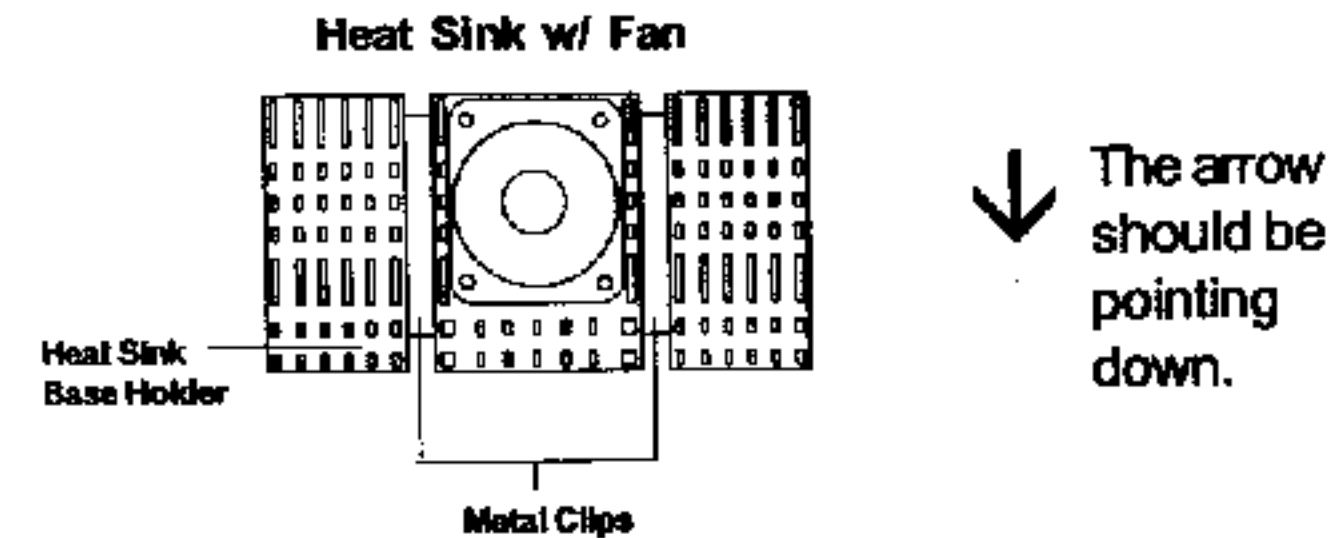
Push the Heat Sink Support Base onto the mainboard, until you hear a click sound. Check for a perfect fit.

Step 4: Install the Heat Sink Support Pin.

Push the Heat Sink Support Pins onto the two holes of the Heat Sink Support Base. Check for a perfect fit. These pins are used to secure the Heat Sink Support Base.

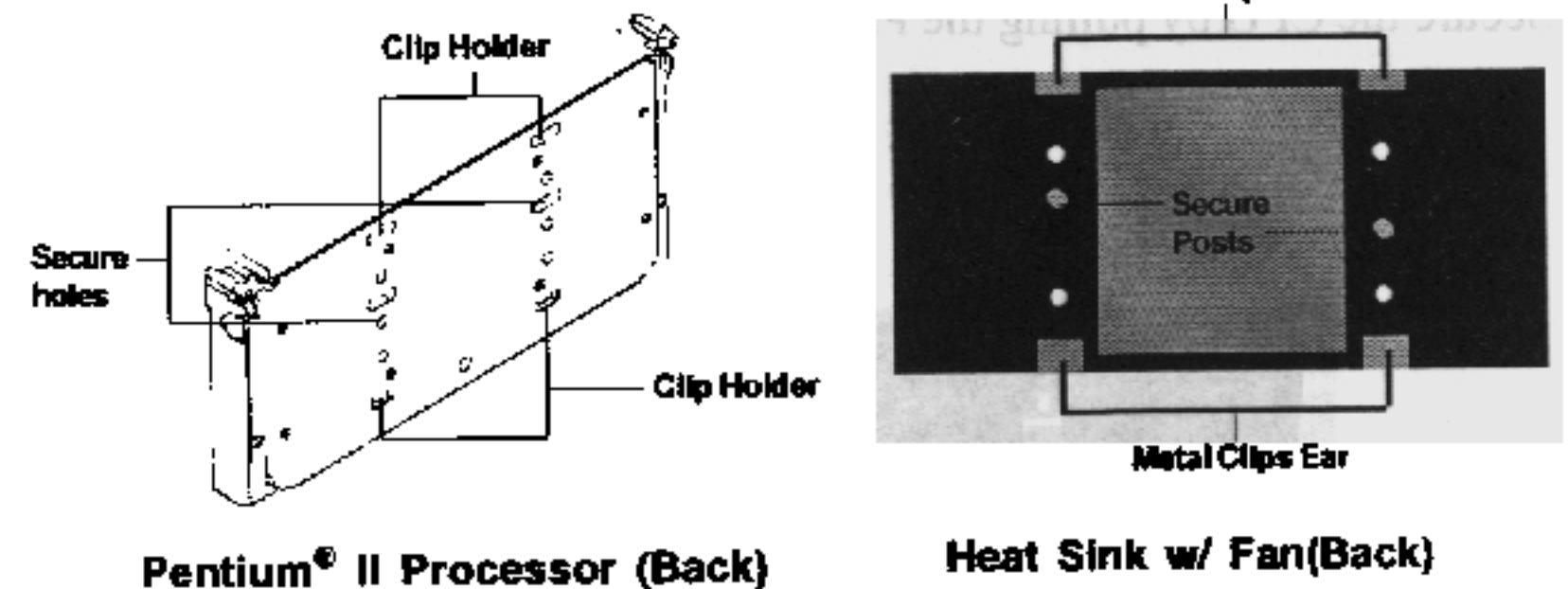
Step 5: Install the Heat Sink with Fan to the Processor.

Push down the metal clips, so that they are in line with the back of the Heat Sink. Be careful, so as not to detach the metal clips from the Heat Sink.



In case the metal clips are detached from the Heat Sink, re-attach them. Look for the arrow on the metal clip. This arrow should be pointing down and aligned with the Heat Sink Support Base Holder.

Attach the Heat Sink to the processor.



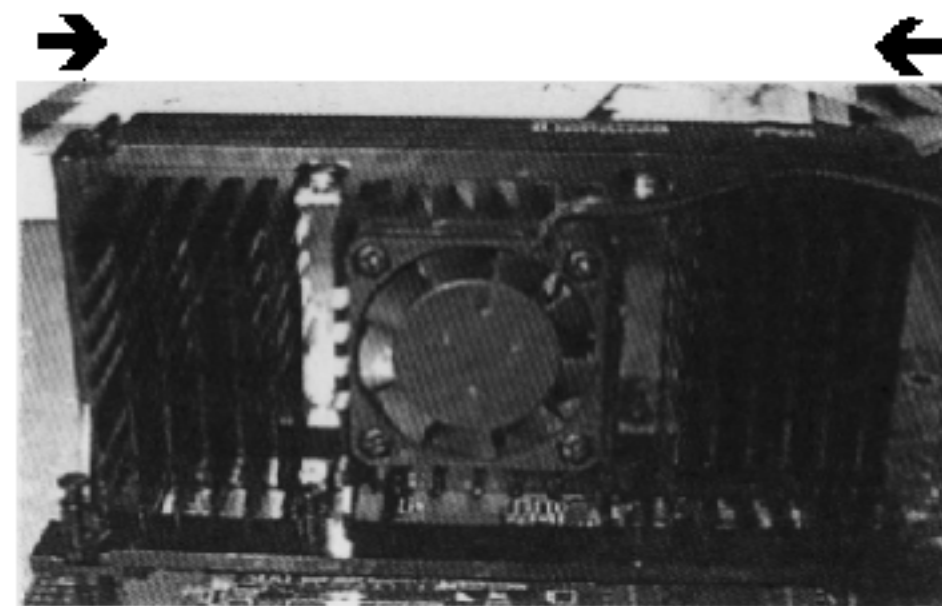
Pentium® II Processor (Back)

Heat Sink w/ Fan(Back)

- Look at the back of the Heat Sink and take note of the 2 secure posts. Insert these 2 Secure posts to the 2 secure holes on the back of the processor.
- Align the ears of the metal clips with the clip holders on the back of the processor. Use a screw driver to push the metal clips onto the clip holders. Check for a perfect fit.

Step 6: Install the Processor.

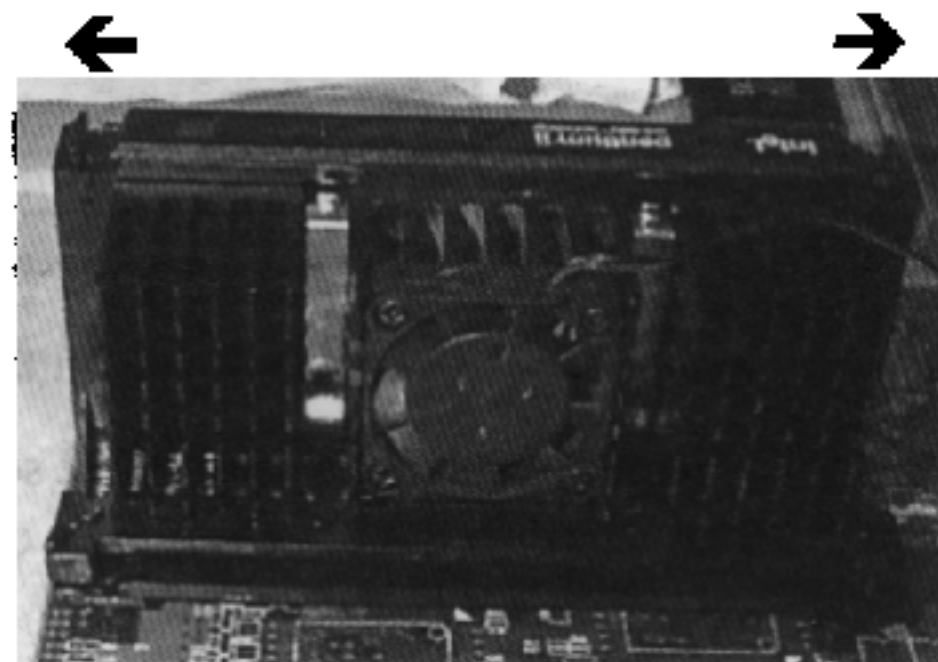
Unlock the Processor by pushing in the Processor Locks.



Insert the Processor like inserting a PCI or an ISA card.

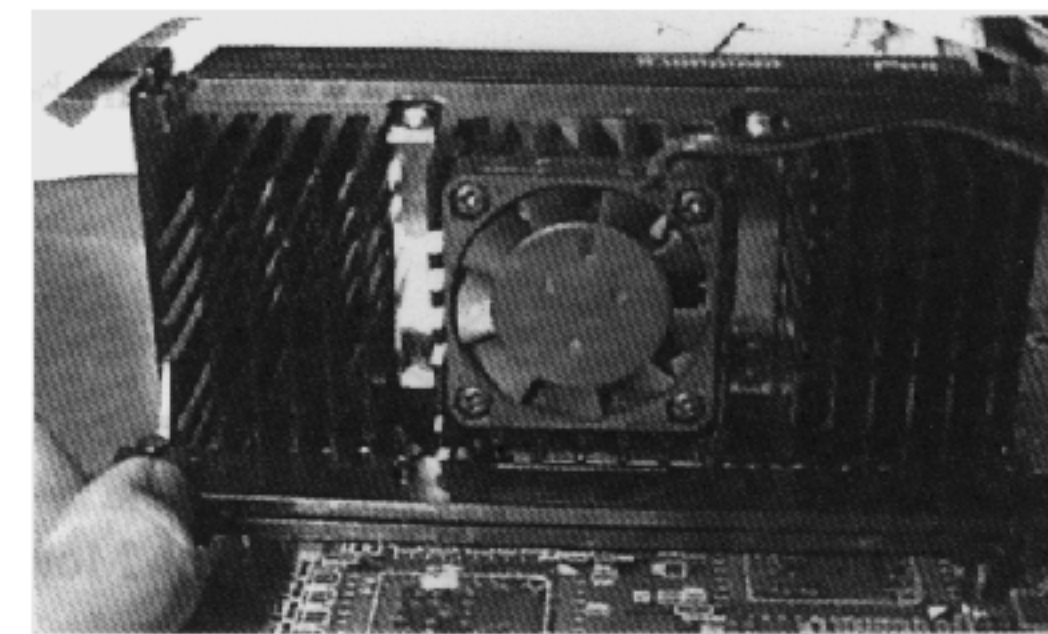
Step 7: Lock the Processor Locks.

Secure the CPU by pulling the Processor Locks out.



Step 8: Install the Heat Sink Support Top Bar.

Push the Heat Sink Support Top Bar to the Heat Sink Support Base, Until you hear a "click" sound. Check for a perfect fit.



Heatsink Support Top Bar

The installation is now complete.

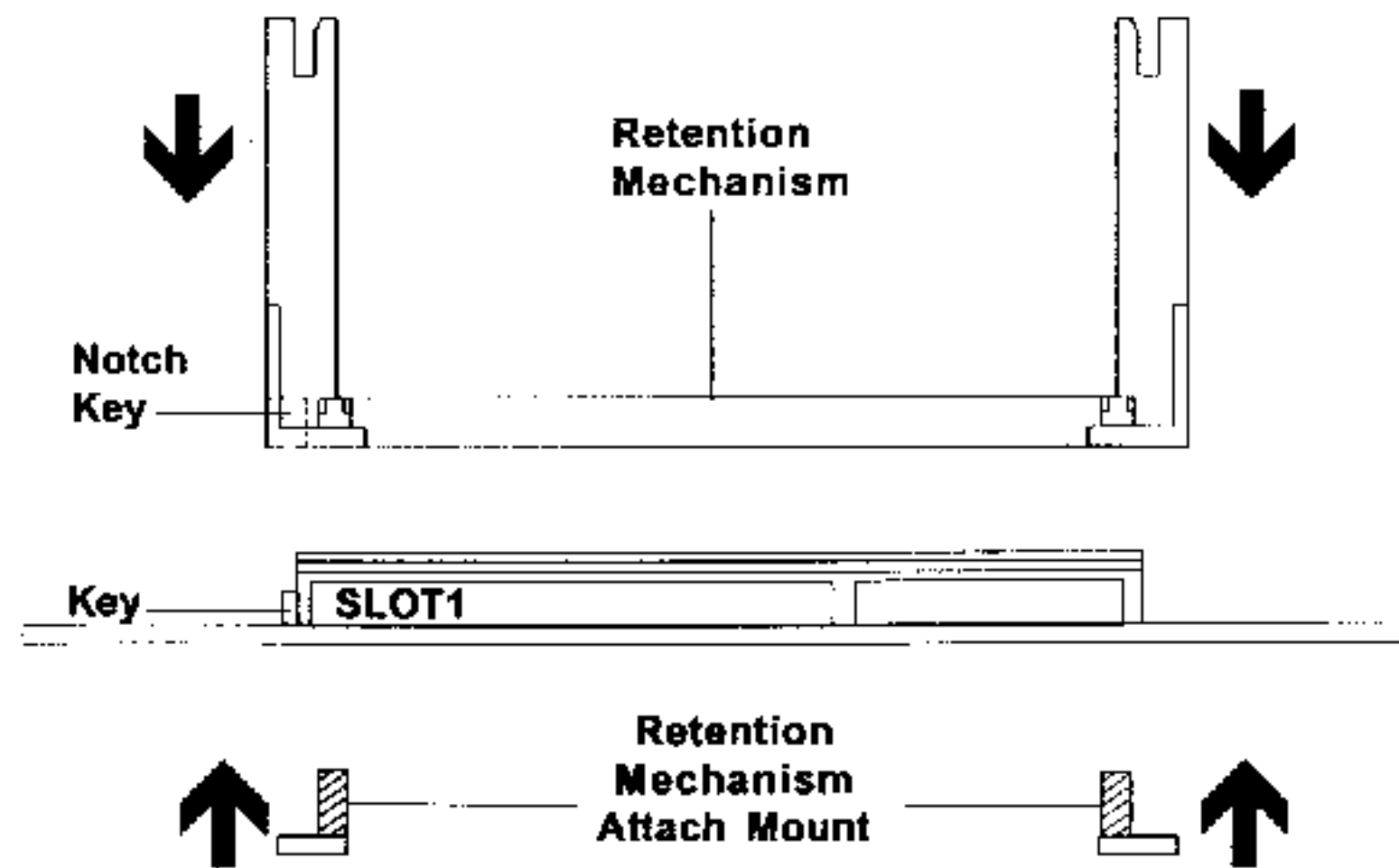
B. Boxed Pentium® II Processor Installation Procedures

The Boxed Pentium® II Processor has a built-in Fan and Heat Sink. It also has a Heat Sink Support. So if you're going to use a Boxed Pentium™ II Processor, all you need is the Retention Mechanism.

Step 1: Insert the Retention Mechanism Attach Mount at the bottom of the mainboard.

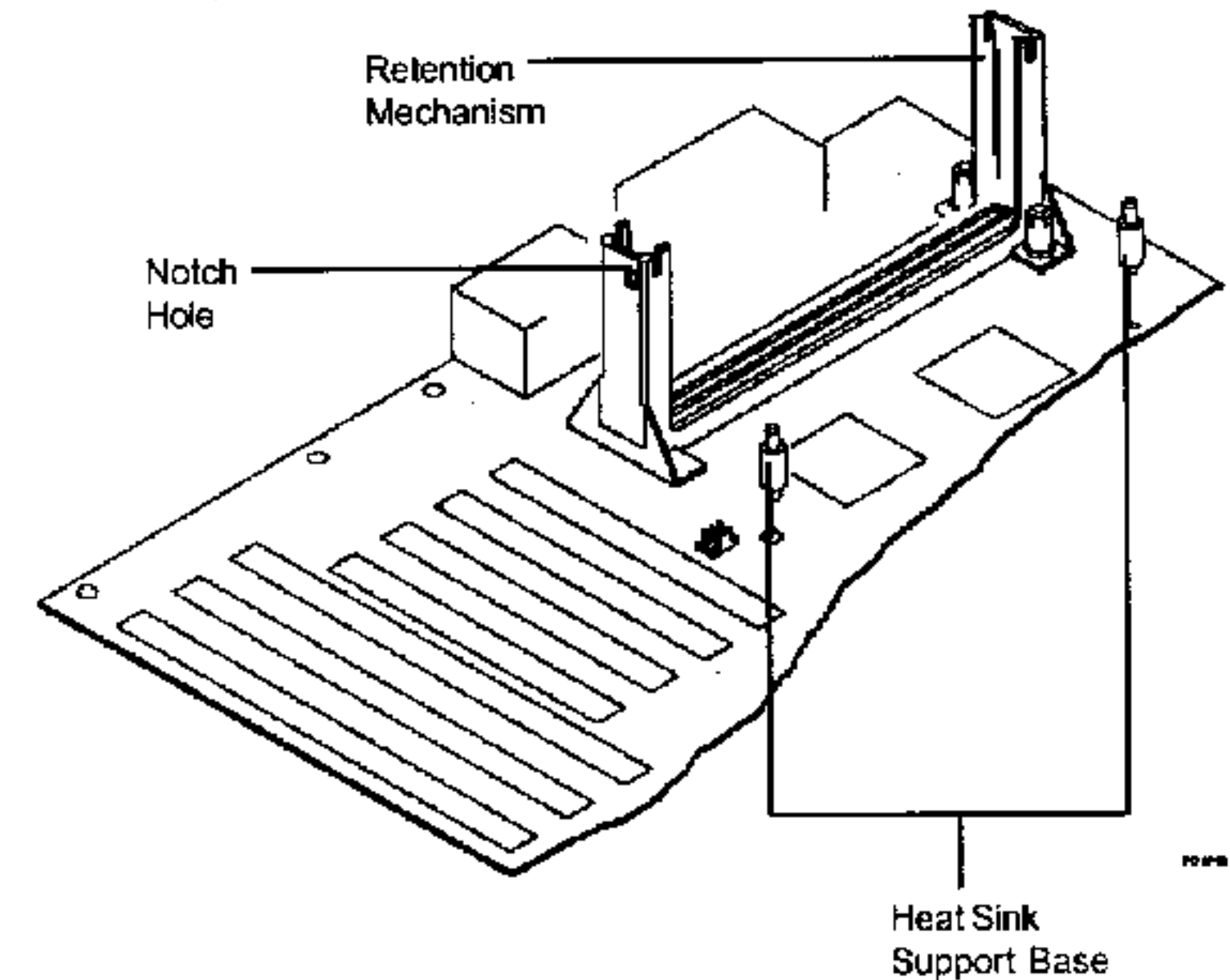
Step 2: Install the Retention Mechanism.

Look for the key on Slot 1, and match it with the Notch Key on the Retention Mechanism for proper direction. Then, attach the Retention Mechanism to the Retention Mechanism Attach Mount. Use a Screwdriver to secure the Retention Mechanism.



Step 3: Install the Heat Sink Support Base.

Look for the 2 holes across Slot 1, and match it with the 2 Heat Sink Support Base. Take note that one hole/base is bigger than the other.



Push the Heat Sink Support Base onto the mainboard, until you hear a click sound. Check for a perfect fit.

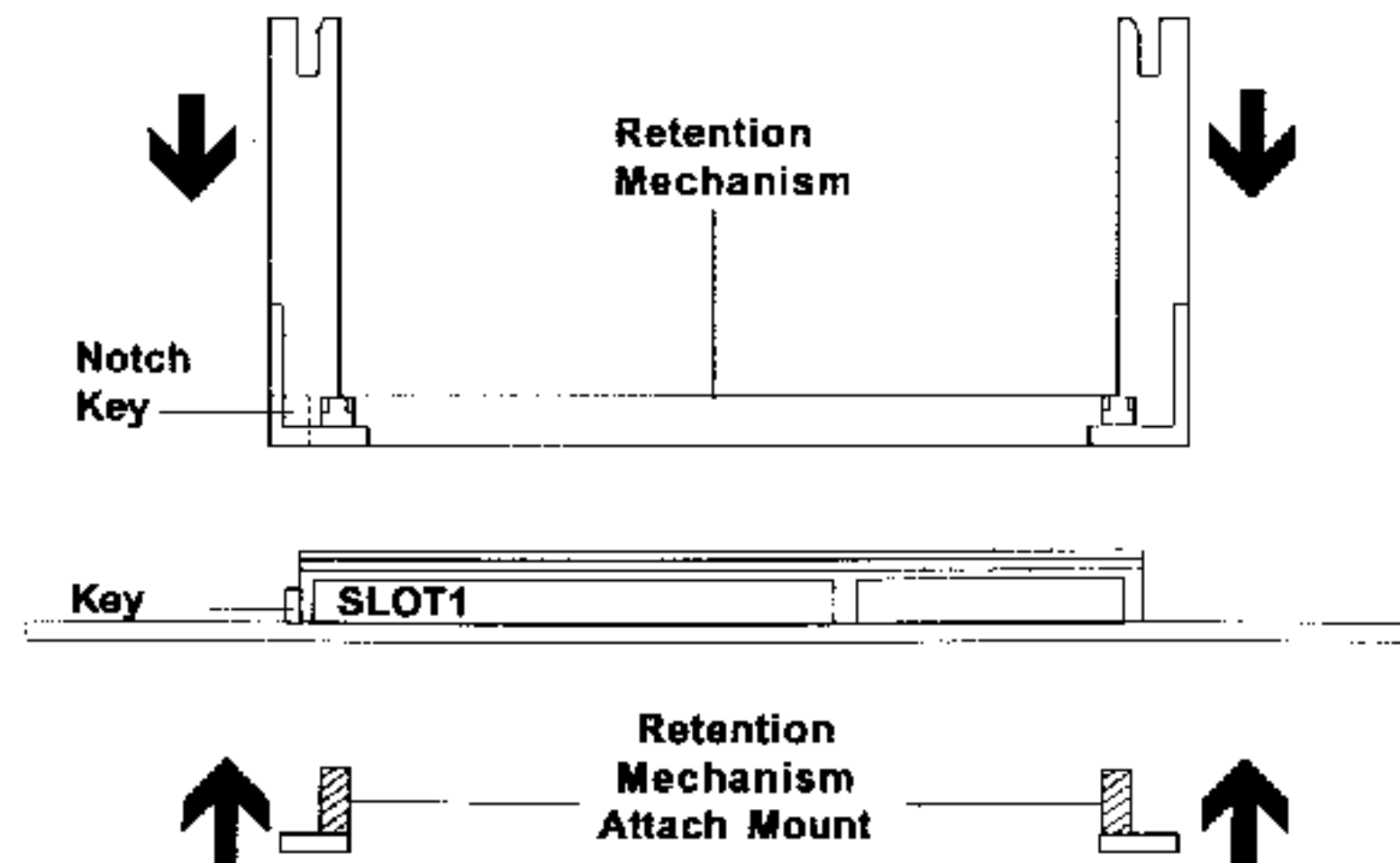
B. Boxed Pentium® II Processor Installation Procedures

The Boxed Pentium® II Processor has a built-in Fan and Heat Sink. It also has a Heat Sink Support. So if you're going to use a Boxed Pentium™ II Processor, all you need is the Retention Mechanism.

Step 1: Insert the Retention Mechanism Attach Mount at the bottom of the mainboard.

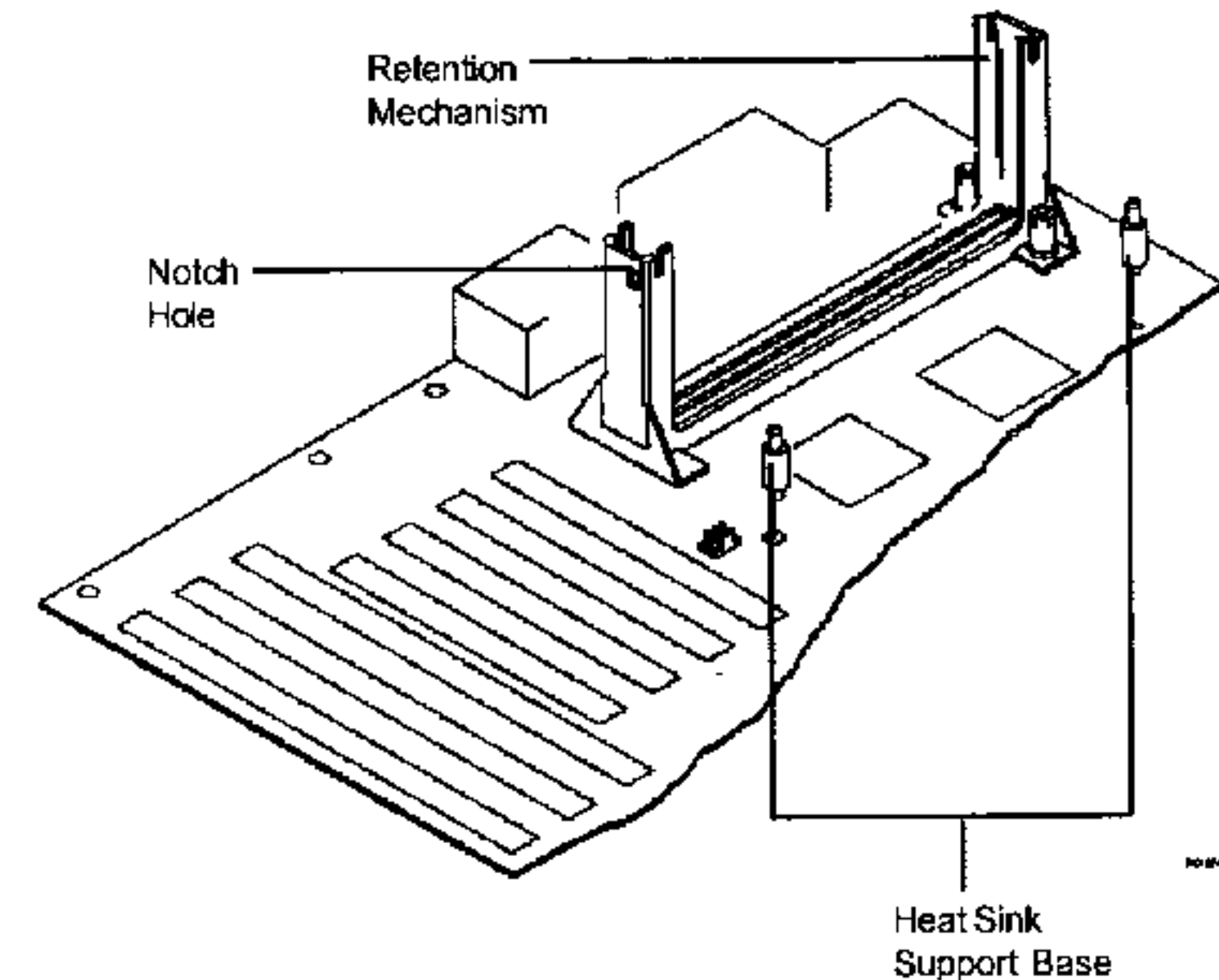
Step 2: Install the Retention Mechanism.

Look for the key on Slot 1, and match it with the Notch Key on the Retention Mechanism for proper direction. Then, attach the Retention Mechanism to the Retention Mechanism Attach Mount. Use a Screwdriver to secure the Retention Mechanism.



Step 3: Install the Heat Sink Support Base.

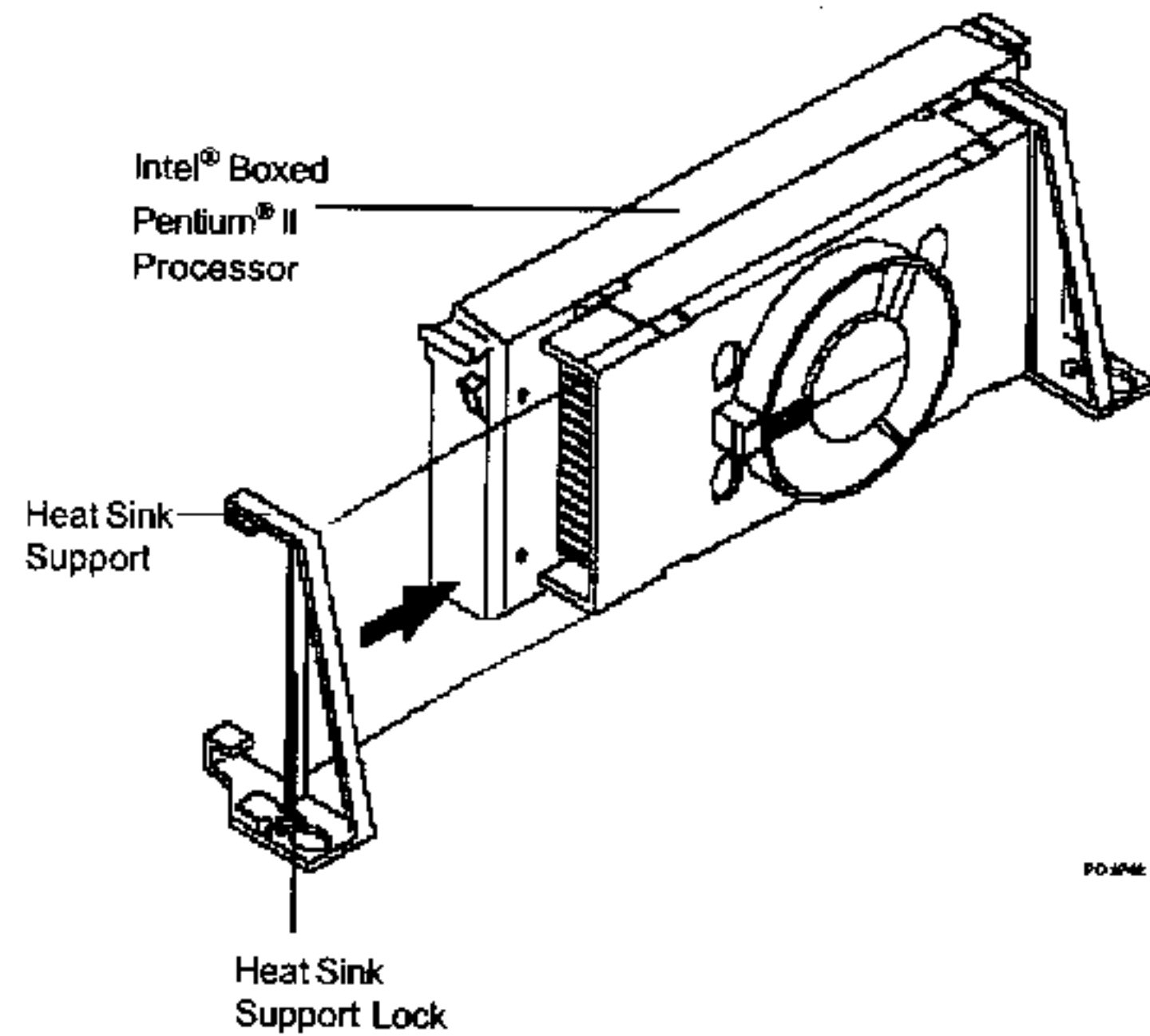
Look for the 2 holes across Slot 1, and match it with the 2 Heat Sink Support Base. Take note that one hole/base is bigger than the other.



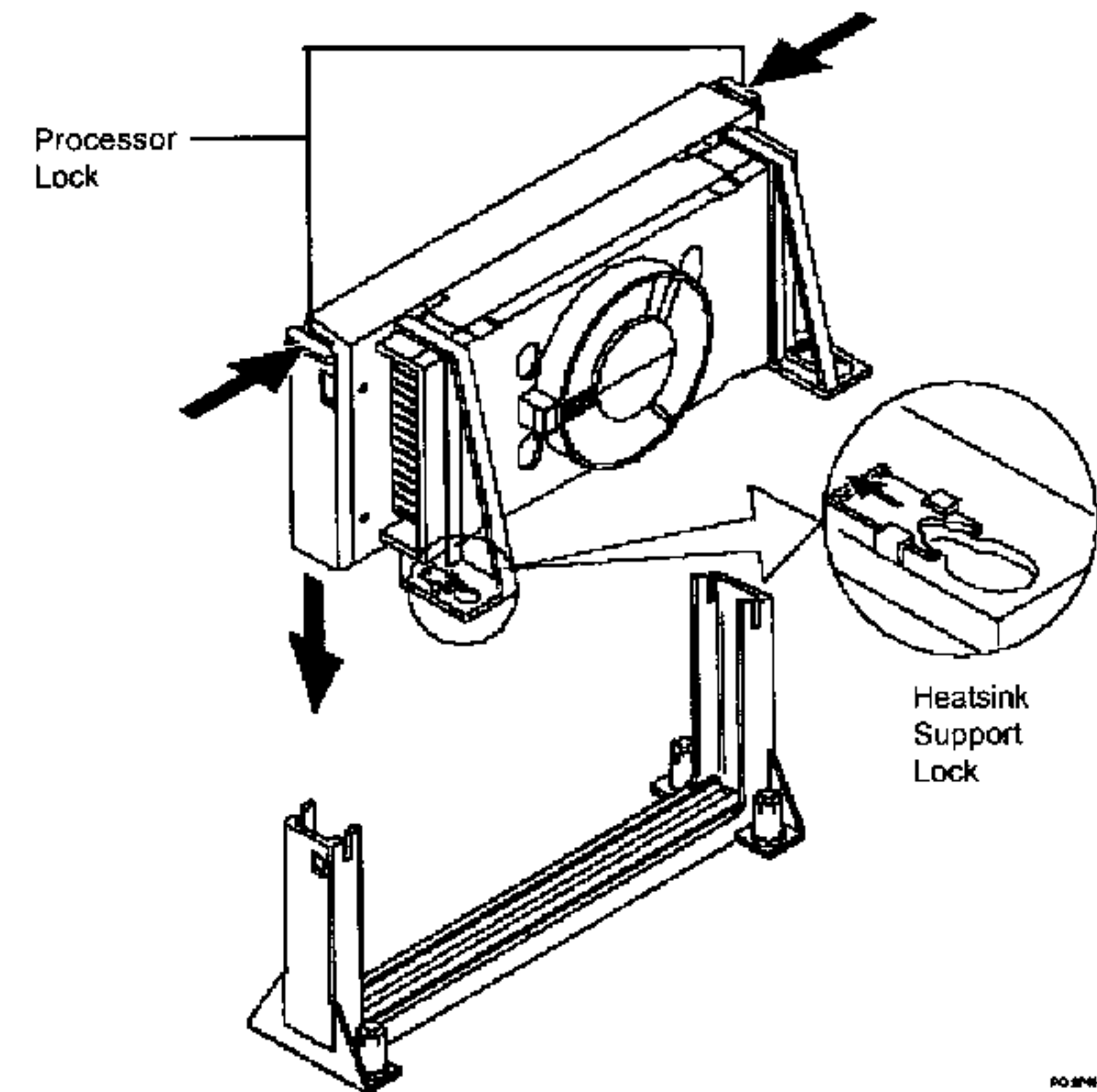
Push the Heat Sink Support Base onto the mainboard, until you hear a click sound. Check for a perfect fit.

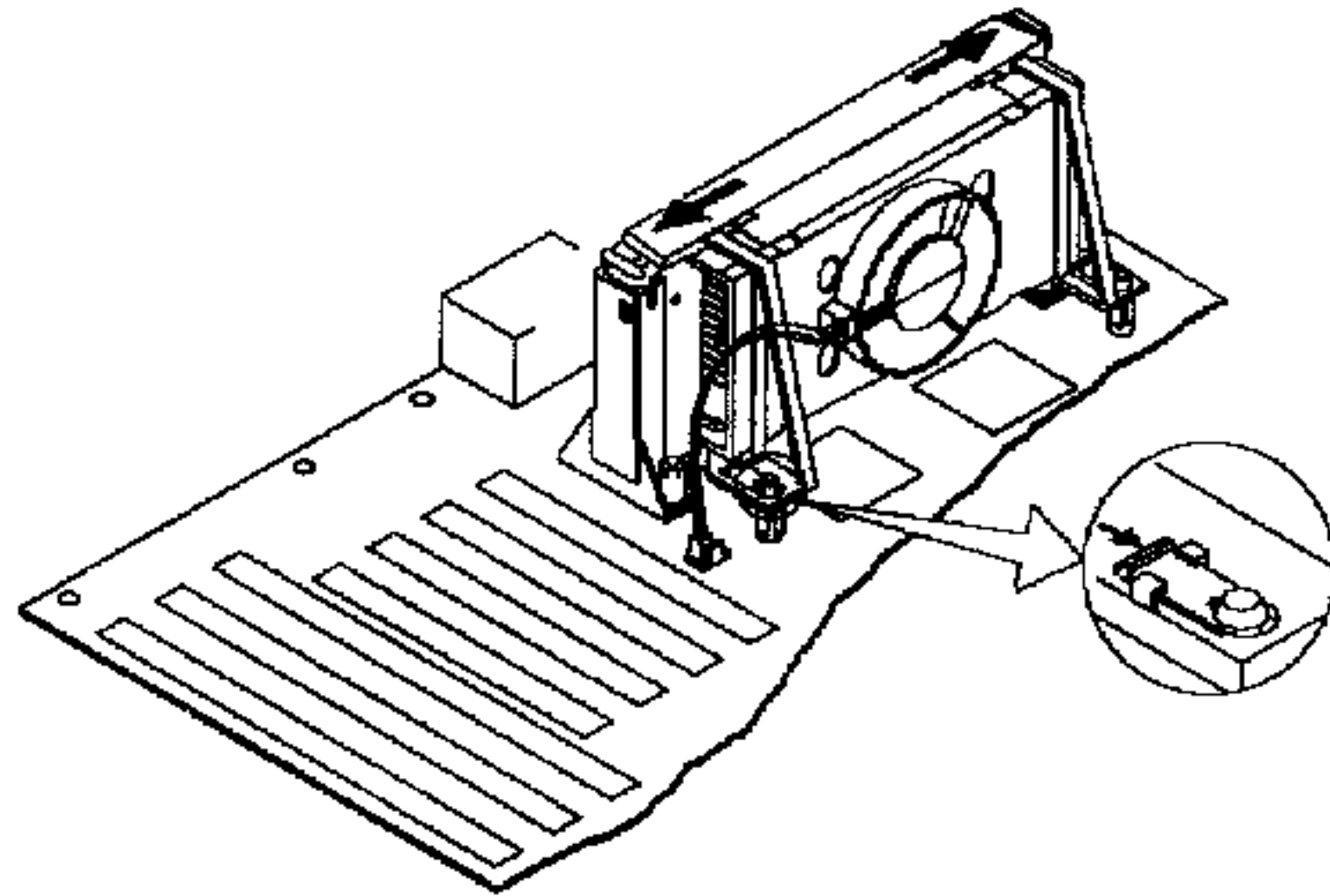
Step 4: Install the Heat Sink Support.

Attach the 2 Heat Sink Supports to the sides of the Processor. These Heat Sink Supports will fit in any direction, so be sure that the Heat Sink Support Locks are oriented outwards for the proper direction.

**Step 5: Unlock the Processor Locks and Heat Sink Support Locks.**

Push in the Processor Locks. Open the Heat Sink Support Locks.

**Step 6: Insert the Processor like inserting a PCI or an ISA card.**



Step 7: Lock the Processor Locks and Heat Sink Support Locks

Secure the CPU by pushing out the Processor Locks. Close the Heat Sink Support Locks.

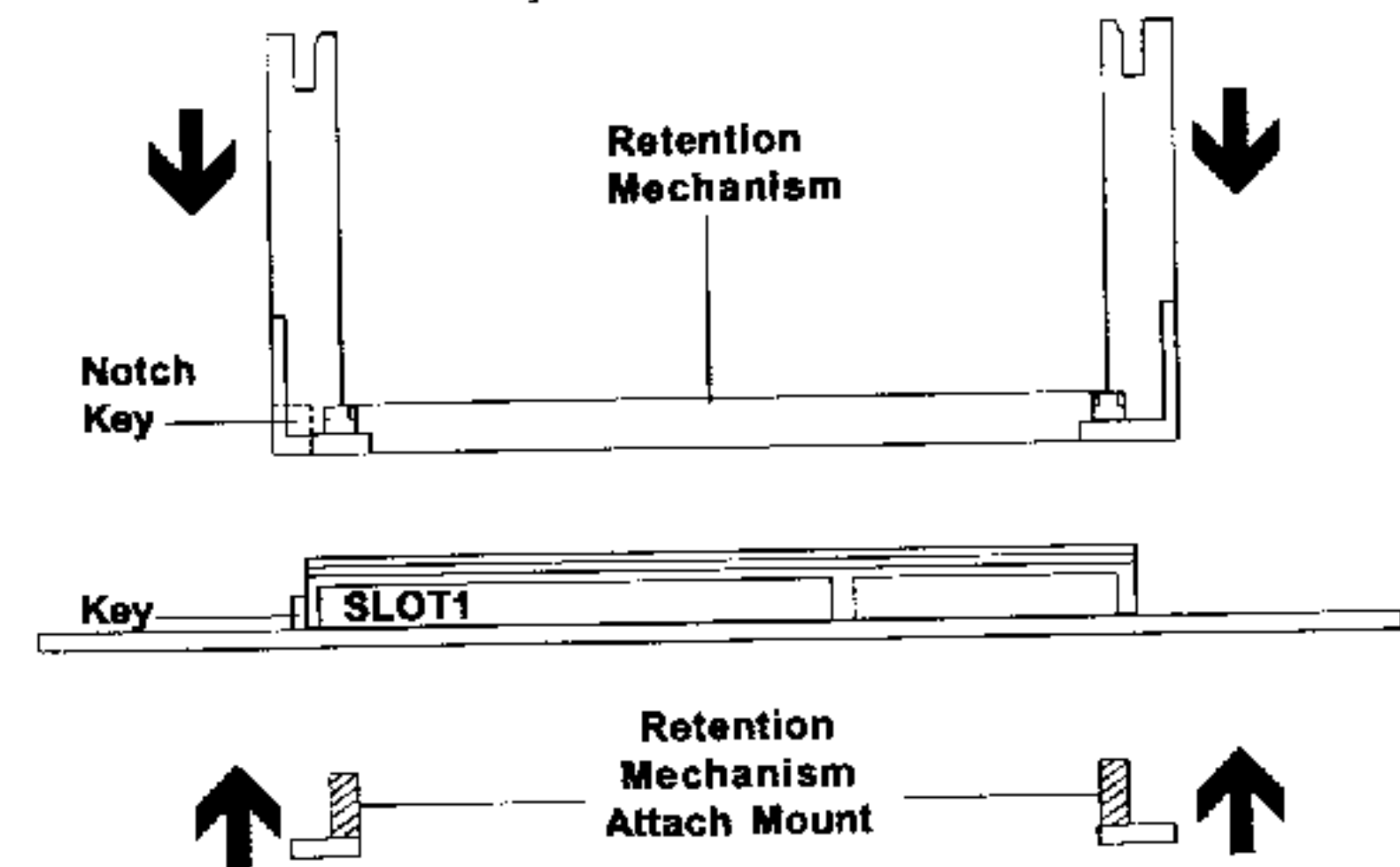
The installation is now complete.

C. OEM Celeron™ Processor Installation Procedures

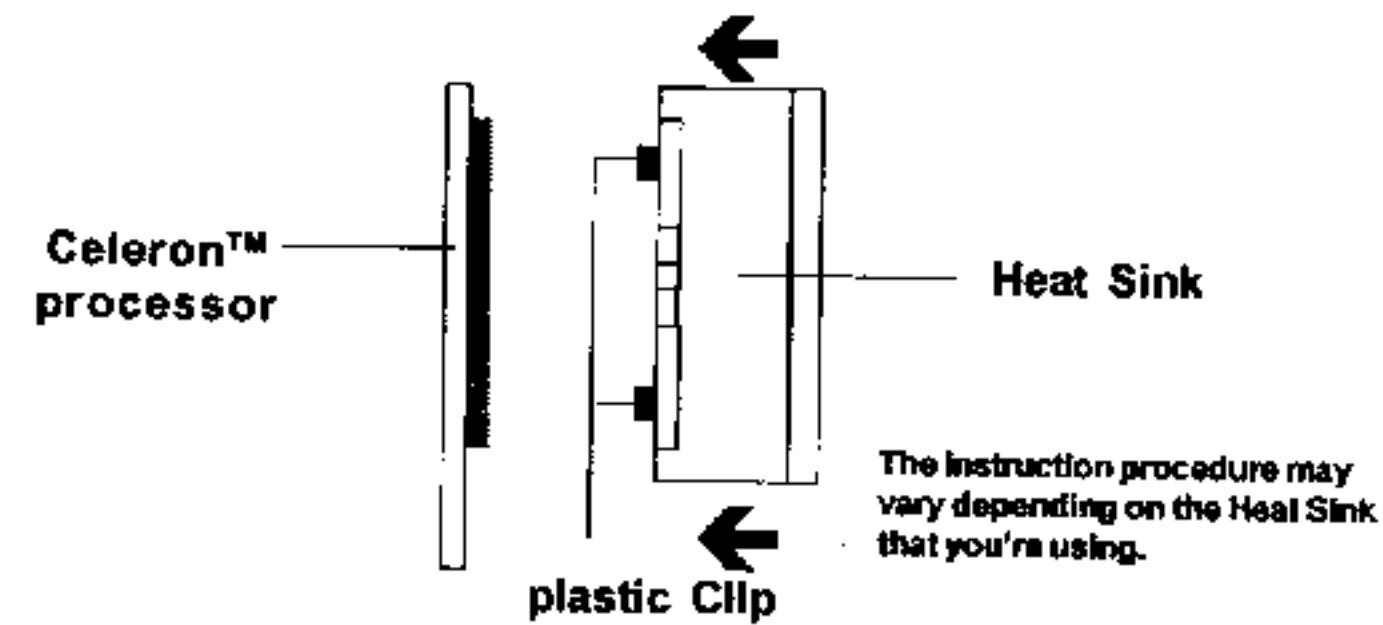
Step 1: Insert the Retention Mechanism Attach Mount at the bottom of the mainboard.

Step 2: Install the Retention Mechanism.

Look for the key on Slot 1, and match it with the Notch Key on the Retention Mechanism for proper direction. Then, attach the Retention Mechanism to the Retention Mechanism Attach Mount. Use a Screwdriver to secure the Retention Mechanism.



Step 3: Install the MSI Heat Sink (optional) to the Processor.

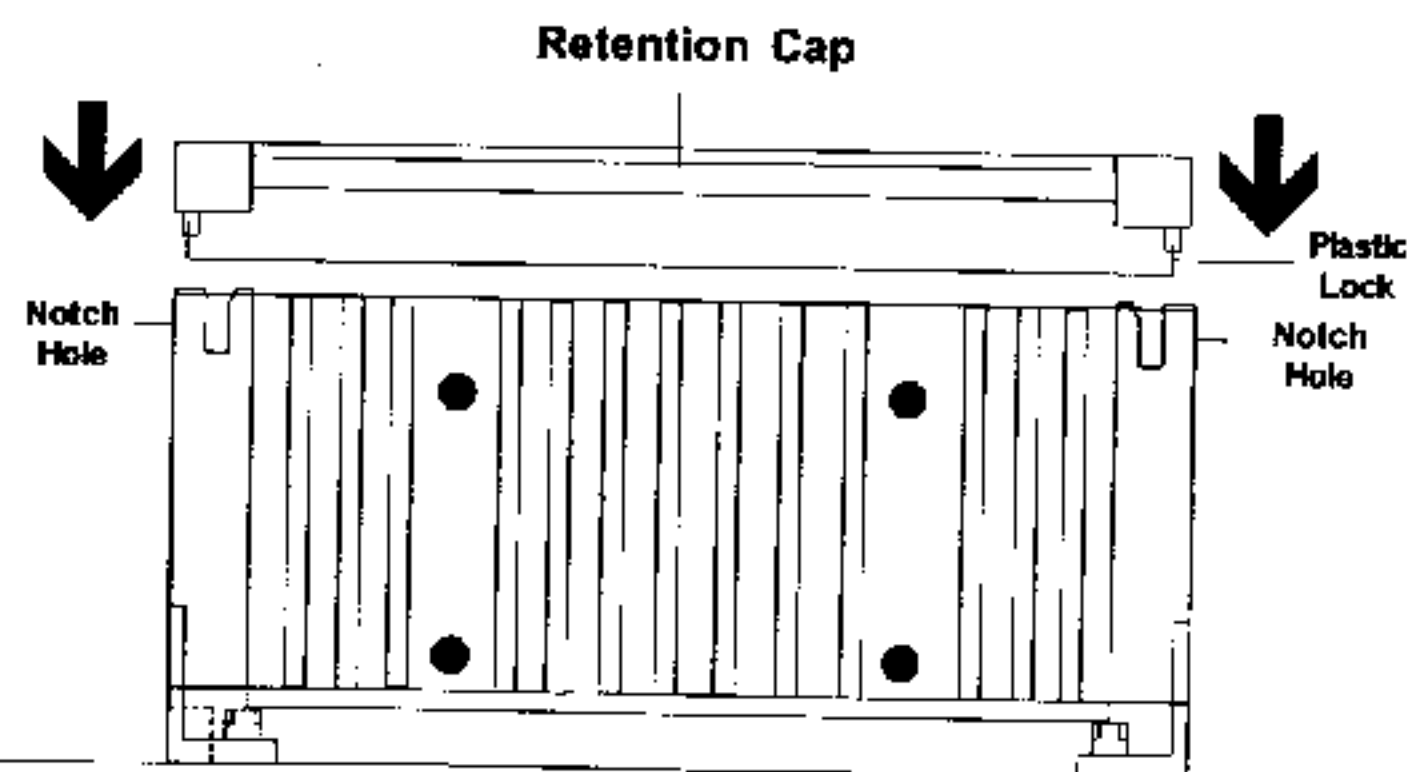


Push down the plastic clips, so that they are in line with the hole on the processor. Check for perfect fit.

Step 4: Install the Processor.

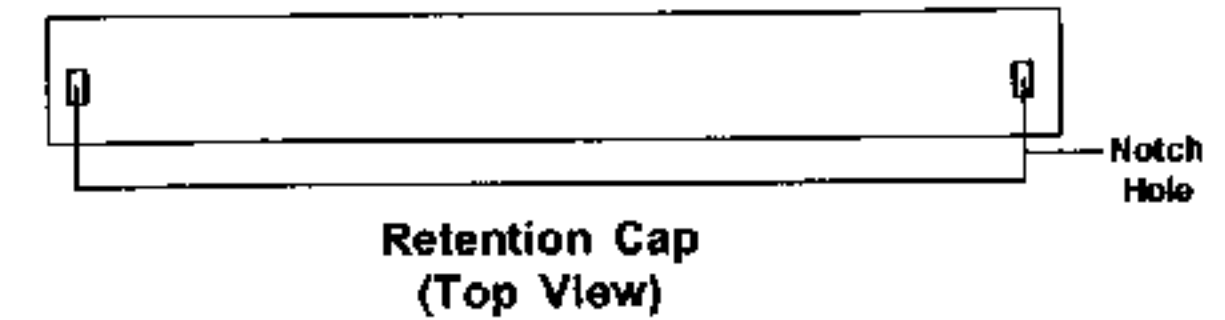
Insert the Processor like inserting a PCI or an ISA card.

Step 5: Lock the Processor



Lock the processor by putting the Retention Cap provided. Take note of the two plastic lock at the side of the Retention Cap. This two plastic lock should be aligned properly into the Retention Mechanism notch hole.

Procedure for detaching the Retention Cap:








- To remove the Retention Cap, you need a Screw Driver (0.3 cm) tip.
- Insert the screw driver into the retention cap notch hole.
 - Push the retention cap plastic cap inward.
 - Pull the retention cap upward.

2.1-2 CPU Core Speed Derivation Procedures

- The jumper JP1 is used to set the Core/Bus (Fraction) ratio of the CPU. The actual core speed of the CPU is the Host Clock Frequency multiplied by the Core/Bus ratio. For example:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{If } \text{CPU Clock} &= 66\text{MHz} \\
 \text{Core/Bus ratio} &= 3.5 \\
 \text{then CPU core speed} &= \text{Host Clock} \times \text{Core/Bus ratio} \\
 &= 66\text{MHz} \times 3.5 \\
 &= 233\text{MHz}
 \end{aligned}$$

CPU	JP1	RATIO
200MHz		3
233MHz		3.5
266MHz		4
300MHz		4.5
333MHz		5

2.1-3 CPU Speed Setting: JP1

To adjust the speed of the CPU, you must know the specification of your CPU (*always ask the vendor for CPU specification*). Then look at **Table 2.1** (200 ~ 333MHz Pentium® II/Celeron™ processor) for proper setting.






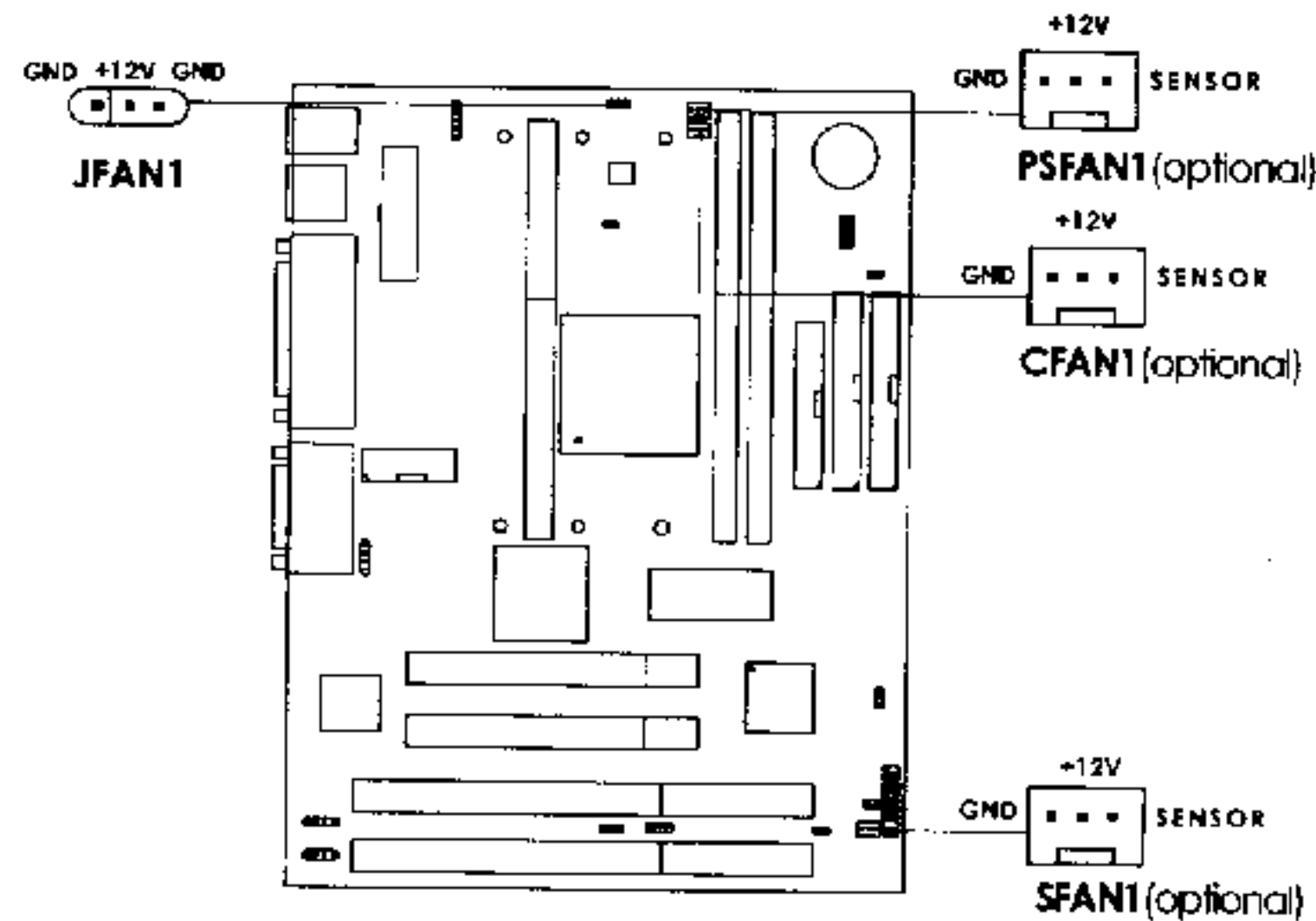
CPU TYPE	JP1
200MHz	
233MHz	
266MHz	
300MHz	
333MHz	

Table 2.1 200 ~ 333MHz Intel® Pentium® II/Celeron™ processor

2.1-4 Fan Power Connectors: JFAN1/PSFAN1/CFAN1/SFAN1

These connectors support system cooling fan with +12V. It supports three pin head connector. When connecting the wire to the connector, always take note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V, the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If your mainboard has System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you must use a specially designed fan with speed sensor to take advantage of this function.



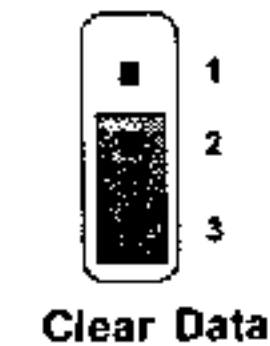
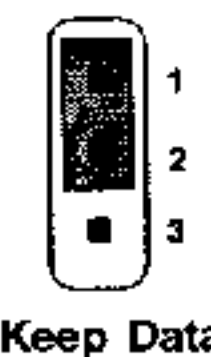
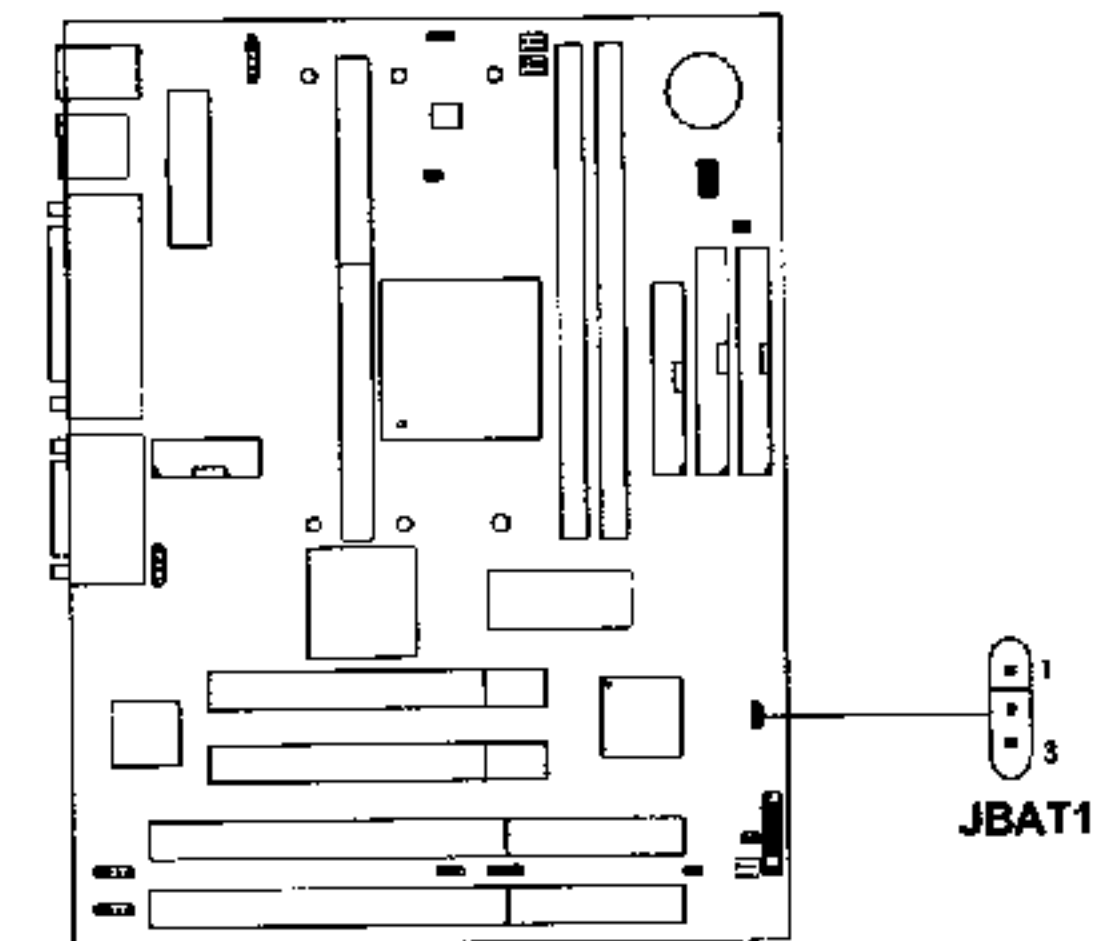
- PSFAN1 : Power Supply Fan
- CFAN1 : CPU Fan
- SFAN1 : System(Chassis) Fan

For fans with fan speed sensor, every rotation of the fan will send out 2 pulses. System Hardware Monitor will count and report the fan rotation speed.

- Note:**
1. CFAN1/SFAN1/PSFAN1 are the CPU, Power and Chassis Cooling Fan Speed Connector (reserved for System Hardware Monitor Option.)
 2. Always consult vendor for proper CPU cooling fan.

2.2 Clear CMOS Jumper: JBAT1

A battery must be used to retain the mainboard configuration in CMOS RAM. If you use the on-board battery, you must short 1-2 pins of JBAT1 to keep the CMOS data.

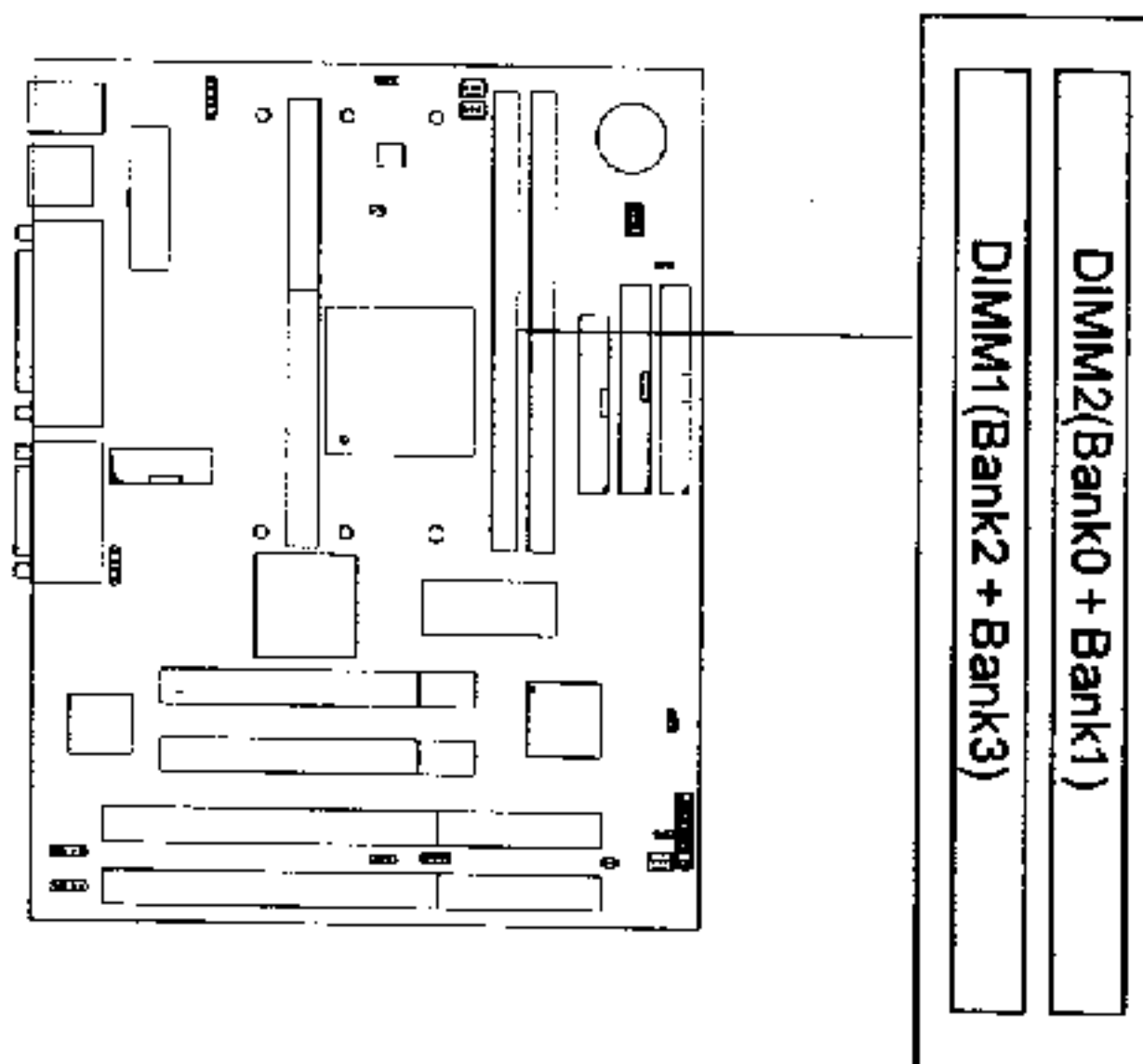


- Note:** You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin, while the system is off. Then, return to 1-2 pin position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on; it will damage the mainboard.

2.3 Memory Installation

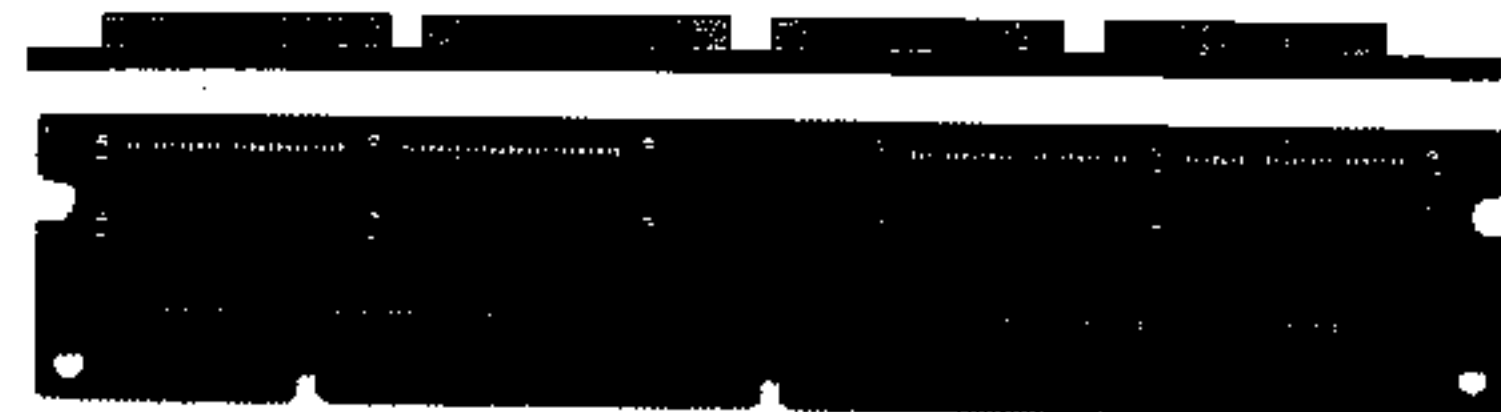
2.3-1 Memory Bank Configuration

The mainboard supports a maximum of 256MB of memory for EDO and SDRAM. It provides two 168-pin unbuffered DIMMs (Double In-Line Memory Module) sockets. It supports 8 MB to 256 Mbytes DIMM memory module. The memory module can be either SDRAM or EDO (Extended Data Output) Mode DRAM.



2.3-2 Memory Installation Procedures

A. How to install a DIMM Module

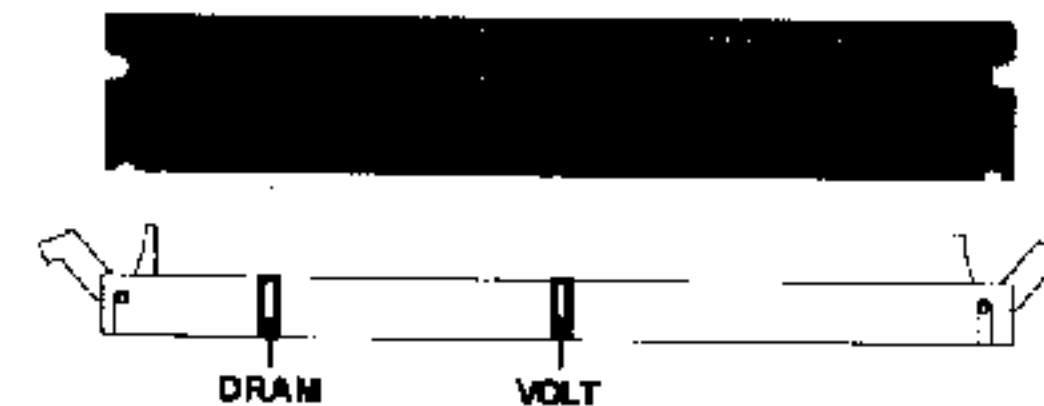


Single Sided DIMM



Double Sided DIMM

1. The DIMM slot has a two Notch Key "VOLT and DRAM", so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.
2. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it in.



3. Close the plastic clip at the side of the DIMM slot.

Note: You can only use a 3.3 volt DIMM module (EDO or SDRAM).

2.3-3 Memory Population Rules

1. Supports EDO and SDRAM.
2. Supports **unbuffered** DIMM.
3. To operate properly, at least one 168-pin DIMM module must be installed.
4. This mainboard supports Table Free memory, so memory can be installed on DIMM1 or DIMM 2 in any order.
5. Supports 3.3 volt DIMM.
6. The DRAM addressing and the size supported by the mainboard is shown next page.

Table 2.3-1 EDO DRAM Memory Addressing

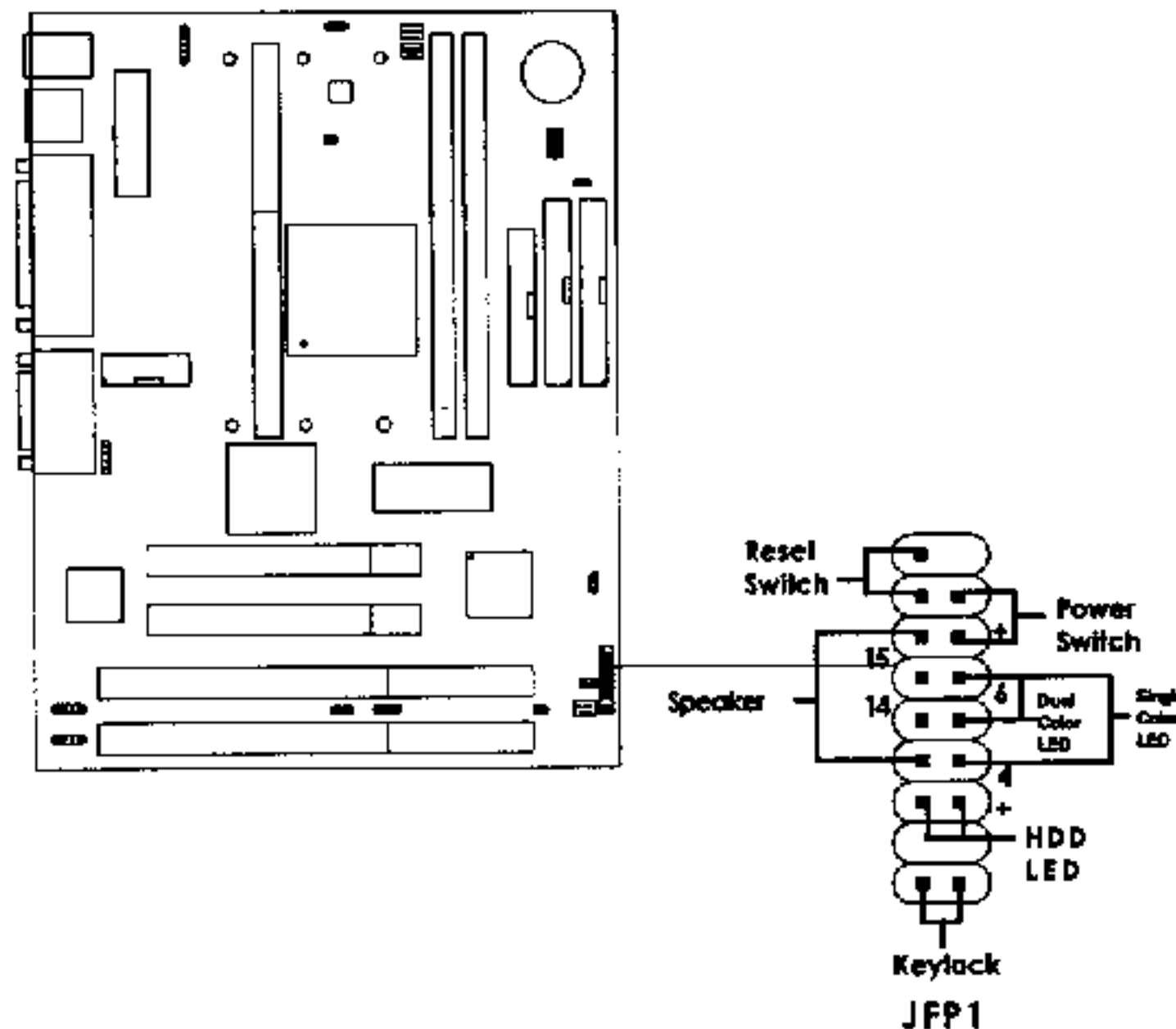
DRAM Tech.	DRAM Density & Width	DRAM Addressing	Address Size		MB/DIMM	
			Row	Column	Single no. Side(S) pcs.	Double no. Side(D) pcs.
16M	1Mx16	SYMM	10	10	8MBx4	16MBx8
	1Mx16	ASYM	12	8	8MBx4	16MBx8
	2Mx8	ASYM	11	10	16MBx8	32MBx16
	2Mx8	ASYM	12	9	16MBx8	32MBx16
64M	4Mx4	SYMM	11	11	32MBx16	64MBx32
	4Mx4	ASYM	12	10	32MBx16	64MBx32
	2Mx32	ASYM	11	10	16MBx2	32MBx4
	2Mx32	ASYM	12	9	16MBx2	32MBx4
	2Mx32	ASYM	13	8	16MBx2	32MBx4
	4Mx16	SYMM	11	11	32MBx4	64MBx8
	4Mx16	ASYM	12	10	32MBx4	64MBx8
	8Mx8	ASYM	12	11	64MBx8	128MBx16

Table 2.3-2 SDRAM Memory Addressing

DRAM Tech.	DRAM Density & Width	DRAM Addressing	Address Size		MB/DIMM	
			Row	Column	Single no. Side(S) pcs.	Double no. Side(D) pcs.
16M	1Mx16	ASYM	11	8	8MBx4	16MBx8
	2Mx8	ASYM	11	9	16MBx8	32MBx16
64M	2Mx32	ASYM	11	9	32MBx2	64MBx4
	2Mx32	ASYM	12	8	16MBx2	32MBx4
	4Mx16	ASYM	11	10	32MB	64MB
	4Mx16	ASYM	13	8	32MB	64MB
	8Mx8	ASYM	13	9	64MB	128MB
64M	2Mx32	ASYM	11	8	16MB	32MB
	4Mx16	ASYM	12	8	---	---
	8Mx8	ASYM	12	9	---	---

2.4 Case Connector: JFP1

The Power Switch, Reset Switch, Power LED, Speaker, Keylock and HDD LED are all connected to the JFP1 connector block.



2.4-1 Power Switch

Connect to a 2-pin push button switch. This switch had the same feature with JSW1.

2.4-2 Reset Switch

Reset switch is used to reboot the system rather than turning the power ON/OFF. Avoid rebooting while the HDD LED is lit. You can connect the Reset switch from the system case to this pin.

2.4-3 Power LED

The Power LED is lit while the system power is on. Connect the Power LED from the system case to this pin. There are two types of LED that you can use: 3-pin single color LED or 2-pin dual color LED(ACPI request).

- 3 pin single color LED connect to pin 4, 5 & 6. This LED will lit when the system is turn on.
- 2 pin dual color LED connect to pin 5 & 6.

Green Color: Indicate the system in full on mode.
Orange Color: Indicate the system in suspend mode.

2.4-4 Speaker

Speaker from the system case is connected to this pin.

2.4-5 HDD LED

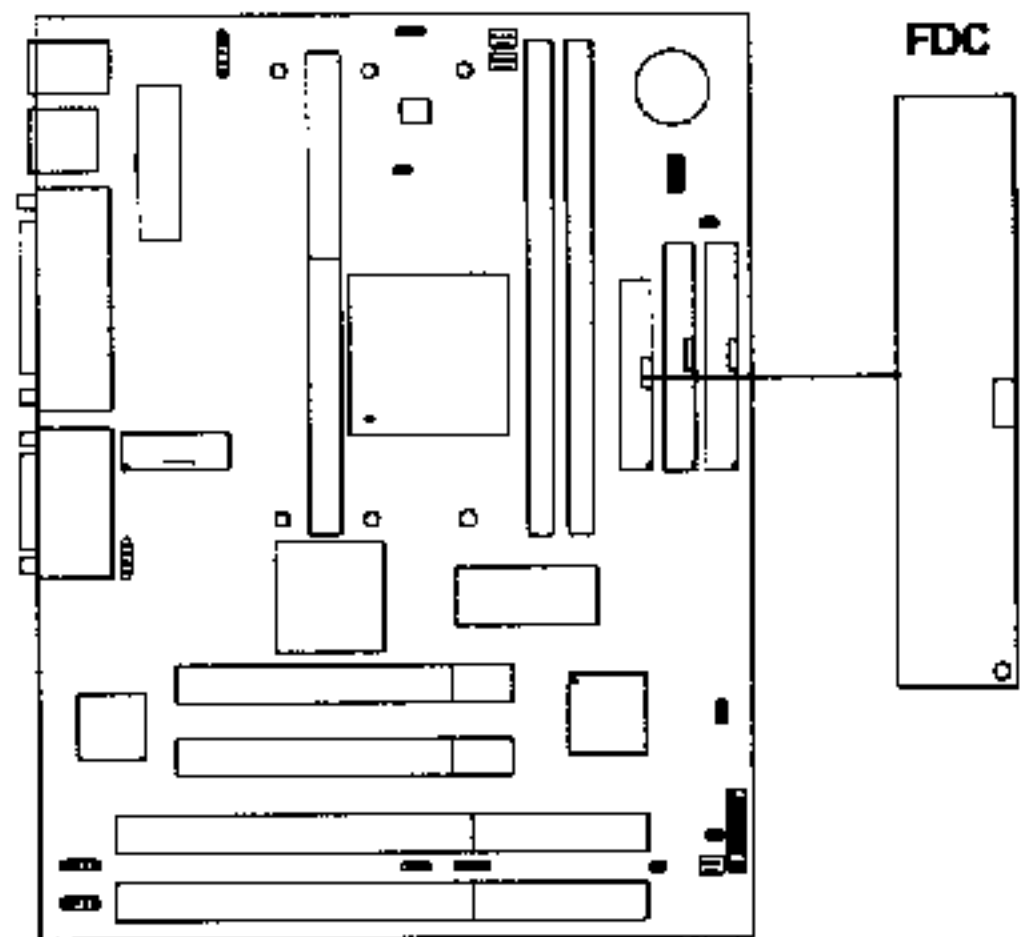
HDD LED shows the activity of a hard disk drive. Avoid turning the power off while the HDD led is lit. You can connect the HDD LED from the system case to this pin.

2.4-6 Keylock

Keylock allows you to disable the keyboard for security purposes. You can connect the keylock to this pin.

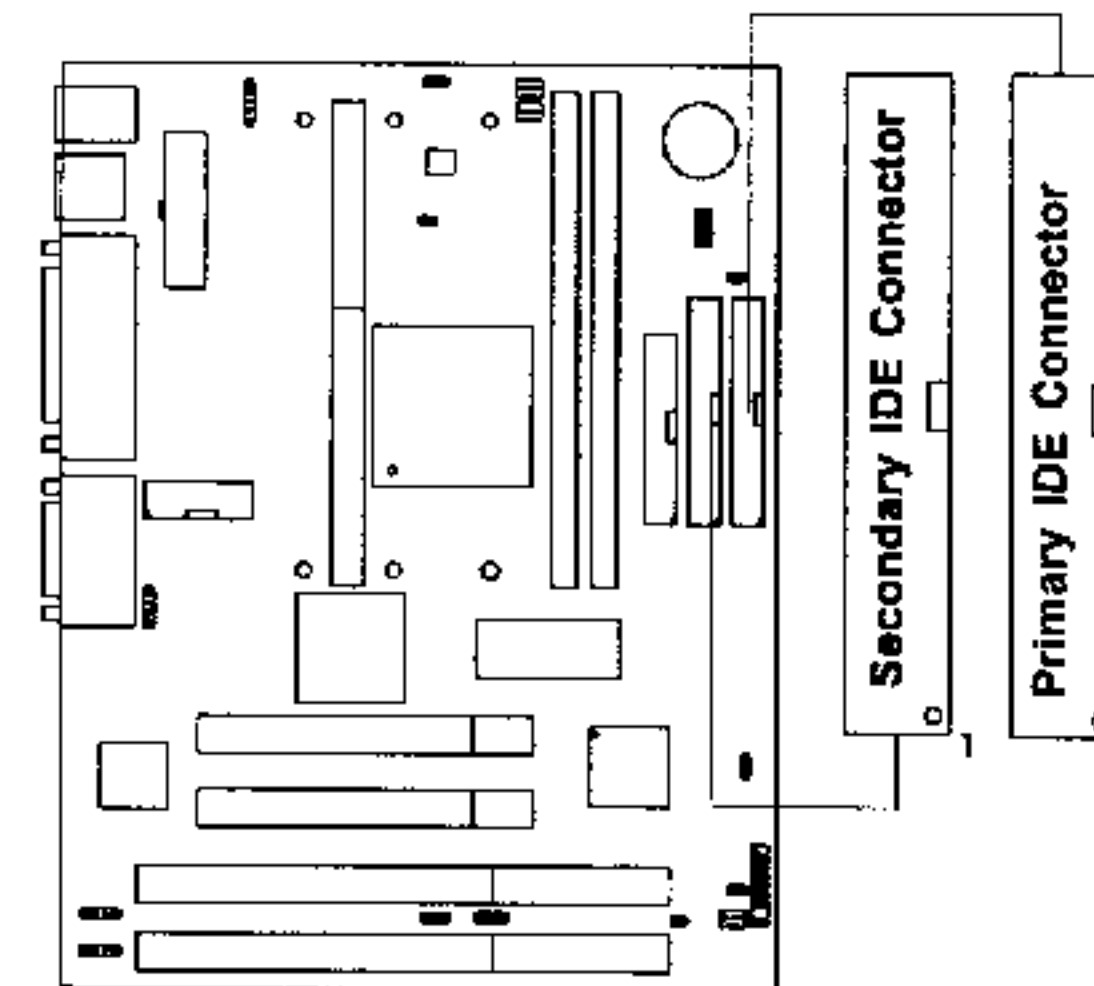
2.5 Floppy Disk Connector: FDC

The mainboard also provides a standard floppy disk connector FDC that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types. This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cables.



2.6 Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1 & IDE2

The mainboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE Controller that provides PIO mode 0-4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA/33 function. It has two HDD connectors IDE1 (primary) and IDE2 (secondary). You can connect up to four hard disk drives, CD-ROM, 120MB Floppy (reserved for future BIOS) and other devices to IDE1 and IDE2. These connectors support the provided IDE hard disk cable.



IDE1(Primary IDE Connector)

The first hard drive should always be connected to IDE1. IDE1 can connect a Master and a Slave drive. You must configure second hard drive to Slave mode by setting the jumper accordingly.

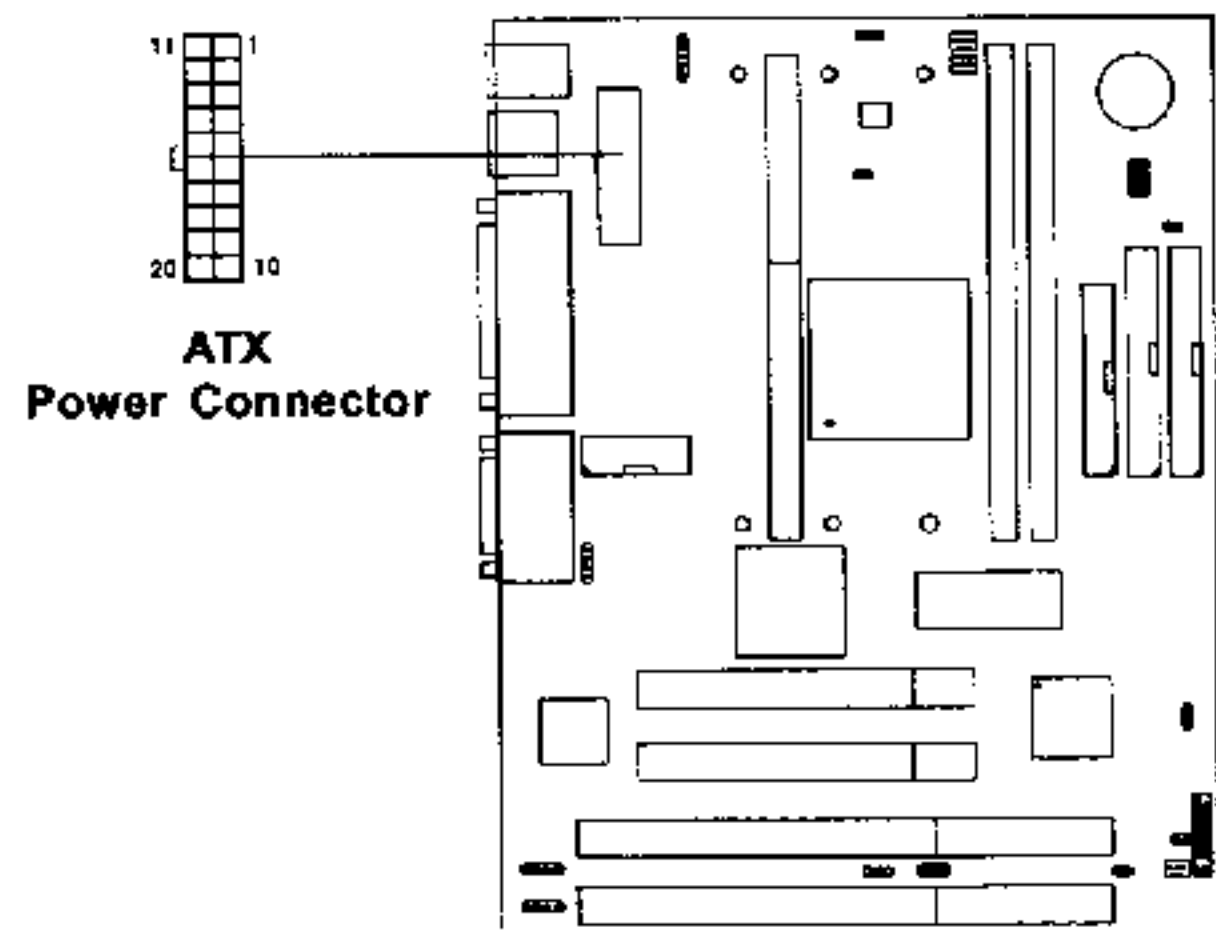
IDE2(Secondary IDE Connector)

IDE2 can also connect a Master and a Slave drive.

2.7 Power Supply

2.7-1 ATX 20-pin Power Connector: JPWR1

This connector supports the power button on-board. Using the ATX power supply, functions such as Modem Ring Wake-Up and Soft Power Off are supported by this mainboard. This power connector supports instant power on function which means that system will boot up instantly when the power connector is inserted on the board.



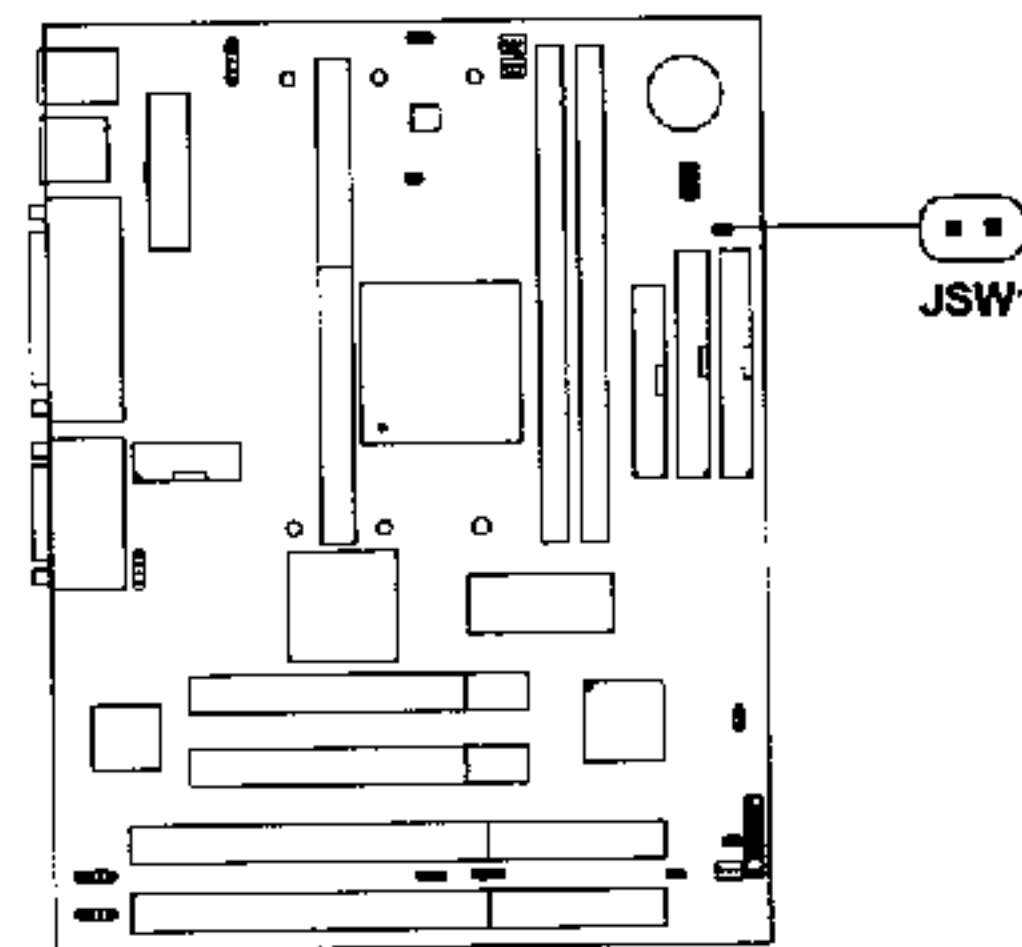
PIN DEFINITION

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	3.3V	11	3.3V
2	3.3V	12	-12V
3	GND	13	GND
4	5V	14	PS_ON
5	GND	15	GND
6	5V	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	PW_OK	18	-5V
9	5V_SB	19	5V
10	12V	20	5V

Warning: Since the mainboard has the instant power on function, make sure that all components are installed properly before inserting the power connector to ensure that no damage will be done.

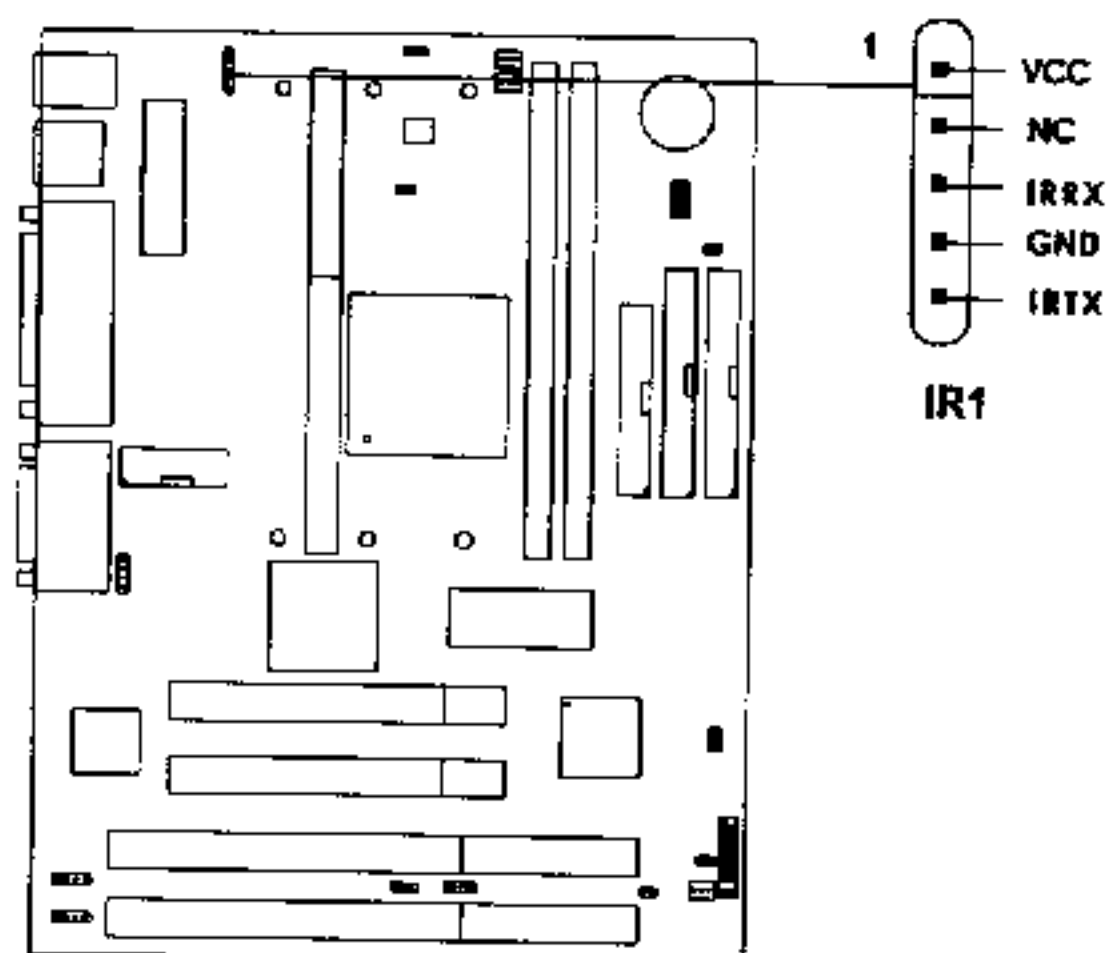
2.7-2 Remote Power On/Off Switch: JSW1

Connect to a 2-pin push button switch. During OFF state, press once and the system turns on. During ON stage, push once and the system goes to sleep mode: pushing it more than 4 seconds will change its status from ON to OFF. If you want to change the setup, you could go to the BIOS Power Management Setup. This is only used for ATX type power supply.



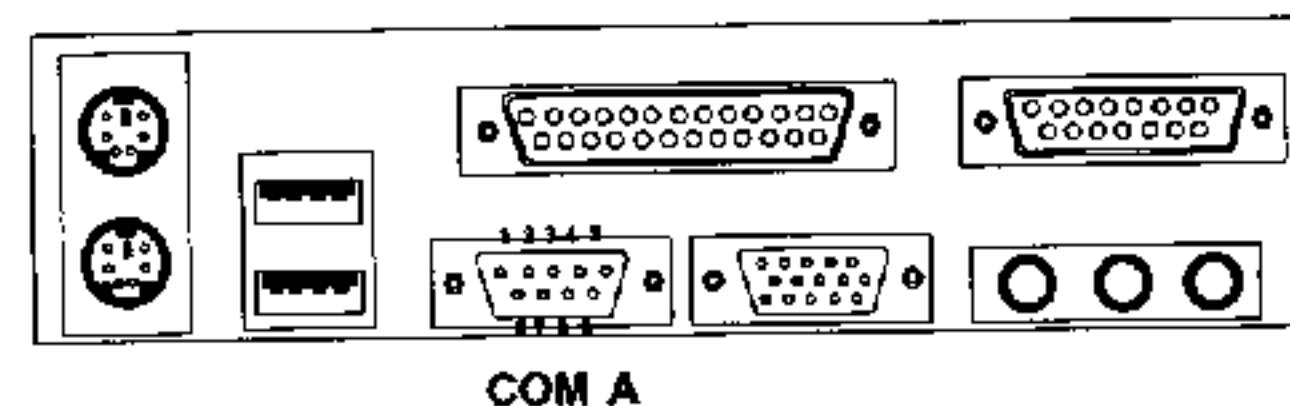
2.8 IrDA Infrared Module Connector: IR1

The mainboard provides one 5-pin infrared (IR) connector for IR modules. This connector is for optional wireless transmitting and receiving infrared module. You must configure the setting through the BIOS setup to use the IR function.



2.9 Serial Port Connector: COM A

The mainboard has a 9-pin male DIN connector for serial port COM A. This port are 16550A high speed communication ports that send/receive 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a mouse or a modem cable directly into this connector.



Serial Ports (9-pin Male)

PIN DEFINITION

PIN	SIGNAL
1	DCD(Data Carry Detect)
2	SIN(Serial In or Receive Data)
3	SOUT(Serial Out or Transmit Data)
4	DTR(Data Terminal Ready)
5	GND
6	DSR(Data Set Ready)
7	RTS(Request To Send)
8	CTS(Clear To Send)
9	RI(Ring Indicate)

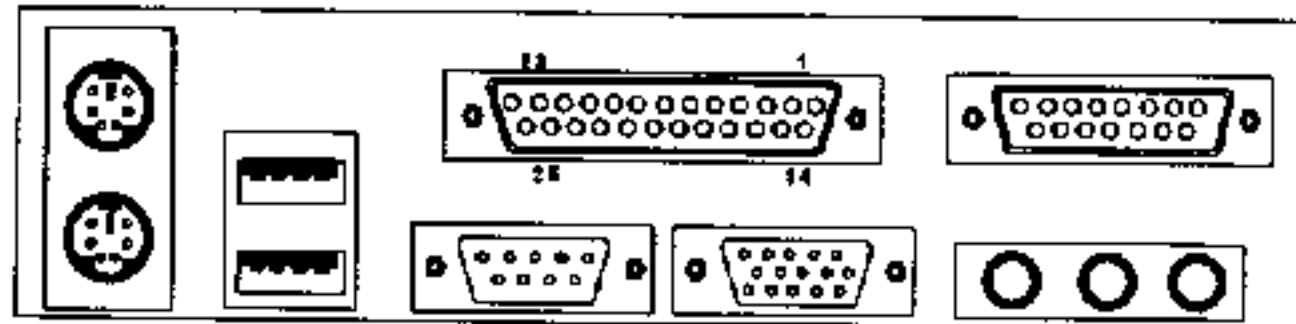
Note: There's another serial port connector (COM 2), which is located on the mainboard. Connect a serial port 9-pin male port into this connector.

2.10 Parallel Port Connector: LPT

The mainboard provides a 25 pin female centronic connector for LPT. A parallel port is a standard printer port that also supports Enhanced Parallel Port(EPP) and Extended capabilities Parallel Port(ECP). See connector and pin definition below:

Parallel Port (25-pin Female)

LPT

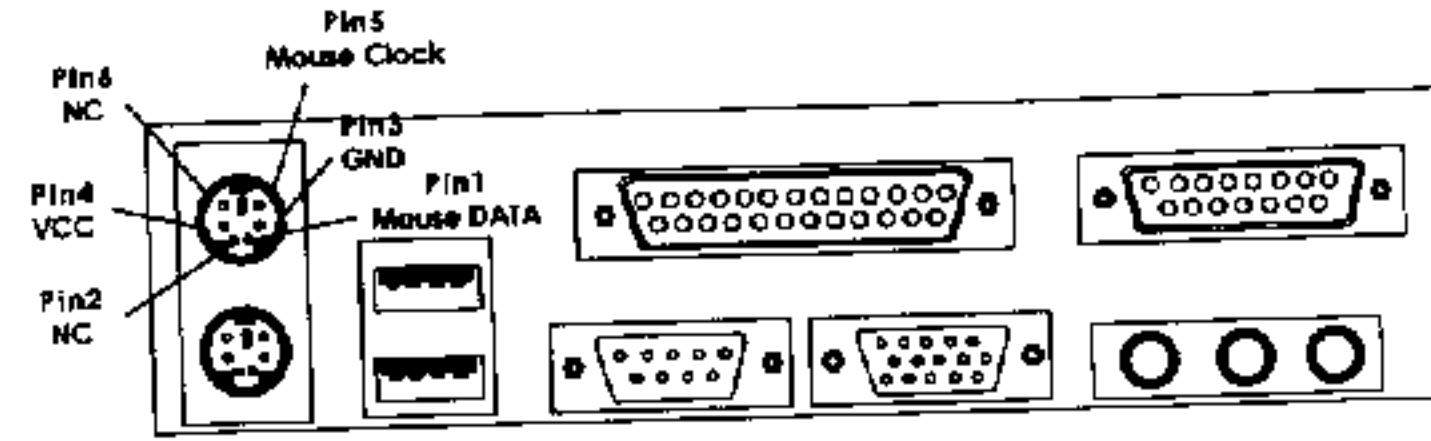


PIN DEFINITION

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	STROBE	14	AUTO FEED#
2	DATA0	15	ERR#
3	DATA1	16	INIT#
4	DATA2	17	SLIN#
5	DATA3	18	GND
6	DATA4	19	GND
7	DATA5	20	GND
8	DATA6	21	GND
9	DATA7	22	GND
10	ACK#	23	GND
11	BUSY	24	GND
12	PE	25	GND
13	SELECT		

2.11 Mouse Connector: JKBMS1

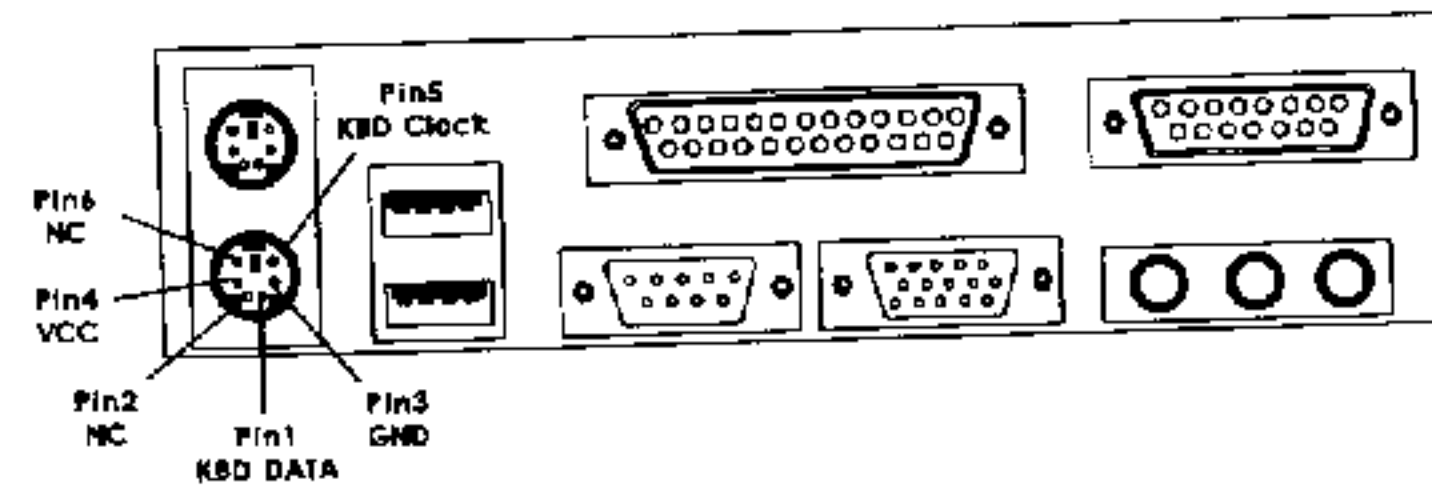
The mainboard provides a standard PS/2® mouse mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2® mouse. You can plug a PS/2® mouse directly into this connector. The connector location and pin definition are shown below:



PS/2 Mouse (6-pin Female)

2.12 Keyboard Connector: JKBMS1

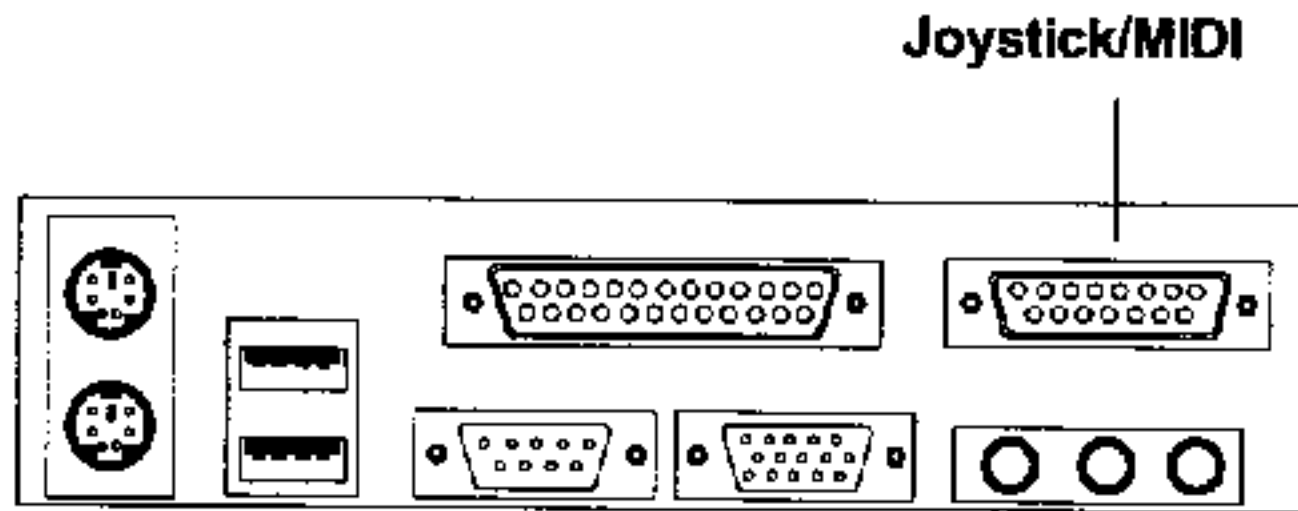
The mainboard provides a standard PS/2® keyboard mini DIN connector for attaching a keyboard. You can plug a keyboard cable directly to this connector.



PS/2 Keyboard (6-pin Female)

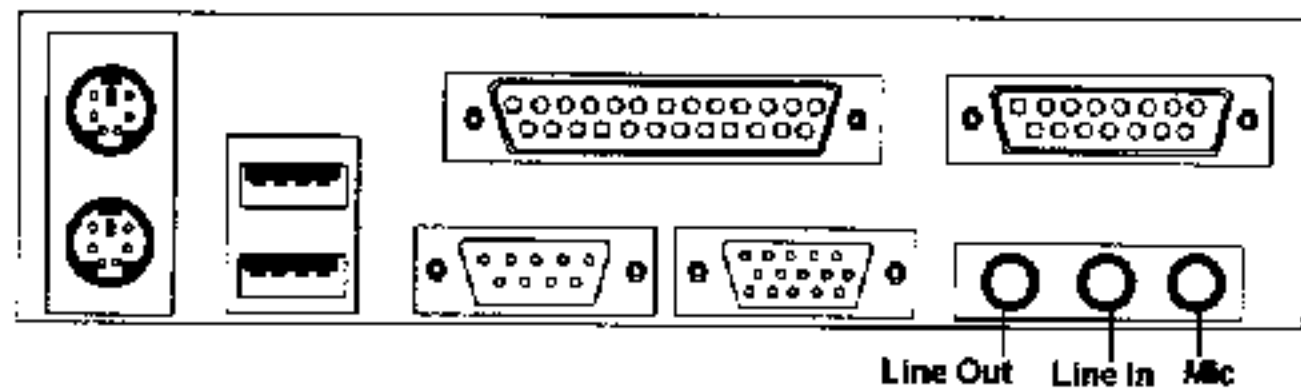
2.13 Joystick/Midi Connector

You can connect joystick or game pads to this connector.



2.14 Audio Port Connectors

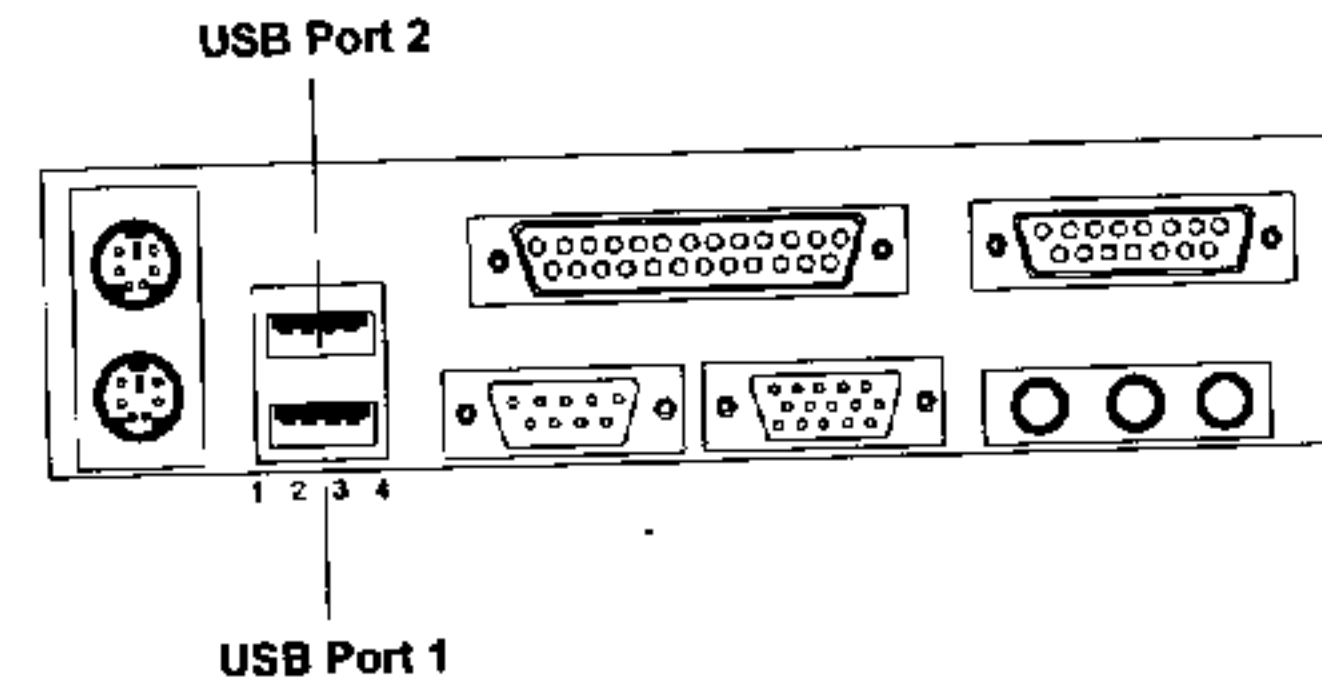
Line Out is a connector for Speakers or Headphones. **Line In** is used for external CD player, Tape layer, or other audio devices. **Mic** is connector for the microphones.



1/8" Stereo Audio Connectors

2.15 USB Connectors

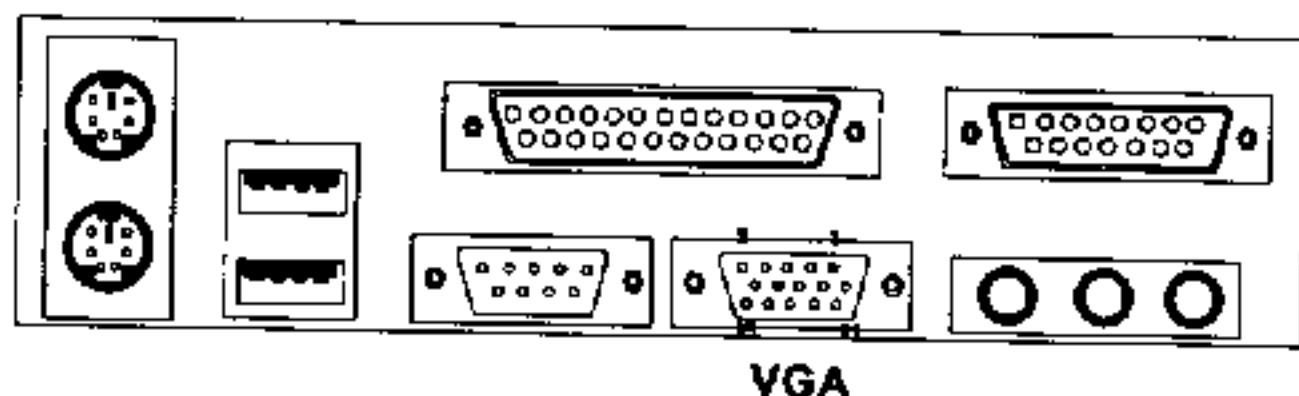
The mainboard provides a **UHCI (Universal Host Controller Interface) Universal Serial Bus** root for attaching USB devices like: keyboard, mouse and other USB devices. You can plug the USB device directly to this connector.



PIN	SIGNAL
1	VCC
2	-Data0
3	GND
4	+Data0

2.16 VGA DB 15 Pin Connector

The mainboard provides a DB 15-pin connector to connect to a VGA monitor.



Analog Video Display Connector(DB15-S)	
Pin	Signal Description
1	Red
2	Green
3	Blue
4	Not used
5	Ground
6	Ground
7	Ground
8	Ground
9	Not used
10	Ground
11	Not used
12	SDA
13	Horizontal Sync
14	Vertical Sync
15	SCL

2.17 Power On Mode Jumper: J7

The mainboard supports three kinds of system boot up: the Boot-Up by switch, Immediate Boot-Up, and Last State. With the **Boot-Up by Switch**, the system will boot up only when the power on switch is pressed. For **Immediate Boot-Up**, the system will boot up instantly when the power connector is connected into the system. This function must be set in the BIOS Power Management. With **Last State**, the BIOS will record the last status the system was in: either System on or Shut down. The next time you boot up, the system will retain the last system status. This function must be set at the BIOS Power Management Setup.

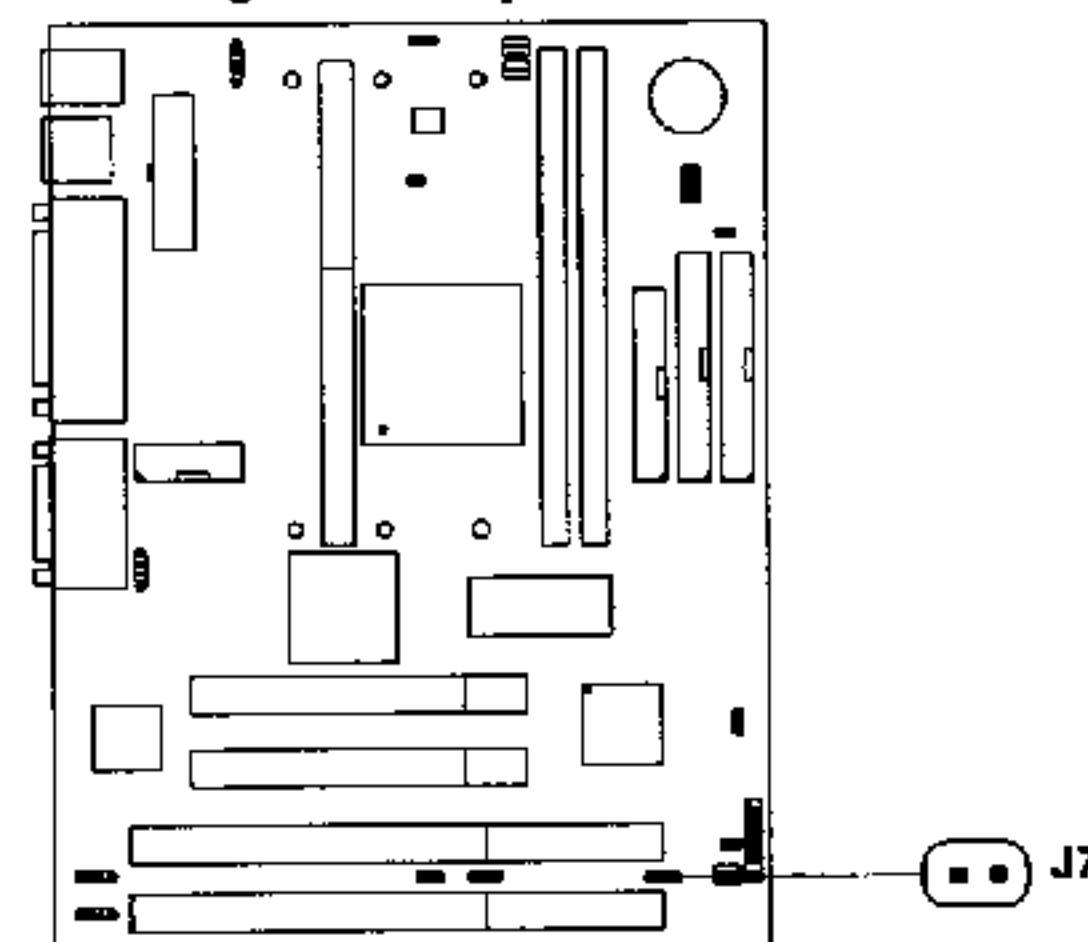


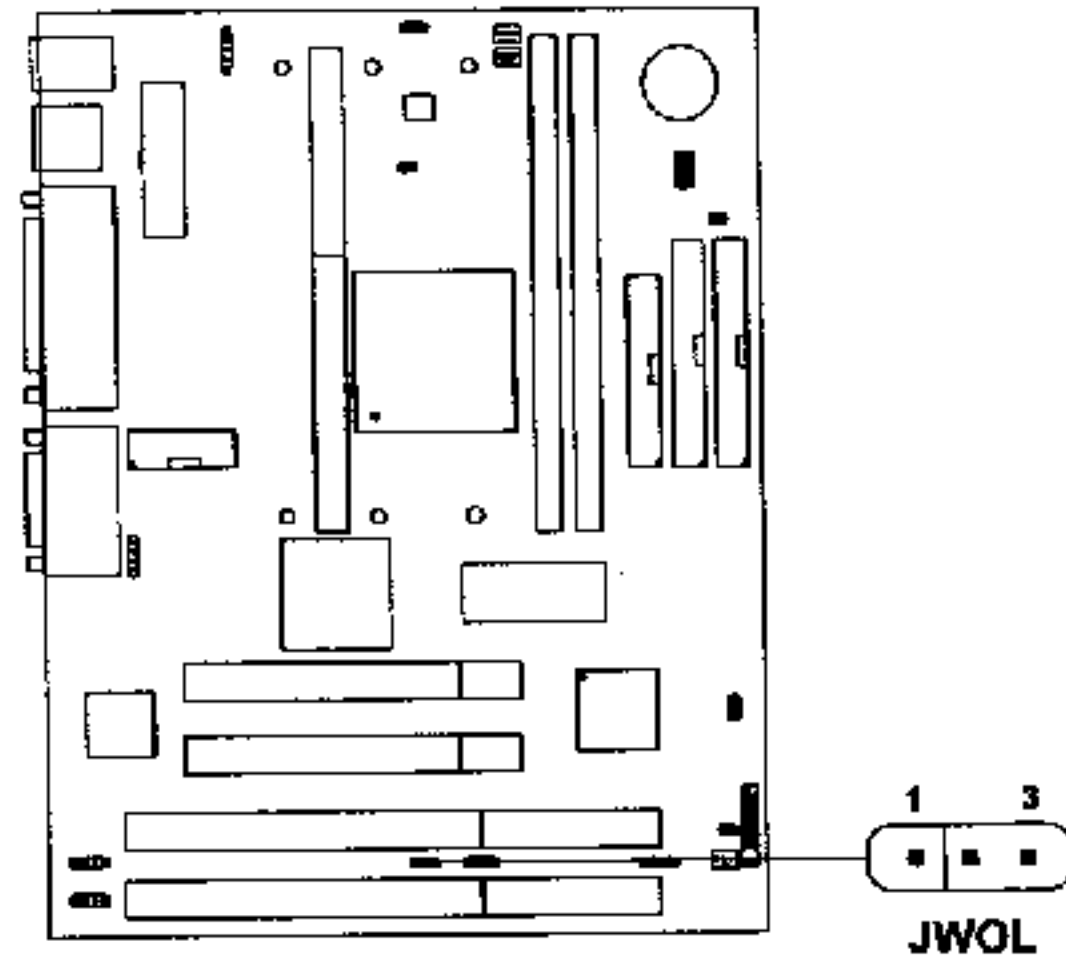
Table 2.17: Power On Mode Feature

J7	Feature
	Select Boot-Up by Switch
	Select Immediate Boot-Up/ Select Last State

Note: Short J7, when using Boot-Up by Switch feature. Open J7, to enable Immediate Boot-Up or Last State.

2.18 Wake-Up on LAN Connector: JWOL

The JWOL connector is for use with LAN add-on cards that supports Wake Up on LAN function. To use this function, you need to set the "Resume By Ring" to enable at the BIOS Power Management Setup.



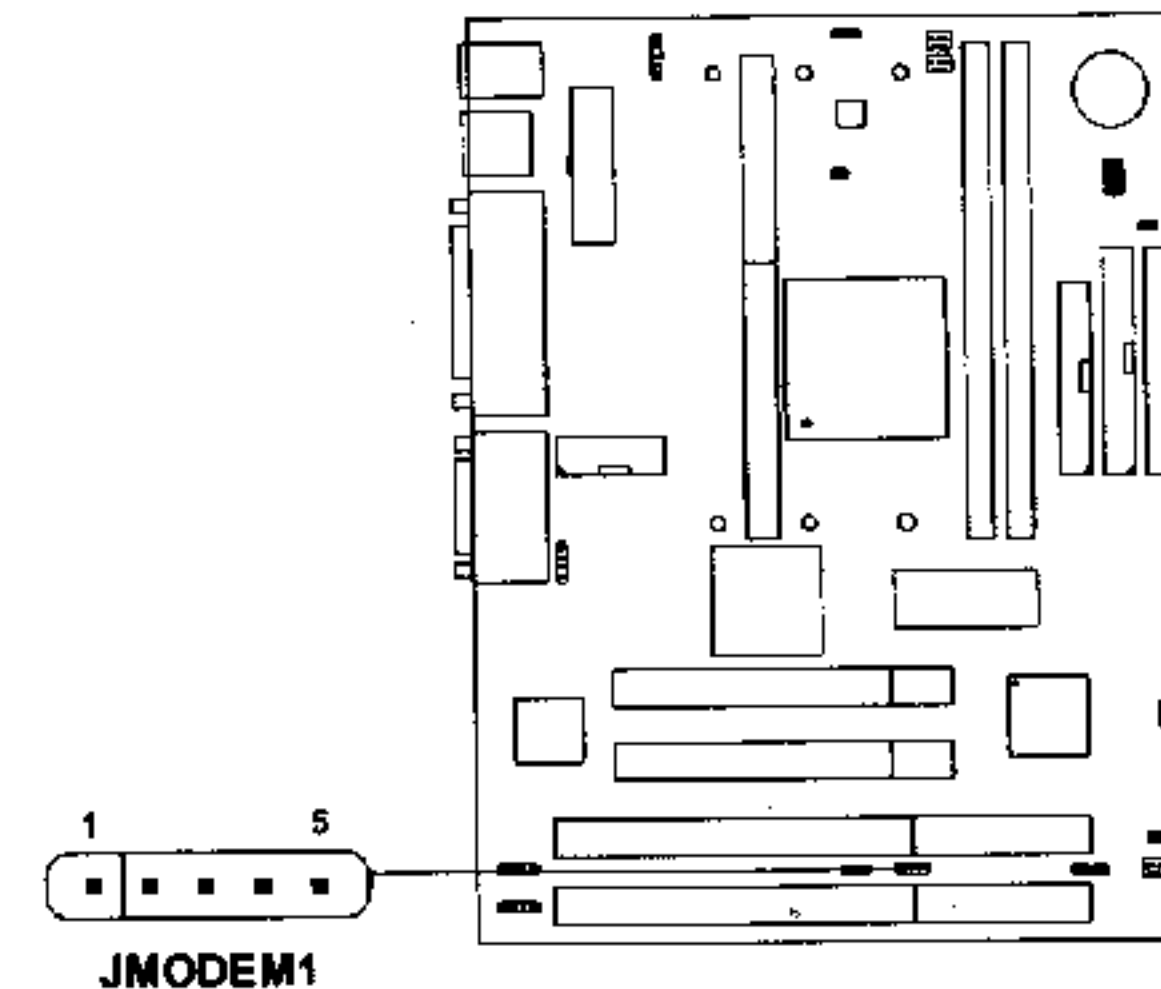
PIN	SIGNAL
1	5VSB
2	GND
3	MP_WAKEUP

Note: LAN wake-up signal is active "high".

Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature.
(750 ma power supply with 5V Stand-by)

2.19 Modem Wake Up Connector: JMODEM1

The JMODEM1 connector is for used with Modem add-on card that supports the Modem Wake Up function. To use this function, you need to set the "Resume By Ring" to enable at the BIOS Power Management Setup.



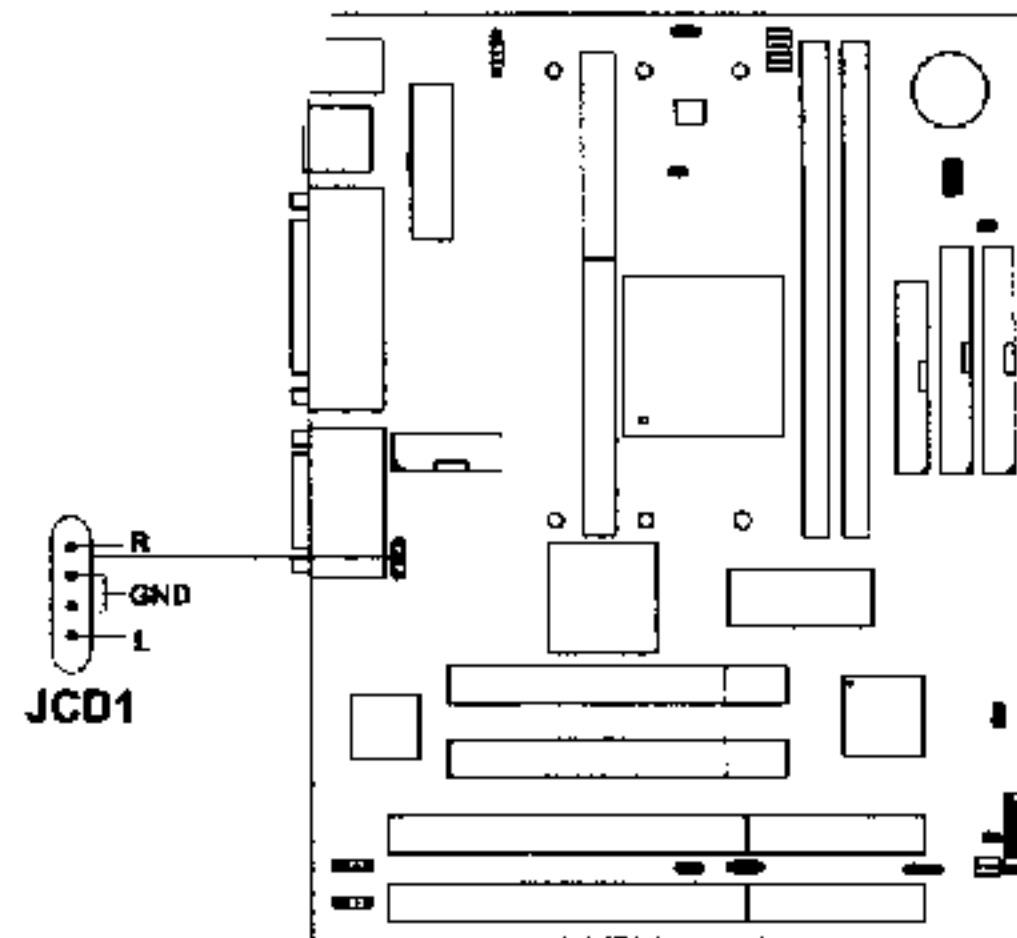
PIN	SIGNAL
1	NC
2	GND
3	MDM_WAKEUP
4	NC
5	5VSB

Note: Modem wake-up signal is active "low".

Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature.
(750 ma power supply with 5V Stand-by)

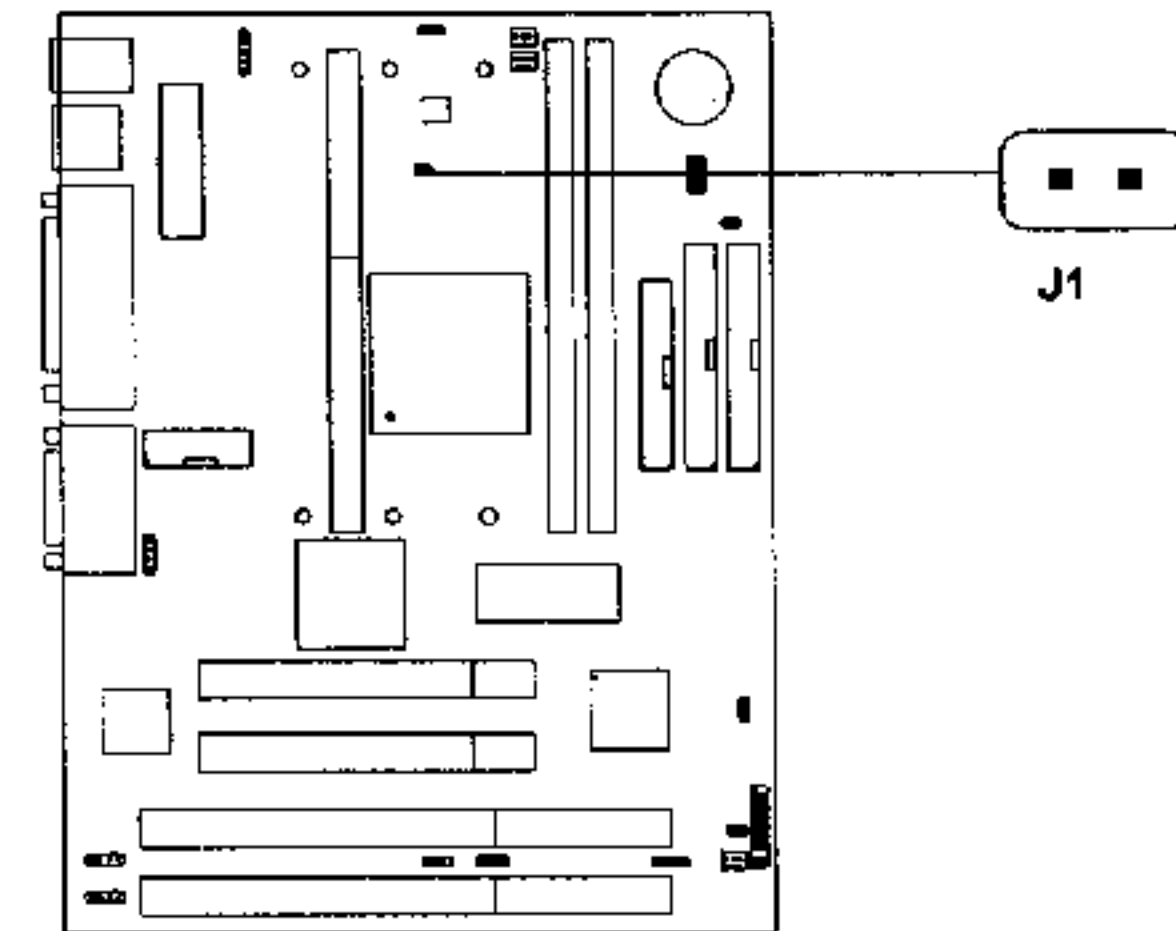
2.20 CD Line-In: JCD1

The mainboard provides CD Line-in connector to let you connect to the cable provided by the CD-ROM



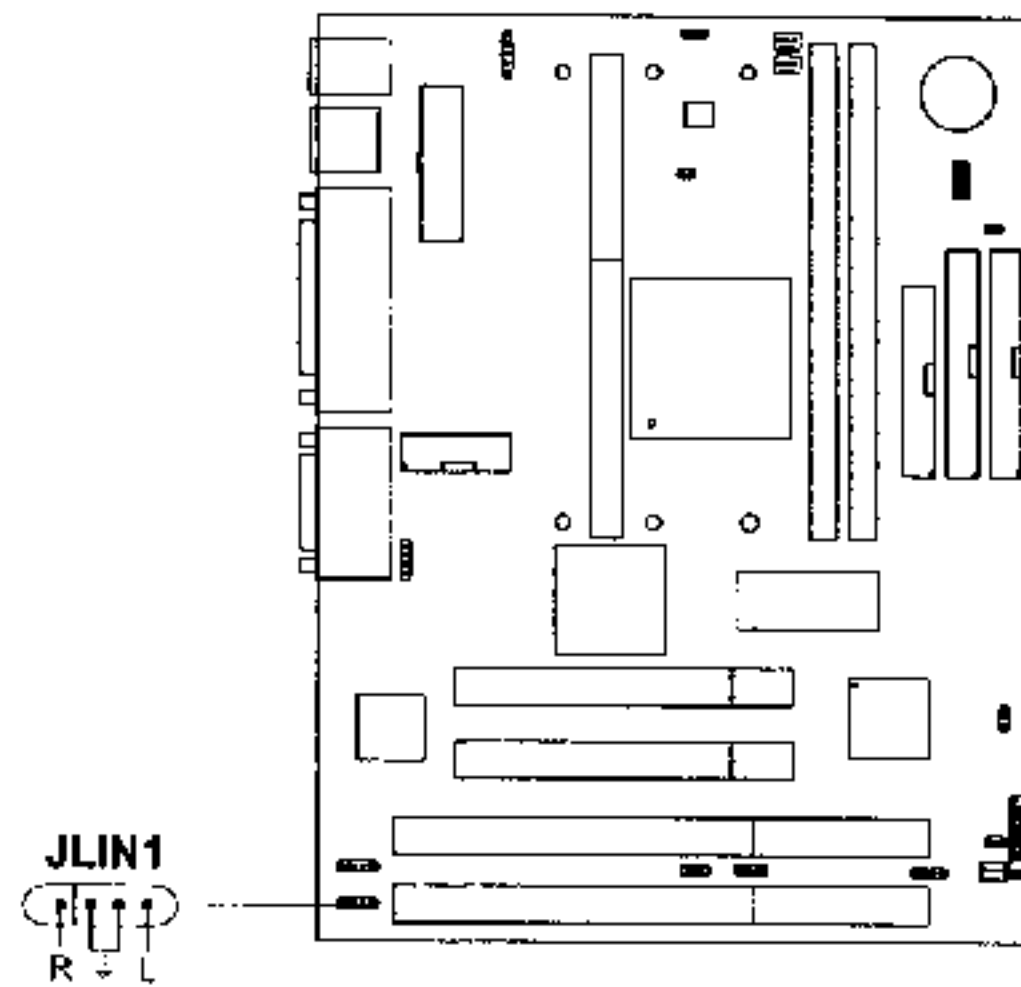
2.21 CPU Temperature Sensor: J1 (optional)

This is used to check the CPU temperature. The J1 is a sensor that is placed near the processor heatsink. This will monitor the CPU temperature.



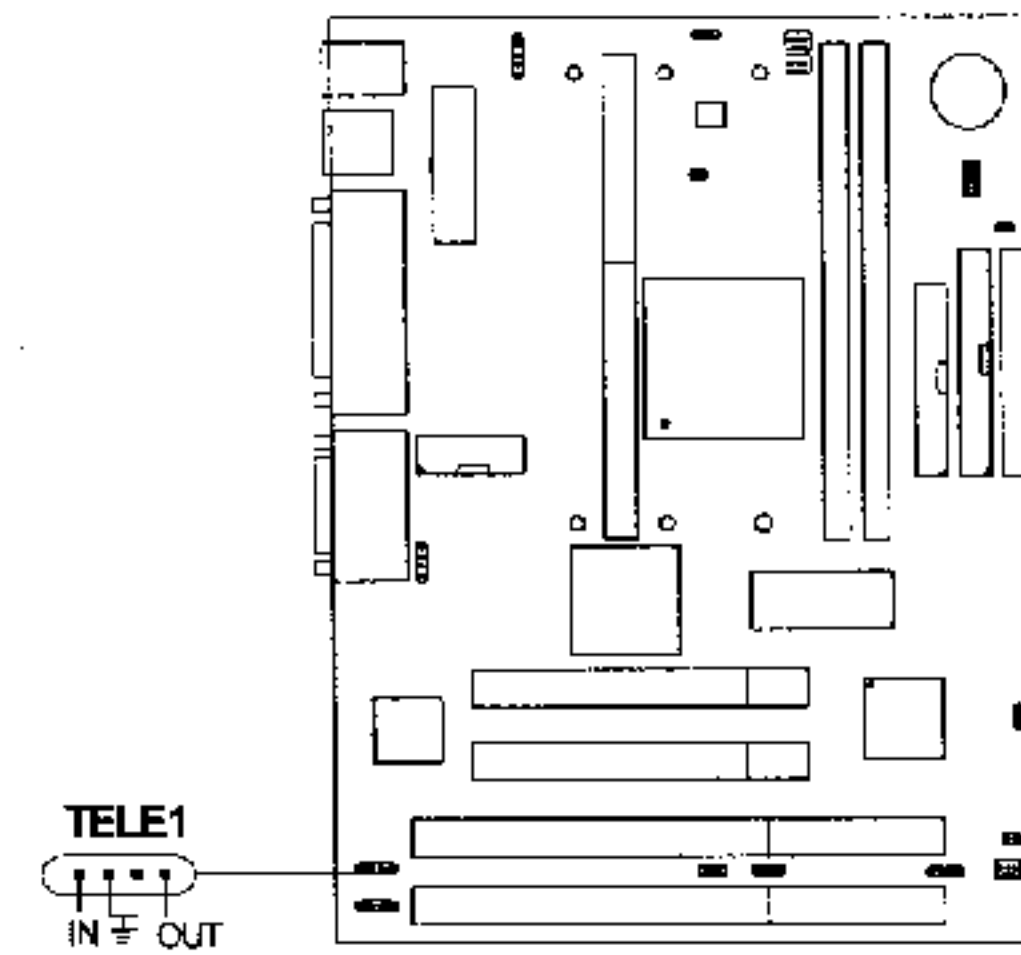
2.22 CD Auxiliary Connector: JLIN1 (optional)

The mainboard provides Auxiliary input for audio.



2.23 Internal Voice Modem Connector: TELE_1 (optional)

This connector is for Modem with internal voice connector.



Chapter 3**AWARD® BIOS SETUP**

Award® BIOS ROM has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed RAM (CMOS RAM), so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

3.1 Entering Setup

Power on the computer and press immediately to allow you to enter Setup. The other way to enter Setup is to power on the computer. When the below message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test), press key or simultaneously press <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Esc> keys.

TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS <CTRL-ALT-ESC>
OR KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the "RESET" button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to,

PRESS <F1> TO CONTINUE, <CTRL-ALT-ESC>
OR TO ENTER SETUP

3.2 Getting Help

Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Status Page Setup Menu/Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press <F1> or <Esc>.

3.3 The Main Menu

Once you enter Award® BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu (Figure 1) will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from eleven setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter the sub-menu.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JM49)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	SPECIAL FEATURES SETUP
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	USER PASSWORD
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
Esc : Quit	
↑↓→← : Select Item	
F10 : Save & Exit Setup (Shift)F2 : Change Color	
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type...	

Standard CMOS Setup

This setup page includes all the items in a standard compatible BIOS.

BIOS Features Setup

This setup page includes all the items of Award special enhanced features.

Chipset Features Setup

This setup page includes all the items of chipset special features.

Power Management Setup

This category determines the power consumption for system after setting the specified items. Default value is Disable.

PCI Configuration Setup

This category specifies the IRQ level for PCI and ISA devices.

Load Setup Defaults

Chipset defaults indicates the values required by the system for the maximum performance.

Special Features Setup

This function is reserved for System Hardware Monitor.

Integrated Peripherals

Change, set, or disable onboard I/O, IRQ, and DMA assignement.

Supervisor Password/User Password

Change, set or disable password. This function allows the user access to the system and setup or just setup.

IDE HDD Auto Detection

Automatically configure hard disk parameters.

Save & Exit Setup

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

3.4 Standard CMOS Setup

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JM49)
STANDARD CMOS SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Date (mm:dd:yy): Fri, Feb 28, 1997	
Time (hh:mm:ss): 00:00:00	
HARD DISKS	TYPE SIZE CYLS HEADS PRECOMP LANDZONZ SECTOR MODE
Primary Master:	Auto 0 0 0 0 0 0 AUTO
Primary Slave :	Auto 0 0 0 0 0 0 AUTO
Secondary Master :	Auto 0 0 0 0 0 0 AUTO
Secondary Slave :	Auto 0 0 0 0 0 0 AUTO
Drive A : 1.44M, 3.5in.	Base Memory: 640K
Drive B : None	Extended Base Memory: 15360K
	Other Memory: 384K
Video : EGA/VGA	Total Memory: 16384K
Halt On : All, but Keyboard	
ESC : Quit	↑↓→← : Select Item
F1 : Help	EU/PD/+/- : Modify
	(Shift)F2 : Change Color

Date

The date format is <day><month> <date> <year>.

Day	Day of the week, from Sun to Sat, determined by BIOS. Read-only.
month	The month from Jan. through Dec.
date	The date from 1 to 31 can be keyed by numeric function keys.
year	The year, depends on the year of the BIOS

Time

The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>.

PrimaryMaster/PrimarySlave**SecondaryMaster/Secondary Slave**

These categories identify the types of 2 channels that have been installed in the computer. There are 45 pre-defined types and 4 user definable types for Enhanced IDE BIOS. Type 1 to Type 45 are pre-defined. Type User is user-definable.

Press PgUp/<+> or PgDn/<-> to select a numbered hard disk type or type the number and press <Enter>. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk drive type is not matched or listed, you can use Type User to define your own drive type manually.

If you select Type User, related information is asked to be entered to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. This information should be provided in the documentation from your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

If the controller of HDD interface is ESDI, the selection shall be "Type 1".

If the controller of HDD interface is SCSI, the selection shall be "None".

If the controller of HDD interface is CD-ROM, the selection shall be "None".

CYLS.	number of cylinders
HEADS	number of heads
PRECOMP	write precom
LANDZONE	landing zone
SECTORS	number of sectors
MODEHDD	access mode

3.5 BIOS Features Setup

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JM49)
 BIOS FEATURES SETUP
 AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Virus Protection By	: None	Video BIOS Shadow	: Enabled
CPU Internal Cache	: Enabled	C8000-CBFFF Shadow	: Disabled
External Cache	: Enabled	CC000-CFFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Quick Power on Self Test	: Disabled	D0000-D3FFF Shadow	: Disabled
Boot From LAN First	: Disabled	D4000-D7FFF Shadow	: Disabled
Boot Sequence	: A,C,SCSI	D8000-DBFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Swap Floppy Drive	: Disabled	DC000-DEFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Boot up Floppy Seek	: Enabled		
Boot up NumLock status	: On		
Security Option	: Setup		
PCI/VGA palette snoop	: Disabled		
OS select for DRAM>64MB	: Non-OS2		
Report No FDD For WIN 95	: Yes		

Esc : Quit	↑↓→← : Select item
F1 : Help PU/PD/+/-	: modify
F5 : Old Value(Shift)	F2 : Color
F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Virus Protection By

During and after the system boots up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and the following error message will appear. For the meantime, you can run an anti-virus program to locate the problem. The settings are None, Both, Trend, or Award.

!WARNING!
 Disk Boot Sector is to be modified
 Type "Y" to accept write or "N" to abort write
 Award Software, Inc.

None (default) No warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

Both/Trend/Award Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector of hard disk partition table.

Note: This function is available only for DOS and other OS that do not trap INT13.

CPU Internal Cache

The default value is Enabled. If your CPU is without Internal Cache then this item "CPU Internal Cache" will not be shown.

Enabled (default) Enable cache
Disabled Disable cache

Note: The internal cache is built in the processor.

CPU External Cache

Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option enables the level 2 cache memory.

Note: The external cache is built in the processor.

Quick Power On Self Test

This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power on the computer. If this is set to Enabled, BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.

Enabled Enable quick POST
Disabled (default) Normal POST

Boot From LAN First

During Enabled, the system will boot from the LAN card (if there's any) first.

Boot Sequence

This category determines which drive the computer searches first for the disk operating system (i.e., DOS). The settings are A,C,SCSI/C,A,SCSI/C,CD-ROM,A/CD-ROM,C,A/D,A,SCSI/E,A,SCSI/F,A,SCSI/SCSLA,C/SCSI,C,A/C only. Default value is A,C,SCSI.

Swap Floppy Drive

Switches the floppy disk drives between being designated as A and B. Default is Disabled.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 720K, 1.2M, and 1.44M are all 80 tracks.

Enabled(default) BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks. Take note that BIOS can not tell from 720K, 1.2M, or 1.44M drive type as they are all 80 tracks.

Disabled BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. There will be no warning message if the drive installed is 360K.

Boot Up NumLock Status

The default value is On.

On (default) Keypad is numeric keys.

Off Keypad is arrow keys.

Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

System	The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
Setup(default)	The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

PCI VGA Palette Snooping

Choose Disabled or Enabled. Some graphic controllers which are not VGA compatible, take the output from a VGA controller and map it to their display as a way to provide the boot information and the VGA compatibility.

However, the color information coming from the VGA controller is drawn from the palette table inside the VGA controller to generate the proper colors, and the graphic controller needs to know what is in the palette of the VGA controller. To do this, the non-VGA graphic controller watches for the Write access to the VGA palette and registers the snoop data. In PCI based systems, where the VGA controller is on the PCI bus and a non-VGA graphic controller is on an ISA bus, the Write Access to the palette will not show up on the ISA bus if the PCI VGA controller responds to the Writes.

In this case, the PCI VGA controller should not respond to the Write. It should only snoop the data and permit the access to be forwarded to the ISA bus. The non-VGA ISA graphic controller can then snoop the data on the ISA bus. Unless you have the above situation, you should disable this option.

Disabled (default)	Disables the function
Enabled	Enables the function

OS Selection for DRAM > 64MB

Allows OS2® to be used with > 64 MB of DRAM. Settings are Non-OS/2 (default) and OS2. Set to OS/2 if using more than 64MB and running OS/2®.

Report No FDD For WIN 95

This function is only used when you are testing SCT for Windows® 95 Logo.

Video BIOS Shadow

Determines whether video BIOS will be copied to RAM for faster execution. Video shadow will increase the video performance.

Enabled (default)	Video shadow is enabled
Disabled	Video shadow is disabled

C8000 - CFFFF Shadow/E8000 - EFFFF Shadow

Determines whether the optional ROM will be copied to RAM for faster execution.

Enabled	Optional shadow is enabled
Disabled (default)	Optional shadow is disabled

Note: For C8000-DFFFF optional-ROM on PCI BIOS, BIOS will automatically enable the shadow RAM. User does not have to select the item.

3.6 Chipset Features Setup

The Chipset Features Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers. These registers control most of the system options in the computer.

Choose the "CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP" from the Main Menu and the following screen will appear.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JM49)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

Auto Configuration	: Enabled	Spread Spectrum Modulated	: Enabled
DRAM Speed Selection	: 60ns		
MA Wait State	: Slow		
EDO RAS# To CAS# Delay	: 3		
EDO RAS# Precharge Time	: 3		
EDO DRAM Read Burst	: x333		
EDO DRAM Write Burst	: x222		
System BIOS Cacheable	: Disabled		
Video BIOS Cacheable	: Disabled		
Video RAM Cacheable	: Disabled		
8 Bit I/O Recovery Time	: 1		
16 Bit I/O Recovery Time	: 1		
Memory Hole At 15M-16M	: Disabled		
Passive Release	: Enabled		
Delayed Transaction	: Disabled		
AGP Aperture Size (MB)	: 64		
SDRAM RAS-To-CAS Delay	: Slow		
SDRAM RAS Precharge Time	: Slow		
SDRAM CAS Latency Time	: 3		
		Esc : Quit	↑↓→← : Select item
		F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : modify
		F5 : Old Value(Shift)	F2 : Color
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Note: Change these settings only if you are familiar with the chipset.

Auto Configuration

Choosing Enabled (default) will automatically configure chipset features using default settings. Choose Disable to customize setup.

DRAM Speed Selection

The DRAM timing is controlled by the DRAM Timing Registers. The timings programmed into this register are dependent on the system design. Slower rates may be required in certain system designs to support loose layouts or slower memory.

60ns	DRAM Timing Type.
50ns	DRAM Timing Type.

MA Wait State

This item allows you to select MA Wait State. The settings are Fast or Slow.

EDO RAS# To CAS# Delay

This sets the relative delay between the row and column address strobes from DRAM (EDO). The settings are 2 or 3.

EDO RAS# Precharge Time

Defines the length of time for Row Address Strobe from DRAM (EDO) is allowed to precharge. The settings are 3 or 4.

EDO DRAM Read Burst

This sets the timing for burst mode reads from DRAM(EDO). Burst Read and write requests are generated by the CPU in four separate parts. The lower the timing numbers, the faster the system will address memory.

x222	Read DRAM (EDO) timings are 2-2-2
x333	Read DRAM (EDO) timings are 3-3-3

EDO DRAM Write Burst

This sets the timing for burst mode writes from DRAM (EDO). Burst read and write requests are generated by the CPU in four separate parts. The lower the timing numbers, the faster the system will address memory.

x222	Write DRAM timings are 2-2-2-2
x333	Write DRAM timings are 3-3-3-3

System BIOS Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

Enabled	BIOS access cached
Disabled	BIOS access not cached

Video BIOS Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at C0000h-F7FFFh, resulting in better video performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

Enabled	Video BIOS access cached
Disabled	Video BIOS access not cached

Video RAM Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the video RAM, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

8 Bit I/O Recovery Time

The recovery time is the length of time, measured in CPU clocks, which the system will delay after the completion of an input/output request. This delay takes place because the CPU is operating so much faster than the input/output bus that the CPU must be delayed to allow for the completion of the I/O.

This items allows you to determine the recovery time allowed for 8 bit I/O. Choices are from NA, 1 to 8 CPU clocks.

16 Bit I/O Recovery Time

This items allows you to determine the recovery time allowed for 16 bit I/O. Choices are from NA, 1 to 4 CPU clocks.

Memory Hole At 15M-16M

In order to improve performance, certain space in memory can be reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16 MB.

Enabled	Memory hole supported.
Disabled	Memory hole not supported.

Passive Release

When Enabled, CPU to PCI bus accesses are allowed during passive release. Otherwise, the arbiter only accepts another PCI master access to local DRAM. The settings are Enabled or Disabled.

Delayed Transaction

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1. The settings are Enabled or Disabled.

AGP Aperture Size (MB)

Select the size the of the Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) aperture. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation.

SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay

This item allows you to select SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay. The settings are Fast or Slow.

SDRAM RAS Precharge Time

This item allows you to select SDRAM RAS Precharge Time. The settings are Fast or Slow.

SDRAM CAS Latency Time

This item allow you to select the SDRAM Latency Time. The settings are 2 or 3.

Spread Spectrum Modulated

This item allows you to select the clock generator Spread Spectrum function. The default is enabled.

3.7 Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup will appear on your screen like this:

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JM49)
 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
 AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

ACPI Function	: Enabled	IRQ 8 Break Suspend	: Disabled
Power Management	: User Define	** Reload Global Timer Events **	
PM Control by APM	: Yes	IRQ [3-7,9-15],NMI	: Disabled
Video Off Method	: DPMS	Primary IDE 0	: Enabled
Video Off After	: Standby	Primary IDE 1	: Enabled
Modem Use IRQ	: 3	Secondary IDE 0	: Disabled
Doze Mode	: Disabled	Secondary IDE 1	: Disabled
Standby Mode	: Disabled	Floppy Disk	: Disabled
Suspend Mode	: Disabled	Serial Port	: Enabled
HDD Power Down	: Disabled	Parallel Port	: Disabled
Throttle Duty Cycle	: 62.5%		
VGA Active Monitor	: Disabled		
Soft Off by PWR-BTTN	: Instant-Off		
CPUFAN OFF in Suspend	: Enabled		
Resume by Ring	: Disabled		
Restore AC/Power Loss	: Power On		
Resume by Alarm	: Disabled		
		Esc : Quit ↑↓→← : Select Item	
		F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : modify	
		F5 : Old Value(Shift) F2 : Color	
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Power Management

This category determines the power consumption for system after selecting below items. Default value is Disable. The following pages tell you the options of each item & describe the meanings of each options.

ACPI Function

During Enabled, this will support ACPI function.

Power Management

Disable

Global Power Management will be disabled.

User Define

Users can configure their own power management.

Min Saving

Pre-defined timer values are used such that all timers are in their MAX value.

Max Saving

Pre-defined timer values are used such that all timers are in their MIN value.

PM Control by APM

No

System BIOS will ignore APM when power managing the system.

Yes

System BIOS will wait for APM's prompt before it enter any PM mode

Note : Enable this for O.S. with APM like Windows® 95, Windows® NT, etc.

Video Off Method

Blank Screen

The system BIOS will only blank off the screen when disabling video.

V/H SYNC C+Blank

In addition to (1), BIOS will also turn off the V-SYNC & H-SYNC signals from VGA card to monitor.

DPMS

This function is enabled only for VGA card supporting DPMS.

Note: Green monitors detect the V/H SYNC signals to turn off its electron gun.

Video Off After

The settings are N/A, Standby, Doze, or Suspend. This option is for choosing the setting in which the monitor will turn off.

N/A	Always turn on.
Doze	During Doze mode, the monitor will be turned off.
Standby	During Standby mode, the monitor will be turned off.
Suspend	During Suspend mode, the monitor will be turned off.

The default setting is Standby.

MODEM Use IRQ

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system. The settings are NA, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, or 11.

Doze Mode

Disable	System will never enter DOZE mode.
1 Min/2 Min/4 Min/8 Min/12 Min/20 Min/30 Min/40 Min/1 Hr	Defines the continuous idle time before the system enters DOZE mode. If any item defined in the options of "Power Down and Resume events" is enabled & active, DOZE timer will be reloaded. When the system have entered Doze mode, any of the items enabled in "Wake Up Events in Doze and Standby" will trigger the system to wake up.

Standby Mode

Disable	System will never enter STANDBY mode.
1 Min/2 Min/4 Min/8 Min/12 Min/20 Min/30 Min/40 Min/1 Hr	Defines the continuous idle time before the system enters STANDBY mode. If any item defined in the options of "Power Down and Resume events" is enabled & active, STANDBY timer will be reloaded. When the system has entered Standby mode, any of the items that are enabled in "Wake Up Events of Doze and Standby" will trigger the system to wake up.

Suspend Mode

Disable	System will never enter SUSPEND mode.
1 Min/2 Min/4 Min/8 Min/12 Min/20 Min/30 Min/40 Min/1 Hr	Defines the continuous idle time before the system enters SUSPEND mode. If any item defined in the options of "Power Down & Resume Events" is enabled & active, SUSPEND timer will be reloaded. When the system has entered SUSPEND mode, any of the items enabled in the "Power Down & Resume Events" will trigger the system to wake up.

HDD Power Down

Disable	HDD's motor will not shut off.
1 Min/2 Min/3 Min/4 Min/5 Min/6 Min/7 Min/8 Min/9 Min/10 Min/11 Min/12 Min/13 Min/14 Min/15 Min	Defines the continuous HDD idle time before the HDD enters the power saving mode (motor off). BIOS will turn off the HDD's motor when time is out.

Throttle Duty Cycle

This option will determine how much power will be used by the CPU, if the system goes into suspend mode.

VGA Active Monitor

During Enabled, if there's no activity in the monitor screen, the system will go into Power Saving Mode. During Disabled, the system will go into Power Saving Mode, whether there is activity in the monitor screen or not. The settings are Disabled and Enabled.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

The settings are Delay 4 sec or Instant-off. During Delay 4 sec, if you push the switch once, the system goes into suspend mode and if you push it more than 4 seconds, the system will be turned off. During instant-off, the system will turn off once you push the switch.

CPUFAN Off in Suspend

During Enabled, if the system goes into suspend mode, the CPU fan will stop. During Disabled, if the system goes into suspend mode the CPU fan will resume. This function is only available for System Hardware Monitor Chipset.

Resume by Ring

During Disabled, the system will ignore any incoming call from the modem or LAN. During Enabled, the system will boot up if there's an incoming call from the modem or LAN.

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system, before this function will work.

Restore on AC/Power Loss

The settings are power on or last status. During power on, after every AC power loss, the system will be turned on. During last status, after every AC power loss, whatever the system status, it will be the same when the AC power returns. **The J5 jumper must be open.**

Resume by Alarm

This function is for setting date and time for your computer to boot up. During Disabled, you cannot use this function. During Enabled, choose the Date and Time Alarm:

Date(of month) Alarm You can choose which day of the month the system will boot up. Set to 0, to boot every day.
Time(hh:mm:ss) Alarm You can choose what hour, minute and second the system will boot up.

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system, before this function will work.

IRQ 8 Break Suspend

You can Enable or Disable monitoring of IRQ 8 so it does not awaken the system from suspend mode.

Reload Global Timer Events

IRQ[3-7,9-15], NMI	: Disabled
Primary IDE 0	: Enabled
Primary IDE 1	: Enabled
Secondary IDE 0	: Disabled
Secondary IDE 1	: Disabled
Floppy Disk	: Disabled
Serial Port	: Enabled
Parallel Port	: Disabled

During Enabled, any event occurring on each device listed above will restart the global time for Standby Mode.

3.8 PNP/PCI Configuration Setup

You can manually configure the PCI Device's IRQ. The following pages tell you the options of each item & describe the meanings of each options.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JM49)
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

PnP OS Installed	:NO	PCI IDE IRQ Map To	: PCI-Auto
Resources Controlled By	:Manual	Primary IDE INT#	: A
Reset Configuration Data	:Disabled	Secondary IDE INT#	: B
IRQ-3 assigned to	:Legacy ISA	Assign IRQ for VGA	: Enabled
IRQ-4 assigned to	:Legacy ISA	Assign IRQ for USB	: Enabled
IRQ-5 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP	Used MEM base addr	: N/A
IRQ-7 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-9 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-10 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-11 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-12 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-14 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-15 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
DMA-0 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
DMA-1 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
DMA-3 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
DMA-5 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
DMA-6 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
DMA-7 assigned to	:PCI/ISA PnP		
		Esc : Quit	↑↓→← : Select item
		F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : modify
		F5 : Old Value(Shift)	F2 : Color
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

PnP OS Installed

When set to YES, BIOS will only initialize the PnP cards used for booting (VGA, IDE, SCSI). The rest of the cards will be initialized by the PnP operating system like Windows® 95 or 98. When set to NO, BIOS will initialize all the PnP cards. So, for non-PnP operating system (DOS, Netware®), this option must set to NO.

Resources Controlled By

By Choosing "Auto", the system BIOS will detect the system resource and automatically assign the relative IRQ and DMA Channel for each peripheral.

By Choosing "Manual"(default), the user will need to assign IRQ & DMA for add-on cards. Be sure that there is no conflict for IRQ/DMA and I/O ports.

Note: When choosing "Auto" you must be sure that all of the system add-on cards are PnP type.

Reset Configuration Data

The system BIOS supports the PnP feature so the system needs to record which resource is assigned and protect resources from conflict. Every peripheral device has a node which is called ESCD. This node records which resources are assigned to it. The system needs to record and update ESCD to the memory locations. These locations (4K) are reserved at the system BIOS.

If Disabled (default) is chosen the system's ESCD will update only when the new configuration varies from the last one.

If Enabled is chosen the system will be forced to update the system's ESCD. Then, this option will be auto-set to Disable.

IRQ-3 assigned to : Legacy ISA
 IRQ-4 assigned to : Legacy ISA
 IRQ-5 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 IRQ-7 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 IRQ-9 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 IRQ-10 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 IRQ-11 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 IRQ-12 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 IRQ-14 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP

IRQ-15 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 DMA-0 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 DMA-1 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 DMA-3 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 DMA-5 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 DMA-6 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
 DMA-7 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP

The above settings will be shown on the screen only if "Manual" is chosen for the *Resources Controlled By* function.

Legacy is the term which signifies that a resource is assigned to the ISA Bus and provides for non PnP ISA add-on card. PCI/ISA PnP signifies that a resource is assigned to the PCI Bus or provides for ISA PnP add-on cards and peripherals.

PCI IDE IRQ Map To

PCI-Auto: This setting is for off-board PCI IDE card and is fully compatible with PCI specifications.

PCI-Slot 1-2: This setting is used if off-board PCI IDE card is not fully compatible with PCI specifications. You must specify which PCI slot the PCI IDE Card is installed in.

ISA: This setting is used if the off-board PCI IDE card uses an edge trigger and IRQ routes directly to the ISA Bus.

Note: The user will need to disable the on-board on-chipset PCI IDE controller when installing off-board PCI IDE add-on cards. (See the INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS SETUP) These two options choose the primary and secondary IDE Channel interrupts when the user installs off-board PCI IDE add-on cards.

Assign IRQ for VGA

Lets the user choose which IRQ to assign for VGA card.

Assign IRQ for USB

Set to Enabled when USB port will be used. Set to Disable if the USB port will not be used.

Used MEM base addr

Lets the user choose the Legacy ISA addr. The settings are NA#, C800, CC00, D000, D400, D800 or DC00.

Used MEM Length

Select a length for the memory area specified in the previous field. The setting are 8K, 16K, 32K, or 64K.

3.9 Load Setup Defaults

This Main Menu item loads the default system values. If the CMOS is corrupted the defaults are loaded automatically. Choose this item and the following message appears:

“ Load Setup Defaults (Y / N) ? N “

To use the Setup defaults, change the prompt to “Y” and press < Enter >

Note: The Setup defaults can be customized to increase performance. However the BIOS defaults can always be used as a back up if there is some problem with the mainboard operation.

3.10 Special Features Setup (optional)

This Special Features Setup are use by System Hardware Monitor chipset. You can manually change the value of each option.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JM49)
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

***** POST SHOWING *****		***** SYSTEM MONITOR *****	
Chassis Fan Detected	: Disabled	CPU Fan RPM	: 6367
Power Fan Detected	: Disabled	System Temperature	: 26°C/78°F
CPU Fan Detected	: Enabled	CPU Temperature	: 28°C/82°F
Voltage Detected	: Enabled	CPU Critical Temp	: Disabled
Vcore Voltage Detected	: Enabled	Shutdown Temp	: Disabled
+2.5V Voltage Detected	: Enabled		
+3.3V Voltage Detected	: Enabled		
+5.0V Voltage Detected	: Enabled		
+ 12V Voltage Detected	: Enabled		
- 12V Voltage Detected	: Enabled		
-5.0V Voltage Detected	: Enabled		
		Esc : Quit ↑↓→← : Select item	
		F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : modify	
		F5 : Old Value(Shift) F2 : Color	
		F6 : Load BIOS Defaults	
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Chassis Fan Detected/Power Fan Detected/CPU Fan Detected/Voltage Detected/Vcore Voltage Detected/+2.5V Voltage Detected/+3.3V Voltage Detected/+5.0 Voltage Detected/+12V Voltage Detected/-12V Voltage Detected/-5.0 Voltage Detected

During Enabled, this will show the CPU/FAN voltage chart during system boot up. During Disabled, this will not show.

Chassis/Power/CPU Fan RPM

During Enabled, this will monitor the RPM of your CPU/Chassis/Power fan.

System Temperature/CPU Temperature

This will show the System and CPU temperature.

CPU Critical Temp

This option is for setting the critical temperature level for the processor. When the processor reach the temperature you set, this will reduce the load on the processor.

Shutdown Temp

This option is for setting the Shutdown temperature level for the processor. When the processor reach the temperature you set, this will shutdown the system. This function only works with Windows® 95 operating system.

3.11 Integrated Peripherals

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69IM49)
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

IDE HDD Block Mode	:Enabled	Onboard Parallel Mode	:378/IRQ7
IDE Primary Master PIO	:Auto	Parallel Port Mode	:SPP
IDE Primary Slave PIO	:Auto	ECP Mode Use DMA	:3
IDE Secondary Master PIO	:Auto	EPP Mode Select	:EPP1.7
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	:Auto		
IDE Primary Master UDMA	:Auto		
IDE Primary Slave UDMA	:Auto		
IDE Secondary Master UDMA	:Auto		
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	:Auto		
On-Chip Primary PCI IDE	:Enabled		
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE	:Enabled		
USB Keyboard Support	:Disabled		
Onboard Sound	:Enabled		
Onboard FDD controller	:Enabled		
Onboard Serial Port 1	:3F8/IRQ4	Esc : Quit	^↓→← : Select item
Onboard Serial Port 2	:2F8/IRQ3	F1 : Help PG/PD/+/-	: modify
UART Mode Select	:Normal	F5 : Old Value(Shift)	F2 : Color
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

IDE HDD Block Mode

Enabled/Disabled Enabled allows the Block mode access for the IDE HDD.

IDE Primary Master PIO

Auto/Mode0/Mode1-4

IDE Primary Slave PIO

Auto/Mode0/Mode1-4

IDE Secondary Master PIO

Auto/Mode0/Mode1-4

IDE Secondary Slave PIO

Auto/Mode0/Mode1-4

For these 4 IDE options, choose "Auto" to have the system BIOS auto detect the IDE HDD operation mode for PIO access.

Note: Some IDE HDD can not operate at the responding HDD's mode. When the user has selected "Auto" and the system BIOS has accepted the HDD response mode, the user may degrade the HDD's operation mode. Ex: IF the HDD reported it can operate in mode 4 but it is not operating properly, the user will have to manually change the operation mode to mode 3.

Choosing Mode 1-4 will have the system ignore the HDD's reported operation mode and use the selected mode instead.

Note: According to ATA specs. Mode 4 transfer rate is > Mode 3 > Mode 2 > Mode 1 > Mode 0. If the user's HDD can operate at Mode 3 the user can also select a slower Mode (i.e. Mode 0-2) but not a faster Mode (ie Mode 4).

On-Chip Primary PCI IDE

Enabled/Disabled

On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE

Enabled/Disabled

The system provides for a On-Board On-Chipset PCI IDE controller that supports Dual Channel IDE (Primary and Secondary). A maximum of 4 IDE devices can be supported. If the user install the Off-Board PCI IDE controller (i.e. add-on cards), the user must choose which channels will be disabled. This will depend on which channel will be used for the Off-Board PCI IDE add-on card.

USB Keyboard Support**Enabled/Disabled**

Choosing Enabled will allow the system to use USB keyboard without a device driver.

Onboard Sound**Enabled/Disabled**

Choosing Enabled will allow the system to use onboard sound. Choose Disabled, when using add-on sound card.

Onboard FDD Controller**Enabled/Disabled**

The system has an on-board Super I/O chip with a FDD controller that supports 2 FDDs for 360K/720K/1.2M/1.44M/2.8M. Choose "Enabled" to use the on-board FDD controller for accessing the FDD. Otherwise choose "Disabled" to use the off-board FDD controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1**Disabled/(3F8/IRQ4)/(2F8/IRQ3)/(3E8/IRQ4)/(2E8/IRQ3)****Onboard Serial Port 2****Disabled/(3F8/IRQ4)/(2F8/IRQ3)/(3E8/IRQ4)/(2E8/IRQ3)**

The system has an On-board Super I/O chipset with 2 serial ports. The On-board serial ports can be selected as:

Disabled

3F8/IRQ4	COM 1 uses IRQ4
2F8/IRQ3	COM 2 uses IRQ3
3E8/IRQ4	COM 3 uses IRQ4
2E8/IRQ3	COM 4 uses IRQ4

Note: Because the ISA Bus Interrupt accepts low to high edge trigger, the interrupt request line cannot be shared by multiple sources. If an off-board ISA add-on card with a serial port is installed the user may have to disable the on-board serial port because it will conflict with IRQ request line for the off-board serial port.

UART Mode Select

This item allow you to determine which Infra Red (IR) function of onboard I/O chip. If you choose IR function, the COM 2 will not function.

Onboard Parallel Mode**Disabled**

**(3BCH/IRQ7)/
(278H/IRQ5)/
(378H/IRQ7)**

There is a built-in parallel port on the on-board Super I/O chipset that provides Standard, ECP, and EPP features. It has the following options:

Disable

3BCH/IRQ7	Line Printer port 0
278H/IRQ5	Line Printer port 2
378H/IRQ7	Line Printer port 1

Parallel Port Mode

SPP : Standard Parallel Port

EPP : Enhanced Parallel Port

ECP : Extended Capability Port

To operate the onboard parallel port as Standard Parallel Port only, choose "SPP." To operate the onboard parallel port in the ECP and SPP modes simultaneously, choose "ECP/SPP." By choosing "ECP", the onboard parallel port will operate in ECP mode only. Choosing "ECP/EPP" will allow the onboard parallel port to support both the ECP and EPP modes simultaneously. The ECP mode has to use the DMA channel, so choose the onboard parallel port with the ECP feature. After selecting it, the following message will appear: "ECP Mode Use DMA" At this time the user can choose between DMA channels 3 or 1. The onboard parallel port is EPP Spec. compliant, so after the user chooses the onboard parallel port with the EPP function, the following message will be displayed on the screen: "EPP Mode Select." At this time either EPP 1.7 spec. or EPP 1.9 spec. can be chosen.

3.12 Supervisor/User Password Setting

This Main Menu item lets you configure the system so that a password is required each time the system boots or an attempt is made to enter the Setup program. Supervisor Password allows you to change all CMOS settings but the User Password setting doesn't have this function. The way to set up the passwords for both Supervisor and User are as follow:

1. Choose "Change Password" in the Main Menu and press <Enter>. The following message appears:

"Enter Password:"

2. The first time you run this option, enter your password up to only 8 characters and press <Enter>. The screen does not display the entered characters. For no password just press <Enter>.
3. After you enter the password, the following message appears prompting you to confirm the password:

"Confirm Password:"

4. Enter exactly the same password you just typed in to confirm the password and press <Enter>.
5. Move the cursor to Save & Exit Setup to save the password.
6. If you need to delete the password you entered before, choose the Supervisor Password and press <Enter>. It will delete the password that you had before.
7. Move the cursor to Save & Exit Setup to save the option you did. Otherwise, the old password will still be there when you turn on your machine next time.

3.13 IDE HDD Auto Detection

You can use this utility to automatically detect the characteristics of most hard drives.

When you enter this utility, the screen asks you to select a specific hard disk for Primary Master. If you accept a hard disk detected by the BIOS, you can enter "Y" to confirm and then press <Enter> to check next hard disk. This function allows you to check four hard disks and you may press the <Esc> after the <Enter> to skip this function and go back to the Main Menu.

ROM ISA BIOS
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

HARD DISKS	TYPE	SIZE	CYLS	HEADS	PRECOMP	LANDZONE	SECTOR	MODE
Primary Master:	Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUTO
Primary Slave :	Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUTO
Secondary Master :	Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUTO
Secondary Slave :	Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUTO

Select Primary Master		Option (N=Skip) : N						
OPTIONS	SIZE	CYLS	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANDZ	SECTOR	MODE	
2	2112	1023	64	0	4094	63	LBA	
1	2113	4095	16	65535	4094	63	NORMAL	
3	2113	2047	32	65535	4094	63	LARGE	

[ESC: Skip]

Chapter 4

AMI® BIOS USER'S GUIDE

The system configuration information and chipset register information is stored in the CMOS RAM. This information is retained by a battery when the power is off. Enter the BIOS setup (if needed) to modify this information.

The following pages will describe how to enter BIOS setup, and all about options.

4.1 Enter BIOS Setup

Enter the AMI® setup Program's Main Menu as follows:

1. Turn on or reboot the system. The following screen appears with a series of diagnostic check.

```

AMIBIOS (C) 1996 American Megatrends Inc.
AGIOMS VXXX XXXXXX

Hit <DEL> if you want to run setup

(C) American Megatrends Inc.
61-XXXX-001169-00111111-071592-182440FX-H

```

2. When the "Hit " message appears, press key to enter the BIOS setup screen.
3. After pressing key, the BIOS setup screen will appear.

Note: If you don't want to modify CMOS original setting, then don't press any key during the system boot.

```

AMIBIOS HIFLEX SETUP UTILITIES - VERSION 1.07
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Standard CMOS Setup
Advanced CMOS Setup
Advanced Chipset Setup
Power Management Setup
PCI/Plug and Play Setup
Peripheral Setup
Hardware Monitor Setup (optional)
Auto-Detect Hard Disks
Change User Password
Change Supervisor Password
Change Language Setting
Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings
Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings
Save Settings and Exit
Exit without Saving

Standard CMOS setup for changing time, hard disk type, etc.

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4. Use the <Up> and <Down> key to move the highlight scroll up or down.
5. Use the <ENTER> key to select the option.
6. To exit, press <ESC>. To save and exit, press <F10>.
7. Section 3.2 to 3.7 will explain the option in more details.

4.2 Standard CMOS Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Standard CMOS Setup" of the main menu screen.

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AMIBIOS SETUP - STANDARD CMOS SETUP
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Date (mm/dd/yyyy): Fri March 20, 1998
Time (hh/mm/ss): 17:09:25

Floppy Drive A: 1.44 MB 3 1/2
Floppy Drive B: Not Installed

      Type  Size  Cyls  Head  WPcom  Sec   LBA  Blk  PIO  32Bit
      Mode  Mode  Mode  Mode
Pri Master :Auto
Pri Slave  :Auto
Sec Master :Auto
Sec Slave  :Auto

Boot Sector Virus Protection Disabled

Month   : Jan-Dec
Day     : 01-31
Year    : 1901-2099

ESC:Exit :Sel
PgUp/PgDn:Modify
F2/F3:Color
  
```

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Standard CMOS Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

4.3 Advanced CMOS Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Advanced CMOS Setup" of the main menu

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AMIBIOS SETUP - ADVANCED CMOS SETUP
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Quick Boot           Enabled
1st Boot Device      Floppy
2nd Boot Device      IDE #
3rd Boot Device      CD-ROM
Try Other Boot Devices Yes
Floppy Access Control Read-Write
S.M.A.R.T. For Hard Disk Disabled
BootUp Num-Lock      On
Floppy Drive Swap    Disabled
Floppy Drive Seek    Disabled
PS/2 Mouse Support   Enabled
Primary Display      Abset
Password Check       Setup
Parity Check         Disabled
Boot to OS/2 54K     No
System BIOS Cacheable Enabled
C000, 16k Shadow     Cached
C400, 16k Shadow     Cached
C800, 16k Shadow     Disabled
CC00, 16k Shadow     Disabled

Available Options:
Enabled
Disabled

ESC:Exit :Sel
PgUp/PgDn:Modify
F2/F3:Color
  
```

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Advanced CMOS Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:**Quick Boot**

Set this option to Enabled to permit AMI® BIOS to boot within 5 seconds. This option replaces the old ABOVE 1 MB Memory Test option. The Optimal default setting is Enabled. The Fail-Safe default setting is Disabled.

1st Boot Device/2nd Boot Device/3rd Boot Device

This option sets the sequence of boot drives.

The settings are:

IDE0	The system will boot from the first HDD.
IDE1	The system will boot from the Second HDD.
IDE2	The system will boot from the Third HDD.
IDE3	The system will boot from the Fourth HDD.
F(optical)	The system will boot from LS-120(120M Floppy).
SCSI	The system will boot from the SCSI.
Network	The system will boot from the Network drive.
CD-ROM	The system will boot from the CD-ROM.
Disable	Disable this sequence.

Try other Boot Devices

This option sets the device boot, if all the Four Boot Devices failed.

Floppy Access Control

This option sets the Floppy to Read-only or Read-Write.

S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disks

This option sets the SMART Function for the hard disk. The hard disk need to have SMART function for this feature to work.

Boot up Num Lock

When this option is set to Off, AMI® BIOS turns off the Num Lock key when the system is powered on. The end user can then use the arrow keys on both the numeric keypad and the keyboard. The settings are On or Off. The optimal default and Fail-Safe default settings are On.

Floppy Drive Swap

Set this option to Enabled to specify that floppy drives A: and B: are swapped. The setting are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Floppy Drive Seek

When this option is set to Enabled, AMI® BIOS performs a Seek command on floppy drive A: before booting the system. The settings are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

PS/2® Mouse Support

When this option is set to Enabled, AMI® BIOS supports a PS/2® mouse. The settings are Enabled and Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Enabled.

Primary Display

This option configures the primary display subsystem in the computer. The settings are Mono(monochrome), 40CGA, 80CGA or VGA/EGA. The optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are VGA/EGA.

Password Check

This option specifies the type of AMI® BIOS password protection that is implemented. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Setup.

Parity Check

Set this option to Enabled to use the Parity Check function. The DIMM module need to have parity bit for this function to work.

Boot to OS/2®

Set this option to Enabled to permit the BIOS to run properly, if OS/2® is to be used with > 64MB of DRAM. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-safe default settings are Disabled.

Internal Cache/External Cache

This option selects the type of caching algorithm used by AMI® BIOS and the CPU for L1 cache memory(internal/external to the CPU). The settings are Writeback - a writeback algorithm is used, Write-through - a write-through algorithm is used or Disabled - AMI® BIOS does not specify the type of caching algorithm. The algorithm is set by the CPU. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Writeback.

System BIOS Cacheable

AMI® BIOS always copies the system BIOS from ROM to RAM for faster execution. Set this option to Enabled to permit the contents of the F0000h RAM memory segment to be written to and read from cache memory. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal default setting is Enabled. The Fail-Safe default setting is Disabled.

C000, 16K Shadow/C400, 16k Shadow

These options specify how the contents of the video ROM are handled. The settings are:

Disabled - the Video ROM is not copied to RAM.

Cached - the contents of the video ROM from C0000h - C7FFFh are not only copied from ROM to RAM; it can also be written to or read from cache memory.

Shadow - the Contents of the video ROM from C0000h - C7FFFh are copied(shadowed) from ROM to RAM for faster execution.

The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is Cached.

C800, 16k Shadow/CC00, 16k Shadow

These options specify how the contents of the adaptor ROM named in the option title are handled. The ROM area that is not used by ISA adapter cards will be allocated to PCI adapter cards. The settings are;

Disabled - The specified ROM is not copied to RAM.

Cache - The contents of the ROM area are not only copied from ROM to RAM for faster execution, it can also be written to or read from cache memory.

Shadow - The contents of the ROM area are copied from ROM to RAM for faster execution.

The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

4.4 Advanced Chipset Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Advanced Chipset Setup" of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - ADVANCED CHIPSET SETUP		
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Auto Configure EDO DRAM Timing	Enabled	Available Options:
EDO DRAM Speed (ns)	60	Enabled
EDO Read Burst Timing	x222	Disabled
EDO Write Burst Timing	x222	
EDO RAS Precharge Timing	3 clocks	
EDO RAS to CAS Delay	3 clocks	
MA wait State	Fast	
**** SDRAM Timing ****		
SDRAM RAS to CAS Delay	2 Clks	
SDRAM CAS Latency	3 Clks	
SDRAM RAS Precharge Time	2 Clks	
Fixed Memory Hole	Disabled	
AGP Aperture Size	64 MB	
USB Passive Release	Enabled	
PIIX4 Passive Release	Enabled	
PIIX4 Delayed Transaction	Enabled	
USB Function	Enabled	
USB Keyboard Legacy Support	Disabled	
ESC:Exit :Sel PgUp/PgDn:Modify F2/F3:Color		

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Advanced Chipset Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

Auto Configure EDO DRAM Timing

Choose Enabled(default) will automatically configure the DRAM timing depending on the "DRAM Speed" selection. Choose disable to customize setup.

EDO DRAM Speed (ns)

This option specifies the RAS access time (in nanoseconds) for the DRAM used in the computer. The settings are 50,60 or 70. The Optimal default setting is 60 and the Fail-Safe default setting is 70.

EDO DRAM Read Burst Timing

Choose DRAM read burst timing for the customize setup. B stand for BEDO DRAM, E stand for EDO DRAM and F stand for FAST PAGEDRAM.

EDO DRAM Write Burst Timing

Choose DRAM write burst timing for the customize setup.

EDO RAS Precharge Timing

This option defines the RAS# precharge requirements for the EDO memory type in 66MHz clocks.

EDO RAS to CAS Delay

This operation decide the delay in assertion of CAS#(SCAS#) from assertion of RAS#(SRAS#) in 66MHz.

MA Wait State

This option selects Fast or Slow MA bus timing. The Slow timing is equal to Fast+1, in term of clock number for EDO DRAM.

SDRAM RAS to CAS Delay

This operation decide the delay in assertion of CAS#(SCAS#) from assertion of RAS#(SRAS#) in 66MHz.

SDRAM CAS Latency

This option determines the CAS latency time parameter of SDRAM. The settings are 2 clks or 3 clks.

SDRAM RAS Precharge Time

This option defines the RAS# precharge requirements for the SDRAM memory type in 66MHz clocks.

Fixed Memory Hole

This option allows the end user to specify the location of a memory hole. The cycle matching the selected memory hole will be passed to the ISA bus. If Enabled, the selected hole is not remapped.

AGP Aperture Size

This option determines the effective size of the graphics aperture used in the particular PAC configuration. The AGP aperture is memory-mapped, while graphics data structure can reside in a graphics aperture. The aperture range should be programmed as not cacheable in the processor cache, accesses with the aperture range are forwarded to the main memory, then PAC will translate the original issued address via a translation table that is maintained on the main memory. The option allows the selection of an aperture size of 4MB, 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB, and 256MB.

USB Passive Release

During Enabled, this will allow the PIIX4® to use passive release (look at PIIX4® Passive Release) while transferring control information or data for USB transaction. During Disabled, PIIX4® will perform PCI accesses for USB without using passive release.

PIIX4® Passive Release

The PIIX4® ISA bridge support GAT (Guaranteed Access Time) mode, which will now violate the spirit of the PCI specification. The systems provides a programmable passive release mechanism to meet the required master latencies. During Enabled, ISA masters may see long delays in accessing PCI memory, including the main DRAM array. The ISA GAT mode is also not supported during enable. ISA masters must honor IOCHRDY.

PIIX4® Delayed Transaction

During Enabled, the PIIX4® delay transaction mechanism is enabled when the PIIX4® is the target of a PCI transaction. A read cycle from Host to PCI is immediately retrived due to any pending PCI to DRAM cycle. During Disabled, a read cycle from Host to PCI is waited until time-out due to any pending PCI to DRAM cycle.

USB Function

Set this option to Enabled or Disabled the on-chip USB controller. The Optional and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

USB Keyboard Legacy Support

Set this option to Enabled or Disabled USB keyboard/mouse. The Optional and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

4.5 Power Management Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Power Management Setup" of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP		
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Power Management / APM	Disabled	Available Options:
Green PC Monitor Power State	Stand By	Enabled
Video Power Down Mode	Suspend	Disabled
Hard Disk Power Down Mode	Stand By	
Standby Time Out	1	
Suspend Time Out	1	
Throttle Slow Clock Ratio	50-62.5%	
Modem Use IO Port	N/A	
Modem Use IRQ	N/A	
Display Activity	Ignore	
Device 6(Serial Port 1)	Monitor	
Device 7(Serial Port 2)	Monitor	
Device 8(Parallel Port)	Ignore	
Device 5(Floppy Disk)	Monitor	
Device 0(Primary master IDE)	Monitor	
Device 1(Primary slave IDE)	Ignore	
Device 2(Secondary master IDE)	Ignore	
Device 3(Secondary slave IDE)	Ignore	
Power Button Function	Suspend	
Ring Resume From Soft-Off	Disabled	
RTC Alarm Resume From Soft-Off	Disabled	
RTC Alarm Date	15	ESC:Exit ;Sel
RTC Alarm Hour	12	PgUp/PgDn:Modify
RTC Alarm Minute	50	F2/F3:Color
RTC Alarm Second	30	

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Power Management Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

Power Management/APM

Set this option to Enabled to enable the chipset's power management features and APM(Advanced Power Management). The settings are Enabled, Inst-On(instant-on) or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Green PC Monitor Power State

This option specifies the power state that the green PC-compliant video monitor enters when AMI® BIOS places it in a power savings state after the specified period of display inactivity has expired. The settings are Off, Standby, Suspend or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Standby.

Video Power Down Mode

This option specifies the power conserving state that the VESA VGA video subsystem enters after the specified period of display inactivity has expired. The settings are Disabled, Standby or Suspend. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Standby.

Hard Disk Power Down Mode

This option specifies the power conserving state that the hard disk drive enters after the specified period of hard drive inactivity has expired. The settings are Disabled, Standby or Suspend. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Standby Time Out

This option specifies the length of a period of system inactivity while in Full power on state. When this length of time expires, the computer enters Standby power state. The settings are Disabled, 1 min, 2 min, 3 min, 4 min, 5 min, 6 min, 7 min, 8 min, 9 min, 10 min, 11 min, 12 min, 13 min, 14 min or 15 min. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Suspend Time Out

This option specifies the length of a period of system inactivity while in Standby state. When this length of time expires, the computer enters Suspend power state. The settings are Disabled, 1 min, 2 min, 3 min, 4 min, 5 min, 6 min, 7 min, 8 min, 9 min, 10 min, 11 min, 12 min, 13 min, 14 min or 15 min. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Throttle Slow Clock Ratio

This option specifies the speed at which the system clock runs in power saving states. The settings are expressed as a ratio between the normal CPU clock speed and the CPU clock speed when the computer is in the power-conserving state.

Modem Use IO Port

This indicates which I/O port will be used by the Modem(if there is a Modem).

Modem Use IRQ

This indicates which IRQ no. will be used by the Modem(if there is a Modem).

Display Activity/Device 6/Device 7/Device 8/Device 5/Device 0/Device 1/Device 1/Device 2/Device 3/System Thermal

When set to Monitor, these options enable event monitoring on the specified hardware interrupt request line. If set to Monitor and the computer is in a power saving state, AMI® BIOS watches for activity on the specified IRQ line. The computer enters the full on power state if any activity occurs.

AMI® BIOS reloads the Standby and Suspend timeout timers if activity occurs on the specified IRQ line.

Power Button Function

During Suspend, if you push the switch once, the system goes into suspend mode and if you push it more than 4 seconds, the system will be turned off. During On/Off, the system will turn off once you push the switch.

Ring Resume from Soft-Off

During Disabled, the system will ignore any incoming call from the modem. During Enabled, the system will boot up if there's an incoming call from the modem.

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system. Then, power off the system. This function will work the next time you power on.

RTC Alarm Resume From Soft-Off

This function is for setting the Date, Hour, Minute, and Second for your computer to boot up. During Disabled, you cannot use this function. During Enabled, Choose the Date, Hour, Minute, and Second:

RTC Alarm Date	Choose which day the system will boot up.
RTC Alarm Hour	Choose which hour the system will boot up.
RTC Alarm Minute	Choose which minute the system will boot up.
RTC Alarm Second	Choose which second the system will boot up.

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system. Then, power off the system. This function will work the next time you power on.

4.6 PCI/Plug and Play Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "PCI/Plug and Play Setup" of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - PCI/PLUG AND PLAY SETUP		
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Plug and Play Aware O/S	No	Available Options: Enabled
PCI Latency Timer (PCI Clocks)	64	Disabled
PCI VGA Palette Snoop	Disabled	Disabled
Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA	Yes	
OffBoard PCI IDE Card	Auto	
OffBoard PCI IDE Primary IRQ	Disabled	
OffBoard PCI IDE Secondary IRQ	Disabled	
DMA Channel 0	PnP	
DMA Channel 1	PnP	
DMA Channel 3	PnP	
DMA Channel 5	PnP	
DMA Channel 6	PnP	
DMA Channel 7	PnP	
IRQ3	PCI/PnP	
IRQ4	PCI/PnP	
IRQ5	PCI/PnP	
IRQ7	PCI/PnP	
IRQ8	PCI/PnP	
IRQ9	PCI/PnP	
IRQ10	PCI/PnP	
IRQ11	PCI/PnP	
IRQ12	PCI/PnP	
IRQ14	PCI/PnP	
IRQ15	PCI/PnP	

2. Use <Up> and <Down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the PCI/Plug and Play Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

Plug and Play Aware O/S

Set this option to Yes if the operating system in this computer is aware of and follows the Plug and Play specification. Currently, only Windows® 95 or 98 is PnP-aware. The settings are Yes or No. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings No.

PCI Latency Timer (PCI Clocks)

This option specifies the latency timings (in PCI clocks) for all PCI devices on the PCI bus. The settings are 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224 or 248. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are 64.

PCI VGA Palette Snoop

When this option is set to Enabled, multiple VGA devices operating on different buses can handle data from the CPU on each set of palette registers on every video device. Bit 5 of the command register in the PCI device configuration space is the VGA Palette Snoop bit (0 is disabled). For example, if there are two VGA devices in the computer (one PCI and ISA) and the Bit settings are:

Disabled - Data read and written by the CPU is only directed to the PCI VGA device's palette registers.

Enabled - Data read and written by the CPU is directed to both the PCI VGA device's palette registers and the ISA VGA device palette registers, permitting the palette registers of both devices to be identical.

This option must be set to Enabled if an ISA adapter card requires VGA palette snooping. The settings are Enabled or Disabled. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA

Choose the IRQ to be assigned to the PCI VGA display adapter card. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default setting is No.

Offboard PCI IDE Card

This option specifies if an offboard PCI IDE controller adapter card is installed in the computer. You must specify the PCI expansion slot on the mainboard where the offboard PCI IDE controller is installed. If an offboard PCI IDE controller is used, the onboard IDE controller is automatically disabled. The settings are Auto (AMI® BIOS automatically determines where the offboard PCI IDE controller adapter card is installed), Slot1, Slot2, Slot3 or Slot4. The Optimal and Fail-Safe settings are Auto.

If an offboard PCI IDE controller adapter card is installed in the computer, you must also set the Offboard PCI IDE Primary IRQ and Offboard PCI IDE Secondary IRQ options.

**Offboard PCI IDE Primary IRQ/
Offboard PCI IDE Secondary IRQ**

These options specify the PCI interrupt used by the Primary (or Secondary) IDE channel on the offboard PCI IDE controller. The settings are Disabled, Hardwired, INTA, INTB, INTC or INTD. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Disabled.

DMA Channel 0/1/3/5/6/7

These options specify the bus that the specified DMA channel is used. These options allow you to reserve DMAs for legacy ISA adapter cards.

These options determine if AMI® BIOS should remove a DMA from the available DMAs passed to devices that are configurable by the system BIOS. The available DMA pool is determined by reading the ESCD NVRAM. If more DMAs must be removed from the pool, the end user can use these options to reserve the DMA by assigning an ISA/EISA setting to it.

IRQ3/IRQ4/IRQ5/IRQ7/IRQ9/IRQ10/IRQ11/IRQ14/IRQ15

These options specify the bus that the specified IRQ line is used on. These options allow you to reserve IRQs for legacy ISA adapter cards.

These options determine if AMI® BIOS should remove an IRQ from the pool of available IRQs passed to devices that are configurable by the system BIOS. The available IRQ pool is determined by reading the ESCD NVRAM. If more IRQs must be removed from the pool, the end user can use these options to reserve the IRQ by assigning an ISA/EISA setting to it. Onboard I/O is configured by AMI® BIOS. All IRQs used by onboard I/O are configured as PCI/PnP. If all IRQs are set to ISA/EISA and IRQ14 and 15 are allocated to the onboard PCI IDE, IRQ9 will still be available for PCI and PnP devices, because at least one IRQ must be available for PCI and PnP devices. The settings are ISA/EISA or PCI/PnP. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are IRQ3 through 7 are ISA/EISA. The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings PCI/PnP.

4.7 Peripheral Setup

1. Press <ENTER> on "Peripheral Setup" of the main menu screen.

AMIBIOS SETUP - PERIPHERAL SETUP		
(C) 1996 American Megatrends, Inc. All Rights Reserved		
OnBoard Yamaha Sound(optional)	Enabled	Available Options: Enabled Disabled
OnBoard FDC	Enabled	
OnBoard Serial PortA	3F8h/COM1	ESC:Exit :Sel PgUp/PgDn:Modify F2/F3:Color
OnBoard Serial PortB	2F8h/COM2	
IR I/O Pin Location Select	SINB/SOUTB	
Serial Port Mode	Normal	
IR Duplex Mode	N/A	
IR Protocol	N/A	
OnBoard Parallel Port	378	
Parallel Port Mode	ECP	
EPP Version	N/A	
Parallel Port IRQ	7	
Parallel Port DMA Channel	3	
Onboard IDE	Both	

2. Use <up> and <down> to choose the item and <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to modify the highlighted item.
3. After you have finished with the Peripheral Setup, press <ESC> to go back to the main menu.

Description of the item on screen follows:

Onboard FDC

Choose Auto, for the BIOS to automatically detect the device

If the ISA add-on card has	Onboard FDC to be set at
FDC exist	Disabled
none FDC exist	Enabled

Choose Enabled, Enabling onboard FDC.
Choose Disabled, Disabling onboard FDC.
The Optimal and Fail-Safe default settings are Auto.

Onboard Serial Port A/Onboard Serial Port B

Choose 3F8, for the BIOS to automatically detect the device.

If the ISA add-on card has				Onboard Serial port to be set at			
COM1 (I/O:3F8H)	COM2 (I/O:3F8H)	COM3 (I/O:3E8H)	COM4 (I/O:2E8H)	PORT1	IRQ ASSIGNED	PORT2	IRQ ASSIGNED
✓	✓	✓	✓	DISABLED	X	DISABLED	X
✓	✓	X	X	COM3	4	COM4	3
X	X	✓	✓	COM1	4	COM2	3
✓	X	X	✓	COM2	3	COM3	4
X	✓	✓	X	COM1	4	COM4	3
✓	✓	✓	X	COM4	3	DISABLED	X
✓	✓	X	✓	COM3	4	DISABLED	X
✓	X	✓	✓	COM2	3	DISABLED	X
X	✓	✓	✓	COM1	4	DISABLED	X
X	X	X	X	COM1	4	COM2	3
✓	X	X	X	COM2	3	COM3	4
X	✓	X	X	COM1	4	COM3	4
X	X	✓	X	COM1	4	COM2	3
X	X	X	✓	COM1	4	COM2	3

Note: If the onboard serial port interrupt and ISA add-on card interrupt are in conflict, the serial port will not work properly. Please disable one of the devices.

Onboard Parallel Port

Choose Auto, the BIOS automatically assigned onboard parallel port to the available parallel port or disabled.

If the ISA add-on card has			Onboard parallel port to be set as	
LPT1 I/O:378H	LPT2 I/O:278H	LPT3 I/O:3BCH	PORT ASSIGNED	IRQ ASSIGNED
✓	✓	✓	Disabled	X
✓	✓	X	LPT3	5
✓	X	✓	LPT2	5
X	✓	✓	LPT1	7
✓	X	X	LPT2	5
X	✓	X	LPT1	7
X	X	✓	LPT1	7
X	X	X	LPT1	7

Note: If the onboard parallel port interrupt and ISA add-on card interrupt are in conflict, the parallel port will not work properly. Please disable one of the devices.

EPP Version

This option is for setting which EPP version will be used. The settings are 1.7 and 1.9.

Parallel Port Mode

This option allows user to choose the operating mode of the onboard parallel port. The settings are Normal, SPP/EPP or ECP mode.

Parallel Port IRQ

If the onboard parallel mode is not on auto mode, the user can select the interrupt line for onboard parallel port. We suggest that the user select the interrupt for the onboard parallel port as shown below:

Onboard parallel port set at	Parallel Port IRQ
LPT1(378H)	7
LPT2(278H)	5
LPT3(3BCH)	5

Parallel Port DMA Channel

This option allows user to choose DMA channel 1 to 3 for the onboard parallel port on ECP mode.

Onboard IDE

Set this option to enable or disable on board IDE controller.

4.8 Hardware Monitor Setup (optional)

The Hardware Monitor Setup is used to monitor the Current CPU temperature, CPU Fan speed, Chassis Fan Speed, Power fan speed, Vcore, etc.

AMIBIOS SETUP - HARDWARE MONITOR SETUP		
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--System Hardware Monitor--		Available Options:
System Thermal	Ignore	Enabled
Thermal Slow Clock Ratio	50-62.5%	Disabled
CPU Critical Temperature	40°C/104°F	
Current CPU Temperature	30°C/100°F	
Current CPU Fan Speed	5273RPM	
Current Chassis Fan Speed	0 RPM	
Current Power Fan Speed	0 RPM	
Vcore	2.2V	
Vbt	1.5V	
Vic	3.3V	
+5.000V	+5V	
+12.000V	+12V	
-12.000V	-12V	
-5.000V	-5V	
		ESC:Exit :Sel
		PgUp/PgDn:Modify
		F2/F3:Color

Chapter 5

ATI® 3D RAGE PRO/ATI® 3D RAGE IIC VGA DRIVER

1. Overview

The ATI® 3D RAGE PRO/ATI® 3D RAGE IIC is a highly integrated graphics controller. Incorporated within this single chip are the 2D, 3D, and video accelerators, palette DAC, and dual-clock synthesizer. This multi-function integrated controller delivers TV-quality scaled video optimized for MPEG playback, industry-leading mach64 2D performance.

1.1 ATI® RAGE PRO Features

- Support 8M SDRAM for 100MHz.
- Support AGP 2X BUS Up to 133MHz.
- Complete 3D primitive support: points, lines, triangles, strips, and quadrilaterals.
- 4K On-chip Texture Cache.
- 16-bit Z buffer.

1.2 ATI® RAGE IIC Features

- Support 8M SDRAM for 83MHz.
- Support AGP 1X BUS Up to 66MHz.
- Complete 3D primitive support: points, lines, triangles, lists, strips, and quadrilaterals.
- Hidden surface removal using 16-bit Z-buffering.
- Support for single pass bi-and tri-linear texture filtering.

1.3 System Requirements

This section describes system requirements for the VGA Driver installation and Usage.

Computer	Intel® Pentium® II processor or higher
Monitor	VGA Support, minimum 640x480 resolution
Operating system	DOS 5.0 or higher, Windows® 95, Windows® NT 3.51 or 4.0, or OS/2®
CD-ROM	Double Speed or Higher
Chipset	ATI® 3D RAGE II C/ATI® RAGE PRO
VGA BIOS	Version 1.01 or Higher

2. ATI® 3D VGA Driver Setup & Usage Procedures

Insert the CD-title into your CD-ROM drive. This CD will auto-run. This will display installation for VGA driver and sound driver. Also included are Norton® Antivirus. Just click the button for automatic installation for VGA driver.

2.1 Windows® 95

If you start Windows® 95, this will automatically detect this hardware onboard "PCI Multimedia Audio Device" and "Gameport Joystick". You need to click "Next", then "Finish". Do not click on the "Cancel". The driver need these ID.

2.1-1 Display Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Insert the provided CD_ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive.
- Step 2:** Look for the CD_ROM drive, double click on the CD_ROM icon. This will show the setup screen.
- Step 3:** Click on "ATI Installation" icon.
- Step 4:** This will show an ATI installation menu.
- Step 5:** Click on "Display Drivers".
- Step 6:** Click "OK".
- Step 7:** This will copy the VGA drivers into the hard drive.
- Step 8:** A message will appear stating you must restart the Windows® 95 system, select yes to restart.
- Step 9:** After restarting, Windows® 95 will show a new display setting.

2.1-2 Changing resolution, color depth, and refresh rate:

- Step 1:** Click Start menu and select **Control Panel** from **Settings** group.
- Step 2:** Select **Display** icon.
- Step 3:** Select **Settings**.
- Step 4:** Select **Color Palette** to change between 16 color, 256 color, Hi color, or True color.
- Step 5:** Select desktop resolution from 640x480, 800x600, 1024x768, and 1280x1024.
- Step 6:** Select **Refresh rate** list box to change the screen refresh rate.
- Step 7:** Click **OK** or **Apply**.

2.1-3 ATI Video Player for Windows 95

- Step 1:** Insert the provided CD-ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive.
- Step 2:** Look for the CD-ROM drive, double click on the CD-ROM icon. This will show the setup screen.
- Step 3:** Click on "ATI Installation" icon.
- Step 4:** This will show an ATI installation menu.
- Step 5:** Click on "ATI Video Player".
- Step 6:** This will show "ATI Video Player Setup" icon.
- Step 7:** Click on "Finish".
- Step 8:** This will copy the necessary files into the hard drive.
- Step 9:** After restarting, ATI setup is completed.

Note: Xing Software MPEG is incompatible with Windows® 95.

2.2 Windows® NT 4.0

You need to install Windows® NT "Service Pack", before you install Windows® NT driver.

2.2-1 Display Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Click Start menu and select **Control Panel** from **Settings** group.
- Step 2:** Select **Display** icon.
- Step 3:** Select **Settings** on the Display Properties.
- Step 4:** Select **Display Type**.
- Step 5:** Select **Change** from the **Adapter Type Area**.
- Step 6:** Select **Have Disk** of **Change Display**.
- Step 7:** Insert the **CD-Title Disk** into CD-ROM Drive.
- Step 8:** When the **Install from Disk** dialog box appears, look for your CD-ROM drive `\\VGAATTNT40\ati.inf`.
- Step 9:** When the **Change Display** dialog box appears, click **OK**.
- Step 10:** When the **Third-party Drivers** dialog box appears, click **Yes**. A message will appear stating that the drivers were successfully installed. Click **OK**. You must now restart Windows® NT 4.0.

2.2-2 Changing resolution, color depth, and refresh rate:

- Step 1:** Click Start menu and select Control Panel from Settings group.
- Step 2:** Select Display icon.
- Step 3:** Select Settings.
- Step 4:** Select Color Palette to change between 16 color, 256 color, 32768 colors, 65536 colors, and 16777216 colors.
- Step 5:** To select desktop resolution size, go to the Desktop area and use the slide bar to change resolution from 640x480, 800x600, 1024x768, to 1280x1024.
- Step 6:** Select Test to test the resolution. If the display test screen was good, then select Yes when the Testing Mode dialog box appears. If the display test screen was bad, then select No. Windows® NT will give you an error message.
- Step 7:** Click OK. If the display test screen was good and you select Yes, Windows® NT 4.0 will change the mode without restarting the system.

2.3 AutoCAD, OS/2 and other application. Please refer to “On-Line Manual” in the CD-ROM. You need to install the “Acrobat Reader 3.01” program first.

Chapter 6**YAMAHA® YMF740 AUDIO DRIVER****1. Overview**

The YAMAHA® YMF740 PCI audio integrates OPL3, MPU401 MIDI interface and joystick port. This function is suitable for multi-media applications.

1.1 Features

- Support Sound Blaster game compatibility.
- Support Windows sound system compatibility.
- Full Duplex Operation.
- Support Software Wave Table

1.2 System Requirements

This section describes system requirements for the Audio Driver installation and Usage.

Computer	Intel® Pentium® II processor or higher
Operating system	DOS 5.0 or higher, Windows® 95, Windows® NT 3.51 or 4.0, or OS/2®
CD-ROM	Double Speed or Higher
Chipset	YAMAHA YMF740

2.2 Windows® NT 4.0

2.2-1 Audio Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Click **Start** menu and select **Control Panel** from **Settings** group.
- Step 2:** Select **Multimedia** icon.
- Step 3:** Click on the **Devices** tab.
- Step 4:** Click **Add**.
- Step 5:** Double click on **Unlisted or Updated Driver** in the list.
- Step 6:** Insert the **CD-ROM Disk** into the CD-ROM Drive.
- Step 7:** When the **Install from Disk** dialog box appears, look for your CD-ROM drive `:YAMAHA\YMF740\NT40\`
- Step 8:** Click **OK**.
- Step 9:** Select the language of the driver.
- Step 10:** Click **OK**.
- Step 11:** Set parameters.
- Step 12:** A message will appear stating that the drivers were successfully installed. Click **OK**. You must now restart Windows® NT 4.0.

2.3 Detailed User's Manual

The detailed user's manual can be found on following path of the CD-ROM provided:

PATH: YAMAHA\YMF740\Guide