## PCM-4896/L

All-in-One Cyrix GXm Single Board computer with LCD, Ethernet, Audio, & 4 COMs

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- 5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

## Packing list

Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 PCM-4896 All-in-One Single Board Computer
- 1 Quick Installation Guide
- 1 CD-ROM contains the followings:
  - -- User's Manual (this manual in PDF file)
  - -- Ethernet drivers and utilities
  - -- VGA drivers and utilities
  - -- Audio drivers and utilities
  - -- Latest BIOS (as of the CD-ROM was made)

The PCM-4896 require several cables for operation. You can make them yourself or pruchase an optioanl cable kit, PCM-10489-4 (P/N : 9979048910).

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distribuitor or sales representative immediately.

#### Notice

Dear Customer,

Thank you for purchasing the PCM-4896 board. This user's manual is designed to help you to get the most out of the PCM-4896, please read it thoroughly before you install and use the board. The product that you have purchased comes with an two-year limited warranty, but AAEON will not be responsible for misuse of the product. Therefore, we strongly urge you to first read the manual before using the product.

To receive the lastest version of the user manual, please visit our Web site at:

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# CHAPTER

## General Information

This chapter gives background information on the mainboard.

Sections include:

- Board specifications
- Layout and dimensions

## Introduction

The PCM-4896 is an all-in-one multi-media Cyrix MediaGX MMX (abbreviated as GXm) processor based single board computer (SBC) with an integrated audio controller, a PCI Flat Panel controller, a PCI 100Base-Tx Ethernet interface, and one PCI expansion slot. With ture Pentium MMX capability, the PCM-4896 achieves outstanding performance that surpasses other SBC in its class. In addition, the onboard SSD interface supports M-systems DiskOn-Chip 2000 series, memory capacity from 2 MB to 144 MB. This compact (only 5.75"" x 8") unit offers all the functions of a single board industrial computer, but still fits in the space of a CD-ROM drive.

On-board features include four serial ports (three RS-232, one RS-232/422/485), one multi-mode parallel (ECP/EPP/SPP) port, connector for two USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports, a floppy drive controller, and a keyboard/PS/2 mouse interface. The built-in high speed PCI IDE controller supports Ultra DMA/33 mode. Up to two IDE devices can be connected, including large hard disks, CD-ROM drives, and tape backup drives, etc.

The PCM-4896 also features power management to minimize power consumption. It complies with the ACPI standard and supports three types of power saving features: Doze mode, Standby mode, and Suspend mode. In addition, the board's watchdog timer can automatically reset the system or generate an interrupt in case the system stops due to a program bug or EMI.

#### Highly integrated multi-media SBC

The PCM-4896 is a highly integrated multi-media SBC that combines audio, video, and network functions on a CD-ROM drive size single computer board. It provides, 16-bit full-duplex, integrated 3D audio and up to 1024 x 768 resolution @ 64K colors with on-chip 2MB SDRAM display memory. Major onboard devices adopt PCI technology to achieve outstanding computing performance.

## Features

- Supports Cyrix MediaGX MMX CPU 200~300 MHz
- DiskOnChip (SSD) up to 144MB
- 64-bit PCI-bus SVGA/LCD controller supports LCD & CRT display
- 100Base-Tx Ethernet interface, supports Remote Boot ROM function.
- AC-97 2.0 audio interface, Sound Blaster compatible
- Supports Bus Master and Ultra DMA/33 IDE devices
- Three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485 serial ports
- USB interface, PCI slot, and PC/104 connector for flexible expansion capabilities

## **Specifications**

#### **Standard SBC Functions**

- CPU: Cyrix MediaGX MMX 200~300MHz
- CPU socket: Socket 7
- BIOS: Award 256KB Flash BIOS
- Chipset: Cyrix Cx5530
- I/O Chipset: ITE IT8661F/Winbond W83977F. Full 16-bit I/O ` decoded
- Cache: Processor build-in 16KB Level-1 write-back cache
- Memory: Onboard one 168-pin DIMM socket supports up to 128Mbytes SDRAM
- Enhanced IDE: Support up to two IDE devices. Supports Ultra DMA/ 33 mode with data transfer rate up to 33MB/sec.
- **FDD interface**: Supports up to two floppy disk drives, 5.25" (360KB and 1.2MB) and /or 3.5" (720KB, 1.44MB, and 2.88MB)
- **Parallel port**: One bi-directional parallel port. Supports SPP, ECP and EPP modes
- Serial ports: Three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485 serial ports. Ports can be configured as COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, or disabled individually. (16C550 equivalent)
- IR interface: Supports one IrDA Tx/Rx header
- **Keyboard/mouse connector**: 8 pin connector supports PC/AT keyboard and PS/2 mouse
- USB connectors: 4 x 2 header onboard supports dual USB ports
- Battery: Lithium battery for data retention of up to 10 years
- Watchdog Timer: Can generate a system reset, IRQ15, or NMI. Support software selectable timeout interval. (1 sec. ~ 255 sec., 1 sec./ step)
- DMA: 7 DMA channels (8237 equivalent)

- Interrupt: 15 interrupt levels (8259 equivalent)
- **Power management**: Supports ATX power supply. Supports PC97, LAN wake up, and modem ring-in functions. I/O peripheral devices support power saving and doze/standby/suspend modes. APM 1.2 compliant

#### Flat Panel/CRT Interface

- Chipset: C&T 69000
- Display memory: Built-in 2MB SDRAM
- **Display type**: Supports non-interlaced CRT and LCD (TFT, DSTN, and Mono) displays. Can display both CRT and Flat Panel simultaneously
- Resolution: Up to 1024x768@64K colors

#### Sound Interface

- Chipset: Cyrix Cx5530
- **3D audio**: Supports for Microsoft DirectSound and DirectSound 3D audio technology in two-speaker mode (requires Microsoft Direct Sound 3D supported software titles)
- **16-bit stereo digital audio**: Full-duplex support enables simultaneous record and playback for Internet communications software

#### **Ethernet interface**

- Chipset: Reltek RTL8139A 100Base-Tx Fast Ethernet controller
- Ethernet interface: 100Base-Tx RJ-45 connector. Optional Remote Boot ROM function

#### **SSD** Interface

One 32-pin DIP socket supports M-systems DiskOnChip 2000 Series up to 144MB

#### **Expansion Slots**

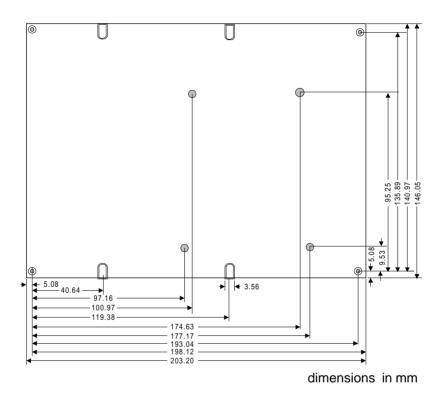
- PC/104 connector: One 16-bit 104-pin connector onboard
- PCI slot: One 32-bit PCI slot onboard

#### Mechanical and environmental

- Power supply voltage: +5V (4.75V to 5.25V), +12V (11.4V to 12.6V)
- Typical power requirement: +5V@3A
- Operating temperature: 32 to 140°F (0 to 60°C)
- Board size: 8"(L) x 5.75"(W) (203mm x 146mm)
- Weight: 1.2 lb. (0.5 Kg)

## **Board layout**





PCM-4896 dimensions

# CHAPTER **2**

## Installation

This chapter describes how to set up the main board hardware, including instructions on setting jumpers and connecting peripherals, switches, and indicators. Be sure to read all the safety precautions before you begin the installation procedure.

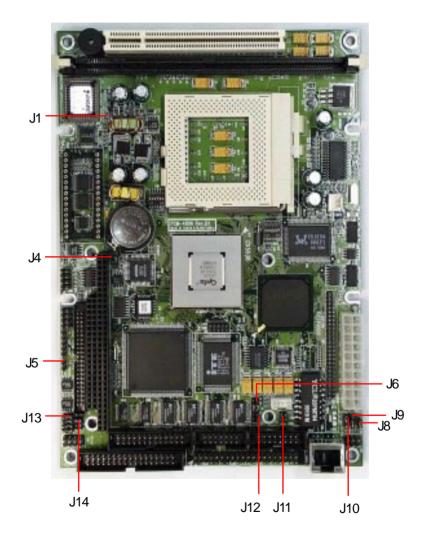
### Jumpers and connectors

Connectors on the board link it to external devices such as hard disk drives, a keyboard, or floppy drives. In addition, the board has a number of jumpers that allow you to configure your system to suit your application.

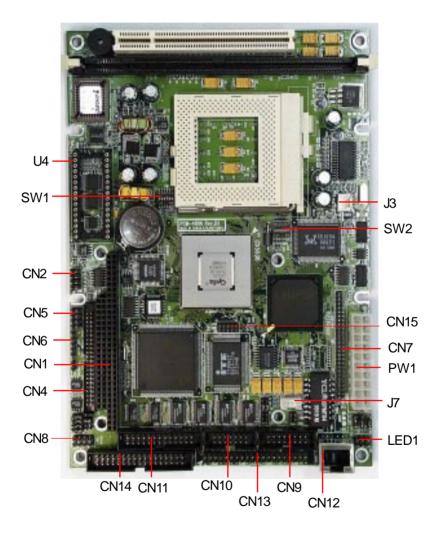
The following tables list the function of each of the board's jumpers and connectors.

Jumpers	
Label	Function
J1	Internal buzzer select
J4	Clear CMOS
J5	ATX soft-power switch connector
J6	Audio output select
J8	LCD driving voltage select
<b>J</b> 9	LCD clock select
J10	Reserve for future use (default: 2-3 close)
J11	COM4 RI pin voltage select
J12	COM3 RI pin voltage select
J13	COM2 select
J14	COM2 selection
SW1 (1~3)	CPU frequency ratio
SW1 (5, 6)	DOC address select
SW2 (1)	CPU clock select

Connectors	
Label	Function
CN1	PC/104 connector
CN2	USB ports connector
CN4	IDE drive connector
CN5	Front panel connector
CN6	IrDA connector
CN7	LCD display connector
CN8	Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector
CN9	VGA display connector
CN10	Audio connector
CN11	Printer port connector
CN12	100Base-Tx Ethernet connector
CN13	Serial ports connector
CN14	Floppy dirve connector
CN15	Digital I/O connector
PW1	ATX power connector
J3	CPU fan power connector
J7	CD-ROM signal input connector
LED1	Ethernet Tx/Rx/Link LED connector
U4	DiskOnChip socket

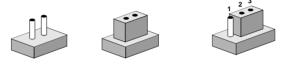


## Locating connectors



## Setting jumpers

You can configure your card to match the needs of your application by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To "close" a jumper you connect the pins with the clip. To "open" a jumper you remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or 2 and 3.



OpenClosedClosed 2-3The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as<br/>follows:

Open	Closed	Closed 2-3
0 0		$\begin{array}{c}1 & 2 & 3\\ \bigcirc $

A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

## CPU installing and upgrading

You can upgrade to a more powerful Cyrix GXm CPU at any time. Simply remove the old CPU, install the new one, and set the jumpers for the new CPU speed.

Warning! Always disconnect the power cord from your chassis when you are working on it. Do not make connections while the power is on as sensitive electronic components can be damaged by the sudden rush of power. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.

*Caution!* Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the PC board. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

When you install a new CPU, be sure to adjust the board settings, such as CPU frequency ratio. **Improper settings may damage the CPU.** 

#### System Memory

The left edge of the PCM-4896 contains a socket for 168-pin dual inline memory module (DIMM). The socket uses 3.3 V unbuffered synchronous DRAM (SDRAM). DIMM is available in capacities of 16, 32, 64, or 128 MB. The socket can be filled in the DIMM of any size, giving your PCM-4896 single board computer between 16 and 128 MB of memory.

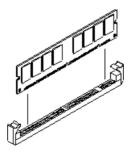
#### Supplementary information about DIMM

Your PCM-4896 can accept both regular and PC-100 SDRAM DIMM Module(with or without parity).

Single-sided modules are typically 16 or 64 MB; double-sided modules are usually 32 or 128 MB.

#### Memory Installation Procedures

To install DIMM, first make sure the two handles of the DIMM socket are in the "open" position. i.e. The handles remain outward. Slowly slide the DIMM module along the plastic guides on both ends of the socket. Then press the DIMM module right down into the socket, until you hear a click. This is when the two handles have automatically locked the memory module into the correct position of the DIMM socket. (See Figure below) To take away the memory module, just push both handles outward, and the memory module will be ejected by the mechanism in the socket.



Internal buz	zzer select (J1)	
	Internal buzzer	External speaker
J1	<b>1</b> 2	○ ○ 1 2

## Clear CMOS (J4)

You can use J4 to clear the CMOS data if necessary. To reset the CMOS data, set J4 to 2-3 closed for just a few seconds, and then move the jumper back to 1-2 closed.

Clear CMOS (J4)		
	Protect*	Clear CMOS
	1	1 0
J4	2	2
	3 〇	3 🕒

\*default

# ATX Soft-Power Switch connector (J5)

The ATX Soft-Power switch connector is a 2-pin header. Locate the power switch cable from your system. It is a 2-pin female connector. Plug this connector to the Soft-Power switch connector marked J5.

## Audio output select (J6)

You can select the output mode of onboard audio connector (CN10) by setting J6.

"Speaker out" is the output signal amplified by onboard amplifier

Audio ou	utput select (J6)	
	Line out	Speaker out *
J6	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 4\\ \hline \\ 6\\ \hline \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 4 \\ 6 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{array}$
* 1. 6. 14		

\*default

## CD Audio connector (J7)

This connector is used to connect to a CD audio cable.

CD Audio cor	nnector (J7)
Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	CD_L
3	GND
4	CD_R

## LCD driving voltage select (J8)

You can select the LCD connector CN7 (pin 5 and pin 6) driving voltage by setting J8. The configurations are as follows:

3.3V *

\*default

## LCD clock signal select (J9)

You can select the LCD control signal by setting J9. The following charts show the available option.

LCD clock	k signal select (J9)	
	SHF CLK *	ASHF CLK
J9	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	
*dafault		

\*default

# COM3/COM4 RI pin voltage select (J12, J11)

The 9th pin of COM3 and COM4 (9-pin D-sub connector) can be selected as RI, +5V, or +12V by setting J12 & J11.

COM3 RI p	in setting (J12)		
	RI*	+5V	+12V
J12	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 3 5 0 0 2 4 6	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
COM4 RI p	in setting (J11)		
	RI *	+5V	+12V

\*default

# COM2 RS-232/422/485 select (J13, J14)

The PCM-4896 COM2 serial port can be selected as RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485 by setting J13 & J14.

COM2 S	Select (J13, J14)		
	RS-232*	RS-422	RS-485
J13	1 4 7 10 <b>1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b> <b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 4 & 7 & 10 \\ \circ & \circ & \circ & \circ \\ \hline                                  $
J14	1 3 5 0 0 2 4 6	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

\*default

## SW1 (1~3) CPU frequency ratio

The GXm CPU core frequency = CPU frequency ratio  $(4 \sim 10X) *$ External CPU clock (33 or 30MHz). the following table shows the available enfigurations.

SW1 Ratio	1	2	3
4X	ON	ON	ON
5X	ON	OFF	OFF
6X	OFF	ON	OFF
7X	OFF	OFF	ON
9X	ON	OFF	ON
10X	ON	ON	OFF

## SW2 (1) CPU clock select

You can configure the CPU external clock to 33MHz or 30MHz by setting SW2(1).

SW2 Freq.	1
33MHz	ON
30MHz	OFF

SW	SW1-1	SW1-2	SW1-3	SW2-1
180 MHz	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
200 MHz	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
233 MHz	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
266 MHz	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
300 MHz	ON	ON	OFF	OFF

## DOC address select SW1 (5, 6)

The DiskOnChip 2000 occupies an 8 K byte window in the upper memory address range of D400 to E000. You should ensure this does not conflict with any other device's memory address.

The configuration are as follows:

SW1 Address	5	6
Disable	ON	ON
D400	OFF	OFF
D800	ON	OFF
DC00	OFF	ON

These addresses might conflict with the ROM BIOS of other peripheral boards. Please select the appropriate memory address to avoid memory conflicts.

### Power connectors (PW1, J3)

### ATX power connector (PW1)

The ATX power supply uses 20-pin connector shown below. Make sure you plug in the right direction.

ATX power connector (PW1)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	N/C	11	N/C	
2	N/C	12	-12V	
3	GND	13	GND	
4	+5V	14	PON	
5	GND	15	GND	
6	+5 V	16	GND	
7	GND	17	GND	
8	N/C	18	-5V	
9	5V SB	19	+5V	
10	+12V	20	+5V	

CPU fan power connector (J3)

Plug in the fan cable to the 3-pin fan connector onboard. The fan connector is marked J3.

CPU far	CPU fan power connector (J3)		
Pin	Signal		
1	GND		
2	+12V		
3	Fan speed s	sense	

### USB connector (CN2)

The PCM-4896 provides two USB (Universal Serial Bus) interfaces, which give complete plug and play, hot attach/detach for up to 127 external devices. The USB interfaces comply with USB specification Rev. 1.0, and can be disabled in the system BIOS setup.

### PCM-4896 A1.1

USB con	USB connector (CN2)			
Pin	Function	Pin	Function	
1	Vcc	5	Vcc	
2	UD1-	6	UD0-	
3	UD1+	7	UD0+	
4	GND	8	GND	

### PCM-4896 B1

USB con	USB connector (CN2)			
Pin	Function	Pin	Function	
1	GND	5	Vcc	
2	UD1-	6	UD0-	
3	UD1+	7	UD0+	
4	Vcc	8	GND	

#### PCM-4896 B1.1

USB connector (CN2)				
Pin	Function	Pin	Function	
1	GND	5	Vcc	
2	UD1+	6	UD0-	
3	UD1-	7	UD0+	
4	Vcc	8	GND	

# IDE hard drive connector (CN4)

You can attach one or two Enhanced Integrated Device Electronics hard disk drives to the mainboard's internal controller. The mainboard's IDE controller uses a PCI local-bus interface. This advanced interface supports faster data transfer and allows the IDE hard drive to exceed 528 MB.

### Connecting the hard drive

Connecting drives is done in a daisy-chain fashion and requires one of two cables, depending on the drive size. 1.8" and 2.5" drives need a 1 x 44-pin to 2 x 44-pin flat-cable connector. 3.5" drives use a 1 x 44-pin to 2 x 40-pin connect.

Wire number 1 on the cable is normally red or blue, and the other wires are usually gray.

- 1. Connect one end of the cable to CN4. Make sure that the red (or blue) wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector, which is labeled on the board (on the right side).
- 2. Plug the other end of the cable to the Enhanced IDE hard drive, with pin 1 on the cable corresponding to pin 1 on the hard drives. (see your hard drive's documentation for the location of the connector).

Connect a second drive as described above.

Unlike floppy drives, IDE hard drives can connect to either end of the cable. If you install two drives, you will need to set one as the master and the other one as the slave by using jumpers on the drives. If you install just one drive, set it as the master.

### IDE hard drive connector (CN4)

IDE har	IDE hard drive connector (CN4)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	IDE RESET	2	GND		
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8		
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9		
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10		
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11		
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12		
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13		
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14		
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15		
19	SIGNAL GND	20	N/C		
21	N/C	22	GND		
23	IO WRITE	24	GND		
25	IO READ	26	GND		
27	IO CHANNEL READY	28	ALE		
29	N/C	30	GND		
31	IRQ14	32	IOCS16		
33	ADDR 1	34	N/C		
35	ADDR 0	36	ADDR 2		
37	HARD DISK SELECT 0	38	HARD DISK SELECT 1		
39	IDE ACTIVE	40	MGND		
41	VCC	42	MVCC		
43	GND	44	N/C		

# Front panel connector (CN5)

Next you may want to install external switches to monitor and control the mainboard. These features are completely optional. Install them only if you need them. The front panel connector (CN5) is an 8-pin male, dual in-line header and provides connections for a speaker, hard disk access indicator, and an input switch for resetting the card.

Front panel connector (CN5)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
7	Reset - (GND)	8	Reset Switch	
5	GND	6	NC	
3	Speaker -	4	Vcc	
1	HDD LED -	2	Vcc	

### Speaker

The mainboard can drive an  $8\Omega$  external speaker at 0.5 watts. If there is no external speaker, the PCM-4896 provides an on-board buzzer as an alternative.

### LED interface

The front panel LED indicator for hard disk access is an active low signal (24 mA sink rate).

# IrDA connector (CN6)

The IrDA connector (CN6) can be configured to support wireless infrared module, with this module and application software such as laplink or Win95 Direct Cable connection, user can transfer files to or from laptops, notebooks, PDA and printers. This connector supports HPSIR (115.2Kbps, 2 meters), ASK-IR (56Kbps) and Fast IR (4Mbps, 2 meters).

Install infrared module onto IrDA connector and enable infrared function from BIOS setup. Make sure to have correct orientation when you plug onto IrDA connector (CN6).

IrDa con	IrDa connector (CN6)		
Pin	Signal		
1	Vcc		
2	FIrRx		
3	IrRx		
4	GND		
5	lrTx		

# Display connectors (CN7, CN9)

The mainboard's PCI SVGA interface can drive conventional CRT displays and is capable of driving a wide range of flat panel displays, including electroluminescent (EL), gas plasma, passive LCD, and active LCD displays. The board has two connectors to support these displays, one for standard CRT VGA monitors and one for flat panel displays.

### VGA display connector (CN9)

CN9 is a 16-pin, dual-in-line header used for conventional CRT displays. A simple one-to-one adapter can be used to match CN9 to a standard 15-pin D-SUB connector commonly used for VGA.

VGA display connector (CN9)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	RED	9	SIGNAL GND	
2	N/C	10	H-SYNC	
3	GREEN	11	CHASSIS GND	
4	SIGNAL GND	12	V-SYNC	
5	BLUE	13	CHASSIS GND	
6	N/C	14	N/C	
7	N/C	15	CHASSIS GND	
8	N/C	16	N/C	

### LCD connector (CN7)

CN7 is a 50-pin, dual-in-line header used for flat panel displays.

When the mainboard's power is applied, the control signal is low until just after the relevant flat panel signals are present.

Configuration of the VGA interface is done completely via the software utility. You do not have to set any jumpers.

LCD connector (CN7)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+12 V <sub>DC</sub>	2	+12 V <sub>DC</sub>
3	GND	4	GND
5	+5 V <sub>DC</sub>	6	+5 $V_{DC}$
7	ENAVEE	8	GND
9	P0	10	P1
11	P2	12	P3
13	P4	14	P5
15	P6	16	P7
17	P8	18	P9
19	P10	20	P11
21	P12	22	P13
23	P14	24	P15
25	P16	26	P17
27	P18	28	P19
29	P20	30	P21
31	P22	32	P23
33	P24	34	P25
35	SHF CLK	36	FLM (V SYS)
37	Μ	38	LP (H SYS)
39	GND	40	ENABKL
41	P26	42	P27
43	P28	44	P29
45	P30	46	P31
47	P32	48	P33
49	P34	50	P35

# Keyboard and mouse connector (CN8)

The mainboard provides a keyboard connector which supports both a keyboard and a PS/2 style mouse. In most cases, especially in embedded applications, a keyboard is not used. The standard PC/AT BIOS will report an error or fail during power-on-self-test (POST) after a reset if the keyboard is not present. The mainboard BIOS Advanced setup menu allows you to select "Present" or "Absent" under the "System Keyboard" section. This allows no-keyboard operation in embedded system applications without the system halting under POST (power-on-self-test).

Keyboard and mouse connector (CN8)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	KB DATA	5	KB CLOCK	
2	GND	6	Vcc	
3	Mouse DATA	7	Mouse CLOCK	
4	N/C	8	N/C	

# Audio connector (CN10)

The PCM-4896 provides all major audio signals on a 14-pin flatcable connector, CN10.

Attach the Mic In, Line In, and Audio Out to the corresponding pins as shown in the following table.

Audio connector (CN10)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Mic In	2	Reserve for future use
3	GND	4	Reserve for future use
5	Line In Left	6	Reserve for future use
7	Line In Right	8	Reserve for future use
9	GND	10	Reserve for future use
11	Audio Out Left	12	Audio Out Right
13	GND_Line out	14	GND_Speaker out

CAUTION: Both Line-out and Speaker-out modes share the same pair of Audio Out signal lines but different grounds. In addition to setting up J6 on page 18, make sure you use the corresponding ground signal when making the cable by yourself.

## Parallel port connector (CN11)

Normally, the parallel port is used to connect the board to a printer. The PCM-4896 includes an onboard parallel port, accessed through CN11, a 26-pin flat-cable connector. You need an adapter cable if you use a traditional DB-25 connector. The cable has a 26-pin connector on one end and a DB-25 connector on the other.

### Parallel port IRQ

The onboard parallel port is designated as LPT1 and can be disabled or changed to LPT2 or LPT3 in the system BIOS setup.

Parallel	port	connector	table	(CN11)
----------	------	-----------	-------	--------

Parallel p	oort connector (CN	11)	
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	STROBE	2	AUTOFD
3	DO	4	ERR
5	D1	6	INIT
7	D2	8	SLCTINI
9	D3	10	GND
11	D4	12	GND
13	D5	14	GND
15	D6	16	GND
17	D7	18	GND
19	ACK	20	GND
21	BUST	22	GND
23	PE	24	GND
25	SLCT	26	N/C

# 100Base-Tx Ethernet connector (CN12)

This 100Base-Tx Ethernet connector is a standard RJ-45 connector.

The onboard Realtek RTL8139A fast Ethernet controller supports 10Mb/s and 100 Mb/s N-way auto-negotiation operation.

100Base-	Tx Ethernet conne	ector (CN12)	
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Tx+	2	Tx-
3	Rx+	4	N/C
5	N/C	6	Rx-
7	N/C	8	N/C

## Digital I/O connector (CN15)

The PCM-4896/L Rev.B has onboard 4 TTL digital input channels and 4 TTL digital output channels. The pin assignment of CN15 are as follows.

Digital I/	O connector (CN15)	)	
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	DI 0	2	DI 1
3	DI 2	4	DI 3
5	DO 0	6	DO 1
7	DO 2	8	DO 3

# Serial ports (CN13)

The PCM-4896 offers four serial ports, three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485. These ports allow you to connect them to serial devices (mouse, printers, etc.).

COM 1-4 RS-232/422/485 serial ports (CN13)

	<b>D</b> 11		DIN	
	PIN		PIN	SIGNAL
COM1	1	DCDA	2	DSRA
	3	RXDA	4	RTSA
	5	TXDA	6	CTSA
	7	DTRA	8	RIA
	9	GND	10	N.C.
COM2	11	DCDB (422TXD-/485DATA-)	12	DSRB
	13	RXDB (422RXD+)	14	RTSB
	15	TXDB (422TXD+/485DATA+)	16	CTSB
	17	DTRB (422RXD-)	18	RIB
	19	GND	20	N.C.
COM3	21	DCDC	22	DSRC
	23	RXDC	24	RTSC
	25	TXDC	26	CTSC
	27	DTRC	28	RIC/+5V/+12V
	29	GND	30	N.C.
COM4	31	DCDD	32	RSRD
	33	RXDD	34	RTSD
	35	TXDD	36	CTSD
	37	DTRD	38	RID/+5V/+12V
	31	DIKD	50	1(10/+3//+12/

# Floppy drive connector (CN14)

You can attach up to two floppy drives to the mainboard controller. You can use any combination of  $5\frac{1}{4}$ " (360 KB and 1.2 MB) and/or  $3\frac{1}{2}$ " (720 KB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB) drives.

A 34-pin daisy-chain drive connector cable is required for a dualdrive system. On one end of the cable is a 34-pin flat-cable connector. On the other end are two sets of floppy disk drive connectors. Each set consists of a 34-pin flat-cable connector (usually used for 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" drives) and a printed-circuit board connector (usually used for 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" drives).

Wire number 1 on the cable is normally red or blue, and the other wires are usually gray.

### Connecting the floppy drive

- 1. Plug the 34-pin flat-cable connector into CN14. Make sure that the red or blue wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector.
- 2. Attach the appropriate connector on the other end of the cable to the floppy drive(s). You can use only one connector in the set. The set on the end (after the twist in the cable) connects to the A: drive. The set in the middle connects to the B: drive.
- 3. If you are connecting a 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" floppy drive, line up the slot in the printed circuit board with the blocked-off part of the cable connector.

If you are connecting a 3½" floppy drive, you may have trouble determining which pin is pin number 1. Look for a number printed on the circuit board indicating pin number 1. Also, the connector on the floppy drive connector may have a slot. When the slot is up, pin number 1 should be on the right. Check the documentation that came with the drive for more information.

If you desire, connect the B: drive to the connectors in the middle of the cable as described above.

Floppy	Floppy drive connector (CN14)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	GND	2	DENSITY SELECT	
3	GND	4	N/C	
5	GND	6	DRIVE TYPE	
7	GND	8	INDEX	
9	GND	10	MOTOR 0	
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT 1	
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT 2	
15	GND	16	MOTOR 1	
17	GND	18	DIRECTION	
19	GND	20	STEP	
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA	
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE	
25	GND	26	TRACK 0	
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT	
29	GND	30	READ DATA	
31	GND	32	HEAD DELECT	
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE	

### Floppy drive connector (CN14)

# Ethernet LED signal connectors (LED1)

The PCM-4896 supports three sets of LED connector for external LED indicators.

### Ethernet active signal LED

Flashing Tx or Rx LEDs indicate that the PCM-4896 is transmitting or receiving data.

### Ethernet link signal LED

A continuously lit LED indicates good linkage between the PCM-4896 and its supporting hub.

Ethernet LED	signal connectors (LED1)
Pin	Signal
1	Link LED
2	+5V
3	Rx LED
4	+5V
5	Tx LED
6	+5V

# DiskOnChip socket (U4)

The DiskOnChip 2000 family of products provides a single chip solid-state flash disk in a standard 32-pin DIP package. The DiskOnChip 2000 is a solid-state disk with no moving parts, resulting in a significant reduction in power consumption and an increase in reliability. The DiskOnChip is a small plug and play Flash disk. It is easy to use. And it saves integration overhead.

The DiskOnChip 2000 family of products is available in capacities ranging from 2MB up to 144MB, unformatted. In order to manage the disk, the DiskOnChip 2000 includes the TrueFFS, M-Systems Flash File System proprietary software. The DiskOnChip 2000 package is pin-to-pin compatible with a standard 32-pin EPROM device.

	1		32 31		pin Name	Description	Pin Number	Direction	Note
A10	3		30		A0-A12	Address bus	4-12,23,25-27	Inputs	
A12	<b>4</b> 5		29 28		A13-A16	Address bus	2,3,28,29	Inputs	1
AB	6		27	A8	D0-D7	Data bus	13-15,17-21	I/O	
A5 A4	7 8	MD2200	20 25		CE/	Chip Enable	22	Input	
A3	9 10		2 <b>4</b> 23		OE/	Output Enable	24	Input	
A1	11		22		WE/	Write Enable	31	Input	
A0 D0	12 13		21 20	D7 D6	NC	Not connected	1.30		2
<b>D</b> 1	14		19		VCC	Power	32		
	15 16		1 <b>8</b> 17	D4	GND	Ground	16		

Note 1: Pins A13 through A16 are not used by the MD2200. They are kept for socket backward compatibility with ED 1100 (DiskOnChip 1000)

Note 2: Pins 1 and 30 are not used by MD2200

## DiskOnChip (DOC) 2000 Installation

When the DOC is installed correctly, a DOC will work like an HDD or an FDD. To install the DOC on the mainboard, follow the instructions below:

- 1. Plug the DOC into the socket. Make sure pin 1 of the DOC is aligned with pin 1 of the socket.
- 2. Push the DOC into the socket until it is firmly seated in the socket.

# Caution: the DOC may be permanently damage if it is installed incorrectly.

3. Set the jumper for the memory address of the DOC.

#### Note:

### The memory shadow function sometimes will create conflicts with the memory window. You should disable the memory shadow from the BIOS SETUP if the DOC cannot be accessed.

### Configure DOC as a boot device

To configure a DOC as a boot drive, you should copy the operating system files onto the DOC. The following procedure is an example of the initialization process.

- 1. Install a DOC into your system.
- 2. Insert a bootable floppy disk in drive A: and boot the system.
- 3. At the DOS prompt, type **SYS C:** to transfer the DOS system files to the DOC (assuming the DiskOnChip is installed as drive C:). Reboot the system.
- 4. Go to the BIOS Setup Utility by hitting the <DEL> key. Set the type of Primary Master or C: Drive as *Not Installed*.
- 5. Remove the floppy disk from the drive A: and leave the BIOS Setup Utility. The system should boot from the DOC.

# CHAPTER Schapter

# **Award BIOS Setup**

This chapter describes how to configure the BIOS for the PCM-4896.

# **Starting setup**

The Award BIOS is immediately activated when you first turn on the computer. The BIOS reads system configuration information in CMOS RAM and begins the process of checking out the system and configuring it through the power-on self test (POST).

When these preliminaries are finished, the BIOS seeks an operating system on one of the data storage devices (hard drive, floppy drive, etc.). The BIOS launches the operating system and hands control of system operations to it.

During POST, you can start the Setup program in one of two ways: 1.By pressing Del immediately after switching the system on, or 2.By pressing Del or pressing Ctrl-Alt-Esc when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during POST:

#### TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the RESET button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing Ctr-Alt-Del. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message appears and you are again asked to

#### PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, DEL TO ENTER SETUP

# Setup keys

These keys helps you navigate in Setup:

Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item in the left hand
Right arrow	Move to the item in the right hand
Esc	Main Menu: Quit and not save changes into CMOS RAM
	Other pages: Exit current page and return to Main Menu
PgDn/+	Increase the numeric value or make changes
PgDn/-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2	Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward
F3	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu
F4	Reserved
F5	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F6	Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F7	Load the default
F8	Reserved
F9	Reserved
F10	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu

# **Getting help**

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press Esc or the F1 key again.

### In Case of Problems

If, after making and saving system changes with Setup, you discover that your computer no longer is able to boot, the **Award-BIOS** supports an override to the CMOS settings that resets your system to its default configuration.

You can invoke this override by immediately pressing Insert; when you restart your computer. You can restart by either using the ON/ OFF switch, the RESET button or by pressing Ctrl-Alt-Delete.

The best advice is to alter only settings that you thoroughly understand. In particular, do not change settings in the Chipset screen without a good reason. The Chipset defaults have been carefully chosen by Award Software or your system manufacturer for the best performance and reliability. Even a seemingly small change to the Chipset setup may causing the system to become unstable.

STANDARD CHOIL BRTUP	INTRIPATED PERIPHENALS
CHIPMET PEATENES SETTE	
FORD, MANAGERER SETTE	THE HER AUTO DETECTION
LOAD BIDE DEPENDING	
Dec : Quit 710 : Save & Bait Setup	<pre>t + ++ : Select Itam IDbifb1F2 + Change Color</pre>

Standard CMOS	Options in the original PC AT-compatible BIOS.
BIOS Features	Award Software enhanced BIOS options.
Chipset Features	Options specific to your system chipset.
Power	Advanced Power Management (APM)
Management	options.
PnP/PCI	Plug and Play standard and PCI Local Bus
Configuration	configuration options.
Integrated	I/O subsystems that depend on the inte-
Peripherals	grated peripherals controller in your system.
Supervisor/User Password Setting	Change, set, or disable a password. In BIOS versions that allow separate user and supervisor passwords, only the supervisor password permits access to Setup. The user password generally allows only power-on access.
IDE HDD Auto	Automatically detect and configure IDE hard
Detection	disk parameters.

Load BIOS	BIOS defaults are factory settings for the
Defaults	most stable, minimal-performance system operations.
Load Setup	Setup defaults are factory settings for
Defaults	optimal-performance system operations.
Save & Exit	Save settings in nonvolatile CMOS
Setup	RAM and exit Setup.
Exit Without Save	Abandon all changes and exit Setup.

## Standard CMOS setup

PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SAVE & EXIT SETUP LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS EXIT WITHOUT SAVING	
---	--

When you choose the STANDARD CMOS SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

ł	Date (m Time (h	dd :yy) =:ss)	1	Thu, Dec 18 : 48	24 199	8				
	Drive C Drive D			(th)	CYLS.	HEADS	PRECOMP	LANDZONE 0	SECTORS	HOD AUT AUT
	Drive A Drive B		, 3	.5 in.			8254	Netory:	0K	
	Panel TV Mode	800%6		TET			Extended	Menory: Nenory:	0K 0K 512K	
	Halt On						Total	Nenory:	512K	

This standard setup menu allows users to configure system components such as the date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive, display, and memory. Online help for each field can be accessed by pressing F1.

#### **Date and Time Configuration**

The BIOS determines the day of the week from the other date information. This field is for information only.

Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field (date, month, year). Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

The time format is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field. Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

#### HARD DISKS

The BIOS supports up to four IDE drives. This section does not show information about other IDE devices, such as a CD-ROM drive, or about other hard drive types, such as SCSI drives.

NOTE: We recommend that you select type AUTO for all drives.

The BIOS can automatically detect the specifications and optimal operating mode of almost all IDE hard drives. When you select type AUTO for a hard drive, the BIOS detects its specifications during POST, every time the system boots.

If you do not want to select drive type AUTO, other methods of

selecting the drive type are available:

- 1.Match the specifications of your installed IDE hard drive(s) with the preprogrammed values for drive types 1 through 45.
- 2.Select USER and enter values into each drive parameter field.
- 3.Use the IDE HDD AUTO DECTECTION function in Setup.

Here is a brief explanation of drive specifications:

- •**Type:** The BIOS contains a table of pre-defined drive types. Each defined drive type has a specified number of cylinders, number of heads, write precompensation factor, landing zone, and number of sectors. Drives whose specifications do not accommodate any pre-defined type are classified as type USER.
- •Size: Disk drive capacity (approximate). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.
- Cyls: Number of cylinders
- Head: Number of heads
- Precomp: Write precompensation cylinder
- Landz: Landing zone
- Sector: Number of sectors
- Mode: Auto, Normal, Large, or LBA
  - Auto: The BIOS automatically determines the optimal mode.
  - Normal: Maximum number of cylinders, heads, and sectors supported are 1024, 16, and 63.
  - Large: For drives that do not support LBA and have more than 1024 cylinders.

- LBA (Logical Block Addressing): During drive accesses, the IDE controller transforms the data address described by sector, head, and cylinder number into a physical block address, significantly improving data transfer rates. For drives with greater than 1024 cylinders.

### Drive A Drive B

Select the correct specifications for the diskette drive(s) installed in the computer.

None	No diskette drive installed
360K, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
1.2M, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
720K, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 mega byte capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 mega byte capacity

#### LCD & CRT

This field may appear as an alternative to the Video field. select your video display device:

LCD	Liquid crystal display
CRT	Auxiliary monitor
AUTO	The BIOS autosenses the device in use (This value lets you switch between devices without being left "in the dark").
LCD & CRT	Display on both devices

#### Pannel:

This selection item allows user to select LCD BIOS to match the LCD types. There are eight, LCD types available for users to select as their LCD display modes as below:

Brand name	Model name	Format
Sharp	LX 15X80	1024 x 768 DSTN
Sharp	LM 64183P	640 x 480 MONO
Sharp	LM 64C35P	640 x 480 DSTN
Sharp	LM 12S40	800 x 600 DSTN
NEC	NL 6448AC33-10	640 x 480 TFT (12 bits)
Toshiba	LTM 10C209A	640 x 480 (18 bits)TFT
NEC	NL 8060AC26-04	800 x 600 TFT
Sharp	LQ 14x03	1024x768 TFT (36 bits)

#### Halt On

During the power-on-self-test (POST), the computer stops if the BIOS detects a hardware error. You can tell the BIOS to ignore certain errors during POST and continue the boot-up process. These are the selections:

- No errors: POST does not stop for any errors.
- All errors If: the BIOS detects any non-fatal error, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.
- All, But Keyboard: POST does not stop for a keyboard error, but stops for all other errors
- All, But Diskette: POST does not stop for diskette drive errors, but stops for all other errors.
- All, But Disk/Key: POST does not stop for a keyboard or disk error, but stops for all other errors.

#### Memory

You cannot change any values in the Memory fields; they are only for your information. The fields show the total installed random access memory (RAM) and amounts allocated to base memory, extended memory, and other (high) memory. RAM is counted in kilobytes (KB: approximately one thousand bytes) and megabytes (MB: approximately one million bytes).

RAM is the computer's working memory, where the computer stores programs and data currently being used, so they are accessible to the CPU. Modern personal computers may contain up to 64 MB, 128 MB, or more.

#### •Base Memory

Typically 640 KB. Also called conventional memory. The DOS operating system and conventional applications use this area.

### •Extended Memory

Above the 1-MB boundary. Early IBM personal computers could not use memory above 1 MB, but current PCs and their software can use extended memory.

#### •Other Memory

Between 640 KB and 1 MB; often called High memory. DOS may load terminate-and-stay-resident (TSR) programs, such as device drivers, in this area, to free as much conventional memory as possible for applications. Lines in your CONFIG.SYS file that start with LOADHIGH load programs into high memory.

# **BIOS features setup**

STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSVORD
CHOPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSVORD
POVER NANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PNF/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
sc : Quit 10 : Save & Exit Setup	1   : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color

By choosing the BIOS FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

	: Exabled	Video BIOS Shadow : Disabled
CBU Internal Cache	: Disabled	CSDOI-CEFFF Shadow : Disabled CCDOI-CEFFF Shadow : Disabled
Outck Power On Self Test	: Disabled	D0D00-D3FFF Shadow : Disabled
Boot Sequence	: A.C.SCSI	D4000-DiFFF Shadow : Dimabled
Swap Floppy Drive	Disabled	D8000-D8PFF Shadow   Disabled
Boot Up Floppy Seek	: Disabled	DCDOG-DWFFF Shadow : Disabled
Boot Up NumLock Status		
Boot Up Dystem Speed		
	: Normall	
Memory Farity Chack		
Typematic Rate Setting		
Typematic Rate (Charm/Sec)	250	
Typematic Delay (Mbec) Tecurity Option	i Setup	
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop		ESC : Quit 11-41 : Select Iter
OS Belect For DRAM > 64MB		F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify
to believe for black > 64HB	1 Non-OST	P5 1 Old Values [Shift]P2 : Color
		FG : Load BICS Defaults
		87 s Load Setup Defaults

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

#### Virus Warning

When enabled, you receive a warning message if a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive. You should then run an antivirus program. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive.

**NOTE**: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

### **CPU Internal Cache/External Cache**

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type on up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU.

The External Cache field may not appear if your system does not have external cache memory.

#### **Quick Power On Self Test**

Select Enabled to reduce the amount of time required to run the power-on-self-test (POST). A quick POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you normally disable quick POST. Better to find a problem during POST than lose data during your work.

#### **Boot Sequence**

The original IBM PCs loaded the DOS operating system from drive A (floppy disk), so IBM PC-compatible systems are designed to search for an operating system first on drive A, and then on drive C (hard disk). However, the BIOS now offers many boot sequence options.

### Swap Floppy Drive

This field is effective only in systems with two floppy drives. Selecting enabled assigns physical drive B to logical drive A, and physical drive A to logical drive B.

### **Boot Up Floppy Seek**

When Enabled, the BIOS tests (seeks) floppy drives to determine whether they have 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360-KB floppy drives have 40 tracks; drives with 720 KB, 1.2 MB, and 1.44 MB capacity all have 80 tracks. Because very few modern PCs have 40-track floppy drives, we recommend that you set this field to Disabled to save time.

#### **Boot Up NumLock Status**

Toggle between On or Off to control the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. When toggled On, the numeric keypad generates numbers instead of controlling cursor operations.

#### Gate A20 Option

Gate A20 refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1 MB (extended memory). When set to Fast, the system chipset controls Gate A20. When set to Normal, a pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20. Setting Gate A20 to Fast improves system speed, particularly with OS/2 and Windows.

#### **Security Option**

If you have set a password, select whether the password is required every time the System boots, or only when you enter Setup.

#### Shadow

Software that resides in a read-only memory (ROM) chip on a device is called firmware. The AwardBIOS permits shadowing of firmware such as the system BIOS, video BIOS, and similar operating instructions that come with some expansion peripherals, such as, for example, a SCSI adaptor.

Shadowing copies firmware from ROM into system RAM, where the CPU can read it through the 16-bit or 32-bit DRAM bus. Firmware not shadowed must be read by the system through the 8bit X-bus. Shadowing improves the performance of the system BIOS and similar ROM firmware for expansion peripherals, but it also reduces the amount of high memory (640 KB to 1 MB) available for loading device drivers, etc.

Enable shadowing into each section of memory separately. Many system designers hardwire shadowing of the system BIOS and eliminate a System BIOS Shadow option.

Video BIOS shadows into memory area C0000-C7FFF. The remaining areas shown on the BIOS Features Setup screen may be occupied by other expansion card firmware. If an expansion peripheral in your system contains ROM-based firmware, you need to know the address range the ROM occupies to shadow it into the correct area of RAM.

# **CHIPSET** features setup

NO SETUP DEFAULTS	
MO BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT VITHOUT SAVING
NP/FCE CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
WER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
ILIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
IOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD

By choosing the CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

CHIP1ET FE	BIOS (204 SARE) KTURES SETUP WWNE, INC.
SDRAM CAS Latency Time : MITS SDRAM Clock Ratio Etv By : 4	
16-Bit 1/0 Recovery (CLK): 1 8-bit 1/0 Recovery (CLK): 1	
WEB Costcoller + Dimabled	SNC + Quit     ti→ + Select Item       F1 = Halp     FU/FD/4/+ = Nodify       F3 = Old Talues     (Shift)F2 = Color       F4 = Load B009     Defaulte       F7 = Load Setup Defaulte

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as SDRAM. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

Because of the complexity and technical nature of some of the options, not all of the options are described here.

#### SDRAM CAS Latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, you can control the number of CLKs between when the SDRAMs sample a read command and when the contoller samples read data from the SDRAMs. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer.

#### 8/16 Bit I/O Recovery Time

The I/O recovery mechanism adds bus clock cycles between PCIoriginated I/O cycles to the ISA bus. This delay takes place because the PCI bus is so much faster than the ISA bus.

These two fields let you add recovery time (in bus clock cycles) for 16-bit and 8-bit I/O.

# Power management setup

STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIDS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSIORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSVORD
POWER HANAGENENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PMP/FCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOND BIDS DEFAULTS	EXET NETHOUT SAVENS
LOND SETUP DEFAULTS	
sc : Quit 10 : Save & Exit Setup	(shift)#2 : Change Color

By choosing the POWER MANAGEMENT option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

Power Bangement	+ User Define	1901 (KeySoard) + DEF
		13Q3 (COM 2) / OFF
"" DH Timers ""		13Q4 (COM 1) : 099
Doze Mode	: Disabled	13Q5 (LET 2) : UFF
Standby Hode	: Disphist	1906 (Floppy Disk): OFF
HED Power Down	1 Disphied	13Q7 (1FT 1) : OFF
NODEN line IRQ		1309 (IR02 Redir) 1 097
		IBQ10 (Reserved) : OFF
Throttle Duty Cycle		INGIL (Reserved) : OFF
BOTT-OFT by PAR-BTTH	i instant-Off	19g12 (FE/2 Noune) ( DFF
		17013 (Coprocessor): OFF
		13014 (Mard Disk) + OFF
		13015 (Reserved) 1 089
		ESC : Quit 11++ : Select Item
		ESC : Quit 11-+ : Select Item F1 : Help PU/PD/4/- : Nodify

#### **Power Management**

This option allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving for Doze, Standby, and Suspend modes.

This table describes each power management mode:

Max Saving	Maximum power savings. Only Available for SL CPUs. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode.
User Define	Set each mode individually. Select time-out periods in the section for each mode, below.
Min Saving	Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode (except the hard drive).

#### Doze Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock throttles to a small percentage of its duty cycle — between 10 percent and 25 percent for most chipsets. All other devices still operate at full speed.

#### Suspend Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the chipset enters a hardware suspend mode, stopping the CPU clock and possibly causing other system devices to enter power management modes.

#### **HDD Power Down**

After the selected period of drive inactivity, any system IDE devices compatible with the ATA-2 specification or later power manage themselves, putting themselves into an idle state after the specified timeout and then waking themselves up when accessed.

#### **MODEM Use IRQ**

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system.

#### **Throttle Duty Cycle**

When the system enters Doze mode, the CPU clock runs only part of the time. You may select the percent of time that the clock runs.

#### Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

When you select Instant Off or Delay 4 Sec., turning the system off with the on/off button places the system in a very low-powerusage state, either immediately or after 4 seconds, with only enough circuitry receiving power to detect power button activity or Resume by Ring activity.

# **PNP/PCI configuration setup**

TANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
OS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR, PASSVORD
IPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSVORD
OVER NANAGENENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
NP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP
DAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
NAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
Quit Save & Exit Setup	11 : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color

By choosing the PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

MARCHARD TO THE COMPANY OF THE COMPANY	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR OF CONTR
NP OS Installed : No Resources Controlled By : Manual	ICI IND Actived By : Edge
Neget Configuration Data : 7154blen	Used HIM base adds to BVA
separ contrologration para i arbabtan	Voed han vere endt t nyn
190-3 appluned to a PCD/ISA PaP	
180-4 annigned to : PCI/ISA Fall	
TRO-5 semigred to a NUL/ISA PhD	
ING-7 sectioned to a NULLIDA PAP	
180-9 annighed to : 201/15A Pap	
180-10 acclused to a POI/ISA PAP	
IRQ-11 assigned to : PCI/ISA DaD	
IRQ-12 sesigned to a RCL/ISA PAR	
IRQ-14 applicated to a PCI/ISA Par-	
IRQ-15 assigned to : BCI/ISA PEP	
OMA-0 applying to i PCL/ISA PAP	
OHA-1 assigned to : PCI/ISA PAP	ESC : Quit 11- : Select Ites
04A-3 seeigned to a NCL/ISA PAE	EI   Help EU/ES/+/- + Modify
ONA-5 annipsed to : PCI/ISA PEP	T5 : Old Valuer (Shift)72 : Color
DNA-5 assigned to : BCI/ISA PAP	F6 : Load \$105 Defaults
UNA-7 applicand to a PCI/ISA PAP	177 + Load Setup Defaults

#### **PNP OS Installed**

Select Yes if the system operating environment is Plug-and-Play aware (e.g., Windows 95).

#### **Resources Controlled By**

The Plug and Play AwardBIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play-compatible devices. If you select Auto, all the interrupt request (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

#### **Reset Configuration Data**

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

#### IRQ n Assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt:

Legacy ISA Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, requiring a specific interrupt (such as IRQ4 for serial port 1).

PCI/ISA PnP Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.

#### DMA n Assigned to

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system DMA channel as one of the following types, depending on the type of device using the interrupt:

Legacy ISA Devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, requiring a specific DMA channel

PCI/ISA PnP Devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard, whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.

#### PCI IRQ Activated by

Leave the IRQ trigger set at Level unless the PCI device assigned to the interrupt specifies Edge-triggered interrupts.

#### Used Mem base addr

Select a base address for the memory area used by any peripheral that requires high memory.

# Load BIOS defaults/Load setup defaults

LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS loads the default system values directly from ROM. The BIOS DEFAULTS provides the most stable settings, though they do not provide optimal performance. LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS, on the other hand, provides for maximum system performance. If the stored record created by the setup utility becomes corrupted (and therefore unusable), BIOS defaults will load automatically when you turn the PCM-4896 on.

: Quit : Save & Exit Setup	(shift)r2 : charge color
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	ENIT NITHOUT SAVING
WP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP
OVER NANASEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
OPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSVORD
RIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSHORD
STANDARD CHOS SETUR	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS

:: Quit ): Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT NITHOUT SAVING
PNF/FCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP
POVER NANASEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
CIOPSET PEATURES SETUP	USER PASSIORD
BLOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSVORD
STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHORALS

# Integrated peripherals setup

BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVESOR PASSWORD
CHEPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSIORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PMP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP
LOND BEDS DEFAULTS	EXET WETHOUT SAVENS
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color

By choosing the INTEGRATD PERIPHERALS option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

10E HOD Block Mode			
Primary 102 Channel			
Marter Drive FIO Mode		Build in CPU Audio	
Slave Drive PIO Node	a Auto	Audio 1/0 Ease Address MFU-401 1/0 Bare Address	
<b>IDE Primary Master UDMA</b>	Bleabled	Austic IRQ Select	Disabled
IDE Primery Slave UDBA		Audio Low DNA Select Audio High DNA Select	: Disabled
RING POWER ON Controller			
	a. 8 mile		
Onboard FDC Controller			
Onboard Serial Fort 1	± 391/1904		
Onboard Serial Fort 2			
USI2 Note	Standard		
Onboard Parallel Port			
Parallel Port Mode			
ECP Node Use DNA			
	a literalized		

#### **IDE HDD Block Mode**

Select Enabled only if your hard drives support block mode.

#### IDE PIO Modes (Primary Master/Slave)

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of up to four IDE devices that the internal PCI IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

#### **IDE Primary Master/Slave UDMA**

UDMA (Ultra DMA) is a DMA data transfer protocol that utilizes ATA commands and the ATA bus to allow DMA commands to transfer data at a maximum burst rate of 33 MB/s. When you select Auto in the four IDE UDMA fields (for each of up to four IDE devices that the internal PCI IDE interface supports), the system automatically determines the optimal data transfer rate for each IDE device.

#### **Onboard FDC Controller**

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.

#### **Onboard Serial Ports (1, 2)**

Select a logical COM port address for the first and second serial ports.

**ECP Mode Use DMA** Select a DMA channel for the port.

**EPP Mode select** Select EPP port type 1.7 or 1.9.

**Onboard Serial Port 3.** 

Serial Port 3 Use IRQ.

**Onboard Serial Port 4.** 

Serial Port 4 Use IRQ.

# Supervisor/User password setting

You can set either SUPERVISOR or USER PASSWORD, or both of them. The difference between the two is that the supervisor password allows unrestricted access to enter and change the options of the setup menus, while the user password only allows entry to the program, but not modify options.

DAD BIOS DEFAULTS DAD SETUP DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
WAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
VER NAMAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION SAVE & EXIT SETUP
EPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSVORD
TOSI FEATURES ISETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSNORD

STANDARD CNOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIDS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSVORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSICRD
POWER HWHAGEHENT SETUP	IDE HDO AUTO DETECTION
PMP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXET SETUP
LOND BEDS DEFNULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
LOND SETUP DEFAULTS	
sc : Quit 10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)#2 : Change Color

When you select this function, a message appears at the center of the screen:

#### ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press Enter. Typing a password clears any previously entered password from CMOS memory.

Now the message changes:

#### **CONFIRM PASSWORD:**

Again, type the password and press Enter.

To abort the process at any time, press Esc.

In the Security Option item in the BIOS Features Setup screen, select System or Setup:

- **System** Enter a password each time the system boots and when ever you enter Setup.
- **Setup** Enter a password when ever you enter Setup.

**NOTE**: To clear the password, simply press Enter when asked to enter a password. Then the password function is disabled.

# **IDE HDD auto detection**

The IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION utility can automatically detect the IDE hard disk installed in your system. You can use it to selfdetect and/or correct the hard disk type configuration. You need to repeat the setup for each of the IDE combinations:

STANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSVORD
CHEPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSVORD
POVER NUNNIGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXET NETHOUT SAVENG
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
sc : Quit 10 : Save & Exit Setup	1 1 + + : Select Item (shift)#2 : Change Color

# Save & exit setup

If you select this option and press <ENTER>, the values entered in the setup utility will be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.

TANDARD CHOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
OS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
HIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSVORD
OVER NAMAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HOD AUTO DETECTION
NP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
DAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXET NETHOUT SAVENG
OAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
: Quit : Save & Exit Setup	<pre>[]++ : Select Iten (shift)F2 : thange color</pre>

# Чартек

# Flat Panel/CRT Controller Display Drivers and Utilities

This chapter provides information about:

• Driver types and installation

# Software drivers

This chapter describes the operation and installation of the display drivers supplied on the *Supporting CD-ROM* that are shipped with your product.

The onboard VGA adapter is based on the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller and is fully IBM VGA compatible. This controller offers a large set of extended functions and higher resolutions. If you intend to use your VGA adapter in standard VGA modes only, you do not need to install any of these drivers. Since your VGA adapter is fully compatible, it does not require any special drivers to operate in standard modes.

The purpose of the enclosed software drivers is to take advantage of the extended features of the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller.

## Hardware configuration

Some of the high-resolution drivers provided in this package will work only in certain system configurations. If a driver does not display correctly, try the following:

- 1. Change the display controller to CRT-only mode, rather than flat panel or simultaneous display mode. Some high-resolution drivers will display correctly only in CRT mode.
- 2. If a high-resolution mode is not supported on your system, try using a lower-resolution mode. For example, 1024 x 768 mode will not work on some systems, but 800 x 600 mode is supported on most.

## **Necessary prerequisites**

The instructions in this manual assume that you understand elementary concepts of MS-DOS and the IBM Personal Computer. Before you attempt to install any driver from the *Supporting CD-ROM*, you should:

- Know how to copy files from a CD-ROM to a directory on the hard disk
- Understand the MS-DOS directory structure

If you are uncertain about any of these concepts, please refer to the DOS or OS/2 user reference guides for more information *before* you proceed with the installation.

# Before you begin

Make sure you know the version of the application for which you are installing drivers. The *Supporting CD-ROM* contain drivers for several versions of certain applications. For your driver to operate properly, you must install the driver for your version of the application program.

# Windows® 95

These drivers are designed to work with  $Microsoft^{\circ}$  Windows<sup> $\circ$ </sup>. You just install these drivers through the Windows<sup> $\circ$ </sup> operating system.

## **Driver installation**

 Install Windows<sup>ò</sup> 95 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Start button, go to Settings and click on Control Panel. Choose the Display icon and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, show as figure 1:

Define and Define and Define and Office Allowed	Processo montal faces frees   Appendixed   19495   Temper	
Samp and		1
Citi by KCosets Discourses on talk be advanced Paperter	different and the second secon	

figure 1

Click the setting buttom, then click the Advanced Properties icon into the *Advanced Display properties* windows, show as figure2:

Ashgree / Drace (of-	Dage deal Partnesingles, Irm.
Familie	DestDuettel
Tallour resides	44
Cynere No.	Eldebion Bhote and the second

figure 2

click on **Change Display Type**. In the *Change Display Type* window, click on the **Change** button under Adapter Type into the select Device window show as figure 3: This will bring up the *Select Device* window.

9	Display adaptes: The following model Click fire one you want to set up, and the list, click Show-All Devices: if you' device, click Have Disk.	hee click DF, 11 poor matched is not an
Andeh		
-	n and Tech \$2000 PCI [ 6-41997]	
0 e	1 ALM 1 ALM 1 ALM 1 ALM 1 ALM 1 ALM 1	and the second secon
- 04		
- 04	1 202 - 10-1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
¥ 94	v Dobbelje Grecel	Here Date

figure 3

2. Place the Supporting CD-ROM in your CD-ROM drive.

Open			? ×
File name:	Eolders: a:\ a:\		OK Cancel N <u>e</u> twork
	Dri <u>v</u> es:	V	

figure 4

In the *Select Device* window, click on **Have Disk**, Select **Browse**, and find the Win95 driver "chips95.inf" in the *Supporting CD-ROM*:

cd-rom: \CD ROM\model name\driver\vga driver \win95\chips95.inf and then click OK.

"cd-rom" : the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

The name of the *Chips And Tech* "69000 *PCI*" driver will appear highlighted in the *Models* list boxfhow as figure. Click OK to start the driver installation show as figure 5:

Select D	erke 🛛
	Deploy adapter: The following models are compatible with your hadrives. Each the one your want to set up, and then calck OK. It your models not an the last calcs Show Millewices: The last shares only what was found on the includes of the
Models	
Doe	is and Tech. \$9000 PC
	n girgelde deriver n
	DK Canod

figure 5

3. Once the installation is complete, the *Advanced display Properties* window will reappear. Show as figure 6:

lapitet Monitor Per	tomance ]	
💾 Dips and Te	ich. 68080 PC	Diverse.
Adaptes / Drives who	mation	
Hanufactare	Chips And Technolog	NO. PC.
Features:	Direc(Oxandm)	
Software version	4.0	
Cueville:	clipsSLine vid vid	Statutor Report to
	Our 1	Apple

figure 6

Click on close to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Show as figure 7:

tolay Properties	ពេល
Entraned) Some Level Appe	wave ORPS Selange
Contraction of the local division of the loc	
÷	
1	2. C. C.
	XAX
_	
	and the local data in the loca
	A
Zit Color *	Desiliopassa Lant G More
	1024 by 760 pinets
East out	Screen and
Ind Foris ·	
Normal taxa (195-das)	1024 by 765 powfs
(Franklin Harrison and	NOR BY THE DOWN
F Show primps icon on test bar	Advanced Properties
	1
9	Auto Auto



Click on **Apply**. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect, show as figure 8:

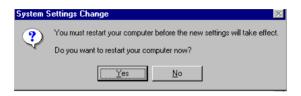


figure 8

# Windows® 3.1

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft Windows Version 3.1. You should install these drivers through Windows.

### **Driver installation**

- 1. Install Windows as you normally would for a VGA display. Run Windows to make sure that it is working correctly.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM drive. In Windows Program Manager, choose *File* from the Options Menu. Then from the pull-down menu, choose *Run*. At the Command Line prompt, type.

cd-rom:\CD ROM\model name\driver\vga driver\win31\setup.exe

Press the <ENTER> key or click OK to begin the installation.

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

At this point the setup program locates the directory where Windows is installed. For proper operation, the drivers must be installed in the Windows subdirectory.

3. Press <ENTER> to complete the installation. Once completed, you can find the icon Chips CPL under the Control Panel. The icon allows you to select and load the installed drivers.

# **OS/2**

These drivers are designed to function with the OS/2 Version 4.0, 3.0 and 2.11 operating systems.

To install this driver, do the following steps:

- 1. Open an OS/2 full screen or windowed session.
- 2. Place the Supporting CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive.
- 3. At the OS/2 command prompt, type the following commands to copy the files to the OS/2 drive:

cd-rom:\CD ROM\model name\driver\vga driver\os2\setup.cmd

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

When the Setup Program is completed, you will need to perform a shutdown and then restart the system in order for changes to take effect.

A log of the information output during the install can be found

in <root>:\OS2\INSTALL\DISPLAY.LOG

- 4. After restarting the system, perform the following steps:
  - 1. Open the OS/2 System folder.
  - 2. Open the System Setup folder.
  - 3. Open the Display Driver Install Object.

This step will execute the Display Driver Installation (DSPINSTL) utility program to finish installation of the new drivers.

- 4. When the Display Driver Install window appears, select Primary Display and then select OK.
- 5. When the Primary Display Driver List window appears, select "Chips and Technologies 69000" from the list of adapter types, then select OK or install the video driver.

6. When the installation is complete, you will need to shut down and then restart the system for the changes to take effect. Make sure to remove the installation diskette before restarting the system.

# Windows® NT 3.51

These drivers are designed to work with  $Microsoft^{\circ}$  Windows^{\circ}.

## **Driver installation**

- Install Windows<sup>o</sup> NT 3.51 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Star buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- 2. Place the Supporting CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive.

and type:

cd-rom: \CD ROM\model name\drive\vga drive\ win98 nt\windows.nt\nt35\Oemsetup.inf

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

Select the adapter "Chips and Tech 69000PCI" and click OK.

Click on Install to install the selected driver. Once the installation is complete, shut down and restart the system.

#### **Driver installation**

- Install Windows<sup>o</sup> NT 4.0 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Star buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM dirve. In the *Select Device* window, click on **Have Disk**, select "**Browse**" and find the NT 4.0 driver from:

cd-rom : \CD ROM\model name\dirver\vga driver\ win98 nt\windows.nt\nt40\Oemsetup.inf

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name" : the model number of your product

and then click OK. The name of the *Chips and Technologies, Inc. Video Controller* driver will appear highlighted in the Modules list box. Select Chips and Tech. 69000 and Click **OK**. Click **OK** to start the driver installation.

 Once the installation is complete, the *Change Display Type* window will reappear. Click on close to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Click on Apply. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect.

# снарте в

# Ethernet Software Configuration

This chapter describes how to configure the Etherent Card to match your application requirements.

# **Ethernet software configuration**

The onboard Ethernet interface supports all major network operating systems. I/O addresses and interrupts are easily configured via the Award BIOS Setup. To configure the medium type, to view the current configuration, or to run diagnostics, please refer to the following instruction:

- 1. Power the mainboard on. Ensure that the RSET8139.EXE file is located in the working drive.
- 2. At the prompt, type RSET8139.EXE and press <ENTER>. The Ethernet configuration program will then be displayed.
- 3. This simple screen shows all the available options for the Ethernet interface. Just highlight the option you wish to change by using the Up and DOWN keys. To change a selected item, press <ENTER>, and a screen will appear with the available options. Highlight your option and press <ENTER>. Each highlighted option has a helpful message guide displayed at the bottom of the screen for additional information.
- 4. After you have made your selections and the configuration is what you want, press <ESC>. A prompt will appear asking if you want to save the configuration. Press "Y" if you want to save.

The Ethernet Setup Menu also offers three very useful diagnostic functions. These are:

- 1. Run EEPROM test
- 2. Run Diagnostics on Board
- 3. Run Diagnostics on Network

Each option has its own display screen which shows the format and result of any diagnostic tests undertaken.

# 6

CHAPTER

# **Audio Setup**

This PCM-4896 is equipped with an audio interface that records and playback CDquality audio. This chapter provides instructions for installing the software drivers on the included CDROM.

# Introduction

The PCM-4896 on board audio interface provides high-quality stereo sound and FM music synthesis (ESFM). The audio interface can record, compress, and play back voice, sound, and music with built-in mixer control.

The PCM-4896 on board audio interface also supports the Plug and Play (PnP) standard and provides PnP configuration for the audio, FM, and MPU-401 logical devices. It is compatible with Sound Blaster<sup>o</sup> voice and music functions. The ESFM synthesizer is register compatible with the OPL3 and has extended capabilities.

# Setting Up in Windows 95

The supporting CD-ROM contains the Windows 95 drivers for Cx5530. Please see the online help for details.



*Note:* Refer to your Windows 95 manual or online help for any questions on Windows 95.

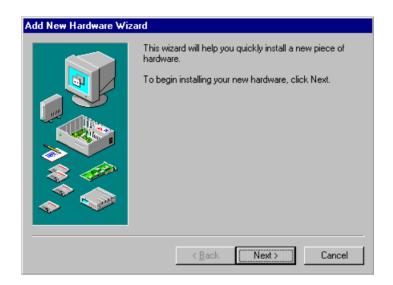
### Installing the drivers under Window95

1. Click "Start" --> "Setting"--> "Control Panel" to open the Control Panel window.

Double click the "Add New Hardware" icon.



2. Click the "Next" button on the "Add New Hardware Wizard" window.



3. Choose "No" for manual installing new hardware. Then click the "Next" button.



4. Find and click to choose the sound icon. Then click the "Next" button.

Add New Hardware Wizard			
	Select the type of hardware you want to install.		
	<ul> <li>Mouse</li> <li>Multi-function adapters</li> <li>Network adapters</li> <li>Other devices</li> <li>PCMCIA socket</li> <li>Ports (COM &amp; LPT)</li> <li>Printer</li> <li>SCSI controllers</li> <li>Sound, video and game controllers</li> <li>System devices</li> </ul>		
	< Back Next > Cancel		

5. Click the "Have Disk..." button.

Add Nev	v Hardware Wiz	ard				
<u>80</u>	Click the manufacturer and model of your hardware. If your hardware is not listed, or if you have an installation disk, click Have Disk. If your hardware is still not listed, click Back, and then select a different hardware type. To see all hardware choices, click Unknown Hardware.					
<u>M</u> anufa	cturers:	Mo	odels:			
Ad Lib Aztech Compa Creativ DSP G ESS To Intel	Labs q e Labs		d Lib Compatib d Lib Gold Cor		3)	
					H	ave Disk
			< <u>B</u> ack	Next	b	Cancel

6. Specify the drive letter and path for the Supporting CD-ROM as follow then click the "OK" button.

cd-rom:\CD-ROM\model name\driver\audio

"cd-rom:": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

"model name": the model number of your product

Install Fr	om Disk	×
_	Insert the manufacturer's installation disk into the drive selected, and then click OK.	OK Cancel
	Copy manufacturer's files from: d:\Cx5530\audio	Browse

7. Click the "OK" button to choose the Cyrix Xpress AUDIO 16-bit Sound drivers.



8. Click the "finish" button and follow instructions to finish the installation.



9. Windows 95 will ask you to restart your computer to finish the set up. Click the "Yes" button to reboot your system so the new drivers can be activated.



# 

### Programming the Watchdog Timer

The mainboard is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for whatever reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial stand-alone and unmanned environments.

### Programming the watchdog timer

### How to program the WATCHDOG TIMER

1. To set the time-out interval of watchdog timer:

-- output the desired value to port 0x443. Since the data is of 1 byte, the maximum value will be 255. In our design 2 ~ 255 will denote 2 ~ 255 sec.

#### outportb(0x443, 30); // set watchdog to 30 seconds

- 2. To set the time-out event:
  - -- output data to prot 0x444,
  - 0: reset system
  - 1, 2, 3: IRQ 10, 15, 11 respectively
  - 4: NMI
  - e.g.

outportb(0x444, 0); // set time-out event to reset-system

3. To disable watchdog timer:

-- output value 0 to port 0x443 outportb(0x443, 0); // disable watchdog timer

4. To ebable or refresh watchdog timer(the watchdog timer will return to its initial value, then count down):

```
-- access the I/O port 0x443, e.g. 
outportb(0x443, data); // refresh watchdog timer
```

\* note: if you want to refresh the watchdog timer, you have to disable it first.

### Demo program

outportb(0x444, 0):	// set time-out event to reset-system
outportb(0x443x 10);	// set time-out interval to 10 seconds
customer_job();	<pre>// execute your job here, be sure your job will finished within 10 seconds</pre>
outportb(0x443, 0);	<pre>// refresh watchdog timer, otherwise     the system will reset after time-out</pre>
outputb(0x443, 20);	$/\!/$ set time-out interval to 20 seconds
another_job();	// another job finished in 20 seconds
outportb(0x443, 0)	// disable watchdog timer

...

# 

### Installing PC/104 Modules

This appendix provides instructions for installing PC/104 modules.

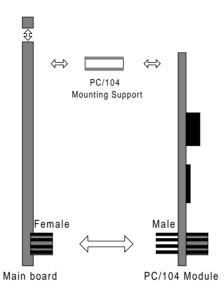
## **Installing PC/104 modules**

The PCM-4896's PC/104 connectors give you the flexibility to attach PC/104 expansion modules. These modules perform the functions of traditional plug-in expansion cards, but save space and valuable slots. Modules include:

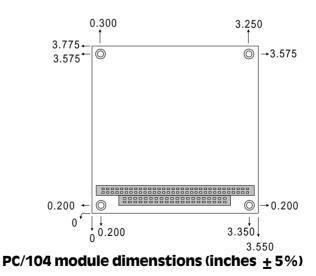
- PCM-3115B PCMCIA Module (two-slot)
- PCM-3420 PC/104 Fast SCSI Module
- PCM-3600 PC/104 Fax/Modem Module
- PCM-3610 Isolated RS-232 and RS-422/485 Module
- **PCM-3660** Ethernet Module
- PCM-3718 30 KHz A/D Module
- PCM-3724 48-channel DIO Module
- PCM-3910 Breadboard Module
- PCM-3810 Solid State Disk Module

Installing these modules on the PCM-4896 is a quick and simple operation. The following steps show how to mount the PC/104 modules:

Step1	Remove the PCM-4896 from your system, paying particular attention to the safety instructions already mentioned above.
Step2	Make any jumper or link changes required to the SBC now. Once the PC/104 module is mounted, you may have difficulty in accessing these.
Step3	Mount the PC/104 module onto the SBC. Do this by pressing the module firmly but carefully onto the mounting connectors.
Step4	Secure the PC/104 module onto the SBC using the four mounting spacers and srews.



#### PC/104 Module Mounting Diagram



# Optional Extras

# PCM-10489-4 Wiring Kit

The cable kit PCM-10489-4 includes the following cables:

Part No.	Cable description	Termination connector
1701440350	2.5" and 1.8" IDE	44-pin, 2 mm, female IDC (350 mm)
1701440500	3.5" IDE (40P)	40-pin, 2.54 mm, female IDC (500 mm)
1701340700	Dual floppy, 3.5" and 5.25" (34P)	34-pin dual floppy
1701260301	Parallel port	25-pin female DSUB
1701080160	Network 10/100BASE-T	RJ-45 extend cable
1701150150	VGA CRT	15-pin DSUB
1700080201	Keyboard and PS/2 mouse	5-pin circular DIN 6-pin circular DIN
1701080300	Front panel	8-conductor pigtail
1701400220	RS-232 Serial Port, 4 COM Port	40 pin, 2.54 mm
1700140200	Audio Input/Output & TV Output	Speaker, Line Out, Line In, Mic In, TV Output, S Terminal

# **Optional USB Cable**

Part No.	Description	Suitable Model	
1709100200	USB Cable 5pin*2 20cm Normal W/Bracket	PCM-4896 Rev.A1.1 PCM-5894 Rev.A3.1/A3.2/B1 PCM-5896 Rev.A1.1 PCM-6890 Rev.A1.1 PCM-7890 Rev.A2.1	
1709080200	USB Cable 4pin*2 20cm Special W/Bracket	PCM-4896 Rev.B1 PCM-5896 Rev.B1.1	
1709080201	USB Cable 4pin*2 20cm Reversed W/Bracket	PCM-4896 Rev.B1.1 PCM-5896 Rev.B1.2 PCM-6890 Rev.A1.2 PCM-7890 Rev.A2.2	